Mudgerry

Chanashoomar of the Mudgerry District for the Year Roudree or A.D. 1800—1801

Communicated by the Amuldars &c at Mudgerry 1801

No. of Taraffs	Names of the Taraffs	Villages: Mody	Dubby	Innaka	Ryoot	Total	Water: Pagars	Pagarads	Tanks	Cattas	Mills	Religious Establishments: Pagodas	Mosques	Heads whereon Revenue is levied: Nuggaroo or Moys	Shabsemee Wuckaroo Ryot	Wuckaroo Sun Gruckoo	Nuzzeeas (Coil Mulls)	Looms	Ploughs	Boilers (Adopta or Jaggery)	Potakers (Wells)	Chundum Sticks	Salt Pans	Gardens	Houses: Terraced	Tiled	Straw Thatched	Total	Families: Cultivators	Learned Professions	Handicrafts	Total
1	Mudgerry	21	25	29	17	46	-	23	7	4	9	14	2	80	15	2	3	26	188	15	5	1	-	4	802	1	92	895	145	219	605	965
2	Cadakatoor	14	9	20	3	23	1	6	3	12	12	8	"	8	17	"	"	2	101	353	24	1	"	2	4	621	"	127	748	220	349	78	647
3	Heeramaloor	16	16	19	8	27	1	11	5	10	10	-	-	7	10	"	"	27	204	5	2	-	3	-	307	"	31	338	119	191	26	336
4	Allakoor	14	26	14	26	40	"	6	6	6	19	13	"	9	9	1	"	60	152	7	5	"	"	3	360	"	63	423	107	207	88	402
5	Hampasarpoodrum	7	5	9	3	12	1	-	5	7	16	-	"	5	10	"	"	54	183	10	2	-	-	"	303	"	71	394	119	167	105	391
6	Codugahully	9	6	11	4	15	-	2	5	3	5	5	"	8	12	"	1	36	216	7	2	-	2	4	444	"	53	497	154	196	92	442
7	Huttagully	7	22	21	8	29	"	2	3	14	7	4	-	8	7	"	1	17	268	5	3	"	"	7	368	"	41	399	221	147	31	399
8	Mogugasa	24	18	23	19	42	-	24	5	14	20	5	1	22	9	-	1	26	193	7	3	"	-	1	422	"	79	501	160	176	135	471
9	Cholaragery	24	25	31	18	49	-	10	8	11	26	6	"	14	5	1	3	14	288	4	1	"	-	28	385	"	52	437	261	143	27	431
10	Sedahoor	11	28	34	5	39	-	15	4	10	3	3	"	1	6	-	"	9	164	2	-	"	-	11	224	"	47	276	117	121	53	291
11	Chickamalloor	14	15	18	11	29	-	6	12	6	41	1	"	10	10	-	-	44	234	7	-	"	"	-	428	"	64	492	167	177	84	428
12	Collapoor	14	17	16	15	31	-	11	4	10	3	2	-	13	7	-	-	37	183	9	-	"	2	-	326	"	48	369	133	152	61	346
	Total	170	312	245	137	382	3	116	67	107	171	61	3	185	117	4	11	450	2606	111	34	3	9	62	5000	"	763	5764	1919	2245	1385	5549

Chanashoomar of Mudgerry continued

Enumeration of Castes

Hindoos

Shudras

| No. of Tarafs | Names of the Tarafs | Chas trees | Wy Shas | Brahmens | Aristocrat | Brahmen (Temples) | Brahmen (Cooks) | Brahmen (Astrologers) | Brahmen (Singers) | Brahmen (Dancers) | Brahmen (Beggars) | Brahmen (Priests) | Brahmen (Pundits) | Brahmen (Teachers) | Brahmen (Messengers) | Brahmen (Carpenters) | Brahmen (Blacksmiths) | Brahmen (Goldsmiths) | Brahmen (Braziers) | Brahmen (Tinmen) | Brahmen (Coppersmiths) | Brahmen (Potters) | Brahmen (Bricklayers) | Brahmen (Stonecutters) | Brahmen (Painters) | Brahmen (Glaziers) | Brahmen (Gilders) | Brahmen (Engravers) | Brahmen (Jewellers) | Brahmen (Lapidaries) | Brahmen (Turners

Dahazada of the Mudgerry District

for the Rooabree Jeah

No. of Circuits	No. of Villages	Names of the Villages	Villages: Khaly	Villages: Cultivated	Villages: Inund.	Villages: Total	Water: Rivers	Water: Canals	Water: Tanks	Water: Wells: Cultivated	Water: Wells: Uncultivated	Water: Wells: Total	Forts: Pucka Forts	Forts: Kutcha Forts	Pillars: Stones	Pillars: Mandapams	Pillars: Mosques	Pillars: Others	Remarks
1		Circuit Mudgerry																	
	1	Cusba Mudgerry	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	4	..	2	6	18	..	1	1	30	16	2	2	1	
	2	Punneegrammas	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	3	Jenakozaroo	1	..	1	2	..	1	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	
	4	Coorasiganhully	..	1	1																		
	5	Arrahully	..	1	..	1																	
	6	Compalapore	..	1	..	1																	
	7	Gittahully	..	1	..	1																	
	8	Anjanoohully	..	1	..	1																	
	9	Lingadveerunhully	..	1	..	1																	
	10	Kanoomanoohully	..	1	..	1																	
	11	Goltahully	..	1	..	1																	
	12	Vadaroohully	1	..	1	1	..	2	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	
	13	Cooroodgondunhully	1	..	1	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	
	14	Bastarhully	1	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	
	15	Settehully	1	..	1	2	..	..	2	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	
	16	Patanhully	..	1	1																		
	17	Veeranmahully	..	1	1																		
	18	Veeranagunhully	..	1	1																		
	19	Pegarehully	..	1	1																		
	20	Jellanhully	..	1	1																		
	21	Chravalagunhully	..	1	1																		
	22	Timmanhully	..	1	1																		
	23	Nadagondunhully	..	1	1																		
	24	Cholanoohully	1	..	1	3	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	25	Rotpadhully	..	1	1																		
	26	Haradanhully	..	1	1																		
	27	Perravarka	1	..	1	2	..	3	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	
	28	Chavanoohully	..	1	1																		
	29	Polladhully	1	..	1	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	30	Mullanoohully	1	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	31	Mullangohully	1	..	1	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	
	32	Jogunhully	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	
	33	Goroovaveerahully	1	..	1	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	
	34	Pondeehully	1	..	1	3	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	
	35	Jegalinghunhully	..	1	1																		
	36	Beerchanoohully	..	1	1																		
	37	Hallatammahully	1	..	1	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	38	Timmasamoodra	..	1	1	1																	
	39	Hedarhully	1	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	
	40	Chavollahully	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	
	41	Nullahullee	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	
	42	Gorranee Agrahar	1	..	1	4	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	4	..	1	..	..	..	
	43	Nadanoohully	..	1	1																		
	44	Moodamallunhully	..	1	1																		
	45	Sinfarogondunhully	..	1	1																		
	46	Rajadunhully	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	47	Compalapore	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	
		Total	21	25	29	146	..	28	7	1	1	3	2	0	..	18	1	26	38	4	11	2	4	

No. of Villages	No. of Villages	Names of the Villages	Villages: Male	Female	Total	Houses	Temples	Cattle	Water Wells: Drawing	Bubbling	Well	Tank	Channel	Forts: Pucca	Kutcha	Religious Edifices: Pucca	Kutcha	Mosques	Remarks
2		Taraff Cheindracary																	
	1	Cuba Cheindracary	1	1	2	9	3	2	2	3	1	4		1	1	1	1		20
	2	Cayapore	1	1	2														
	3	Pillanoohully	1	1	2														
	4	Mullaiyoohully	1	1	2														
	5	Hompaynbdra	1	1	2														
	6	Pallahully	1	1	2														
	7	Cannatatteeranhully	1	1	2														
	8	Gittersoosontanhully	1	1	2														
	9	Catanhully	1	1	2														
	10	Dodaree	1	1	2	8	2	3	1	1	1	2		1	1	2			4
	11	Jaganoohully	1	1	2														
	12	Boodamanhanhully	1	1	2														
	13	Jemparagondanhully	1	1	2														
	14	Timmanhully	1	1	2														
	15	Joaganoohully	1	1	2														
	16	Veeranahully	1	1	2														
	17	Chisapahully	1	1	2														
	18	Dubbacutta	1	1	2	3	2	1	1			1		1	1				1
	19	Veroonahully	1	1	2														
	20	Hosahully	1	1	2														
	21	Hompanhalanahully	1	1	2	1		1	1			1		1	1				
	22	Coonahully	1	1	2	1		1	1			1		1	1				1
	23	Geeregondanhully	1	1	2	1		1	1			1		1	1				1
	24	Kohmanahully	1	1	2	1		1	1			1		1	1				
	25	Adavee Catanhully	1	1	2	1		1	1			1		1	1				
	26	Timmalapore	1	1	2	5	1	1	1			1		1	1				
	27	Bagoorahully	1	1	2														
	28	Hombanpallam	1	1	2														
	29	Aganoohully	1	1	2														
	30	Laggomanhully	1	1	2														
	31	Billarhully	1	1	2	1				1		1			1		1		
	32	Kuppuchipore	1	1	2	1									1				
	33	Hambanoohully	1	1	2	1				1		1			1				
	34	Basavanpully	1	1	2	1				1		1			1				
	35	Caranoohully	1	1	2	1				1		1			1		1		
	36	Jevongara	1	1	2	3	1	1		1		1			1	1	1		
	37	Coopparapully	1	1	2														
	38	Chickanoohully	1	1	2	1													
	39	Polamgutta	1	1	2	1				1		1		2			1		2
	40	Pettahpore	1	1	2	1				1		1			1				
	41	Chenbomoolanhully	1	1	2	1				1		1			1				
	42	Conda Timmanhully	1	1	2	1				1		1			1				
	43	Badavenhully	1	1	2	1				1		1			1				
	44	Gompanhully	1	1	2	1		1		1		1			1				
	45	Gubbada Timmanhully	1	1	2	1				1		1			1				
	46	Cheitanhully	1	1	2	1				1		1			1				
	47	Ballademuppo	1	1	2	3				1		1			1				
	48	Timmasenhally	1	1	2										1				
	49	Vaijradhully	1	1	2														
		Total	24	25	49	44	11	8	11	18	4	42	6	1	23	10	6	2	28
3		Taraff Medagasee																	
	1	Cuba Medagasee	1	1	2	2	1	1	2	2		4	6		1	1		4	1	1
	2	Seeregahully	1	1	2	1														
	3	Nullagamanhully	1	1	2	2		2							1	1				
	4	Hosahully	1	1	2	1														
	5	Totamuloo	1	1	2	4		2	1						1	1				
	6	Hanoomunthore	1	1	2															
	7	Ranganhully	1	1	2	1														
	8	Hanoomanahully	1	1	2	1														
	9	Gondee	1	1	2	1						1	1		1					
	4	Carried over																		

No. of Taraffs	No. of Villages	Names of the Villages	Villages: Pucka	Villages: Cutcha	Villages: Topasses	Villages: Total	Water: Wells: Pucka	Water: Wells: Cutcha	Water: Tanks	Water: Cutlers	Water: Wells: Total	Water: Rivers	Forts: Pucka	Forts: Cutcha	Forts: Topasses	Forts: Total	Religious Establishments: Pagodas	Religious Establishments: Mosques	Religious Establishments: Others	Remar
		Brought over																		
	10	Adeeyahully	1		1	1						1	1			1				
	11	Cappapore	1		1	2		1		2	1									
	12	Cattegahully		1	1															
	13	Cheenanoohully		1	1	2		1		2										
	14	Vomachemmahully		1	1															
	15	Cattereejanhully	1		1	4				1	1									
	16	Sevagondanhully		1	1															
	17	Cullanoohully		1	1															
	18	Callanaickanhully		1	1															
	19	Byagrapadavarhully	1		1	1				1	1									
	20	Hobahully	1		1	1				1	1									
	21	Banakankanhully	1		1	1				1	1									
	22	Neatehully	1		1	1				1	1									
	23	Beedeeredkarra	1	1		4		2	1		3	1								
	24	Narapanhully		1	1															
	25	Cuppanoohully		1	1															
	26	Lingapore		1	1															
	27	Mullenaickhully	1		1	2		1		2	1									
	28	Arracharlahully		1	1															
	29	Redderhully	1		1	3		4	1		1									
	30	Tippanpelly		1	1															
	31	Nearpollop	1		1	2		3		1										
	32	Polanoohully		1	1															
	33	Croostapore	1		1	1				1										
	34	Latankully		1	1															
	35	Coorogodelhully	1		1	1		1												
	36	Ainhully	1		1	1														
	37	Badagtoor	1		1	2		2	1											
	38	Ambanoohully		1	1															
	39	Kavangoodee	1		1	1		2												
	40	Ammdemmanhully	1		1	1		2												
	41	Gollahully	1		1	1				1										
	42	Nallagondanhully	1		1	1				1										
		Total	24	18	23	19	13	24	5	14	10	10	20	2	23	7	5	2	1	1
4		Taraff Edeganoohully																		
	1	Cusba Edeganoohully	1		1	4		1	1		2	2		1	1	1	2			3
	2	Gota		1	1															
	3	Naganoohully		1	1															
	4	Reddehully		1	1															
	5	Tarreyoor	1		1	2		1						1						
	6	Veerlinganhully		1	1															
	7	Polanohully	1		1	1				1										
	8	Singanhully	1		1	2		1						1		1				
	9	Coostanoohully		1	1															
	10	Tippapore	1		1	1			1		1	1		1	1	1				
	11	Hatchaloatee	1		1	2			1	1				2	2	1				
	12	Chickalakloatee		1	1															
	13	Moserpaddee	1		1	1					1	1		1						
	14	Anganoohully	1		1	1					1	1		1						
	15	Berapore	1		1	1														
		Total	9	6	15	15		2	3		5	5		9	6	5	2			4
5		Taraff Hampasamoodra																		
	1	Cusba Hampasamoodra	1		1	1		2			3	3			1	4				
	2	Goondagolag on the banks of the Camdair	1		1	3	1			1	2	2			1					
	3	Voopanhully		1	1															
		Carried over																		

No. of Villages	Names of the Villages	Villages: Mud	Villages: Stone	Villages: Tiled	Villages: Total	Water: Wells: Channels	Water: Wells: Tanks	Water: Wells: Cutas	Water: Wells: Streams	Water: Wells: Rivers	Water: Wells: Springs	Forts: Pucka	Forts: Kutcha	Forts: Barrs	Pollams Pattahs: Agraharums	Pollams Pattahs: Mokassas	Pollams Pattahs: Pattahs	Remarks
	Brought over	7	5	9	3	12	1	-	5	7	-	15	1	16	-	-	7	14	-	-	-	-
4	Atragoonta	-	1	-	1																	
5	Coohdahully	1	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
6	Besalhully	-	1	-	1																	
7	Sizvahully	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	3	-	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
8	Singallore	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
9	Chendandoor	1	-	1	-	2	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
10	Hansomanoohully	-	1	-	1																	
11	Iddgoor	1	-	1	-	2	-	-	1	2	-	2	1	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
12	Hwaganahully	-	1	1	-																	
	Total	7	5	9	3	12	1	-	5	7	-	15	1	16	-	-	7	14	-	-	-	-
6	Taraff Herramallore																					
1	Cuzba Herramallore	1	-	1	-	5	-	1	1	2	-	2	-	2	-	-	1	4	-	-	-	-
2	Boodehully	-	1	1	-																	
3	Venkatatore	-	1	1	-																	
4	Joogenhully	-	1	-	1																	
5	Belsarhully	-	1	-	1																	
6	Tuggerhully	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
7	Chellanoohully	1	-	1	-	2	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
8	Kapoomuntore	-	1	-	1																	
9	Veeranagenhully	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
10	Naveldgroo	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
11	Nettarhully	1	-	1	-	3	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
12	Timmanhully	-	1	1	-																	
13	Bodachavoolanhully	-	1	1																		
14	Calleedpore	1	-	1	-	3	-	-	1	1	-	4	-	4	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
15	Tambanoohully	-	1	-	1																	
16	Timmaradeehully	-	1	-	1																	
17	Goodaraballa	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
18	Companhully	1	-	1	-	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
19	Attalatore	-	1	1	-																	
20	Pazavara	1	-	1	-	6	-	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
21	Seedanhully	-	1	1	-																	
22	Sankatore	-	1	1	-																	
23	Gamekaranhully	-	1	1	-																	
24	Veronnahully	-	1	-	1																	
25	Timmanhully	-	1	-	1																	
26	Hondrahaud	1	-	1	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
27	Murretimmanhully	-	1	-	1																	
	Total	11	16	19	8	27	1	11	5	10	-	9	1	10	1	-	11	4	-	-	-	-
7	Taraff Alkore																					
1	Cuzba Alkore	1	-	1	-	4	-	1	1	1	-	2	1	3	-	-	1	1	2	-	-	1
2	Chuta Alkore	-	1	-	1																	
3	Dodeegondanhully	-	1	-	1																	
4	Hoovenahully	-	1	-	1																	
5	Mekadzarhully	1	-	1	-	5	-	1	1	1	-	2	-	2	-	-	1	1	2	-	-	1
6	Goovalhully	-	1	1	-																	
7	Badarhully	-	1	-	1																	
8	Bombarhully	-	1	-	1																	
9	Narsapore	-	1	-	1																	
10	Jadagrom	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	4	-	4	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-
11	Medenhully	1	-	1	-	3	-	-	1	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	1
12	Helsahully	-	1	1	-																	
13	Bodasahully	-	1	-	1																	
14	Helsahara	1	-	1	-	7	-	-	2	1	-	2	-	2	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-
	Carried over																					

No. of Taraffs	No. of Villages	Names of the Villages	Villages: Inhabited	Villages: Uninhabited	Villages: Total	Water: Wells: Pucka	Water: Wells: Cutcha	Water: Wells: Total	Water: Tanks	Water: Choultries	Water: Pagodas	Water: Mosques	Water: Dwellings	Forts: Pucka	Forts: Cutcha	Forts: Total	Remarks
		Brought over															
	15	Avaragolla	"	1	1												
	16	Combanhully	"	1	1												
	17	Gollahully	"	1	1												
	18	Balawanhully	"	1	1												
	19	Obagondanhully	"	1	1												
	20	Borachiganhelly	"	1	1												
	21	Narrakara	1	"	1	8	"	1	2	"	"	"	"	"	1	1	1	"	"
	22	Verapore	"	1	1												
	23	Cattugondanhully	"	1	1												
	24	Jolahully	"	1	1												
	25	Moodamallanhully	"	1	1												
	26	Attanoor	"	1	1												
	27	Ramanhully	"	1	1												
	28	Bavenahully	"	1	1												
	29	Bommasamdra	1	"	1	3	"	"	1	1	"	2	"	2	"	"	1	1	1	"	"
	30	Bondanhully	"	1	1												
	31	Bekehully	"	1	1												
	32	Polmalhee	1	"	1	2	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	1	1	1	"	"
	33	Nalagondanhully	"	1	1												
	34	Chelanoohully	1	"	1	2	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	1	1	1	"	"
	35	Dawarahullay	"	1	1												
	36	Sippagondanhully	1	"	1	1	"	1	2	"	2	"	3	"	1	1	1	"	"
	37	Sondakee	1	"	1	1	"	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	1	1	"	"
	38	Dasarhully	1	"	1	1	"	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	1	1	"	"
	39	Chennambellanhully	1	"	1	1	"	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"
	40	Toomallee	1	"	1	1	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"
		Total	42	6	48	26	"	6	16	"	17	2	4	"	10	10	3	1	3
8		Taraff Seddapore															
	1	Cusba Seddapore	1	"	1	14	"	9	16	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	1	"	11
	2	Coodvatee	"	1	1												
	3	Caramaradee	"	1	1												
	4	Goondahully	"	1	1												
	5	Murra Timnahully	"	1	1												
	6	Nedatadhully	"	1	1												
	7	Achanoohully	"	1	1												
	8	Inganoohully	"	1	1												
	9	Piddanoohully	"	1	1												
	10	Jadagoondahully	"	1	1												
	11	Joalanhully	"	1	1												
	12	Combadhully	"	1	1												
	13	Tomalar	"	1	1												
	14	Chicka Cergondanhully	"	1	1												
	15	Toongotee	1	"	1	4	"	1	1	"	"	2	2	"	"	1	"	1	"	"
	16	Tevegondanhully	"	1	1												
	17	Verrgondanhully	"	1	1												
	18	Hosahully	"	1	1												
	19	Cavandhilla	1	"	1	13	"	1	1	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"
	20	Comugal Timnally	"	1	1												
	21	Goobbagotta	"	1	1												
	22	Angadee Mallanelly	"	1	1												
	23	Hanmanoohully	"	1	1												
	24	Timmanhully	"	1	1												
	25	Madenoohully	"	1	1												
	26	Palladahully	"	1	1												
	27	Guttemallahully	"	1	1												
		Carried over															

No. of Villages	No. of Villages	Names of the Villages	Villages: Pagoda	Villages: Pollam	Villages: Tandal	Villages: Total	Water: Kaves	Water: Tanks	Water: Cistern	Wells: Drawing	Wells: Pollam	Wells: Mandal	Wells: Total	Forts: Durgs	Forts: Cut Durgs	Forts: Borges	Gardens: Topes	Gardens: Tamarinds	Gardens: Gardens	Remarks
		Brought over																		
28		Chuckleemgunelly	1	1	..															
29		Rangadhully	..	1	..	1														
30		Combadhully	..	1	..	1														
31		Lingasambodrao	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	
32		Bojarehully	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	
33		Poorbarhully	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	
34		Jonagondanelly	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	
35		Bagalwanelly	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	
36		Chittanadoorkee	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	
37		Banavanhully	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	
38		Venkatapor	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	
39		Apsanhully	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	
		Total	11	28	34	5	39	15	4	10	..	..	3	3	..	..	11	..	3	1	..	11
1		Tara Pallapore																				
1		Cusba Pallapore	1	..	1	..	9	..	2	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	4	1	..	..	..
2		Dodagunhully	..	1	1	..																
3		Chickagollahully	..	1	..	1																
4		Bagalagunhully	..	1	..	1																
5		Koonchanoohully	..	1	..	1																
6		Yerracondanhully	..	1	..	1																
7		Tallakarg	..	1	..	1																
8		Jindanhully	..	1	..	1																
9		Beranoohully	..	1	..	1																
10		Immadgoiledanhully	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..		
11		Jangalcoontta	1	..	1	..	4	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..		
12		Annaravatee	..	1	1	..																
13		Immaladavarhully	..	1	..	1																
14		Jogalhully	..	1	..	1																
15		Immapore	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..		
16		Maroovakarra	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..		
17		Bondarahully	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..		
18		Jagabadhully	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..		
19		Sambanohully	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..		
20		Gopagondanhully	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..		
21		Jobdaconta	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..		
22		Veradanhully	..	1	..	1																
23		Neelanoohully	..	1	..	1																
24		Jodagondashully	..	1	..	1																
25		Veerabmoodanhully	..	1	..	1																
26		Naganohully	..	1	..	1																
27		Immaladavahhully	..	1	..	1																
28		Jonakaloatee	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
29		Arragoontapparam	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..		
30		Nobdanhully	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	1	..		
31		Dafsarhully	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..		
	3	Total	14	14	16	15	31	11	4	10	..	..	3	3	..	..	14	4	2	1	..	..
10		Tara Chickamallore																				
1		Cusba Chickamallore	1	..	1	..	4	..	1	1	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	..
2		Verapore	..	1	1	..																
3		Gollahully	..	1	..	1																
4		Campalapore	..	1	..	1																
5		Dodalpatta	1	..	1	..	5	..	1	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
6		Agrahar	..	1	1	..																
7		Chuka Timmanhully	..	1	..	1																
8		Moodgallahully	..	1	..	1																
9		Veerapatnahully	..	1	..	1																
10		Chickadoddahully	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
		Carried over																				

No. of Taraffs	No. of Villages	Names of the Villages	Villages: Mully	Dherkully	Pandikully	Pagoda	Total	Wells: Brangies	Tanks	Cutties	Wells: Pucca	Mutty	Total	Mankies	Forts: Pucca	Do. Kutcha	Polygars Houses: Pucca	Do. Kutcha	Mosjues	Cutcheries	Remarks
		Brought over																			
	11	Timmalapore	1		1		2			1						1					
	12	Moddanochully		1		1															
	13	Mongeevadee	1		1		1			1						1					
	14	Condavadee	1		1		4			1	1		1	1		1					
	15	Arzalamurdahully		1		1															
	16	Pogarhully		1		1															
	17	Chuvenhully		1		1															
	18	Buttagarra	1		1		1			1			3		3		1				
	19	Ballagarra	1		1		1			1			3		3		1				
	20	Dodde Hosahully	1		1		1			1	1		4	1	5		1				
	21	Soonavadee	1		1		1			1			2		2		1				
	22	Singargondanhully	1		1		1						7	1	8		1				
	23	Harralaporegrown	1		1		1						5	4	9		1				
	24	Anodeegrown	1		1		1			1			3	2	5		1				
	26	Coddagdalla	1		1		5		2	1			3	1	4	1	1				
	26	Nagiza pore		1		1															
	27	Chinnasagar		1		1															
	28	Mata Timmanelly		1		1															
	29	Inchanoochully		1		1															
		Total	14	15	18	11	29		6	12	6		30	14	44	1	14	1		1	
11		Taraff Kittagally																			
	1	Cuchha Kittagally	1		1		3			1			2	2			1		1		
	2	Bannadarhully		1		1															
	3	Vobalahully		1		1															
	4	Bodavanhully	1		1		15		1	2	8		2	2			1	1		1	
	5	Naganoohully		1		1															
	6	Chickanoohully		1		1															
	7	Tippangohully		1		1															
	8	Hosahully		1		1															
	9	Hungapore		1		1															
	10	Ayinarpuddoo		1		1															
	11	Coorahully		1		1															
	12	Varanhully		1		1															
	13	Cavalliehully		1		1															
	14	Boroocoopta		1		1															
	15	Ringanhully		1		1															
	16	Giddadagalhully		1		1															
	17	Timmahully		1		1															
	18	Modde Ranganelly		1		1															
	19	Jodanoohully	1		1		1			1			1		1		1				
	20	Carpanoohully	1		1		1			1							1				
	21	Singaravallenhully	1		1		1						1		1		1				
	22	Plantavalal	1		1		5			1	3						1	1	1		2
	23	Nagyacoopenhully		1		1															
	24	Haronoohully		1		1															
	25	Jevvagondanhully		1		1															
	26	Cumbachanenhully		1		1															
	27	Giddagarollee	1		1		3		1				1	1			1	1	1		
	28	Hosahully		1		1															
	29	Chicka Timmanhully		1		1															
		Total	7	22	21	8	29		2	3	14		7	7			7	4	4		7
12		Taraff Coda Katore																			
	1	Cuchha Coda Katore	1		1		4			1	2	2		2			2	2	2		1
	2	Partiehully		1		1															
	3	Naganoohully		1		1															
	4	Timmadanhully		1		1															
	5	Chittadalvattie	1		1		3		1	1	2		2	1	3		1	1	1		1
	6	Vobalapore		1		1															
	7	Saradapore		1		1															
	8	Coda Balcotta	1		1		1			1			2	2			1	1			
	9	Moodenhully	1		1		1			1							1	1			
	10	Channavardhgrama	1		1		1			1							1				
	11	Vengatoomnhully	1		1		1		1	1							1	1			
	12	Vidalapore	1		1		1						1		1		1				
		Carried over																			

No. of Taluks	No. of Villages	Names of the Villages	Villages: Hutty	Villages: Tyled	Villages: Thatched	Villages: Total	Water: Springs: Rivers	Water: Springs: Ground	Water: Springs: Tanks	Water: Springs: Total	Water: Wells: Drawing	Water: Wells: Pulley	Water: Wells: Well & Pots	Water: Wells: Total	Water: Standard	Forts: Doors or Pettah Forts	Forts: Lower Forts	Religious Establishments: Pagodas	Religious Establishments: Agraharums	Religious Establishments: Mosques	Religious Establishments: Choultries	Remarks
		Brought over																				
	13	Cedarunoohully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	1	"	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	
	14	Hadagondankully	1	"	1	"	3	"	1	"	1	"	2	"	2	"	"	1	1	1	"	"	2	
	15	Gokahully	"	1	"	1																		
	16	Vunankully	"	1	"	1																		
	17	Morroloor	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	
	18	Casenaikankully	1	"	1	"	2	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	
	19	Rotharahully	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"							
	20	Wranlahully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	1	1				
	21	Coorooguoloo	1	"	1	"	2	1	2									1	"	1				
	22	Bondahully	"	1	1	"																		
	23	Molankully	1	"	"	1	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	1	"	"	
		Total	44	9	20	3	23	1	6	3	11	2	7	3	12	"	"	10	10	8	3	"	4	

Abstract of the Mudgerry District

for the Roudree or Amboo Dammee 1 8 1 4

No. of the Taluks	Names of the Taluks	Villages: Hutty	Villages: Tyled	Villages: Thatched	Villages: Total	Water: Springs: Rivers	Water: Springs: Ground	Water: Springs: Tanks	Water: Springs: Total	Water: Wells: Drawing	Water: Wells: Pulley	Water: Wells: Well & Pots	Water: Wells: Total	Water: Standard	Forts: Doors or Pettah Forts	Forts: Lower Forts	Religious Establishments: Pagodas	Religious Establishments: Agraharums	Religious Establishments: Mosques	Religious Establishments: Choultries
1	Mudgerry	21	25	29	46	"	23	4	3	7	2	2	4	4	3	2	9	"	16	1	20	38	14	11	2	4
2	Chindragerry	24	25	31	18	49	"	10	6	2	8	9	2	11	18	4	4	26	"	"	1	23	10	6	2	"	28
3	Medegasee	24	18	23	19	42	"	24	5	"	5	11	3	14	10	"	10	20	"	"	2	23	7	5	2	1	1
4	Codaganoohully	9	6	11	4	15	"	2	5	"	5	3	"	3	"	5	"	5	"	"	1	9	6	5	2	"	4
5	Himpasamoodrum	7	5	9	3	12	1	"	4	1	5	5	2	7	"	15	1	16	"	"	"	7	4	"	"	"	"
6	Herramalloor	11	16	19	8	27	1	11	5	"	5	8	2	10	"	9	1	10	"	"	"	11	4	"	"	"	"
7	Adsoor	14	26	14	26	40	"	6	6	"	6	3	3	6	"	17	2	19	"	"	"	13	10	13	1	"	3
8	Seddapore	11	28	34	5	39	"	15	4	"	4	6	4	10	"	"	3	3	"	"	"	11	"	3	1	"	11
9	Collapore	14	17	16	15	31	"	11	3	1	4	5	5	10	"	"	3	3	"	"	"	14	4	2	1	"	"
10	Chuckamallore	17	15	18	11	29	"	6	12	"	18	6	"	6	"	30	11	41	1	"	"	14	1	1	"	"	"
11	Mittagalloo	7	22	21	8	29	"	2	3	"	3	9	5	14	"	"	7	7	"	"	"	7	4	4	"	"	7
12	Cadakatoor	14	9	20	3	23	1	6	3	"	8	9	3	12	2	7	3	12	"	"	"	15	10	8	3	"	4
	Total	160	212	245	197	382	3	116	60	7	63	76	31	107	34	90	47	171	1	16	5	167	98	61	24	3	62

Account of Mudgerry

Collected on the Spot & Translated

on September 6th 1801 by

C. J. Boria Brama

In the 3rd year of Sallevahan * of the Sri

A.D. 1379 Sardee Cycle year, in the Government of the Rayaloo Ruly Beeyanegurra Dessoor Valley Ramanayga held the Office of Spanboory and Goude of Beejavaram, Having that Boorsend Boora Goude had come from Sparoobeedeery in consequence of some misfortune that had happened to him and settled at Sockaly 6 Cos distant from Mudgerry Ramalinga and in person to that place, & brought him to his Father's house with him to settle as a Ryal, with them in Hopes of being in that obscure place. Boorva Goude accordingly regained the Situation of Beejavaram for 25 Years and died in the year of Sallevahan

A.D. 1404 Cycle year Parandi *

He was succeeded by Boorsend Goude who succeeded in his father's place and Office which he managed for 50 Years improving considerably the Estate and Rights

A.D. 1454 that his father had left; he died in the year Sarvadharri of the 60 Cycle years Bhava, his Son Boorva Goude succeeding under the protection of the Shanboories, & the natives of Ramanayga with them consent took the charge of Ryamenary Poly State of Pottundum and other Hengueree Hyssor in the District, besides the hereditary duties and perquisites of his father. He performed these duties in a very satisfactory manner, increasing the wealth and resources of the Country by his prudence and skilfull management

His Highness receiving an Order from the Bulgaur Ruler to send some troops to their Presence, the Shanboory who managed that Office at the time, having much confidence in the integrity and fidelity of Boorva Goude (now dead for a long time) sent him in Command of 500 Horse to Bisnagur upon his arrival at that capital Boorva Goude gave his credentials to the Rayaloo and by his prudence very soon ingratiated himself with the Rayaloo, who highly approved of his conduct & in reward was therefore granted from the Office of Nerdallagarta Poorbacharee Mocka na aza (Polygar) and appointed him to the Charge of that Ryal Goudika and Purgunam of the Beejavaram Tarroy and sent him back

* The Years of the Era are here inserted by computing back from the first mentioned Year in the original A.D. 1600 & taking the Cycle Year & the number of elapsed years of each life.

* In the Year Seedhardee A.D. 1302 or A.D. 1379 Hurryhurr Rayaloo Ruler succeeded to the throne of the New City of Bejanagur built in A.D. 1343. This Account & that of Mudegasee following Appear to be particularly conspicuous in confirming the extent of the new System of Administration & Tenures introduced at this period by the first King of a New Dynasty immediately after the subversion of the Ancient Kingdom of Telligana by the Invasion of the Mussulmans — for there is reason to suspect that it was only a Branch or improvement of that, received anciently throughout that extensive Government & perhaps all Indian

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back to arrange the affairs of his District. — Bora Gud returned to Be
ginga ram with the Royal order and employed his late Master in the
office of Hungay and took the Revenue Charge into his own manage
ment which he executed immolestedly for 60 years; he departed from this
Stage in the 3rd year of Cycle year Bhavaja.

His Son Chickapa by favor of the Government for 5
th[illegible] year as Settikard; he was called by the Ryots for 5
from the Greatest and Best Pilgar and died in the 5th year
of the Cycle year Prajapaty.

A.D 1511 Some time before the death of this Rayah some merchants with
cattle trade with Grain came on their journey to the place where the town
of Hindupa as now built, it was then a Jungle and they encamped
there agreed to rest for a few days. There was a Linguam there which
lay buried in earth only a few ins[illegible] no doubt by the Floods
each rainy day with here and there the earth melted away by these showers
it appeared at last uncovered. One of the drivers of the Party finding this
Linguam half buried in the ground, looking on it as a common Stone, col
lected 8 more Stones and placed them over a level with the Linguam to prove
[illegible] when bredfasting his Bullocks; but by the wonderful properties
of the inclosing Linguam a Whirlwind arose which destroyed the Cooking
utensils & throwing the flames upon the tents consuming them in an in
stant with all the Provisions. Bullock Driver dreading his Masters displea
sure on seeing [illegible] near the Tents ran to extinguish the flames,
with [illegible] other means, and was burnt in the raging fire which
[illegible] for him to quench.

The Master of the Party was much dismayed by this Calamity
and in the succeeding night was acquainted in a dream by the God of the Place
of this misfortune, and was then advised to build a Pagoda over the Linga
ant to establish there some person to see Worship performed in like manner
as the Hindoos do in other places.

On the following morning this Merchant made a Vow before
his followers that he would build a Pagoda for that Linguam on his return in
this Journey from the profits of this Voyage he thence proceeded on his business
and made an immense advantage in disposing of his goods. On his
return he built a temple adjoining the Linguam and caused this Commissions in
the Journey to give a Share likewise of their profits to defray the expen
ses of the usual Ceremonies to the God and employed some of the neighbour
ing Village people to overlook in his absence his Servants and see that

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* Or rather the Great & Good Chief

× From this & several other instances in these papers it appears that previous to the conquests of Narsinga Rayalgo & Krishna Rayalgo the Linguam Worship had anciently prevailed in these Countries: that the Temples had gone to decay & the lands waste & were overrun with Jungle in consequence of some revolution yet not sufficiently explained &c. We frequently meet with Idols & Temples discovered in the Jungle & restored by the New race of Cultivators whom these Princes encouraged to bring the lands into use again. — An Unknown language also appears in some of the Ancient Monuments in this District

See Page 343.

caused the ceremonies to be performed. About this time the Son of the deceased Chuckapa Goud named Heera Goud succeeded to his father's place he managed with great reputation; In his time some Cowkeepers carrying a flock of sheep to feed in the Jungle where now the Droog of Midgery stands observed one day a Sheep pursuing down from the hill drinking wet from a pond upon the hill; this put them to examine more narrowly and they found there several Sunks or Ponds which they reported immediately to the Rajas Heera Goud. The Polligar then came himself one day with his retinue to examine the Hill of Midgery and being satisfied with the Ponds and other conveniences which he found there, he immediately caused many Carnattics or Pioneers to be employed to destroy the Surrounding Jungle and then built the Droog and Batteries on the hill & the Lower Fort and Town below and placed a garrison on the Droog; no other works for the defence of the town From this period has Midgery been made the Capital of the Rajas residing here with his family the town was peopled by Inhabitants of all Trades & Castes collected from the Surrounding Countries; This Raja reA D1572 ded the Country for 64 years altogether and died in the Sal year 1495 and in the Cycle Year Angeroo.

His Son Hemmadi Chuckapa Gouds rule for 36 years
A D1608 and died in Keelaka Cycle year. His Son Chuckapa Gouds was next acknowledged in the Simhasen; by his valour he conquered the Land as
A D1633 far as Bhennaraya Droog & ruled it in addition to his former possessions for 25 years; he died in the Dhee mookh Cycle year.

He was succeeded by his Son Heera Gouds who ruled for
A D1664 31 years & departed this life early in the Prodee Cycle year. His Sons Rama Gouds and Timmaraj Gouds ruled the Samstan for 15 years to the Cycle year Kalleyuktee when Dawarazia the Valeey of the Mysore Rajah Chuckadavaroy Vodaru in consequence of some differences both kept marches from Streerungapatam with his Army and captured the Town and Fort of Midgery after a Siege of
A D1678 nearly one year in the Sal year 1600 and in the Cycle year Vyayuk -dee and established a garrison on the Droog; he then carried the Gouds with their families Prisoners to Serungapatam and presented them to his Master Chuckadavaroy Vodaroo.

The Vodaroo of Mysore being a very benificent & good Rajah released them from Confinement and Sent them back to Midgery

Gouds

granting that District as a Jageer for their subsistence valued at 500 Pagodas yearly.

The Districts formerly in possession of the Mudgeery Poligars on the day they were reduced by the Mysore Kings were 1st Tuloor Mudgeery 2d Mudgeery and 3d Chundroydroog.

On the negotiation of Mudgeery the Yaburaye Tavarigee by order of Chickaraya Wadeyroo granted the Village of Jarumdaud Agraharam from the Raya Wadaroo to the Brahmans and the title Dodia to manage the conquered Country on which employment he continued for 7 years up to 1761 year Chaya.

Bangalore Venyd then succeeded him and he continued for 12 years, during his management he built the Pagodas and Gopuram of Venkataramana Swamy on the Town of Mudgeery, he also made the Caaz Baag or Garden within the Enclosure of the Pettah wall or Sharjana which produces all the Kynds of fruits that are found in the Garden at Bangalore; the inhabitants say there are 7 Gardens at this place equally good as the Government of the Mysore Polygars but which were entirely destroyed by Typhoo.

Nunjaraya resigned this employment and delivering the charge to Lamboya Venkty Hirungapatam. He has managed to look down the Mud Fortifications on the Hill & rebuilt it with Stone & also built a Mahall in the Fort and the Pagodas of Mull Iswer in the town he managed for 9 years then the Son of the late Manager called Mullaraya was appointed in place of his father and managed the District for 7 years.

In the time of this manager Sitadia the Grandson of Hima Gouda in place of living quietly in his Jageer of Mudgeery encouraged his People to plunder and destroy the neighbouring Country of Hurtaloo whereupon by order of the Carter this Mullaraya took Mudgeery and annexed it for many years to the District of Mudgeery, then the late Manager Dodia assembled some Bedar Boys and took the place from the Boys of Mysore they however addressed a petition to the Mysore Rajah, entreating to excuse them for capturing the Jageer which had been given for their livelihood

The Mysore Rajahs permitted that they should retain Mudgerry for the Subsistence of Dodia as they owned their fault and considering it was not proper to resume what had once been given away.—

Then Timma Raja came from Mysore to Mudgerry and managed for 12 Years; when Rattnaraja succeeded who managed for 9 Years.

Timmaraaz the Son of the late Timma Raja was afterwards appointed to this duty from Mysore he managed for 9 Years; when Hyder Naijia of the Jain Sect Succeeded and was employed in this Situation by Orders from the Puntaloo; he managed for about 7 Years when the Father in Law of Condal Rau named Nirso Puntaloo came and took charge of the management for 7 Years more.

Towards the end of the Government of the Mysore Rajas, Timma Raja and Sadarajia were appointed to manage this district; while they were in Office an Mudgerry District a Mussulman Inhabitant of Solar named Hyder who was originally a Servant of the Dalwayes Nunja Naija being promoted in Commande and rank by the favour of his Master in reward of the great trouble and danger he had incurred for his Master's Service in several Actions, when he had thus acquired absolute power and authority over the Country and Troops; quarrelling with his benefactor he proceeded to take possession of all the Fortresses from the Servants of the Curtalloo; he then came to Mudgerry accompanied by his Chief Officers Thadanee Venkapa and Meerja Saib and took this place after surrounding it for some time; he then appointed Venkatasiga to manage the revenues A°1755 and Meerja Saib to command the forts when they were in this district Meerja Saib by order of Hyder went against Mudgerry and took it from A°1760 the Poligars. After they had been 5 Years in the management Meerja Saib went to Serah (which was likewise in their possession) on some public affairs when Streemunt Madava Rau advanced into this Country with an Army and captured Serah taking there Meerja Saib and some other Officers as Prisoners thence they advanced to Mudgerry plundered the town and Inhabitants and took the Hill Fort in the Cyclo A°1766 year Vaija and on the 3d of Coodom of Kalgonum Month from the Agents of Meerja Saib who was still Prisoner in his Camp; he

Cafe

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left a garrison in the Town and Droog appointed Letchemgun Row to manage both the Revenue and Forces Mudgerry and then marched towards Seringapatam. Having made peace with Hyder he returned to his country.

Letchemgun Punt held this District for the Mhasattas for 7 Years when Tippoo brought his troops against Mudgerry and took it from Letchemgun Punt in the Jaya Cycle year; he reinstated Gradarow Venkapaw in the Revenue Affairs and Dodaw in the Killadaree; they managed about 3 Years when Syn Kata Parsiaw as Aumil and Syd Jafferoodeen as Killadar were appointed from the Hoozoor who managed up to the Prava Cycle year for 5 Years nearly. then Rayaj Pellaw as Aumil and Patta Calen as Killadar same, but after one year Hyder discharges only the above Nyrnis and sent Meer Joolam in his room.

A.D 1774

A.D 1781

This Killadar and Aumildar continues in Offices up to the Cycle year Aswanga for 5 Years; Hyder marched to conquer the Seven Straits where he died near Amboor in the Cycle year Shobhagrogtu and Tippoo was acknowledged in the Government of his father; He dismiss the Aumil and Killadar and appointed in their room Syd Ibrahim and Mahomed Jawn they managed for 2 Years. At this time Tippoo being dissatisfied with the former regulations, altered and reformed the Methods of Management and introduced a new System of Management of his own invention, According to this he arranged or divided his Dominion into Sookadees to which he gave new names in his own language; In these to Mudgerry now called Gutta Subba was annexed a country of six Lacs Pagodas of which it was made the Capital Seat, or Jaya Hukegnnashee; he appointed Mahomed Assuff as their Civil Officer and Assuff Abdoola Beg the Killadar Cackery or Military Department; at the same time Sora was made a Sookdee under Mudgerry.

A.D 1787

A.D 1782

When the Company's Army came up the Straits to

besieg

A.D. 1791 besiege Seringapatam. Balaumty Row Sokia a Mharatta Officer came with a force and invested the port of Mudgerry. Fatta Hyder was detached from Seringapatam with some troops to relieve the place and on approaching near Balaumty Row Sokia being informed thereof by report immediately moved and encamped near Mauloor four Cos East from the place. Fatta Hyder pursued him to Mauloor and attacking the Party which was of 600 Horse and 7000 Seons defeated the Sokia who escaped from the Action with only 20 Horsemen of all his people to the Grand Army of Hurry Pant Patwa. After this action Tippoo made peace with the three above Powers and sent them to their own Dominions he appointed Meer Hyder as Sirdaar for the Pusbar of Mudgerry of 11,000 Pagodas annual Revenues he only managed for one years. Tippoo discharged the Amildar and Killadar and appointed Bahauder Lawn as Sumut and Sadik Beg to Command the Troops. He then Separated this district from the Cacharee of the Usoph and attaching to it a district of 11,000 Pagodas Revenues gave the Management to the Lawn whom he ordered also to collect the Nazarances. Bahauder Lawn exacting payment of the Nazarances forcibly from the Inhabitants the whole Country was thereby ruined.

The Sumut was employed for 2 Years when Meer Jia Ally Beg Sumildar and Sadkeer Beg Killadar were appointed for this District who managed for 3 Years. Then Meerja Ally as Sumildar and Ally Lawn as Killadar were appointed who remained in Office for one year up to the Fergala Cycle year.

In that year Tippoo dismissed these Officers and appointed Syud Hussain to the Sumildaree or Revenue business and Shaik Hussain to the Killadaree of the Fort. In

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the time of whose Management the Honorable Company's Army marched from Madras against Serinzapatam and Tippoo Sultan was Killed in the Storming of that City on the 30th of Baboolum of Chitra Month in the Cyle years of Hedardee.—

The Dominion of Tippoo being conquered one third of the Kingdom was given to Kistnd Raja Vadeyar descandant of the former Mysore Rajas; from that period Mudgerry District belonging to Mysore the Raja's Homildars and other Officers coming to this Place in the Month of Mushadam of this current Years seeing charge of the Public business from those employed by the deceased Sultaun.—

Colonel Dalrymple on his marching thro' this District towards the Toongabudra placed a garrison of Seapoys here to take Care of the fort.— Since which time to this day Amuldars for the Mysore Rajah continue to manage the Revenues and the Company's troops Garrison the Fort.—

5

Account of the Buildings of the Fortifications of Mudgerry.

From the Cycle Years Jaya and Plungnada that the Bahauder took the Fort of Mudgerry the Fortifications of the Droog and a Lower Fort were built or repaired with Chunam and proper stones in place of the Old buildings destroyed sometimes at different times to the Cycle year Sleedhrdee when Tippoo was slain. –

Petta and Droog

The Petta and Droog of Mudgerry is situated 7 Cos East from Seringapatam the Town is North of the Droog between both is a Low Fort well built with Chunam and Stones, there are 12 different walls and 15 Gates from the Lower fort to the Coombee situated on the Highest point of the Hill. –

Particulars of the Buildings in the Payan Killa or Lower Fort.

The Rampart inclosing the forts of the Hills is called Lower Fort has 3 Gates – 1st Bundee Timmana Bagallee – 2d Ratta Bagallee – 3d Veer Bagallee. – There are in this fort one Granary built of Stone – a Mahall or Palace built formerly by Timmana Naya and an Apartment by Veer Sault; One line of Bazars built along the inside of the fort close to the Walls – There were also several houses which now are almost ruined – 2 Guns are placed on the Batteries of this fort; the Ditch of the Fort is not completed –

There

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There are three Pagodas in the Lower Fort viz:
1st Rappasawmy
2d Hangomuht
3d Seevoo

On the Droog are the following Buildings viz:

Buildings on the Droog

1.	Droog a Bagatloo	
2	Agamando Vakelee	
3	Vadrakuttoo do not finished	In this inclosure are a Mahall. 3 Magazines. 4 Granaries. a Tank. 8 Guns
4	Ratee Vakelee or Coopacondalloo do	
5	Baskasoom Vakellee	1 Tank, a Ditch and 2 Guns
6	Mysore Ratee do	
7	Rodoo Vakelee	
8	Rungadam Vakelee	
9	Vadrakuttoo do not finished	2 Guns
10	Gara Vakelee	1 Tank. 2 Guns; 1 terraced Mahall built by the Mahrattas
11	Vadrakuttoo do	5 Water Ponds
12	Antaraut do	2 Guns
13	Kylas Vakelee	1 Mahall
14 15	Coombee Vakelees	3 Ponds. 1 Gun. 8 Magazines. 1 Pagoda of Gopaul Kistna Swamy

Pettah

The Pettah is inclosed by a Sharpanar or Mud Wall a which has 3 Gates viz:

1st Sanjeevarayan Vakelee — On the East
2d Vearpee Vakelee — On the West
3d Balliatore — On the North

1 Famou

Pagodas in the Town or Petta

1st Famous Pagoda of Venkatarraman Swamy which has Spires
2d do do of Mullaswair Swamy also with Spires
3d Common do of Choudaswar
4th do do of Sallomma
5th do do of Kasavaswamy
6th do do of Hanoomunt

There is also one Bustee of the Jain near but without the Petta on the West. –

Troops used to garrison the Station on Different Governments

The Troops Employed in the different Governments for the defence of the Fort –

	Horse	Foot	Total
In the time of the Mysore Rajahs			
Horsemen	4000	"	
Carnatakom or Country Peons	"	12000	16000
In the Government of Hyder			
Carnatakom	"	2500	
Mussulman Infantry	"	300	2800
By Tippoo			
Carnatakom		300	
Infantry		400	700
In the Present Government			
Company's Seapoys		30	
Carnatakom		50	80

General Description of the District of Mudgerry

Situation Mudgerry District is bounded on the East by Pennaconda on the South East by Ballapore, on the South by Caratgara on the West by Serahe On the North by Ruttingeery and on the North East by Pennaconda.

Divisions The District of Mudgerry is divided into 12 Taroffs 382 Villages 5549 Tenubies 5764 Houses 67 Tanks 107 Fountains and 171 Wells.

Population The Population of this Country will be about 27745 Men and Women. *

Soil and Productions There are 3 or 4 Kinds of Soil as follows 1 Campoo or Redy 2. Cuppoo or Clay 3. Corralee or Brown 4 Calloo or Stony which produces 9 different Kinds of good Grain Wheat, Paddy Condaloo, Pasaloo Codloo Oilseeds Horse Gram Avara, Raggy Joarce Saza &c. several other small Grains There are 12 Gardens some of them produce fruits, Plantains, Daninna Oranges Guavas Rampuls Pumpulmas Nadab Mangoes Figs Grapes and such other fruits as grow in the Soil of Bangalore There are several Sugar Plantations or Gardens here.

Animals The Jungle Animals are the same as in other Districts except Elephants

Cow

* Estimating 5 to each house. See Canonshmap page 322

Rivers

One Cos East from Mudgerry runs the River Pennar or Puna-konee which rises in Nundydroog passes out of this District near Roddom of Pennacondah; it soon after turns to the East and enters the Sea near Vellore.— A Smaller River the Jayamongolom rising in the Hills of Davaroydroog at the foot of the God Narsumul-loo passes 3 Cos East from Mudgerry and joins the Pennar near Bo-lookoor of the Pennacondah District.— The 3d River the Coondar rising in Haskellydroog passes 6 Cos East of Mudgerry and between the Penna and Jelgamungiolom joins the Pennar above Bootkoor

Hill Forts

The Principal Hill Forts in this District are as follows.—

1 Gustra Mudgerry	5 Chendragerry Droog
2 Gootee Droog	6 Tattelpulla Droog
3 Mudgellery	7 Penandaroygonda
4 Veerana Droog	8 Bussmunjeree

Minerals

There is some Iron found in this District and the Inhabitants Manufacture it at the 4 Villages of

1st Garagree	3 Cos	North East of	Mudgerry
2d Toongotoo	1 do	West of	do
3d Oranzab	1 do	do of	do
4th Tattee Pilly	1 do	do of	do

Manufactures

The Weavers of this place make some fine flowered cloths from 1 to 5 Pagodas value— Coarse Romballies not exceeding 2 Rupees are also made—

Cattle

The Bullocks of this Country are in value from 3 to 6 Pa-godas.—

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Language

Three quarters of the Inhabitants talk the Canarese and one quarter the Tentoo or Tellinga the Rguts use the Canarese in writing but the Revenue Servants keep their Accounts in duplicate one in Canarese and the other in Hindoowee or Mharattaa.

Inhabitants

There are many Jains and several learned Pundits still remaining at Mudgerry. for an Account of the Tenets and Letters of the former See Particular Notices of the Jain collected from the Gooroo at this place & their Chiefs at Bellicull.

Account of the Land Measurement
used in the
Mudgerry District
From the Shanbogy of Mudgefsy
September 1804

Lands are divided into two kinds Nearaivaree, or Wet; and Buddal or Dry, formerly the Village Officers measured the lands under these heads & entered them in their books to be let out annually to the fultavators.

The method of Measurement follows.

The Country people having no proper instruments for mensuration use a Bamboo or Rope of 12 Guzoms or 24 fubits *a which is called Guddas and measure the Wet lands. 5 Guddas from East to West & 6 Guddas from North to South, this Quantity of Land is called Vokallom & divided into 30 Coontas by Multiplying the Guddas of the length by the breadth; Each Coonta contains 140 Guzoms at this rate being 30 coontas to a Vokallom the total Square Guzoms in each Vokallom being 4.320 & 20 Vokallams make one Condaga.

The Condaga is subdivided into small measures as follows.

A Condaga consists of 2 Hottoocolagas
4 Augalla
8 Chiladubballa
16 Vokalladubballa
20 Vokallas
40 Ebballas
80 Ballas
160 Emmanas
320 Vomanas
640 Arrgwanas
1280 Soligas
5120 Geddanas

*a This Rope of 12 Guzoms I measured by an Ivory Foot rule & found it 36 feet nearly in damp weather. So that a Guzom is nearly one Yard English.

Wet Lands are divided into 3 Kinds 1st. 2d. & 3d. which are rented to the Inhabitants as follows

Nearavaree; First Kind

Paddy Ground at	3	Pagd.	&	Vokallum	is	60	Pagd.	& Sondaga
Raggy	2	Do	&	do	is	40	do	& do
Beddi	3	5	&	do	is	70	do	& do
Nuts (Arrek)	25	do	&	do	is	500	do	& do
Chollum	2	do	&	do	is	40	do	& do

This is the usual rate of letting lands of the first Sort in this Country: the Pagodas are fanams.

In many places the Sircar people let the lands to the Inhabitants on an agreement of equal shares first deducting 2½ Colagoms or Vokallom from each Sondaga; then they divide the remainder into two equal parts one for the Circar & the other for the Inhabitants: From the above deduction of 2½ Colagoms the Circar reserve one Vokallom; & another Vokallom is divided among the 12 Ayagars or Village Servants; the balance ½ Vokallom or one Ebbellom is again divided into 2 Shares or Pallas one of which is given to the Shanboag & the other to the Head Joude. In some places they deduct 3½ Colagoms from each Sondaga & give one Vokallom taken in addition to the former quantity to the Cluckilers or Spakaras; for which this class pay annually a fixed Money allowance to the Sircar from 4 to 5 as far as 50 Pagodas annually according to circumstances.

For the lands of the 2d. Kind when the foregn people divided the Amount of the best land into 3 Shares for the Second they take only 2 Shares & for the third 1 Share — if the Crop is productive they fix accordingly.

In the best lands the Soil of one Vokallom produces as far as 30 Vokallums of grain; the 2d. to 20 & the 3 only from 10 to 5.

In the season of sitting down the Crop they dispose of the Paddy at the rate of 5 & 6 Pagodas for a Sondaga in other Seasons for 7 or 8 Pagodas the Raggy, Joaree & other small grain they sell at from 4 to 6. If the Crop is higher they Consider it a famine.

For the Beddal or Dry Land they multiply the quantity of the Nearavaree & the square Guzoms to each Vokallom which is 1 to 2880 & for the rents of a Vokallom of dry they receive 4 or 3 times more than for the Vokallom of Wet Land.

Lands cultivated with Wheat & Ghenna they never let for Rent: they divide the Produce into 3 Shares one to him who furnishes the Seeds one to the Sircar & the third to the Ryut no money is paid for it; if the Sircar furnishes the Seed they get 2 Shares.

N.B. The measure called Coal or Coroodoo in Moors is the same with Vokallom (Canara) & Toomag (Tellinga).

Historical Account of The Meedeegasee District

Collected from Veapatiah the Shanboag on the 1st of October 1801

It is Said that formerly the Country of Meedeegasee was covered with a very thick Jungle; to the Merchants travelling this way from the Southern Countries to the North a man called Segdapa one of the Party left a Woman called Meedegady, who when they arrived here, persuaded him to abandon his family & friends & to take up his residence in this Jungle with her, he was persuaded by her to follow his advice as she had a considerable value of Money & Jewels, he accordingly forsook his family & Partners & remaining here built a Small Village or Rottum near this hill on which he lived for 3 Years. While they resided here one Bodatergaupoo a Nauer Gaude or Naugeeradee came from another Country & forming a connection with this Meedeegasee caused her to turn off her former Gallant & by Sweet words got all her riches forth which he was enabled to build the hill fort of Meedeegasee & which he called after her Meedeegasee Droog this happened in the Sallegrahary Year 1525 of the Cycle Year Isubra. 1D 1337

He also built the Pettee with the Villages Jeriagapaja & Nalacompalee &c, & ruled for 41 Years with reputation, he cleared away all the Jungle in his time; he was married to two Wives Nauvarumma & Sithmumma; he also made the Tank of Hobsacara; while he was employed about it the Pollegar of Madageery Veera Chickapa Goud came to visit the Naugeradee they after mutual embraces & compliments to one another & discoursing amicably a long time, then parted. When the Goud returned to his place; he washed his body & purified himself because the Pollegar of Madageery had touched him during their conference Veera Chickapa Goud soon got notice of this & that the Naugeradee had purified himself by washing on account of his having touched him &

The Nature of this Office is explained in the Account of the Carnatic Revenue Management — If the date here is correct it would appear that all these Districts began to be established or occupied about the Period of the New Government being established at Bezanagur by Hirry Hurr Rayaloo the same Prince who granted the Landed Property of the Sub-Jaghire of Sera & other Places & who first established the Raya Ryotwar & the Order of Management afterwards followed up by the Mysoreans.

Y was much incensed & immediately marched with all his forces to Meedeegasee
& pulled the fort at midnight got into the place & put the Raja to death;
having thus captured the Fort of Meedeegasee he established himself in
A D 1378 that District in the Sallevahana year 1300 of Cycle Year Salleyook
by Y ruled it for 40 Years without any disturbances from other Princes.

At the expiration of his life this Raja appointed his Son
A D 1418 Bodana Naik to succeed in the Sallevahana year 1341 of Cycle
Year Veeary who governed graciously & better than his father employed
many troops & peopled his Country; He had a Son called Ematy Chicka
-pa Goud, who was a greater Warrior than all his Ancestors, a man of
knowledge, learned in the Laws of the Hindoos & possessed of great skill
in the art of Archery.*1

Bodda Naik died of sickness after he had ruled for
Years & his Son Emadee Chickapa Goud was acknowledged in his
State, with the consent of his relations & Principal Officers in the Sally-
vahan Year *2 Cycle year He reigned with great
reputation for 61 Years & increased considerably the Charitable Endowment
that had been granted by his Ancestors; he acquired a good name in
his Country superior to all his forefathers, He had a Son called Mee
madee Chickapa Goud a man of very great merit, who after the death
of Emadee Chickapa Goud succeeded in his father's Kingdom with
the consent of his relations & the Ministers - He made a great profi-
ciency in the cultivation of the liberal arts, protected all the olde Ser-
vants & kept up the Ancient Customs - He reigned 11 Years very cha-
=ritably without opposition or disturbance & acquired a good name like
his fathers; He kept a great number of Troops in his Service & repair-
ed part of the Droog encreased the population of his Country & kept
it in excellent order - He had a Son called Dodda Cannayk eminent
for good sense & great abilities.

On the death of his father he succeeded to his Power with
the consent of all his Relations in the Sallevahan year & 1906

He ruled after his father's beneficence for 75 Years when he

*1 Archery is always particularly dwelt upon in the enumeration of the Sciences learned by an accomplished Prince -

*2 The blanks could not be filled up the Years being lost tho' the names of the Chiefs are preserved

he died & his Son Totadadeya succeeded, who by the beautiful Virtuous Rujama his Wife had two Sons Doda Canaya & Chana Basswa-ja. — While they were yet young Totadadeya died of a severe disor-der called Mohabayooda with which he had been
A.D. 1735 grievously afflicted. He ruled years up to the Cycle Rackasa.

The Cartoolo finding this a good opportunity sent Veeranya-narayaya with some Troops from Mudgerry who made all possible haste to Meedeegasee & attacking the deceased Rajah's followers took the place very soon. — The wife of the deceased Rajah (Rujama) escaped out of the Fort with her two Sons Doda Canaya & Chana Basswaja. —

Veeranya Rayaya after getting possession of Meedeegasee managed
A.D. 1746 it for 11 years up to the Cycle Rackaya for the Cartoolo, who then an--nexed it into Mudgerry.

Rujama the Wife of the deceased Rajah Totadadaya went to Seringapatam where she visited the The Cartoolo & also some of his principal Officers; & she got the latter to intercede with the Cartoolo to grant her the District of Meedeegasee on Rent for 16000 Pagodas; she then got a Royal order from the Cartoolo addressed to the people of Meedeegasee with which she arrived at Narapoor & sent the Order to Meedeegasee by her agents; but when they saw it, they refused to comply with his Majesty's Order, on which she returned to Se-ringapatam & represented the case to the Cartoolo who answered, that he could not punish them for their disobedience to his order but if she was able to reduce them by force that she was at liberty without any objection on this side; At the same time the Meedeegasee people dismantled the Fort —

Rujama then left Seringapatam & collecting some Troops went to Meedeegasee & defeating Veeranya Rayaya took the fort & being now relieved from her enemies she repaired the place managed the affairs of the Country & its Revenue by her Servants; She also got her eldest Son Doda Canaya acknowledged in the Government who was then only 10 years of age, in the Sallewahan year of Cycle
A.D. 1747 Prabava; from which period they continued in possession up to the Cycle year Jowa. —

This

4

This Prince daily improved in all the Learning that was necessary for his rank, he protected & encouraged the old Servants & Officers of the family followed the Ancient established Customs & by his good conduct, increased the celebrity of his fathers name, he was dreaded by foreign Princes. He built a Pile fort at Balatoor where he resided with his Family & Retinue & made the Seat of his Government for some time, he also built another fort at Rangapoonam. In these times Bauboo Row a Mharatta Officer came to Balatoor & besieged the Polligar for 10 Days, when he made peace on receiving a Sum of money as a Present from the Polligar.

After this Moorari Row Godpaty came from Hudduca Serap & encamped near the Garden of Kampanna where he remained for a fortnight; but the Polligar made peace with him by giving him a Sum of Money & he returned to his own country.

A.D. 1755 Afterward in the Cycle Year Joovo, Hyder sent Meer Saheb with some Troops against this place who besieged the fort for one Month; when the Polligar getting out of the Fort to relieve himself from trouble, went to Seringapatam & Engaged to serve under Hyder as an Officer of his Troops.

A.D. 1755 Meer Saheb then reduced the Meedeegasee* District entirely & granted it in Jagheer to the Bradaunee Vengapia & then returned to Seringapatam; Vengapia enjoyed the Jageer peaceably for 16 Years. At that time when Appa Balaram Row a Mharatta came to Meedeegasee with a body of troops & blocked up the Fort for 15 days so as to prevent all communication between the Fort & Town, ravaged & plundered the Country & Villages around; he then sent for Lutchuman Punt a relation of his, from Mudgerry & putting part of his troops under his command directed him by all means to seduce Meedeegasee without loss of time, while he went on Service to other quarters.

On this Letchmun Punt blocked up the fort for 3 Months when the people on the Fort being distressed for Provision, made terms with the enemy & the chief Officers of Bradaunee Vengapia called Sooba Row

* See the preceding Account of Mudgerry.

Soofa Row & Padmana returned with shame to their Master & acquainted him of their misfortune which he forgave. — Letchman Punt appointed his relation Croostajee Punt to be Amuldar of the District & went himself to make known his success to his Master. —

Croostajee Punt managed for 10 Months, at which time Hyder having settled peace with the Mharattas by giving them money, they restored to him all the Districts they had taken while they were at war with him. —

Hyder at this time granted again Meedeegasee in Jaghеer
AD 1774 as before to Subdaurey Vencapaiah* who managed it up to the Fifth Year Sic.
AD 1782 Bacrootoo & until the death of Hyder when the Sultan taking this District under his immediate care dismissed Subdaurey Vencapaiah.

Afterwards in the Fifth Year Veeroodeerootoo Chana Bas Serpa Brother of the late Rajah returned to Meedeegasee to fight with Tippoo's people at the time when Lord Cornwallis and General Meadows were at war with Tippoo at Bangalore some of their party were slain the remaining parts gave up the Fort by agreement to the Rajah, who managed the Country for 10 Months mildly; he married the daughter of Das Anavaye Dantia, called Veerama.

But the Sultan having made peace with the Company sent Troops to reduce Meedeegasee again & when they approached the place the Polligar abandoned the Fort & fled to Foreign Country. The Sultan's people having again got possession Mahomed Ally Jelaloo was appointed Amuldar & a succession of Amuldars for the Sultan successively managed up to the Year of Heedardee of the 30th of Cutra Month
AD 1799 when the Company's forces having captured Seringapatam took the Amuldars under their protection — The District has been managed by the Orders of Poornia under the Authority of the Mysore Rajah Krishna Raja Vadeyaloo.

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*1 Hyder plaid Venaiapa in Mudgerry in 1774 as the preceding Account.

*2 These Generals are frequently mentioned in the Baliagaat Account by the name of Lord Wales & Meadees —

Remarks on the District of Meedegasee

1st Situation

Meedegasee is situated 25 Cofs from Hundidroo & 12 Cofs from Naughur South 6 Cofs from Mudgerry North & from Nundaconda 12 Cofs West. 2

2. Fort

The Fort was built by a Naugaradee 464 Years ago it has Gates Batteries &c Account of Forts.

3. Antiquities & remarkable Buildings &c

In the time of Chickapa Gouds of Meedegasee there resided a Jayana called Shavanaoodgo at Meedegasee who resolving to build a small Pagodas for his Household God in a Jungle two Cofs distant employed people to clear it away & having built his Temple placed there his household God Jenedalgara whom he worshipped him till his death. Afterwards by the disturbances of the Country it was ruined & lay neglected for sometime, But the Inhabitants respecting that it would give them reputation to restore the Ancient Temples, rebuilt this Pagoda & populated the Village calling it Shavanagoodey from Shavanoodoo the Jayana founder of the Temple *1

There are several Veeradamoodoo near Shavanagoodey in the Jungle — these consist of Stones sculptured with Images, figures of Horses & engaged in combat &c some of these have Inscriptions in an unknown Language.

It is supposed (tho' doubtfull) that these have their Origin in the Custom of the Jolla & Boya who when any of their relations fall in

*1 This is an imperfect Account of these Antiquities, further Notices of them are detailed in my Journal The ruins of the Jain Pagodas are to be traced on a rock near the village — it was finally ruined by the Mhrattas.

*2 These computed distances are from the Inhabitants: the real horizontal distances from the Actual Survey appears on the Map.

in battle set up Images in memory of them before which they perform certain ceremonies annually.

Chickapa Poud also built a Pagoda to Hanamuntaloo at this place.

5th Castes

The Castes in this District are

1 Brahmins	15 Cottonbeaters
2 Bgnians	16 Bizyarres
3 Lingavuntooloo	17 Settrunces
4 Badars	18 Panchalums
5 Jungums	19 Vidaroos
6 Vastavooloo	20 Goroomavar
7 Rayapoots	21 Pareyars
8 Tankdiggers	22 Chucklers
9 Barbers	23 Jedigars
10 Potmakers	24 Oilmakers
11 Weavers	25 Toddy Sellers
12 Washermen	26 Shakurs
13 Corgentops	27 Moochees
14 Smiths	28 Cowherds (Golla)

The Mussulmen

4th Animals

The Animals are Tygers, Bears, Wolves, Panthers, Wild Hogs, Hares, Deers, Stags, Antelopes, Elks, Porcupines, Goannas Wild Fowls and Peacocks.

6th Grains

The following Grains are produced in this District viz. Addy, Cholum, Raggy, Corralloo, Casaloo, Tunnoomooloo, Woodoolloo, Horse Gram, Chendagaloo, Saumaloo, Laggary, Buberloo, Castor Oil Nuts, Jungle Oil Seeds, & a Kind of Wheat.

7th Fruits

The Fruits are viz Plantains, Limes, Tamarinds, Cocoanuts, Wood Apple, Mangoes, Pumpkins & Pomegranates.

There

8th Minerals — There is some Salt made in this District

5

Nudgul.

Chanashooman of the Nedigul District from the Reports of Sanuyee Pantoolo late Amuldar for the Raudree Year 1800—1801

No. of Tarafs	Names of the Tarafs	Villages					Water							Forts		Pagodas	Square towers	Mosques	Pair Pagodas	Jungums & Muttums	Groves	Arrecares (Shops)	Malls or Salt Beds	Furnaces & Iron Smelting Places	Cannas (Oil Mills)	Gardens	Ploughs	Hoodes	Families			
		Waste	Totally	Inhabited	Ruined	Total	Rivers	Channells	Tanks	Corridas	Cubbelas	Wells	Ands or Lakes on the Hills	Forts & Borrys	Borrys or Petti Forts														Cultivators	Begar Jerayat	Khoroshbash	Total
1	Nedigul	20	18	17	21	38	"	24	7	9	112	58	2	38	1	37	7	2	1	9	36½	41	"	3	2	90	233½	570	199	171	192	562
2	Parasramporc	7	14	13	8	21	1	"	8	3	90	26	"	21	"	27	2	2	"	2	25	1	7	1	"	"	248	416	208	162	46	416
3	Allapanaick Hossacotta	21	12	28	6	33	"	42	6	11	289	28	4	33	5	38	2	2	"	2	66	28	11	3	"	"	433½	1110	155	327	328	1110
4	Moognanbatta	17	14	24	7	31	"	38	12	9	138	20	10	31	5	29	1	1	"	"	9	13	"	1	"	"	292½	505	266	142	97	505
	Total of the District	65	58	82	41	123	1	104	33	32	629	132	16	123	11	131	12	7	1	13	136½	103	18	8	2	90	1207½	2601	1128	807	663	2598
	N.B. Cusba Nedigul in Petta & on the Hill (included above	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	42	2	1	1	15	"	2	1	8	30½	37	"	"	2	"	8	254	5	99	150	254

Chanashoomar f. Needigul continued.

| No. of Tarafs | Names of the Tarafs | Enumeration of Castes | | |

Dahazada of the Nidigul District

from

Shashageery Row Aumildar

Nidigul May 12th

1804

No.	Names of the Villages	Villages	Tanks	Towns	Rivers	Channels	Cabbelas	Mills	Pagodas	Gardens	Fruit Trees	Palmyra Trees	Remarks
1	Taroo of Nidigul												
1	Cusba Nidigul	1	1	1	3			42	15		1	1	
2	Mayadcoonta	1	1	1	1		2	15	2	1	3	1	
3	Jeraga pully		1	1							1		
4	Coddapully	1	1	1	1		2	8		2	3	1	
5	Gollandoonta	1	1	1	1		1		1		1		
6	Cadchapully		1	1				8	1		1		
7	Gozar pully		1	1				2			1		
10	Conchogondanhully		1	1							1		
9	Mayabagondanhully	1	1	1			1	3	1	1	1	1	
10	Cotagondanhully	1	1	1			1	3		1	1		
11	Cattabaswanhully		1	1							1		
12	Kotabammanpully	1	1	1				3	1		1		
13	Vajanud	1	1	1	2		5	7	1	2	5		
14	Panoomanhully		1	1									
15	Linganhully		1	1									
16	Kuttara		1	1									
17	Carregondanhully		1	1									
18	Arsecara	1	1	1	2		3	26	2	2	29	5	
19	Cattevarazanhully		1	1									
20	Condapore		1	1									
21	Comanhully		1	1									
22	Hompapagar		1	1									
23	Soonkoolla	1	1	1	1		1	7	1	1	21		
24	Dodayanhully	1	1	1			3	32	1	1	4		
25	Cattlandavanhully		1	1									
26	Lingapore		1	1									
27	Settegondanhully		1	1									
28	Rangasamoodra	1	1	1			2	10	3	4	19	2	
29	Rasdrapore		1	1									
30	Obalapore	1	1	1			2	8	2	32	2		
31	Goondoolipphanhully		1	1									
32	Timbapore	1	1	1			1	1	1	1	1	1	
33	Coosepore	1	1	1				1	1		1	1	
34	Gudanoohully	1	1	1				2	1	1	1	1	
35	Nomadeesagar	1	1	1				1	1		1	1	
36	Codgutta	1	1	1				1	1		1	1	
37	Rangapanhully	1	1	1				1	1		1	1	
38	Boodianhully	1	1	1				1	1		1	1	
	Sudapore Agt. the Village							1					
	Total	24	38	38	7	4	24	283	70	38	117		

No. of Class	No. of Villages	Names of the Villages	Villages	Hamlets	Inhabited Villages	Ruined	Total	Tanks	Cuntas	Rivers	Channels	Corfuelas	Wells	Topes	Gardens	Forts	Hill Forts	Agraharams	Remarks
2		Dooyom Vidiquel or Perasramporc																	
	1	Cusba Sgrasramporc	1	"	1	"	1	2	"	1	"	25	10	8	"	4	"	"	
	2	Pottoorhully	"	1	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
	3	Corfagoonta	"	1	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
	4	Chatrapore	"	1	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
	5	Bomshankoonta	1	"	1	"	1	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	2	"	1	
	6	Allapore	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	
	7	Colaulore	1	"	1	"	1	1	"	"	"	4	"	3	"	2	"	"	
	8	Pasolapanhully	"	1	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
	9	Chickaghalore	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	5	2	1	"	2	"	"	
	10	Obanhully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	6	1	2	"	"	"	"	
	11	Hergehalore	1	"	1	"	1	1	"	"	"	12	4	2	"	2	"	"	
	12	Palenayekhully	"	1	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
	13	Ladashogdavo	1	"	1	"	1	1	"	"	"	5	1	1	"	1	"	"	
	14	Posuhara	1	"	1	"	1	1	3	"	"	32	8	10	"	8	"	"	
	15	Beranhully	"	1	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
	16	Obajapore	"	1	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
	17	Timmenaickcota	"	1	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
	18	Hotahoonanhully	"	1	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
	19	Mooshoonahully	"	1	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
	20	Jaladahully	"	1	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
	21	Braswalegadhully	"	1	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
		Total	7	14	13	8	21	8	3	1	"	90	26	37	"	21	"	2	
3		Sarooy Ooal Hobsoota or Ullaponaick Hoy Scotta																	
	1	Cusba Hobsoota	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	3	55	19	5	"	2	1	"	
	2	Ullapandickhully	"	1	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
	3	Sedahore	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	2	12	"	1	"	1	"	"	
	4	Maramnahully	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	15	1	"	"	1	"	"	
	5	Jaljoodoo	1	"	1	"	1	2	"	3	"	9	"	2	"	2	"	"	
	6	Chickazaloordoo	"	1	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
	7	Goodetempanhully	1	"	1	"	1	1	"	1	"	9	"	1	"	1	"	"	
	8	Dalwoyhully	1	"	1	"	1	1	"	"	"	15	"	1	"	2	"	"	
	9	Padommanhully	"	1	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
	10	Potazandapully	1	"	1	"	1	"	2	"	6	26	1	2	"	3	"	"	
	11	Indrallabattel	"	1	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	
	12	Rampore	"	1	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
	13	Chickahully	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	2	28	1	2	"	2	"	"	
	14	Dadahully	"	1	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
	15	Hobsadroog	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	2	15	1	"	"	1	1	"	
	16	Sheragondanhully	1	"	1	"	1	1	"	1	10	27	"	5	"	3	"	"	
	17	Ballanoopully	"	1	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
	18	Seegapahully	"	1	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
	19	Sheppayandroog	1	"	1	"	1	1	"	"	2	24	"	16	"	1	1	"	
	20	Hobshully	"	1	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	
	21	Pagarlahully	"	1	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	
	22	Boodeebatta	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	6	"	"	"	1	1	"	
	23	Gemancoonta	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	6	"	2	"	1	"	"	
	24	Coonahully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	9	"	1	"	1	"	"	
		Total	11	10	22	2	24	2	11	"	3	22	23	28	"	24	5	"	

No. of Villages	Names of the Villages	Wells	Tanks	Rivers	Canals	Gardens	Remarks
	Brought forward	14 10 22 2 21 2 11 .. 34 28 23 26 .. 24 5 ..					
15	Tugalapore	1 .. 1 .. 1 1 .. .. 4 6 3 3 .. 3					
16	Bommakenhully	.. 1 .. 1 1					
17	Egondroopayenpolla	.. 1 .. 1 1					
18	Cattigatanhully	1 .. 1 .. 1 1 .. .. 4 4 2 .. 1					
19	Nagawundapoya	1 .. 1 .. 1 .. .. .. 2 1 0 .. 1 .. 1					
20	Nurdeysandully	1 .. 1 .. 1 .. .. .. 1 3 1 .. 1					
21	Rachamarankully	1 .. 1 .. 1 .. .. .. 3 .. .. .. 1					
22	Hungoomantankully	1 .. 1 .. 1 .. .. .. 4 .. 1 .. 1					
23	Timmumenhully	1 .. .. 1 1 .. .. .. 1 6 .. 3 .. 1 1					
	Total	21 12 28 5 33 6 11 .. 42 28 28 38 .. 33 5 2					
1	Dooyom Nobsakoda or Noogadanbatta						
1	Cusba Maagnambattan	.. 1 .. 1 1 .. .. .. 3 2 1 .. 1 1 ..					
2	Pavarabatta	1 .. 1 .. 1 .. 2 .. 8 5 3 .. 2 1 ..					
3	Horlahully	.. 1 .. 1					
4	Davoodatta	1 .. 1 .. 1 .. 2 .. 7 6 .. 1 .. 2 1 ..					
5	Amal Poorka	.. 1 .. 1					
6	Balleebottoo	1 .. 1 .. 1 1 2 .. 10 6 2 1 .. 2					
7	Silapore	.. 1 .. 1					
8	Naya Kaira	1 .. 1 .. 1 1 .. .. 4 13 .. 2 .. 3					
9	Conda Timmahully	.. 1 .. 1					
10	Chennakasavahully	1 .. 1 .. 1 1 1 .. 1 2 3 1 .. 2					
11	Venkatapore	.. 1 .. 1					
12	Timmadeo Cotta	1 .. 1 .. 1 .. .. 4 1 .. 1					
13	Goojanoodao	1 .. 1 .. 1 .. 1 1 3 5 2 3 .. 2					
14	Balleesettehully	.. 1 .. 1 1					
15	Cotagooda	1 .. 1 .. 1 2 .. .. 4 8 1 3 .. 3					
16	Taranoohully	.. 1 .. 1					
17	Heerhatahully	.. 1 .. 1					
18	Heerahurapore	1 .. 1 .. 1 1 .. .. .. 2 2 1 .. 1					
19	Cotoor	1 .. 1 .. 1 1 .. .. 1 .. 2 2 .. 1 1 ..					
20	Timmanaickatta	1 .. 1 .. 1 1 .. .. .. 4 .. .. .. 1 1 ..					
21	Pamanhully	.. 1 .. 1 .. .. 1					
22	Chinnamanhully	.. 1 .. 1 .. .. 1					
23	Letchmanhully	.. 1 .. 1 .. .. 1					
24	Bomaroonagtehully	1 .. .. 1 1 .. .. .. 4 .. 1 .. 1 .. 1					
25	Madawoo	1 .. 1 .. 1 1 .. .. 8 .. 2 .. 2					
26	Cargacatanhully	.. 1 .. 1					
27	Mongalwadd	1 .. 1 .. 1 1 .. 1 10 3 5 .. 2					
28	Timmamarahully	.. 1 .. 1					
29	Hobsahully	1 .. .. 1 1 .. .. .. 1 2 .. 1 .. 1 ..					
30	Gongonhurhully	1 .. .. 1 1 .. .. .. 2 6 .. 1 .. 2 ..					
31	Morroor	.. 1 .. 1					
	Total	14 2 7 31 29 .. 38 .. 92 .. 24 .. 36 1					

Abstract of the Nidigul District

No. of Stations	Names of Tarroofs	Villages		Inhabited	Ruined	Total	Tanks	Coombus	Rivers	Channels	Cafsolas	Wells	Pagodas	Gardens	Fords	Hill Forts	Remarks
		Male	Female														
1	Nidigul	20	18	17	21	38	7	9	"	24	112	58	37	90	38	1	7
2	Parasrampore	7	14	13	8	21	8	3	1	"	90	26	27	"	21	"	2
3	Allapanack Hoscotta	21	12	28	5	33	6	11	"	42	289	28	38	"	33	5	2
4	Maognanbatta	17	14	24	7	31	12	9	"	38	138	20	29	"	31	5	1
	Total	65	58	82	41	123	33	32	1	104	629	132	131	90	123	11	12

Historical Account of Nidigull.

Jeevanabe Nidigull May 1801.

Containing the Genealogical Account of the Polligars of Nidigull, Pullingerry Hurtee &c &c

Translated by C. V. Boria.

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*1 The Origin of the Nidigull Family is by tradition derived from the following circumstance... A Girl of a Chattree family residing at Hurtee & Karravaud, in her Infancy became big with Child in the 7th Year of her Age by the divine favor of the Sun: she was delivered of a Son & her father Timma Raya being ashamed exposed the Infant on a Tippa or Dungehill hoping to conceal this Strange event to avoid the reproach of his Kindred & imputation on the Chastity of his family; particularly of his daughter whom he proposed as customary to marry to one of his own relations. A Cowkeeper named Cumi Naid having found the Infant upon the Tippa & one of his Buffaloes giving it milk (no doubt prompted by the Providence of God) having no Children by his Wife, he took up the Child with great pleasure & reared him up as his own: being obliged to leave that Country by some troubles he removed with his family & Cattle to the City of Beejanagur hedging round a small field to keep his Cattle in the land where now is the Town of Cumlapore. After a long residence there subsisting by selling Milk & other productions of his Cattle in the City, one day the Rayaloo went to see the Exhibition of a Tygers Fight at the Poollee (a place built in the Rayaloo's time for the exhibition of Tygers Hunting round it & which is still in tolerable preservation) half a Mile South of Cumlapore *2 while the Rayaloo was hunting the Tygers, one of them getting loose from the Nets placed around to confine them ran among the Cat-

tle

*1 This Account of the Origin of this Family which shews how very doubtful their pretensions are to a descent from the Ancient Chattree Race is also noticed in the Accounts of Doodairee, Pullingerry, Serah &c.

*2 The remains of this Structure are still to be seen near Cumlapore.

the of this Cameraud; but has adopted for running up killed the ferocious Animal with his Axe— This bold action being told to the Rayaloo he enquired for him & hearing of his Origin he took him away from the Cowkeeper observing "that as he was found on a "Public road on a Sippa pe of right belonged to the Government" (or Circar) He gave him the name of Sippana Naik & constantly kept him near him—

About this time a Paheelawan named Mallak* who had overcome all the famous Paheelawans thro' the Provinces in his way from Hindoostan arrived at Beyanagur; before he appear before the King he had vanquished all the Paheelawans in the 48 Jarradies (or Places of Exercise in the City (which were usually adorned with Cullasoms or Golden Vases on the top of the buildings)

Having vanquished the Teachers of the Military Exercises in the 48 renowned Jarradies he went into the presence of the Rayaloo & began to boast his Strength & skill: he asked the Rayaloo's permission to fight with his Paheelawans or to permit him to set up a Pillar of Victory to preserve for ever the Memory of his conquest over his Warriors While the Rayaloo displeased at this profession was ruminating on the subject Sippana Naik presented himself & asked the Royal Order to put Mallak to death. The Rayeel expressing his doubts that such a Youth could not enter into a contest with a Man of such strength.— Sippana Naik to convince him began to shew some specimens of the progress he had made in the Science of Defence; & suddenly taking up some Citrus Root or Musk on the point of his Weapon he painted therewith the forehead of his Patron; The Rayaloo was highly pleased to find he was so expert & ordered him to do as he pleased with the Paheelawan; he then began to fence with him with swords for some time; at length affixing a black Mark on the forehead of Mallack with his Sword he told him to be gone from that place as he could no

* See Doodaurs Account page 270

only cut off his head since he was not able to prevent his spitting that spot on his face; but Mallak said he lied for that he had put on this Mark before he left his house; Tippana Naik enraged at this insult called out that he would kill him at the next leap & accordingly hitting him on the Mark on his face stabbed him to death.*

The Rayaloo for this exploit honored him with Jewels & Cloths & gave him the Title of Bahader Mallak or the Conqueror of Mallak.—

Afterward Tippana Naick married & begot a Son whom he named Camma Naik because he was reared up by the Cowkeeper Camma Naid.

Camma Naid had a Son Obbe Naid & his Son was Bommana Naik.—

In the reign of Kistna Rayaloo he obtained the Royal Order to populate this Country by destroying the Jungle & the Robbers that infested it; On his receiving the Country as a Gift from the Rayaloo he first resided at the Villages Machasamoodrum. Jossekara. Chellakara & built 2 Villages by the name of his Ancestor's Villages as Dodarce. Harty & assumed possession of the Country as far East as Pavagud— North East to Caradkara. West to Chittaldroog; North to Moolacalmooroo & South East to Seera— which he governed with great Reputation for a long time.

He begot 7 Sons whom he established in 7 Separate Places dividing the Country among them & departed this life.

On his death his Eldest Son Aswar Naik being appointed by his father to manage the Country of Dodarce, Bidiguel & Dependencies possessed them without molestation until his death; after which his Son Chick Naya & his Sons Hottan Naik & Bajswa Naik managed as their Ancestors for a considerable time.

A.D. 1614 Then Hottan Naik Son of Bajswa Naik, & his Son Camma Naik

* These circumstantial details are preserves to illustrate the Customs & Manners of the People. The Romances were remarkable for these single combats as particularly noticed in Scriabin— See Scott's Translation Vol. 1 page 357

Nayk managed the Ancient property of their fathers one after the other; during the Management of Timma Nayk his Cousin Rangapa Nayk Polligar of Seera married the Sister of Hanamapa Nayk Polligar of Turakara: after he had for a long time kept up a friendly intercourse with his new relations by frequent visits on both sides it happened that his brother in law Hanamapa Nayk coming to visit his Sister & Brother in law was affronted by some dishonor that he conceived Rangapa Nayk had offered him, on which he declared before all his relations that he would soon have him expelled from his Estate & banished with his family in revenge of his behaviour to him.*1

He then went to Beejapore & undertaking at the Court of that Badshah to procure him quietly possession of the Carnatic, prevailed on the Badshah to send a great Army of the Mussulman troops under his Vizier Rumad-Oolla-Cawn along with him.— Rumad Oolla Cawn*2 soon took Seera & several other places belonging to the Polligars— All the families that were established in several places of the Dodaree Polligar escaped from the new Government & resolved to reside for ever among the Woods & Hills; so that the Descendants of the 7 Families thus forced to abandon their native places built different Hill forts for their residence.

A.D 1653 After Rumad-Oolla-Cawn had conquered Seera he made it the Capital of the Captured Dominion now forming a Soobah; & Dodaree was attached to the new Capital.

Timman Nayk having lost his Capital by violence went with his family under the protection of the Vidiguel Hills on his taking refuge at that place he was informed by his followers that the Chola Rayaloo*3 had formerly built there some Pagodas & finding it a very strong place built a Fort & Town upon the Hill & obtaining the consent of the Government he managed that District for a long time.—

&c

*1 The Nature of this Insult is sufficiently expressive of the barbarity of the times & mentioned in page &c.

*2 Rumdoolla Cawn overran the Carnatic A.D 1655 for Beejapore & the Golconda General about the same time invaded the Eastern Provinces of the Carnatic.—

*3 The Chola Rayaloo appear to have been a Dynasty of Sovereigns who reigned originally in Chola Desum but extended their Sway over the whole of the Carnatic.—

On his death his Son Veera Hollannah Naik succeeded to his father & built there a Pagoda of Sarvada Iswar in
A.D 1662 the Year 1582 of Sarvary Cycle & on the 11th Friday of Maga Month as appears by an Inscription in the Pagodas.

During his Management Venkatapatty Rayaloo Sovereign of Anegoonda sent to him this following Grant in the Canara Language as copied in the Cadattum still preserved at Nidigul. *

"This is the Royasa (or Royal Order) Written & granted by Venkata Ray Maharoy to Hottan Naik; that the Countries possessed by you which are Dodaree, Seera, Sayara, Kara, Sorvor Sheemungul & Nidigul together with their dependencies you are permitted to have the enjoyment of from Sons to Grand Sons while the Sun & Moon endures."

Veera Timmana Naik Son of the late Hottanna Naik succeeded to the Management on the death of his father & built a Pagoda to the God Calakast Iswar on the 5th Bahoolom of
A.D 1700 Cajteek Month of Vekkrama Cycle in the year Salleevahan 1622 he also built a Petta at the foot of the Hill.

Towards the end of the Life of Veera Timmapa Naik Poodee Lingapa an Officer of Sauna Shah Banyar Ashom Naid & Seedapa coming with a numerous Army from Hydrabad to reduce this Country & take it from the Officers of Adil Shah besieged this fort; but not possessing sufficient ability & strength to take the Fortress, after a siege of 3 Years, Timmana Naik leaving charge to his Officers, went to bring some aid from his friends; as he was on his return with some troops from the Polligar of
A.D 1687 Anagoondy & that neighbourhood the Royadroog Polligar who was at Mortal Variance with him, conveyed to him a false

No page

* There is some obscurity in this date which can be only cleared up by further enquiry & comparison of other dates. Venkatapattee Rayaloo reigned at Penneconda from 1585 to 1614 A.D. Consequently the Grant mentioned in the Cadattum above referred to, was probably made to Hotta Naik the son of Basava Naik who died about that time. See page

Message that the Moguls had taken this place; then Timmapa Naik thinking it would be in vain to carry further the auxiliaries returned them to their Masters; but on approaching Nidigal he found that the Enemy had not taken the Drog; on which he was highly enraged at the treachery of the Boyadroog Polligar but as he could not help himself then he made peace with the Moguel Army & delivering up to them the Fort fixed his residence at Canmendroog; The Moguls afterwards sent off Bodelee Lingapa by force a prisoner as he was a friend of Aukon & Matan who were put to death by their enemies at Hydrabad.*

AD 1687 On which Timman Naik returned & getting his people into the Hill-Fort expelled the Moguls that had been left there.-

After his Son Moomadee Veera Hottan Naik managed the District from the Cycle Vrooshoo of 1623 Sallee

AD 1760 taken to the Year 1674 of Angurasa Cycle.-

AD 1751 Moomadee Hottan Naik was a man of great strength & Bravery, on the death of his father he put to flight his Enemies who besieged of Nidigul; a Stanza was composed in honor of him at that time which is still preserved.-

During his Life time his Son Hottan Naik managed under him for a long time; but dying of Sickness the former or towards the end of his life having no descendant to succeed except a Grand Son, named Veera Moomadee Hottan Naik he appointed him to the succession & died in the Year 1674.

The new Raja then managed the affairs to 12th day

AD 1758 of Sodom of Chitra Month of Bahoodanna Year.-

His Son Veera Timmana Naik that year succeeded his father & governed the Country up to 15th of Badrapadee

AD 1782 of Soobacroodoo Year.-

During his management Hyder the Servant of the Mysore Rajah having arose to great Power by the aid of his Patron

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* Madna the Bramen Minister of Tamma Naik was assassinated AD 1687 this name fixes the date of this Raja's Management.-

** The following is a translation of this Stanza.-

1st Who cut off the heads of the Vazeers & Chiefs of Coorbood Naik tile [the heads of whose Scuills arose upon the Stakes.?]

2d Who often punished Maloogotte Aukom Naid. with little doubt of its Effect?

3d Who by his valour made Honda Seedapaa to skip from corner to corner in the Field [of battle?]

A.D. 1766. Patrons advanced into this Country & captured Veera. This Pol
ligar being used to pay a Tribute of 3000 Pagodas for his Country
to the Soobadar of Seera was taken under Hyder's protection
& from that period usually paid 4000 Pagodas more than the form
-er settlement which was only 3000 to the Bahader; he also
sent 300 Peons to attend Hyder in the fields.

A.D. 1782 On the death of the Bahader; Timmana Nack by
order of Tippoo Sultan followed his Army on the Expedition to-
wards Cowdal & being taken ill when in camp Tippoo forced
him to give a letter to his Son Hottan Nack which he inclosed
to Doulat Cawn Killadar of Chitteldroog who set off from thence
with a party of five thousand Troops & arriving at Nidigul
took possession of the Fort under colour of an Order from the fa
-ther to the Son on the 15th of Badrapada. Month of that Year.

Hottan Nack who had been resisting for 3 Months
the attempts of Chatria Soobadar of Pawgud to take the Hill
Fort now delivered it up to Doulat Cawn on receiving the letter
to that purport.

In a Month thereafter Veera Timmana Nack died
of Sickness at Cowdall (Mangalore).

After Doulat Cawn had established a garrison on
the Hill, he carried Hottan Nack & Immadee Hottan
Nack along with him to Chitteldroog & thence sent them to
Serungapatam; granting three Villages in Jagheer for the sub
-sistence of their family Pada Bellore, Chinna Bellore &
Manjilly.

Some Years after this when the Company's Troops
advanced above the Ghauts the Sultan put Hottan Nack with
many other Polygars to death & resumed the Jagheers from
his family. But some good people pretending that the other Lad
did not belong to the Raja's family he escaped by this means

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4 "Who lowered the Pride of Podalee Singapa destroying over & over his people by the edge of the Sword."
5 "Who laid waste the Territories of the Enemies driving them out of the unbattled field."
6 "He was Mommadee Hottee Nack! The Noble distinguished of Kings! The known or the Crown of the Hurtee race! the Chief endowed with every Virtue."

The reference here made to Podalee Singapa well known as the Establisher of the Golgondar Rayas Settlement in that part of Carnatee shews that the person here celebrated distinguished himself by these Actions previous to 1687.

from the fate of his brother otherwise he would have been put to death along with him.-

When Tippoo had fallen in the War with the Company's forces in the Seedasheer Year. this lad was released from confinement when the Company's troops relieved all the Prisoners & he since remains quiet in a Village belonging to this District.

A.D 1799

This District at the Partition was included in the Share of the Mysore Rajah Kistna Raja Vadeyar & has been ever since under Management of his Officers.-

Remarks on the District of Nidigull

Collected on the Spot
May 1801

Situation — The Hill Fort of Nidigul is situated 20 Cauteroy Cos East of Chitteldroog, 4 Cos West of Peubagudi, 4 Cos South of Sonderpee & 12 Cos North of Pera.

Hills — The Hill of Nidigull is surrounded by several other Hills, the Hill Addakondas on the South, Comarataconda on the North East & Saradee=conda on the North, the Villages of Obalapore, Rungasamoodrum & others are situated between the Hills of Nidigull & Saradeeconda.

Etymology — The Etymology of Nidigull said to be derived from Nedee signifying in Canara High or Lofty & Gull a Stone; the Rock being much high=er than the neighbouring hills, the first founder of the Hill fort named it Nidigull.

Divisions — Formerly the Territory dependant on Nidigull extended as far as Chitteldroog, but many of its Taraffs being wrested by violence by the neigh=bouring Polligars, the Proprietor of this place had only 4 Taraffs remaining when it was finally taken by Doolet Cawn: The District is still composed of 4 Taraffs, tho they are not contiguous; one of them Basserampore being detach=d within the Chitteldroog Country beyond Amrapore; the remaining Taraffs, Nidigull, Cottacotta & Roopoonabattee connect with each other.

Animals — There are numbers of Tygers, Bears, Antelopes, Deer, Cattee=gerba, Hares &c (no Elephants) The Inhabitants in travelling from one vil=lage to another are often in terror from the Tygers; Sometimes the Tygers kill people even in villages for which reason they are very careful in shut=ting up all access to their dwellings at night.

Woods — Much of the Country of Nidigull is still overrun with Jun=gle

=gle & Wood Chendratoomas, Jallee, Bamboos, Bogallee, Davaidar & other common trees – no Teakwood, Saridal, Chendanor Apa Trees grow in this District.–

Soil and Productions

There are 3 Kinds of Soil named Calloo Campoo & Chaul which produce in general Cuzza, Roggy, Wheat, Javary, Corralloo, Condoolos, Pasapo & the other common grains, Jram together with one fine & excellent kind of Paddy much esteemed & resembling the Bengal – There are many Jardens producing Cocoanuts, Jack, Mangoes, Betel, Arekenuts, Narados, Plantains, Limes, Oranges & Wood-Apples – No Grapes, Figs or Granadas are cultivated in these countries; there are all the Kinds of Indian flowers except the Rose.–

Manufactures

No fine Cotton Cloths are made or that sell higher than 10 fold Janams each; their Comballies of the coarsest kind not exceeding 2 Rupees value.

Water

Water is found at the depth of 5 Men's height.

Rains Seasons & Diseases

The Rains begin in this Country in the Month of June & end in November – during the Months of November, December, January, & February people are subject to Agues & Fevers.–

Inhabitants Language

A considerable Portion of the Inhabitants are of the Bayalgo Caste – About one half of the people speak Canara & the other half use the Tellenga language.

Dress

The Natives of these Countries except 2 Castes (the Bramins & Tellinga Comatees) make use of Breeches or rather Short Drawers all the Inhabitants even the Bramins wear Handkerchiefs of 5 Cubits square tied round their heads instead of Turbans.–

Droog

The Hill or Droog has 6 different Walls carried rounds to

at The Fortification round the lofty summit of the Rock is named Calahasteeswarer Cotta & within it are 2 Water Pools & a Pagoda of Calahasteeswara.

The Second Fort is called Biravoon Kottah where is a Pagoda of Biravoo.

The Third is Bassawan Kottah

The Fourth Fort is called Chennaroyan Kottah here are the Palaces of the Polligars & four Pagodas

1st. Naganadasar
2d Chennaroy
3 Pattalamullesweur
4 Hanoomunt

There are Also 2 Tanks or Pools of Water —

The Fifth Fort is called by two names 1st. Allomdavarcottah & 2d Bastercotta — In the time of the Polligars there were many Baster or Palanquin Boy's houses here which are reduced now only to four houses —

The Sixth Fortification is Veerabuddracottah, there are still many buildings here belonging to all castes; the Pagodas in it are viz:

1 Town Pagoda
1 Veerabuddra
1 Narsing
1 Nagar Eswur
1 Amo Eswur
1 Ram-Eswur
1 Bassaw-Eswur
1 Tippa Roodra
1 Anjanaya
1 Garoolmunt
1 Vedasankar
1 Doorgoma
1 Bhemaswur &
1 Mussulman Mosque

Houses — Ten Years ago there were 1000 Inhabited Houses here which are now reduced to 190 —

There is plenty Water & in 4 Large Wells —

Pettah — South of the Droog between it & Addatonda is situated a Pettah extending from East to West where are now about 150 houses & Shops & 3 Pagodas 1st. Sarwad-Eswur — 2d. Cassee Veeswanaud — 3d. Pattabee Ram —

Market — A Market is held there on Sunday; there is one tank & many Wells. This Pettah is surrounded by a wall —

About

Manner of roofing the Houses

About three fourths of the houses in this Country are terraced & one fourth thatched with Straw, some in the Cusba are tiled.

Current Coin

The Current Coins of this District formerly were Soobaroy & Nundee Gold Fanams & Cattaree Doods of Rajadroog. Sultaunee & Ventaroy & other Coins are now Cast in exchange.

Antiquities

East of the Droog at its junction with the Hill of Vajence Colconda, on the Gaat or Pass leading out to Rayhur is a Small Sara Sog or Pool named Rama Tearlom & near it a Pagoda of Ram Eswar this spot is called in the Boranum Kurry Yurr Chatrom.

Account of Joseekaira

a Village belonging to Pursurampore of Vidiguel Purgunnah

received on the Spot May 1801.

Tippa Nauk of the Chatree Caste was an Officer of the Anagoondy Rajah formerly. When Bapader Mulk a Pylawan, came from Delhe to make War on the Anagoondy Rajah he placed some Troops & Carnatics under Tippa Nauks command and ordered him to destroy the Hostile Army. Tippa Nauk accordingly marched with his forces & conquered the enemy & on his return the Rajah in reward of his Services presented him with some Lands East of Anagoondy. Tippa Nauk then came to this place & cut down all the Jungles, at this time they found a Mhutt where a Jungavunt Joseebadare resided as a Sanyassee; Tippa Nauk built a Village around the Mhutt & appointed one Jalady Gauda who had come with him to be Gaud of his Village, he gave it the name of Josee Kaira from the Mhutt that had been built in the Jungle of old & called by the same name. Joseekaira then had no Districts attached to it. Tippa Nauk after some time departed from this life to Heaven & his Son Timmala Nauk succeeded.

During his father's time the people of this Village and others built the following places under Joseekara viz

1 Moocheri Tilly, built by Badar Jungapush
2 Otalapore, built by Lawly-Gauda Mary Nauganna Gauda
3 Hattanoppanahully, built by Coongheegeer Seedeegah
4 Basalingavanahully, built by Lawly-Gauda Goodalingia
5 Ramapanahully, built by Verah Ramaraya

These

Note — From this Village Account which has every mark of authenticity, the origin of the renovation & colonization of the Wodia Samstans in the Anagoondy Empire may be traced & how all their Gauds derive their right from the Beyanagur Lords.

(2) But other Accounts call him a Pylawan See Dodaira & Vidiguel Accounts

These five Villages were built by people from other Countries
The Gosseekara people built
1 Jaladeehully
4 Timmalah Nauken Cottah
1 Burrenhully
11 Gosseekara
16 Total Nine Villages
This happens in Timmala Nauks time -

Some time after Baramah Nauk of Chitteldroog marched with his Army & conquered Bodaree Gosseekara & besieged Sawny Kaira & attacked it with vigour but was not able to take it as Timmala Nauk had put a strong garrison in it In consequence of these troubles in Baramah Nauks time some Districts belonging to Gosseekara were ruined viz -

1 Moocherhully
2 Hottahonnanahully
3 Jaladeehully
4 Baswalingarahully
5 Ramapanahully

But Gosseekara Timmala Nauk entering into an agreement with the Chitteldroog Rajah he gave up Sawny Kaira to Chittel-droog & they returned Gosseekara to Nidigueldroog because they near the latter place; about this time Timmala Nauk departed this life; his Son Hottel Nauk succeeds, after him his Son Moomana Nauk succeeded & after him his Son Veer Timmah Nauk: then Ramapanahully & Villages on the Boundary being ruined Lingaja Goud of Vaderhully took by force under Protection of the Chitteldroog Man as far as the Vedavetty River & in this time 8 Villages remained to Gosseekara

When Hyder Nauk went with his Army to make war

war at Cowdyal he requred Veer Timmana Naik of Needi-guldroog to assist him who accordingly went with them Veer Timmana Naik died in that War & his Son Hottel Naik succeeded at Neediguldroog:

Afterward Hyder Naik sent an Officer named Hottel Saib with some troops to assume possession of Neediguldroog accordingly by his orders he came & took Nidiguldroog carried Hottel Naik & his family to Chitteldroog & confined them there.

Hyder Naik Departed this life & his Son Tipoo succeeding he sent for Hottel Naik to Seringapatam where he was hanged by the Sultans order & his brother was imprisoned at Seringapatam.

When the English Bahader conquered Seringapatam they relieved the prisoners & Hottel Naiks brother Hoomana Naik was relieved from confinement & came in poverty to Neediguldroog.

Formerly Joseekara was a large Town but at present one half has gone to ruin since Timmaha Naiks Government at Neediguldroog.

Pagodas

Pagodas at Trsseekaira

1 Iswar
2 Hanoomunt
3 Saur Vaud Eswur
4 Veer Bhadrao
5 Mylar Ling
6 Maulbor Hanoomunt
7 Ganeush

5 Wells.

(B) This Account of a Subordinate Village is introduced here in elucidation of the origin of the Poudes & repeopling of the then Waste & deserted Country.—

Account of Kanayanahully

received at that place

May 1801.

(Translated by Sobba Row)

Formerly the Cusbah Batoor was under Needi=gul Samastaun, & in Heera Goude's time one Sawary Cris=ta Chickonnah of the Coorobarroo Caste came from Hooliga Hosoore to Batoor being poor & sought employment of of Heera Goude; the Goud replied that he could not give him any Service but he would give him some ground to maintain his family; ac=cordingly he obtained some Ground cut down the Jungle & built a Village (& a Granary for Grain) attached to Batoor calling it Kanayanahully. the poor Chickonnah managed this Vil=lage & some time afterwards the Mogul Dedawar Khan of Serap coming in the progress of his Conquests to this Cusbah of Batoor he reduced it & its appendages—

Sobhanjee Row Shirpudda of Soondoor coming after this to assist Deelawar Khan. When they had reduced all the neighbouring country Deelawar Khan presented him with Eleven Villages viz—

1 Kanayanahully
2 Batoor
3 Boondaconta
4 Betta Goundanahully
5 Woolkarhilly
6 Kunicullconta
7 Goorladacoo
8 Nayerhully
9 Borencoonta
10 Gundyhully
11 Kurdanoor
12 Gollar Hoscotta

Sobba

Soobhanjee Row at this time sent for Tuppary Anta Chuck onnahs Son Immanna Jouda & ordered him to take charge of the management of this Village, & then returned to Soondoor accordingly Immana Joud settled this Village repaired the Fort of Kanajanahully & added thereto some Batteries &c; In this manner Immana Joud managed here untill Soondoor Soobhanjee Rowe sent Nauro Punt a Vakeel to collect the revenues & manage jointly with the Joud. Some time after Shooby Moorare Row treacherously invited Soondoor Soobhanjee Row to come to him under pretence of a family marriage Soobhanjee Row giving credit to his letter went to Shooby & Moorare Row confined him on the Droog of Madaka Seerah when Soobhanjee Row died his Son Venkat Row Ghorpudda came to Kanajanahully with a body of forces from Soondoor & managed at this place after Venkat Rows death their family stayed for three years when Hyder Naik possessed himself of Shooby & sent Fidad ogulla Khan with some forces to reduce this Country Kanajanahully &c he carried Venkat Rows family & confined them at Chittledroog & attached Kanajanahully &c to Amrapoor -

After Hyder Naiks death when Tippoo Sultan succeeded to all his Dominions; Soobhanjee Rows relation Venkat Row Ghorpudda came from Soondoor with a body of troops & took possession of Kanajanahully & its villages & kept them for one Year; but when the English Bahadur & the Streemunt Paishwa of Poonahs Army returned from the war of Seringapatam after Tippoo had made peace with them he regained Kanajanahully from them,

When

When the English Bahauder took Seringapatam this place was included in the Sessions to the Nizam Ally Khan of Hydrabad who had it for one Year & then delivered it over with the other Districts lately Ceded. -

8

Paughur

Chanashoomar of the Paughur District in the Raudree Year or A.D 1800–1801

No. of Tarafs	Names of the Tarafs	Villages: Nishk	Do. Nishk	Inhabited	Ruined	Total	Water: Rivers	Ravelets or Runnels	Tanks	Cuttas	Aguars or Tanks	Grounded	Cutcheries	Mondas	Domas	Drawing Wells	Forts	Forts: Mud Forts	Dwgrs or Mud Forts	Mudgoo Pagodas	Assigns	Nullah Canal or Aqueduct	Aukers or Keyars	Aqueducts	Gardens	Iron Smelting Places	Houses: Thatched	Tiles	Terras thatched	Total	Cultivators	Potters or Weavers or Loms	Do. of Shops	Do. of Oil Mills	Do. of Houses	Do. of Toddy Cocks	Do. of Landbuilders	Do. of Jodies	Do. of Iron Mines	Families: Total of all the Nishk Tarafs	Khoodkhast or proprietors	Mut. Families	Inh. Families
1	Paughur	21	18	32	7	39	.	12	6	17	17	10	265	1	9	28	35	2	40	1	2	2	6	6	1	1236	26	602	1864	590	88	42	2	105	18	121	73	.	1039	686	172
2	Canamadee	9	17	20	6	26	.	24	6	5	10	11	87	.	1	10	22	6	40	1		.	2	5	3	448		203	651	257	30	16	2	30	.	.	33	1	369	222	59
3	Jomagutta	8	11	15	4	19	1	3	9	7	1	12	37	.	.	32	16	.	24	.	—			6	.	768	.	238	1006	214	75	27		92	12	.	64	.	489	278	76
4	Raucherla	4	12	13	3	16	.	.	7	6	6	3	110	.	.	8	9	.	14	.	.	.	.	3		533		444	947	298	83	19	.	110	10	98	32	.	650	234	88
5	Camundroog	3	10	13	.	13	.	6	4	.	1	1	117	.	4	.	12	2	57	.	.		.	2		325	.	192	517	214	43	6	.	49	3	39	12	.	366	134	49
	Total	45	68	93	20	113	1	45	32	35	35	37	616	1	14	78	94	10	135	2	2	2	8	22	4	3280	26	1649	4925	1573	319	110	4	386	43	258	219	1	2911	1554	444

Chanashoomar of Paughur continued

Enumeration of Castes

Hindoos

Soodras

Miscellaneous

	Names of the Taraffs	Brahmins	Vellalahs	Nagarahs	Weigaurs	Allaat Chittawars	Anthaukel Chittawars	Allugo Chittawars	Comsalagars	Comsalagars	Angawars	Chuddee Mudda Vellalahs (a Class of Vellalahs)	Gengar Mudda Vellalahs	Kaikky Mudda Vellalahs (Palmyra)	Kaikky Mudda Vellalahs (Cocoanut climbers)	Konta Vellalahs	Oppana Vellalahs (Palmyra climbers)	Morasa Vellalahs	Morasa Mudda Vellalahs (Montaugh)	Kaikolahs	Telegondas Mudda Vellalahs	Gollars (Herdsmen)	Carmen (Porters)	Jaadar (Potters)	Gaundlawar (Palmyra climbers)	Gumbar (Potters)	Dayles (Taylors)	Thugundas (Hayers)	Gardens	Idaiar (Shepherds)	Kaikky (Fishermen)	Mookeyars	Chittoodawar (Painters)	Canneadas (Class of Workers)	Cullagars (Lacky Drawers)	Mudda Cullagars (Lacky Drawers)	Cuttigars (Lacquerers)	Nelcarar	Carmar (Blacksmiths)	Mudda Carmar	Cullengars (Dyers)	Rattagars (Dyers)	Ingalagars (Toddy drawers)	Pallagars (Cultivators)	Bailar (Cooly Hunters)	Kallaar (Cooly Hunters)	Mudda Cullagars (Cooly Hunters)	Mudda Cullagars	Jains	Mussulmans	Grand Total
1	Paughur	74	53	2	1	6	16	40	142	12	70	-	1	32	16	1			219	2	9	203	143	53	2	6	4	19	33	"	1	2	34	5	8	36	6	"	"	9	8	2	303	40	100	"	4	35	1724
2	Canamadee	22	14	1	"	3	5	20	8	40	25	4	"	33	4	"	9	"	1	"	10	90	38	3	2	3	"	6	8		"	"	10	2	"	6	"	1	"	14	2		127	19	50	1	"	10	591
3	Comaguttu	35	38	"	"	1	6	22	5	21	33	"	"	18	5		"	14	77	"	"	33	108	45		7		12	7		"	"	19	10	6	57	"	"	"	"	"	"	80	21	54	1	"	16	751
4	Raucherla	31	31	"	"	5	2	18	69	"	24	"			13	1		"	48		"	71	141	26	"	6	"	11	18	1	"		17	4	4	13	"	"	6	"	5	"	120	31	58	"	"	7	881
5	Camundroog	17	19	"	"	"	5	6	34		50	"		"	4			"	67		"	26	12	22		3	"	5	14	"			9	2	2	11			"	19	4	"	113	18	29	"	"	3	494
	Total	179	155	3	1	15	34	106	228	73	202	4	1	83	42	5	9	14	512	2	19	402	442	149	4	25	4	53	80	1	1	2	89	23	20	123	6	1	6	43	19	2	743	129	294	2	7	71	4441

Dahazada of the Paughur District

In the Year Roudree

From Documents furnished by Timmarasiah Amuldars and Letchmenarasiah and Teroomal Row Serishtadars

October 1804

No. of Villages	Names of Villages	Villages: Wet	Villages: Dry	Villages: Total	Ryotwar: Ryots	Ryotwar: Total	Looms	Carpenters	Shanbogs	Smiths	Dhoney Mully	Aguel Sandy	Cultivable	Bonded	Looms	Mill Posts	Pagodas	Mungoes	Bungas	Tellegu Bungas	Agraharams	Gardens
	Tarroff Paughur																					
1	Cusba Paughur	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	13	11	35	9	1	1	7	1	2	2	-	3
2	Timmanaickpetta	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
3	Rangadamanahully	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Ponnasamoodrum	1	-	1	-	1	1	3	-	-	-	26	-	1	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	1
5	Adsolapully	-	1	1	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	7	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
6	Satymacoolapala	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Singareddyhully	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Nagalamadeka	1	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	1	1	6	-	1	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Sherungapoorum	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Soobaboyoonahully	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Narasseemanahully	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Timmamanahully	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	6	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Combaulahully	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	7	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Tapagaunadodee	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Bbogoodoor	1	-	1	-	1	-	2	-	1	1	4	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Belejoovee	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	10	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	Bdegagoonta	1	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	1	12	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Bdeguguonta	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	4	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Bdiraufoora	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20	Codemadoogoo	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	1	5	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Vodaravoo	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	3	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
22	Cadapalakara	1	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	8	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23	Cadamalacoonta	1	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	2	2	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
24	Soonkaurulacoonta	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	1		
25	Jayoorgyanahully	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	
26	Ruckimmanahully	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	
27	Comarlapala	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	
28	Canamahully	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	8	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	
29	Jyavarpalla	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	
30	Palavaloo	1	-	1	-	1	1	5	-	6	4	15	-	1	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	
31	Dasarummahully	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
32	Crummanahully	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	7	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
33	Vasahully	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
34	Pungaraugur	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Carried over	20	4	31	3	34	6	9	11	5	28	17	29	9	33	2	40	1	2	2	6	6

No. of Villages	Names of the Villages	Villages: Inhabited	Villages: Uninhabited	Villages: Total	Smiths	Carpenters	Shroffs	Barbers	Dhoby's & Tailors	Pagodas	Mosques	Choultries	Schools	Tank Poys	Agriculturists
	Brought over	20	14	31	3	34	6	4	11	5	28	17	25	9	33	2	40	1	2	2	6
35	Canakalabunda	"	1	1	"	1	"	"	1	"	"	"	6	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"
36	Emmapoora	"	1	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"
37	Canasapoorum	"	1	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
38	Jauvoodapoora	"	1	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
39	Vaspaivarakully	1	"	"	1	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	Total	21	18	32	7	39	6	10	12	5	28	17	36	9	35	2	40	1	2	2	6
	Taroo of Canamadee																				
1	Cusba Canamadee	1	"	1	"	1	1	4	4	"	6	5	13	1	1	1	9	"	"	"	"
2	Keelarlapalla	"	1	1	"	1	"	1	1	"	2	1	6	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"
3	Veeralapoondy	"	1	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	1	7	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"
4	Cholamanakully	"	1	1	"	1	"	"	1	"	"	"	4	"	1	"	4	"	"	"	"
5	Kullacanambadee	"	1	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"
6	Kullaunpoor	"	1	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"
7	Kruslagurry	"	1	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"
8	Vobmakully	"	1	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
9	Cadaracully	"	1	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
10	Jauvoladdaracully	"	1	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"
11	Goodlapalla	1	"	1	"	1	2	"	3	"	"	"	6	"	1	1	7	"	"	"	"
12	Mencapoora	"	1	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
13	Naliganapalla	1	"	1	"	1	1	1	3	"	"	1	5	"	1	"	4	"	"	"	"
14	Coonabalapalla	"	1	1	"	1	"	"	1	"	"	"	3	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"
15	Baullunpully	"	1	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"
16	Badamcoy	1	"	1	"	1	1	1	4	"	2	2	4	"	1	1	6	1	"	"	"
17	Goondurpully	"	1	1	"	1	"	1	1	"	"	"	5	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"
18	Hadebunda	"	1	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"
19	Rayayuntoy	1	"	1	"	1	1	1	"	"	"	"	4	"	1	"	3	"	"	"	"
20	Vengacotta	"	1	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"
21	Cuckanacankully	"	1	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	5	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"
22	Bungaroonacanabatta	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	"	1	1	1	"	"	"	"
23	Paulacoonta	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	1	"	"	"	3	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"
24	Colabunda	"	"	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	"	1	1	1	"	"	1	"
25	Gorroosoomaumedy	1	"	1	"	1	"	2	"	"	"	"	2	"	1	"	3	"	"	"	"
26	Bomattapully	"	1	1	"	1	"	"	3	"	"	"	9	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"
	Total	4	17	20	6	26	6	11	24	"	10	10	86	1	22	6	40	1	"	"	2
	Taroo of Bomagutta																				
1	Cusba Bomagutta	1	"	1	"	1	2	1	1	1	10	"	2	"	1	"	7	"	"	"	"
2	Auckmanapully	"	1	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"
3	Badarpully	"	1	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	2	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"
4	Chynumreddypully	"	1	1	"	1	"	1	6	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"
5	Simmanpully	"	1	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
6	Nauracoonta	"	1	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
7	Pungavarum	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
8	Cakacapoora	"	1	1	"	1	2	"	"	"	2	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"
	Carried over	2	6	6	2	8	5	4	1	1	13	1	4	"	6	"	10	"	"	"	"

No. of Villages	Names of the Villages	Villages					Tanks				Drawing Wells	Inam Lands	Pagodas	Mosques	Tombs	Choultries	Pallams	Agraharams	Remarks
		Weekly	Bi-weekly	Intermediate	Remote	Total	Tanks	Channels	Covers	Total									
	Brought over	2	6	6	2	8	6	4	1	1	15	1	4	..	6	..	16	..	..	..	..	2	
9	Veerapasamoodra	1	..	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	
10	Gobahully	..	1	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
11	Goyddatty	1	..	1	..	1	..	3	..	..	4	..	2	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	
12	Mauchamupichully	1	..	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	2	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	
13	Balapadahully	..	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
14	Naradagoondla	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	2	..	3	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	2	
15	Bandakanahully	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
16	Venkatapoora	1	..	1	..	1	2	1	..	..	3	..	11	..	1	..	5	..	..	..	..	1	
17	Choultapoora	..	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
18	Domativomaree	1	..	1	..	1	..	2	1	..	2	..	2	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	
19	Mooravarayanahully	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Total	8	11	15	4	19	9	12	3	1	32	1	37	..	16	..	24	..	..	..	..	6	
	Taroof Raucherla																						
1	Pasba Raucherla	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	1	2	25	..	1	..	4	..	..	..	..	1	
2	Valoor	..	1	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	8	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	
3	Ballasamoodrum	..	1	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	11	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	
4	Cotagayneeperla	..	1	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	6	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
5	Adchempalla	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
6	Aubumpalla	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
7	Pasoolagoondampalla	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
8	Padakaikanapallam	..	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
9	Teeroomanee	1	..	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	4	1	23	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	1	
10	Santapeerum	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
11	Kapetta	1	..	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	1	1	9	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	1	
12	Nupajeepalla	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	1	16	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	
13	Nagapalla	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
14	Redderaurepalla	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
15	Noosanoopoora	1	..	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	1	1	12	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	
16	Golapully	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Total	4	12	13	3	16	7	3	..	..	8	6	116	..	9	..	14	..	..	..	..	3	
	Taroof Caumundroog	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
1	Pusba Ramapetta	1	..	1	..	1	1	2	..	..	..	30	..	1	1	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	
2	Condakindapully	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	16	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
3	Boopoor	..	1	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	Bomagaunapully	..	1	1	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	3	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
5	Mentoogoontapalla	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	6	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
6	Dallavaypalla	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	2	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
7	Canchagaranapalla	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
8	Boodaureddypalla	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	7	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
9	Soolunaikkenepalla	1	..	1	..	1	1	..	2	..	1	23	..	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	2	
10	Yazumpalla	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	7	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
11	Hansomanaikanconda	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	4	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
12	Cataganacherla	1	..	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	6	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	
13	Nadalapalla	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Total	3	10	13	..	13	4	1	6	..	..	1	117	4	12	2	17	..	..	..	..	2	

Abstract of the Dahazada of the Paughur District

In the Year Roudree or A.D. 1800–1801

No. of Taroofs	Names of Taroofs	Villages: Mud	Pucka	Intermixed	Ruined	Total	Ponds	Cowtas	Channels	Rivers	Drawing Wells	Square Tanks	Pagodas	Tanks	Forts	Hill Forts	Bazaars	Mosques	Dhurmsalas	Pagodas Destroyed	Inhabitants	Families
1	Taroof Paughur	21	8	32	7	39	6	10	12	"	28	17	265	9	35	2	40	1	2	2	6	6
2	——— Cahamady	9	17	20	6	26	6	11	24	"	10	10	87	1	22	6	40	1	"	"	2	5
3	——— Goomaglatta	8	11	15	4	19	9	12	3	1	32	1	37	"	16	"	24	"	"	"	"	6
4	——— Raubherlas	4	12	13	3	16	7	3	"	"	8	6	110	"	19	"	14	"	"	"	"	3
5	——— Camundroog	3	10	13	"	13	4	1	6	"	"	1	117	4	12	2	17	"	"	"	"	2
	Total	45	68	93	20	113	32	37	45	1	78	35	616	14	94	10	135	2	2	2	8	22

Memorandum The River Pennar touches on 5 Villages of this District which Accounts for the number under that Head inserted in the Detailed List of, posite to those places where in fact there is but one River passes thro' the District

Historical Account of the Baughur District

and of

The Polligars thereof

ab Baughur from respectable Native Authority in November 1801.

In former days the Country of Baughur was overrun with Jungle in which a Jungum called Veeranavadeyaloo came from some foreign Country & collecting 30 or 40 Boyds was fixed their residence upon this hill they used to subsist by plundering all Travellers passing to & from other Countries, and by stealing from the neighbours Villages - The Junguum built a small Muntapam for his place of residence -

At this time three Brothers of the Yara Golavoo or Red Cow herd; came from Jooly to wait Havare Bauragoud Polligar of Chicka Balapooram, by names Baulapa Naik, Nayapa Naik, & Semmapa Naik; they visited the Polligar & acquainted him of their wishes; the Eldest Baulapa Naik was a great Warrior & very handsome - The Polligar having no Children he received Baulapa Naik as his adopted Son & retained the other Brothers as officers of his troops & had them well instructed in the Science of the Bow, or of Archery —

A D 1585 to A D 1614

At this period Vencatapaty Rayaloo of Penna-conda who was the reigning Sovereign of a part of the Carnatic summoned the Polligar of Chicka Balapoor to send him aid in his Wars with the Mussulman at Gooty; Havare Bauragoud conceiving it a favorable opportunity for distinguishing his adopted Son Baulapa Naik sent him with a large body of troops & accompanied by some of his principal Officers but desired them not to

* From the History of Ballapore Heera Baira Gouda the first of that Family as supposed to have lived about 1508 A D in the reign of Narsa Rayaloo, most of the Polligars trace their origin about the same Period; Venkatarayaloo here mentioned reigned at Penaconda from 1585 to 1614 A Ds

A.D. 1585 to A.D. 1614

tell any one that he was his adopted Son — Baulapa Naik accordingly went & paid his respects to their Master and Sovereign Venkatapaty Rayaloo who having assembled all the Pollygars marched & encamped near Gooty —

On the following night Venkatapaty Rayaloo sent for all the Pollygars & Officers of his Army to Cachary & announced that whoever would undertake to reduce the fort of Gooty should receive Betel & Nuts, but the Pollygars looked one another in the face being unwilling to declare the truth & their want of Enterprize at last Baulapa Naik represented to Venkatapaty Naik that he would undertake to take the fort of Gooty within one or two Days & chearfully accepted the Betel & Nuts*1 —

That Night an old Woman relation of Baulapa Naik an Inhabitant of Gooty, hearing that her relation Baulapa Naik had accepted the Betel from his Master in token of undertaking to take Gooty immediately came to the Tent Baulapa Naik & acquainted him that being informed of his engagement she had come to give him advice & to carry him by a secret road to assault the Fort — Baulapa Naik with pleasure heard her Council & proceeded with his people unobserved by the enemy by the path she shewed & surprized the Fort at Midnight —

After this exploit Venkatapaty Rayaloo highly satisfied with his courage & conduct granted him the following Villages Pollavola Comadoor, and Bavasamoodrum & presented him with gifts of great value he also appointed him as Chief Treasurer

Soon after a Woman of the Cowherds who used to carry milk from Rayaventy to the Thieves on the hill of Paughur to provide for his maintainance, and whom they had no ready Money she used to trust them, till a convenient time for Payment. — One Day the Goude of Rayaventry happened to come near the hill of Paughur on some business when Veeranaradeypaloo the Chief of the Thieves met him & they discoursed together for some time & professed much

*1 It would hence appear that the acceptance of the Betel signified an engagement to undertake the Enterprize as on other occasions it indicates an assurance of fidelity: while from the Superior the presenting of it signifies Grace & Favour —

A.D. 1585 to A.D. 1614

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A.D. 1585 to A.D. 1614

much Satisfaction at this meeting they parted with mutual Embraces and other marks of Affection & Respect, & went to their several places; Veeranayadeyaloo when he got to his house said to his people that he was polluted by touching a Pareya the Rajavaentry Goude, & getting water, immediately washed & purified his body. — The Rajavaentry Gould having notice that Veeranayadeyaloo talked of him in disrespectfull language went to Pollavaloo & represented to Baulapa Naik who was his Relation, that some Thieves had taken up their residence on the Hill of Paughur the Headman of which Veeranayadeyaloo a Jungum had become arrogant & insalent on the presumption that his Caste was superior to all others — & that he had the insolence to call the Golla Caste by the opprobrious epithet of Paria & that he had thus now come to acquaint him of his insolence since he was of the same Cast, that if he resented the dignity he ought to punish & utterly destroy them on his giving him further notice. —

Baulapa Naik listened with pleasure to his representation & undertook to revenge their cause, cordially; he sent him back to Rajavaentry in the meantime employing spies to watch what people used to go & come between Rajavaentry & Paughur; these acquainting him of the Dollar Woman that usually went to the Hill from Rajavaentry to sell milk to the Thieves: the Goude thereupon sent for this Woman & acquainting her of the cause of his resentment against Veeranayadeyaloo desired her as she was went to go to Paughur to give him notice when the Thieves went next to rob in the neighbourhood presenting her with some Money at the same time for her assistance; which she promised & undertook accordingly; one day the Hills woman went to the Hill & asked payment of her Jeyyanut Veeranayadeyaloo told her that all his people being gone to a distant Country to procure Money by plundering, when they returned he would pay off her debt with Interest; within a week she came with these news to the Rajavaentry Goud & acquainted that it was now a proper time to destroy this enemy as their followers

were

A.D. 1586 to A.D. 1614

were at a great distance. The Poligar then sent a message to Baulapa Naik to Palavoloo, that the time was fitting for vengance on their enemies, now that all their people were at a distance; Baulapa Naik then set out in haste for Paughur & surprizing the Droog at midnight put to death those he found on the hill & beheaded Vezzanavadeyaloo; next morning the Shroffs who had gone to plunder returned to Paughur & were all cut off. - Baulapa Naik then built a small fort on the hill & fixed his residence there with some troops - A remarkable Snake Stone being found on the hill he denominated it Paumoogonda, from Paumoo Snake & Gonda Hill. -

While he resided at Paughur it happened that the Magazine of Pennaconda was blown up by lightning* the explosion of which destroyed a number of people suddenly - Venkatapultty Rayaloo was then absent at Gooty & when Baulapa Naik had notice of the Accident he immediately went to Pennaconda with some of his people & got the conflagration extinguished & put the Fort of Pennaconda in a state of security from Foreign Invasion and to obtain more favor from his Sovereign, he addressed two letters one to his father Havauly Bava-Goud to Chucka Balapore & another to his Master Venkatapaty Rayaloo who was then at war with the Mussulman at Gooty acquainting them of this Accident -

Venkatapultty Rayaloo was much grieved at the loss of his people but highly pleased with the Zeal of Baulapa Naik he immediately set out from Gooty & came to Pennaconda & in token of his Satisfaction granted to Baulapa Naik the following Villages in reward of his zeal & fidelity from the Districts immediately belonging to himself. - Viz:

1 Baddnoor	13 Boogoodare
2 Gondbajilly	14 Rangegoonta
3 Gorasamauvoo	15 Cadamaloo
4 Naregaunapalla	16 Chaulapalla

* Originally by a thunderbolt

A.D. 1585 to A.D. 1614

5 Jaiyooraiyanapala
6 Cadapalacharooroo
7 Caumanaconda
8 Vadaroo
9 Calakaunechalla
10 Naugalamadaga
11 Gadagocconta
12 Pandlijeovee
17 Jaiyooraiyanapala
18 Naradoogoonta
19 Domitemare
20 Gungaiaraum
21 Goudaly
22 Maucharaiyoopala
23 Goomaigoonta
24 Veerapasamooroum &c.

He also presented him with the following valuable gifts viz

1 A Pendant of Pearls
2 Cheelookataulee A Breastknot
3 Sankoo and Chacrum A Chank } Usually carried in Public near a
A Wheel } Rajahs Palanquin
4 Hanoomunta Jaroodadaulee A Shield on which is carved the figure of Hanoomunta & Jaroodadoo.
5 A Palanquin
6 A Great Elephant
7 A Fine Horse
8 Sundaprandarum An Ornament worn on the Leg
9 A Valuable Sword
10 A Standard of Red & Blue Colour

He also then gave him the rank & dignity of a Polligar of his Kingdom to last while the Sun & Moon endured —

About this time Havaly Baira Goud the father by adoption of Balaiapa Naik died at Chicka Balapooroom & his relations & the children of his own body possessed themselves of his Kingdom, Pada Baulapa Naik being at a distance — Pada Baulapa Naik was drowned in grief & concluded with himself that he did wrong, in not being in the presence of his father when he died, but being a sensible man, conceiving that it would be improper & disrespectful to his adopted fathers memory he forbore to enter into any contention for his Estate — Aiiapa Naik one of the

A D 1585 to A D 1614 The Brothers of Pada Baulapa Naik having died at Veerapasamoodrum by sickness Baulapa Naik built a tomb over his buried place & soon after his Youngest Brother Timma Naik, also died at Paughur.—

Baulapa Naik increased the population of his Country & ruled for 30 Years in Charity and beneficence; He built a handsome Makalk upon the Hill for his place of residence, He had three Sons by names Talapa Naik, Veerabalapa Naik & Timma Naik, the first of these died in his Youth at 10 Years of age; the second Veerabalapa Naik was a man of great merit, very expert in the Art of Archery & conversed in those Languages which are proper for Princes to know.—

Pada Baulapa Naik built a Pagoda to Gopaula Swamy at Pallavaloo whose Image he brought from Veerapasamoodrum & placed there; Soon after he departed this life.—

A D 1585 On the death of Pada Balapa Naik his friends & ken brought his Son Veera Baulapa Naik and acknowledged him in his father's kingdom with their full consent in the Sallivahan Year 1508 the Cycle year Vaya; he performed the customary funeral Ceremonies for his father along with his younger Brother according to the law of the Gollawars. He ruled for about 7 Years as his father & acquired a good name in the Country; the Ruttingeery Polligar Sarasarunga pa Naik fought him at Karasamoodrum forced him to retire to Paughur & annexed Karasamoodrum to his own Country; he A D 1592 died in the Sallivahan year 1515 of Cycle year Veeja ya & left no Sons.—

On his death his brother Timmapa Naik succeeded in the Kingdom & reigned for 30 Years, very graciously even ten times better than his Father & Brother.—

In his time the Royadroog Polligar Pada Ven Katta Putty Naidoo came to Combadore where he fought Thermond

Timmapa Naik cut off his followers drove him back to Paughur & took possession of Combacore which he annexed to his own Country; he had three Sons Baulapa Naik, Tatapa Naik, & Veerapa Baulapa Naik the Eldest of whom Baulapa Naik was a very prudent Prince & made great proficiency in the Sciences his father Timmapa Naik dying of a consumption; Baulapa Naik succeeded in the Sallevahan year 1565 of Cycle
AD 1643 year Swabanoo; he governed for 40 Years in a most charitable
AD 1683 manner. This Baulapa Naik appointed his brother Tatapa Naik to manage Canamady who had a Son Timma-
AD 1683 -pa Naik a great Warrior among his Caste who succeeded his father who died at Canamady & took possession of his father's charge —

In his time Koomady Hotala Naudoo Polligar of Nedigul came & took Caumarconda from those who held it for Baulapa Naik. Timmapa Naik of Canamady seeing that thro' mismanagement of Baulapa Naik their Country was ravaged by Foreign Princes & that he was unworthy of governing, came to Paughur from Canamady & confined Baulapa Naik with his Son Timmapa Naik upon the hill of Paughur & took the Government into his own
AD 1688 hands, he governed very graciously for 5 Years & in this time built the smaller fort on the hill of Paughur & a curious Mahall; repaired the Pilla the Ditch and Fortifications round it, & also built a handsome square Tank near the Pennaconda Gate; some time after being afflicted by his Misfortune with some disorder he expended much money to get rid of it without relief, some persons of skill acquainting him that he ought to worship their household God Pallekaloo Gopaulaswamy he took their advice & brought from Pallavaloo to Paughur an Image of him that had been placed there by his Ancestors; he then built a handsome Temple spent much money

on

on the Ceremonies & Festivals on the occasion of removing the God to the new Pagoda & worshiped that God fervently in hopes to be relieved from his trouble; by the mighty favor of God he succeeded within three Months, ever after which he performed annual ceremonies to that God with great zeal & never omitting it thereafter for the shortest interval until his death. He got a Son Tautapa Naidoo towards the end of his reign whom he appointed as his successor in the Sallevahan year 1610 of Cycle year Veelava. —

A.D 1688

This Tautapa Naik was an Arrogant & indolent Prince who reigned for 12 Years constantly involved in dangers & trouble with foreign Rajahs — In his time Meedegasee Totadiah Pollegar of Meedegasee came & fought with Tautapa Naik at Canamadee drove him back to Paughur & took Canamadee which he retained for some time but declined up thro' friendship to Seedojee Godapada father of Moorari Row. — Some time after this Seedojee came & fought Tautapa Naik & deprived him of the following Villages viz.

1 Goudahy	5 Naradogoonta
2 Mdharavyapalla	6 Goomlagutta
3 Tercomalla	7 Veerapasamoodrum
4 Chaulapoorum	8 Gungavaram

and annexed them to the District of Kuddaka Seera

Tautapa Naik ruled for a short time after this & died of sickness; he left a son called Timmapa Naik who being young at the time of his father's death Timmapa Naik who had been long confined by his Grand father along with his father Bauliapa Naik (who died in confinement) was acknowledged on the death of Tautapa Naik in his Kingdom with the consent of all the relations*, Citizens, & all the principal people in the

A.D 1700 Sallevahan year 1622 of the Cycle year Veerama, as the
A.D 1744 Son of the late King was young he ruled for 44 Years very cha-
-ritably

* Several instances occur in these Papers as at Chittledroog, Roidroog, Bednore &c when in case of mi-
-nority, a change in the succession has been adopted as a temporary Expedient, but always by the advice &
with the consent of the most considerable persons, Counsellors, Officers &c

notably; he loved the poor & protected the learned. — This Rayah had three Sons by his Consort Venkatama Naikawloo by name Pada Timmapa Naik, Chick Timmapa Naik & Baula-pa Naik, the Eldest of these Pada Timmapa Naik was a vir-tuous man & remarkably handsome, he was expert in Archery & other accomplishments when he reached the age of Manhood his father Timma-pa Naik began to look out for a handsome woman equal to the Superior beauty of his Son, learning that the Daughter of Raja-wuntry Goud was an accomplished beautiful woman, he sent a message to Chickapa Goud proposing to Marry his Daughter to his Son Pada Timmapa Naik. The Gouder replied "you "are by Caste a Yara Golaroo & I am by Caste of the Cardna "Golaroo; how can a man of one Caste marry the Daughter of "of another Caste Man? Can one give their Milk to a handsome bow to a "Dog. The Rayah when he heard those words was exceeding by ex-asperated at the Goude & came and plundered all his Estate & ban-ishing him to Paughur confined him there for some time; but afterwards released him at the request of his Chief Officer & ap-pointed him to his former Station; the Rayah after this mar-ried his eldest Son to the Daughter of Nissaganapala Dasapa called Auchemma her Mothers Relations, used to call her Auchemma; but the Relations of her Mother in law called her Setchamama for his Brother Chin Timmapa Naik he got in Marriage the Daughter of Chendrapa the Dalwoy of Paughur, by name Naudapaumma, Seanyeevama. —

After the Death of Timmapa Naik his Eldest Son Pada Timmapa Naik succeeded in the Sabbavahan year 1628 of the Cycle Year Raktaushe he reigned for 9 Years. he was a greater Warrior than any of his Ancestors; he constructed a Tank in Goorro-soomaumeddy near Bamatanapala; another near Naneya-nepalla & built a new Village at a Gun Shot from Garoosoo-maumeddy, on the latter place being destroyed & called it

Timmapa Naik

*a From several of the expressions in this Account compared with others in my hands it would appear to be copied or extracted from the Registers which are known to have been prescribed among all the families of these Petty Chieftains —

& peopled it: collecting some Troops he fought the Mharattas & took from them the following Villages which they had deprived his Ancestors of Viz

1 Soomagutta
2 Erapasamoodum
3 Mauderayoondapalla
4 Doomatamarry
5 Naradoogoonta
6 Chaulapooram

But next year the Mharattas returned with more troops plundered the Petta & set up his younger Brother Chinna Venkatapaty Naidoo on the government: He encreased the population of his Country & cultivated friendship with Hyder, agreeing to present him with 100000 Rupees as a Nazur; he also got his Brother Pada Venkatapaty Naidoo relieved from Confinement & sent again Paughur up to the Sallewahan year 1695 of the Cycle year Veejaya —

Pada Vencatapaty Naidoo soon after departed this life he had 2 Sons called Pedda Timmapa Naidoo soon after departed this life by his two Wives Lechmama & Ramachenderamma —

On his death his Eldest Son called Pedda Timmapa Naidoo, succeeded to his father in the Sallewahan year 1695 of Cycle year Veejaya in the month of Karteum 7th Friday —

During his Government Pradany Venca*pa an Officer of the Bahadar came to Paughur by Order of Hyder & besieged the fort for 5 Months & took the place, taking the two Brothers together with their Uncle Chenna Vencatapaty Naidoo prisoner he carried them to Mudgerry & confined them the hill —

The Pradaunee Venkapa gave a Salary village for the subsistence of the Rajahs family. he enquired into the whole affairs of Paughur & finding that several Villages of the District were annexed to the neighbouring Districts he directed all this

* Pradaunee Venkapa appears to have been employed by Hyder as Manager of the Revenues in the Countries of the Polligars recovered about this time from the Mharattas on their expulsion from the Carnatic viz Mudgerry, Nidigull, Heddegasee &c (A.D 1774).

the alienated lands which were formerly taken from the Paughur Polligar to be restored: & appointed Ellecaly Sooba Row as Sumildar of this District.

A D 1777 In the Sallevahan year of Cycle Year Havalumby on Hyder's coming to Chittledroog he came over to Paughur with his retinue & ascended the Droog — Finding it a strong & commodious place, he directed people to be employed immediately to construct strong walls & works upon it, that it should be fully peopled; giving charge of this order to Praduunee Vencapaya who instantly began to build the Fortifications & Pettah in a regular manner, & continued to carry Hyder's orders into effect during his lifetime, without ceasing. —

A D 1778 In the Cycle year Veelumbee, Praudaunee Vencapaya went against Narachanama Naidoo Polligar of Racherla whom he overcame in war, reduced his District, & carried the Polligar prisoner to Pennaconda where he was confined on the hill, that District was annexed to Paughur

A D 1779 After this in the Sallevahan Year 1701 of Cycle year Veccaury, Hyder sent a new Sumildar to this District Chairambya who during his management took Panasamoodrum & Polanayenipala &c. from the people of the Nidiguel Polligar & annexed these Villages by force to Paughur; the Polligars of Nidiguel being then in a low Condition durst not oppose these measures, for fear of Hyder. —

A D 1782 The District was managed by this Sumildar to the Cycle year Sobacatoo, when after Hyder's death his Son Tippoo Sultan appointed Roostoom Cawn as Sumildar & dismissed the Former. Tippoo came to Paughur at that this time & finding this District was small attached some Villages of Royadroog & Pennaconda to this Paughur District, accordingly the people of Pennaconda annexed Reddum Taraf into Paughur in Obedience to the Royal order & the Royadroog people

people annexed Tavvamalla then belonging to the Royadroog
A D 1787 Sirna in the Cycle year Ravenga —
Hyder destroyed the Pagoda of Gopaul Swamy which
had been built on the Hill, by the former Polligars. —
From that Period these 3 Tarafs were successively ma
naged for sometime by the Amildars of Paughur under the
Sultan, afterwards separated Ruddum Taruf from
Paughur & appointed a separate Amuldar for it leaving
Rajpilla Hosanoopoor belonging to Ruddum still attac
to Paughur. —
A D. 1790 In the Cycle year of Sadarana the Moguls,
Europians & Mhdrattas came to Bangalore to fight with
the Sultan under the command of Lord Cornwallis &
Jeneral Meadows, at this time the Polligar of Paughu
Timmapa Naudoo who had been confined lately by by Brau
daunee Vencapah at Hedgeery was released by Force from
Prison & came to Paughur & possessed himself of all the Dis
trict excepting the Fort & Hill; he maintained his ground for a
bout one year till in the Cycle year of Paredhave Tippoo
had made peace with the Company; when the Armies then re
turned to their respective territories, Tippoo sent some troops to
Paughur & the Polligar was obliged to fly into Foreign Coun
tries; From that Period Tippoos Amildars succesively ma
A D 1799 naged upto the year of Seedardee without any interruption
When the Sultan came to Paughur in the
Cycle year of Ananda he gave the name of Hapega
back to Paughur
After the Sultan's death in the Cycle year
of Seedardee of the 30th of Chaitrum Month on Saturday
when the Company's Forces took Seringapatam, the abo
Timmapa Naik Polligar came to Paughur with an
Order from Colonel Alexander Read & took possession

* Wallis & Meedees is the name generally applied to our Generals in the Native Accounts

of all the District of Paughur which he managed for two Months when Pirmiah the Dewan of Mysore sent him an Order by a Harcarra to deliver up the Charges of the Country to his People, & sent for the purpose a Headman Timmajee Puntoolo along with Colonel Tolfrey commanding a Detachment of Troops.—

From which time the Rajahs Sumuldars have successively managed under the Orders of Purniah by order of the Mysore Rajah Kistna Raja Vadeyaloo

Remarks on the Paughur District.
October 1801.

Situation

Paughur is situated N.W. of Nundydroog 30 Cos NE of Seca 8 Cos. West of Pennaconda 12 Cos. & North of Mudgerry 16 Cos —

2.
Boundaries of Paughur Taroff

On the East Paughur is bounded by the Village of Timmanayanepalla at ½ Cos distance; on the South East by the Village of Jayoorayanypalla at ½ Cos distance; on the South West by Soondarpalla at 1 Cos distance on the West by Valegaunepala at 1 Cos distance on the North West by Parvasomuuvoo at ½ Cos distance, on the North by Kanilalabunda at 1½ Cos distance & on the North East by Cunchaganadodee at 2 Cos distance.*

3
Hill Fort

The Droog was built Years ago by Baulapa Naik of the Yenna Golawar caste whose Family have ruled the District since The Fort of Paughur has 9 Gates.—

In

* These are the Boundaries of the Taroff not of the District— see the Map

4 Buildings

In the Town of Paughur there are four Pagodas of Jaggayooloo, Seevooloo, Seedaramasiwar & Caulicaudaver one Mussulman Mosque —

There are 12 Drawing Wells, & 6 Square Tanks & one of Dana —

5 Castes

The Number of Houses of the several Castes are as follow, viz

Bramins	45	Mharattas	1
Banians	26	Categoniar	4
Linga Bulgawars	12	Taylors	4
Oil makers	2	Jenoogers	3
Cowherds	44	Moochees	2
Cajawars	11	Battarajahs	3
Tankdiggers	1	Coorowmawars	25
Camavaryakalawar	2	Mussulmen	18
Vadrawar	1	Potmakers	1
Lauligondas	4	Weavers	13
Boyawars	74	Sautanies	2
Bastawar	12	Mootarachas	5
Washermen	9	Talooga Bulgawars	14
Toddy Sellers	3	Barbers	1
Pakchalum	8	Chuckles	7
Jayanas	6	Pareyas	2

6 Animals

The Animals found in this District are Tygers, Bears, Panthers, Wolves, Wild Cats, Musk Cats, Wild Hogs, Porcupines, Deers, Antelopes, Stags Elks, Hares, Monkies, Goanas &c. Oxen are much employed in carriage. The Natives keep many Dogs for hunting.

7. Grain

The Grains of this Country are Paddy, Raggy, Cholum, Baroogooloo, Caraloo, Sajaloo, Woodiloo, Woolooloo, Haracooloo, Aulasundloo, Alasundoo, Pasaloo, Kunnamooloo, Jungle Oil Nuts, Condooloo, Sanagaloo, Wheat

Chumaingu

Chennaungee Paddy, Yerra Cembaty Paddy – Sana cambaty Paddy – Tala Sana Paddy – Seercopaty Sana Paddy Gungasala Paddy – Empana Paddy. –

8 Fruits

The Fruits are Plantains Limes Big Limes Ladely Limes Pomegranates Plumbs Angoors Berkees Davaudaray Barugeehuffalenadoo Ragoo Sour Oranges – Sweet Oranges Mangoes, Jumboonarodoo – Poolunarodoo – Pooky Calwas – Baloosso – Wood apple, Jack Tamarinds. –

9 Manufactures

White Cloths are made from 3 Gold fanams to 3 Pagodas each in value; Combadas from 1 to 5 Gold fanams each. –

10 Mode of letting the Lands to the Ryot

Formerly the lands were not measured; but as much ground as required 96 Puckia Seers of Grain was callied a Soorna: In the first kind of soil or Neeraunaeera Sooma was let from 3 to 7 Pagodas according to the value of the land; of the 2d Kind or Badrika, as much ground as one could till one Plough from Morning till Evening was callid a Gaeda & let for 1 Pagoda. –

In some Villages the land was let from 2 to 4 Pagodas for a Plough according to the Value of the Lands; in other Villages the Circar Managers assessed the land rent on examination of the grain produced. –

Pauk Gardens

In Planting Pauk nut Gardens for the room of 1600 Pauk Nut Trees or one Sooma 48 Pagodas were paid to the Circar in some places for 800 Trees the space is called a Sooma & assessed at 14 Pagodas rent by the Circar. –

For Betel Gardens the Ground in which two creepers are planted is called a Goonta. Ten such Goontas make one Calava. 20 Calavas make one Soomoo. – For a Soomoo they received 5 Pagodas to the Circar. – In some places 160 Calavas make a Soomoo & for one of them 2½ Pagodas rent is paid according to the value of the land

Table of Weights in this District

24 Sayes Boods weight make	1 Kacha Sear
3 Kacha Sears	1 Aude Sear
2 Aude Sears	1 Puncha Sear
2 Puncha Sears	1 Dadeyam
4 Dadeyams	1 Mound
40 Kacha Sears	1 Maund.

Table of Measures of Grain in this District

84 Rupees weight	1 Pucka Sear
3 Pucka Sears	1 Padee
8 Padees	1 Coonchum
2 Coonchums	1 Erasa
2 Erasaloo	1 Toomoo
20 Toomoos	1 Candy

96 Pucka Sears make one Toomoo
1920 Pucka Sears —— one Candy

Kyfyat of Goomaguttah

a Tariff of Pawgurrs

received on the Spot

October 29th 1801

In the beneficent Reign of Narasimvadava Rayaloo four pious Jogooloo Pelgrims came from Benares to Anagoondy & visited the Rajah in a fortunate time; their names were Cousin eelaconiah, Veeswaswariah Conamarasiah, & Calabreavaah; they acquainted him that they came from so far as Benares to visit him; that they had devoted themselves to the sole worshipping & devotion of thalyod Seevoo in the strictest & most austire manner at any fit place for the increase of his power day by day by the mighty favor of God; Therefor they wanted a fit place in his dominions for lodging in & fulfilling their vows, & to build an Agraharom there; The King respectfully replied that he was very glad to comply with their wishes & desired them to find out a proper place fit for them & not already possessed by Brahmins or Gods in any part of his dominions & that he would grant it with all his heart, they then departed from the Rajah & travelling over his Dominions at last came to this Jungle near the River Peenaukenee the lands of which were not granted to any Gods or people but belonged to the Bercar they returned to Narasimvadava Rayalloo & told him that they had found a very place in a Jungle near the Penaukenee River agreeable to his desire; he was much pleased thereat himself and graciously granted that Tract of Jungle to them, being within the District of Penaconda in the Rodum Taraff West of Calendapoo-sanne near the Penaukenee River.—

Taking leave from the Rajah they returned to this

Jungle

Jungle where they built some huts for their accommodation upon
back & resided there with their disciples worshipping & praying their
devotions to their God Seevoo subsisting by collecting alms in the nei
-bouring Villages in the day time; after Sun set they used to return
to their huts.

At their nightly meetings they considered of building a pro
-per Agraharom & Sankr in this Jungle & after Sun rise they went
out as usuab to collect charity for their Maintenance. In this man
-ner they went on for a long time & at last had got sufficient to build a
handsome Pagoda of Nelaconta & Veesweswarer on the south side
of their Aisvaranum where the God *Punchalingum was placed.

Sometime after this the Pilgrims resolved to travel & went
away on a Journey from Benares to Ramaswer & the Pagoda's fell
to ruin during the troubles of the Country from the disturbance
Foreign Rajahs; but there is still one Image of the God on the seat
of that ancient Pagoda.

Narsimvadava Rayaloo having departed from this World
his Son Croostadava Rayaloo mounted his throne & was acknowledged
throughout all the Kingdom governed with much beneficience & chari
-ty seven ten times better than his father; In his reign 4 Brahmins
of Badagánaud *2 came to visit this King with their families on ac
-count of a famine that prevailed in their Country; they saluted
the Rajah very submissively, who received them graciously & con
-doled with them for their poverty they represented their misfortune
& petitioned him for an Agraharom for their subsistence; the King
granted every necessary assistance & desired them to go & look for a pro
-per place of residence; accordingly they then took leave of the Ra
-jah & travelling over the Carnatic made choice of this Jungle on
the river by the advice of Manepoorum Swamyagee; they
then returned to Croostadava Rayaloo & acquainted him that
they found a good place in a Jungle in the District of Panne
-conda which he granted to them 4 families of Brahmins by name
Gungadara Somayajee Narasimha Somayajee, Laxmi
Cantaroo & Yalandur Ramabatroo.

after

*1 Puncha Lingum. The Lingums representing the 5 Elements or Powers of Nature according to the Hendoo System as Fire Water Earth, Air &c.

*2 Badaganaud

After this the King being on a Journey thro his Dominion on business that required expedition Godoogopaulooo the Servant who held the Kings Umbrella by his assiduity & perseverance keeping up with his horse for a great distance each day gave such great satisfaction to the Rajah, that he told him in token of his approbation he would comply with any request he made— The Umbrellaa Holder respectfully replied that he was ambitious of using the Royal throne Seal for 6 hours which the King complied with— In this time he caused the Writers to make out many Grants of Agraharoms in his name, & instantly sealed them & issued them regularly to the Brahmins, among others the aforesaid 4 families of Bramins of learned one of these, who cleared away this Jungle & built a Village named Ramacroostapooreeh settling on a lucky day in the place— This Village was built in a very regular manner & they brought under cultivation a good deal of ground about it. they placed stones as landmark, of the Bounds on the 3. Sides of South West & North & carried the figure of Godoogoopaulooloo upon them, but the first four Pannyarees returned again to the place & contested the right of the Brahmins to build the Village. The Bramins alledging the authority of the King the Pilgrims brought them into the presence of Croostadava Rayaloo & represented their claims to the Agraharom; Croostadava Rayaloo on enquiry said there was no occasion to quarrel with the poor Bramins for that he had granted them the ground for their livelihood which he had complied with not knowing that his ancestors had already granted away this Jungle; & observing that the Jungle had not been occupied by these people for a long time; Therefore it was his fault; he now therefore adjudged the ground in dispute should be divided among both parties & occupied in equal shares during their lives without any further molestation — At the time of this dispute this village got the name of Jogeeloo Goomagutty— Jogooloo signifies pilgrims— Gooma a contention or dispute Gutta a Bank from the quarrel of these people for a Village built upon the bank where they formerly resided —

after

After this decision the Bramins & Pilgrims divided the Agraharam into two equal shares & occupied it accordingly to the King's order. On the death of the 6 Pilgrims they bequeathed their share to the 6 families of Bramins having no children of their own to enjoy it were united to the divine Spirit by the purity of their lives - The Bramins built a Pagoda of Junjanaycoo & placed his Image in it: they also built a Tank & prosulated the Village very properly. —

After the death of Crooshadava Rayaloo Auley a Rama Rayaloo, & the Princes of his blood successively ruled this Country from one to another up to Vencatapatty Raiyaloo who granted Palavaloo & Goomagutta to Bauchapa Pack his Cash keeper - He built the Hill Fort of Paughur & made it his Capital he annexed these Villages to that district, from Ballapa the Polligars of Paughur successively ruled benefecently excelling each other in good deeds In the reign of Tautapa Naik, Seedojee Godpada made war him for some time & divested him of the following Villages.

1 Goomaguttah
2 Gungavaram
3 Verapasamoodrum
4 Choulapoorum
5 Gaudatee
6 Mauchanayoopalla
7 Dombatteemara

after 10 Years remaining thus he annexed them to the Madaca Seerah District. —

Vencattapatty Naidoo afterwards fought again with Moorari Row & received the abovementioned Villages which he held for a year only when Moorari Row came against Vencatapatty Naidoo and after some contest forced him to retreat to Paughur, he then annexed again all the Villages to Madaca Seerah as before & Hyder Ally Cawn after this having conquered Moorari Row in war got possession of Madaca Seerah from him

time this place remained attached to that District till Brad-
A.D 1777 -aunee Vencapah came to Paughur by order of Hyder who
fought with the Polligar & reduced him & enquiring into the for-
mer state of this Country and annexed it again to Paughur with
which it remained ever since—

After Hyder's death this District formed part of Tippoo
A.D 1799 Sultan's Sovereignty for 15 Years, to the Year of Seedardee of 30.
Chitra Month when the Company's Forces took possession of
Tippoo's Dominions & appointed Kistnaraja Wadeyaloo
Rajah of Mysore since which period his Shumildars under order
of Poorniah the Dewan have managed this Country.—

Account of Chucka Dauloovatum

Collected from Rama Sastry at that Place October 3d. 1801

WD1444 In the Sallevahan year 1366*1 cycle Raktau chee in the reign of Narasimhadava Rayaloo the King came to this Jungle to visit the Pagoda of Narasimha Swamy & the River Jayamunglum which runs near Doda Dauloovatum; The Bramuns acquainted him that the place was sacred & its fame with the History of the God and River mention in the Scanda Pooranum of Vassooloo*2. The Bramens were therefore desirous of forming an Establishment here, on which Narasimhadava Rayaloo caused the Jungle to be cleared & two Villages to be built on this ground Doda Dauloovatum & Chucka Dauloovatum; he granted Doda Dauloovatum to the God Narasimha Swamy; & Chucka Dauloovatum as an Agraharom for 24 Families or Houses of Bramuns, dividing the grounds of the Villages into 44 Vrootloolas or Shares & assigning them in a certain proportion as he thought proper to these 24 Families which they enjoyed undisturbed to the time of Nundarayaya. These Villages were annexed in the Government of the Rayaloo into the District of Pennaconda & Rodum Division but afterwards Meedegasee Chickapa Goud reduced it & annexed it to his own District.

When Nundarayaya afterwards reduced the Meedegasee District he allowed a District of 3000 Pagodas value for the subsistence of this family which was for some time considered of no effect by the disputes & claims of these Bramuns but afterwards it was adjusted & their revenues allowed.

But Hyder withdrew the Pension after this from the

*1 There must be a mistake of the names of the Princes or of the years here but this will be corrected from the Chronology of the Bijenagur Princes

*2 Vaasdeo or Vyasa the reputed Compiler of the Vedes & Author of the Maharbarut.

the Pollygars family and usurped the Lands - Tippoo Sul-
tan after he ruled all these Countries for 17 Years - He de-
sected a new Settlement of the Revenue to be made for these
Villages paying 4.50 Pagodas yearly to the Circar -

In the Salivahan year 1720 Cycle Seedar-
dee on the fall of the Sultan of Seringapatam, - Sumuldars
were appointed for Mudgerry & by Purniah under whom
the Country has been ever since managed as part of the Do-
-minion of the Mysore Rajah Krishnaraja Vadeyaloo. -

5

Account of Camundroog.

a Taraff of Paughur

Received there in October 1801.

When the Naraputty Kistna Rayeel formerly resided at Beejanagur & Penmaconda. - Kistna Rayeel once going to hunt into the wilds attended by many Hunters with Bounds & Dogs near Camuncondah which was then covered with thick Jungle he met with a Hare which his Dogs attacked; but the hare turning round killed the Dog. The Rayeel was much pleased with the place and ascending the hill found it upwards of a Gow in extent & plenty of water on it. The Rayeel then built a strong Fort on Camunconda which thus remained during his Government.—

Afterwards in the Reign of Allya Rama Raja the Moguls came with an Army conquered all the places in their way; and afterwards possessed themselves of Beejanagur after a bloody & great Battle in which Allya Rama Raja was slain— The Officers of the Naraputty Rajahs then possessed themselves of their Samstans which had been granted them as Jageers in the time of the Naraputty Rayeels, at this time Timmapa Naik who was Treasurer to the Rayeels took possession of Paughur & garrisoned the Droog where he resided & managed that District— Some time after Timmapa Naik resolved to build a Guddy for the Security of his District of Paughur & hearing of Camunconda where a Droog had been already constructed by the Naraputty Rajahs he therefore went up the hill and found the fortifications extensive with plenty of water but the walls were ruinous & had fallen down in several parts of what had been built by the Naraputty. Timma Naik caused the old buildings on Camundroog to be then repaired & managed the Country from his residence at Paughur & Camundroog for 30 Years

Afterwards Timmala Naik of Nidicull prepared his Army & waiting for an opportunity to attack Camundroog: one day when Timmapa Naik was at his residence of Pallighar the Nidicull Naik came suddenly with his troops & surprized Camundroog: the Nidigul Naik then strengthened the Fortifications repaired the Buildings & Batteries &c. & kept 300 Carnatics with Guns &c as a garrison there; he built also a Petta below the Droog called Rama Petta to which he brought settlers & inhabitants & the Population of the Town & Droog became flourishing

Timmala Naik attached four Villages to Camundroog Viz

1 Toomull Bunda
2 Bommagaunapully
3 Boohoor
4 Kenchagaunapully

Timmala Naik resided at Nidiculldroog & Camundroog & in his Government no enemy attacked their Hill Forts; Seventy years after he departed from his life to Heaven & he appointed his Son Hottala Naik in his room; he also managed the Government at Nidicull & Camundroog & in his Reign he added 4 more Villages to Camundroog Viz.

1 Condakindapilly
2 Dalavayepully
3 Meangoonta
4 Boddereddepully

Hottala Naik Governed for 90 Years & then Departed to Heaven.—

After him his Son Moomady Naik succeeded in the room of his father & he ruled 40 Years; in his time the neighbouring Polligars attempted nothing against Nidicull & Camundroog.—

His Son Vee Timmala Naik succeeded; about this time Hyder ally Khan came with an Army & conquered all the Samstans in his way in the Cycle year of Doormooky Savachar —

He came to Paughur droog with an Army of 4000 Mupulmen Cavalry 15000 Carnatics & 5000 Rocket men & Guns &c he beseged Paughur for 6 Months and at last assaulted the place which was defended by the Polligar but Hyder at last took the Hill fort with which he was much satisfied on examining the place finding that the district of Paughur was not extensive he attached Camundroog to it to which he added the Tellomany Rachertle Tallook —

Moorary Row had formerly attached a part of this District of Paughur to Madaca Sena Tallook which Hyder annexed again to Paughur droog taking them from the Polligars then in possession of them

When afterwards Hyder ally prepared an Army & descended into the Tallaghaat where he conquered all the places before him & Tippoo Sultan went to war in Coudeyal the Polligar of Niduculldroog Timmala Naik accompanied Tippoo Sultan's Army where he died of his Wounds in the Coudeyal Country & one year after Hyder Ally Khan had departed to Heaven in Tallaghart —

Tippoo Sultan having got possession of Coudeyal, some time after he set off from his Capital with his Army reducing the several Samastans as he went; he then besieged Nidegal for 2 Months & took it by attack — After this he reduced the Royadroog & Harponelly Samastans —

In the Year of Calleyookdee Savacher in the Cycle year 1719 the English Bahauder came up with

their Army to the Ballaghaat & took Seringapatam when Tippoo Sultaun was slain.—

Buildings &c on Camundroog at present

There are 10 Wells a large Tank & some Gardens on Camundroog—a Pagoda of Ramaswah—There is also a Cave of the Deodoo called Deodoo Cave.—

Account of Indrandroog

of Nidigull District
October 19th 1801

Formerly the four brothers Yalapa Naik of Condar
pee Hurty, Simmala Naik of Nidigull; Savaja Ran-
gapa Naik of Ruttingerry and Mylapa Naik of
Hully partitioned the Territory of their Ancestors among
them, & held their respective Samstans separately.

Afterward the Chittledroog Polligar came with
his Army and took possession of the Hutty Samastan by
force; the Roydroog Polligar also got possession of Coon-
dapee by Violence. Yalapa Naik was then young; as he
grew up to Manhood he became very accomplished & learned
in the languages; being deprived of his patrimonial Samstan
of Coondapee he looked out for a proper place or some
small Hill Fort for his residence. — Yalapa Naik at
last found a hill situated by itself on a plain, fit for his
purpose, which pleased him as he would there be in Secu-
rity without any danger from the neighbouring Polli-
gars of Niddigull & Saugadda. —

Yallapa Naik therefore built this small Hill
fort as an additional place of strength South of Hoscotta
& stationed 20 Carnatics at Indraconda. — Yallapa Naik
was in this Government 40 Years & in his time the neighbour-
-ing Polligars were at peace with him; he built a Petta
at the foot of Indranconda. —

When Yalapa Naik departed this Life his Son
Neljimma Naik succeeded in the room of his father & he
ruled at Hoscotta; he repaired Indrandroog & added to
its buildings. —

When

The apparent Hour it would appear of Coondapee; see Coondapee, Nidigull &c.

When he departed his Son Yemady Timmala Naik succeeded to his father: In his government he was powerfull & successfull & he conquered some places from the neighbouring Pollygars.—

On his death his Son Baday Timmapa Naik succeeded & then his Son Ramapa Naik in whose time Tippoo Sultan came along with his Army & took profession of Nidigull Droog by force of Arms: he also besieged Hoscotta, on the fall of the place Ramapa Naik fled with some of his Carnatick to the Mharattas Country of Vaugnagur & Poorapoor where he remains till this time.—

Since Tippoo Sultan took Hoscotta it remained under his Government till the English Bahaudors with their Army took Seringapatam & Tippoo was slain.

In the Government of Tippoo Sultan Hoscotta was attached to Nidigull Droog.—

Hurryhur

Chanashoomar of the Hurryshurr District for the Kharuf Year 1211

No. of District	Name of the District	Aerials	Villages: Khaly	Villages: Bakaly	Villages: Inhabited	Villages: Ruined	Villages: Total	Water: Tanks: Oors Soongakuchas	Water: Tanks: In good Order	Water: Tanks: Broken	Water: Tanks: Total	Water: Cuttas	Water: Wells	Water: Carshulas	Forts: In good Order	Forts: Broken	Forts: Total	Hills	Religious & Charitable Establishments: Pagodas	Religious & Charitable Establishments: Mosques	Religious & Charitable Establishments: Remarkable	Religious & Charitable Establishments: Agraharums or Choultries	Looms	Shops	Houses: Houses	Families: People who pay Taxes to the Government	Families: Khurchy Mash (Free of Taxes)	Families: Total	Remarks
	Hurryshurr		49	4	48	5	53	1	8	2	10	5	33	2	1	2	3	4	52	9	1	101	149	916	1898	1186	581	1767	

N.B. Holall is not included in the above

Chanashoomar of Hurryhurr continued

| No. of District | Name of the District | Enumeration of Castes | | |

Abstract of the District of Holall in 1800

No.	Names of the Villages	Remarks
1	Cudda Holall	
2	Hunchen haff	
3	Cundane hunda	
4	Hunga ma nalhulla	Ruined
5	Dora nalhulla	
6	[illegible]	
7	[illegible]	
8	[illegible]	
9	[illegible]	Within the Hagapanelly District Miles
10	[illegible]	Granted to the Mardeo Goroo

Dahazada of the Hurryhurr Purgunna

No. of Taraffs / No. of Villages	Names of the Villages	Distance	Direction	Villages: Inhabited	Ruins	Total	Remarks
1	Taraff Hurryhurr						
1	Casba Hurryhurr Fort	-	-	1	..	1	
2	Petta	..	-	1	-	1	
3	Mydanaochully	½	SE	..	1	1	
4	Nyrapoorum	½	SE	1	-	1	
5	Hurlapoorum	½	N	..	1	1	
6	Amaravatee	¼	E	-	1	1	
7	Agrasanagatty	1	SE	-	1	1	
8	Kealunchully	¼	ESE	1	..	1	
9	Doogally	1	ESE	1	..	1	
	Total			5	4	9	
2	Taraff Caikaragodla						
1	Casba Caikaragodla	½	E	1	..	1	
2	Dodaratee or Dodabatta	2	ESE	1	..	1	
3	Hallaratee or Haliabatta	1½	SE	1	..	1	
4	Goodeehilly	1	E	1	..	1	
5	Cazpor	2½	ESE	1	..	1	
6	Talagutty	2½	SSE	1	..	1	
7	Gostoor	1	N	1	..	1	
8	Meedlegatty	2½	SE	1	..	1	
9	Byranpully	1½	NNE	..	1	1	
10	Bookapore	1	NNE	..	1	1	
11	Deytoor	2	N	1	..	1	
12	Saradee	2½	N	1	..	1	
13	Chickabeedeeree	3	N	1	..	1	
14	Pammanally	1½		..	1	1	
	Total	-	-	11	3	14	
3	Taraff Gondagee						
1	Casba Gondagee	2½	ENE	1	..	1	
2	Nyragollem	2	ESE	1	..	1	
3	Coormapanully	2	NNE	1	..	1	
4	Canchanahally	2½	NE	1	..	1	
5	Yerroogoolatie	2½	ESE	1	..	1	
6	Nadarpotully		NE	1	..	1	
7	Poolapore	2	NNE	..	1	1	
8	Gunganasee	½	NNE	1	..	1	
9	Bobbayaud	2¼	ESE	1	..	1	
10	Thalanore	2¼	SE	1	..	1	
11	Arsapore	2½	ENE	1	..	1	
12	Cadeelabala	2½	E	1	..	1	
13	Malagoondanpully	3	E	1	..	1	
14	Koottegananully	2½	NNE	1	..	1	
15	Boosagananatty	2½	ESE	1	..	1	
16	Carllahully	1	NE	..	1	1	
	Total	-	-	14	2	16	

No. of Taraffs	No. of Villages	Names of the Villages	Distance	Direction	Villages: Inhabited	Villages: Plundered	Villages: Total
4		Taraff Ballavadee					
	1	Cusba Ballavadee	1½	S	1	..	1
	2	Nanagavadee	1	S	1	..	1
	3	Balladhully	2	S	1	..	1
	4	Razenhully	1	S W	1	..	1
	5	Hergankelly	¾	S S W	1	..	1
	6	Cadeelagongee	3	S S E	1	..	1
	7	Bandnahully	2	S E	1	..	1
	8	Naganahully	1	S S W	..	1	1
	9	Nainseepore	1¼	S E	1	..	1
	10	Cabagonahully	2¼	S E	1	..	1
	11	Bijnneskoodoo	1½	S E	1	..	1
	12	Simmalapoor	1¼	S W	1	..	1
	13	Vookargattary	5	S W	1	..	1
		Total			12	1	13

Abstract of the Hurryhurr District

from {Conapah and Narsapah} Serishtadars

1st July 1800

No. of Taraffs	Names of the Taraffs	Villages: Inhabited	Villages: Plundered	Villages: Total
1	Cusba Heerryhurr	5	4	9
2	Cackaragoodda	11	3	14
3	Coondageu	14	2	16
4	Ballavadee	12	1	13
	P. Dahazadas Total	42	10	52
	P. Chanashoomar	48	5	53

N.B. There is a deficiency enaccounted for of 5 Villages ruined

Memorandum. The Little District of Potabl situated to the Southward 24 Miles N.N.W. of Heerryhurr is not included above — 8

Total Villages in 1800 — 60

Observations on The Present State of the Hurryhurr District in 1800.

1 Situation — The Town of Hurryhurr is situated within 43 English Miles WNW from Chitracull & on the bank of the Toongabadra River.

2 Extents — The Extent of this Country is from West to East 8½ Miles from South to North 13 Miles bounded by the Toongabadra on the West & North West & containing Square Miles.

3 Soil — The Soil is of three descriptions Clay, Rocky, & Red; producing plentifully with a moderate portion of Water, Joary & Ragaloo without the aid of Tanks.

4 Productions — It produces also Cenna, Pattee, & Combhoolee Anoomooloo Hasaroo and many kinds of small grain with some Cotton. Wheat is not cultivated. Paddy & other Sugar Canes are only raised in the Lands below the Tanks of the Villages. Condajee Mahlooguzdauk, Hullee, Patee, Coondavad, Codeefully & Bungaloo. In the Soil chiefly Clay next adjacent to & overflown by the River Melons are successfully cultivated but not any other fruits.

5 Wood — There is little thick Jungle or Wood.

6 Animals — The Animals are the same as those of the Chitracul Seema. It is remarked that the Buffaloes here give more Milk than any other Cattle.

7 Cause of delay of Cultivation & Agriculture — They say that this Taloob was formerly an extensive Tract of Country of cultivated ground but it is now overrun with thin Jungle in several parts of the North & North East in consequence of the troubles, frequent changes of Government & invasions of hostile Armies this being a common thoroughfare.

8 Trees — There are no Palmyras Cocoanuts & very few Tamarinds, Mangoes or Jack Trees. & few flowering or rare Shrubs.

9 Population — The Population of the district this Year is 1767 Families estimated at 7000 of all Castes; in the town of Hurryhurr are 632 Houses. See fine Cloth man.

10 Manufactures — A very good kind of Cloth valued from 2 Rupees to 16 Rupees per piece Combadies from 1 Rupee to 10 Rupees value.

11 Language — All the Castes here speak the Canara & are generally ignorant of any other Language. The Public Accounts are kept in the Mharatta language.

12 Houses — The houses are generally terraced, some opulent people have their Bedrooms covered with tiles to let out the smoke more freely.

13 Rains — In this Country the rains fall in profusion in the months of June, July, August & September. It becomes very Cold in October, November, December & January;

the

Seasons The Months of January, March, April & May are the hot season.

14 Agriculture & Season for sowing

They plough for Paddy in the Months of Aparey & Carteeka (November) & sow the Seed in Margaseer (December) which produces in four Months Pulsoon (March) they sow in Chitraay or April; in some hilly ground they Plough after watering the fields for the Grains Jaypaee Ragalee, Penna, Cutteo & other small seeds in March & sow in July which produces in November & is reaped in Carteeka December.

Ragalee & small grains are cultivated & sown in all seasons of the Year when the weather is favorable.

15 Of the Toongabadra River

The Rivers Tonga & Bodra rising in the Naggur Country unite near Hooly Honoor & hence pass by Honelly, Sherrymurr, Shagoondy, & into the Kistna 3 Cos N E of Ullur Hore in the Canara District. This River rises in the Jesta Month or June & continues full till the end of Aussweyoon (July) falls in the Month of Carteekom (November) it is fordable from the end of Margaseer (December) till Jesta begins again without boats.

It is said Boats can get down the stream as far as Sanoor when full but not being yet ascertained this appears doubtful as when it falls many Rocks appears in the Channel.

16 Age attained by the Natives

People generally lives in this Country till 85 or 90 Years of age some instances of 95 but no one more than one hundred Years.

Sherrymurr being formerly a Considerable Commercial Entrepot from its situation some notices of the Commerce, Exchange &c procured here may be introduced.

17 Of the Soucars or Bankers & Modes of Remitting

The Soucars or Bankers in this Quarter usually send Goods to different Countries & in return get Drafts on the chief Towns: they sometimes transfer these to the Merchants on a certain profit or Premium, at other times returns are made by purchasers of the Commodities of those places which are disposed of in their Country, the Exchange on Bills is not fixed regularly, but fluctuates according to the demand. Those who correspond with Foreign Merchants sell their bills to those who are in want of them; one deducting a certain & Cutlage according to the distance of the places, at the rate of one Pagoda for a hundred every 4 Cos, sometimes demanding one Pagoda less or more according to circumstances.

18 Articles of Commerce

19 Copper

In this district there are no Mines nor Metals, the Copper is brought in Plates by Merchants from Wallaja Nagur, & Goa & disposed of at 5½ Baharderry Pagodas Per Maund. At Sycahore the Copper is wrought into Brass & all the brass Utensils used in this Country are manufactured there.

20 Salt Petre

No Salt Petre is made, the Soil not being favorable.

21 Indigo

The Indigo in Sattes is brought by the Merchants from the Cuddapa Country & sold to the Weavers, who dye the thread before they put it in the loom.

Some

Commerce

Some Years ago Some of the Inhabitants endeavored to Manufacture Indigo from the Plant at Cajeharakapeepully of Baswapatam Talook but gave up the attempt with Some loss finding the produce was not equal to the expence

22 Silk

Silk is brought here by Merchants from Goa & other Sea Ports for the use of the Manufacturers who weave a Variety of Cloths here but the Country People have no idea of raising it themselves — In the time of the late Sultan he procured Plenty of Silk worms from Several Countries & sent Orders into the Districts to endeavor to increase the breed with a view of raising Silk the product of his own Dominions, but finding it attended with an expence not proportionate to its product he gave up the undertaking: This attempt was made in the Hurryhurr & Baswapatam Districts as well as in Several others —

23 Of Dying Leather of a Scarlet Colour

At Hurryhur a beautiful Scarlet colour is given to the leather of the Country The Manner of dying Leather red — The Skin of the Goat is first cleared of the Wool & rubbed over with 4 Dubs Weight of Salt & 2 Dubs Weight of the Jellada Tree's Juice, it is then kept Steept in water in Pots for 2 days; the 3d Morning they wash it with water & Steep it for one hour in Water wherein 4 Seers Weight of the Tamarind fruit is infused; they then spread out the leathers on a board & dye it with water in which the following is boiled viz

Lac	Dubs Weight	4
Water		32
Sazzakar (Salt of Soda)	Pagodas Weight	½
Allee leaves	Allee Soapoo	½

If a greater Quantity is put on the Colour becomes black or perhaps too dark, they next grind the Harda fruit one Pucka Seer Weight, & infuse it in two Seers of hot water — the Leather is kept in this Liquid for 2 days. then the Bark of the Tavarakee Chuecka of 2 Pucka Seers Weight, is ground & put into two Seers of Cold Water: the leather is kept in this Composition for 2 days; the leather is next cleaned in Water & dried in the Sun when it assumes an excellent red colour

Specimens of the leather & Ingredients used in dying were procured at Hurryhur

The Native Names of the latter viz.

Tavarakee Chuecka	Bark of
Harrada	
Sazzakar	(Salt) of Washerman's Earth
Allee Soapoo	Leaves of the Allee
Lac	

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24 Imports & Exports

The following Commodities are imported by Foreign Traders from the Mahratta Countries —

Horses	from	Candeish
		Mandeish
		Narahaud
		Malava
Musk & Saffron	from	Casimeer

Cloths

Commerce

Cloths — from { Boranpore, Nagdpore, Narainrowpettah }

Silk Cloths — from Patana

The Merchants of this Country import

Cotton, Wheat, Coorsoomba Flowers, Oil Seeds } from the Countries of { Naulgonda and Nargonda

& they export in return to the Mharatta Countries

Jaggery, Sugar, Cocoanuts, Combalkies, Cocoanut Oil, Smelling roots } These productions are plentiful in the Districts of { Balore, Asan, Narsupore, Chundarogpore

Grain & Provisions they transport from one place to another wherever they find a good market

From the Nagpur Country they import

Sandal, Pepper, Betel Nut — Cardamoms, Cinnamon

They Export thither

Tamarind, Grapes, Channa, Wheat — Ghee, Tobacco, Cattle of all kinds, Sheep &c.

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25 Mode of Settlement with the Sircar

The following terms are observed between the Inhabitants & Sircar in this Country — The Sircar settles with the Ryots for an equal half share of the Annual product of the Soil, but only one third is exacted from the Ryots who take pains to bring in new Land, & clear it of the Jungle

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26 Public Offices of Management

The Duties of the several Public Offices have been thus regulated in these Countries for many Years —

1. Subadar — Manages the Revenue affairs for one Seema which includes several Districts, Perguunahs or Talloks —

2. Serishtadars — are Servants of the Sircar who keep the Accounts of the whole Seema —

3. Peshkar — Assistants to keep the Accounts of the Seema under the Serishtadars

4. Mookseddies — Writers they write the Accounts under the Inspection & Orders of the Serishtadars & Peshkars. — The Subadar appoints

5. Amuldars — for each Tallook who manages the Revenue business under their Superintendancy; The Amuldar appoints

6

6. Sarafdars — to each Sarafy or Subordinate District of his Division/son and their Accounts to them — The Sarafdars employ —

7. Shakdars — in every Village to keep the Accounts — The Amaldars also employ Srishtadars & many Writers under them as are as the Subadar —

8. Dasahees — are no longer employed in this District — The duty of the Dasahees consisted in settling the affairs of the Ryuttys & acting as the intermediate Agents for adjusting the business of the Sattwatars & Inhabitants with the Circar or Public Officers of Government —

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37. Subordinate & Village Officers

Besides this more General Establishment of Officers, the following in these Countries are peculiar to the Districts & Villages —

1 { Dasahee / Dasagutter / Nadoo Goude } — Agents or Servants acting between the Circar & Ryuts —

2 Despondees — Keep the Accounts of the District for the information of the Circar; & perhaps as a Check on the Amuldars for the Security of the Ryuts —

3 Shanboags — The same as Curnums in the Ryen Ghaut & keep the Accounts of the Village —

4 Pattell — Is the head Man of the Village responsible for the Ryuts & the same as the Monigar in the Southern Countries —

5 Tallarees — Is the Village Peon always attending about the Village under the Orders of the Pattel —

6 Carpenters
7 Smiths
8 Barbers
9 Chucklers
&c &c

— and several other inferior Ingertmen for the common service of the inhabitants all of which receive no other pay than a certain portion of Lands or its product according to their respective Stations *

The Fort & Town of Hurryhurr

The Fort of Hurryhurr was built by Canganar Naik Poligar of Sarecakay

The most remarkable & Ancient Building within it is the Pagoda of Hurryhurr Iswar — Gnacie Parapoo repaires a part of this Pagoda & Endows it, devotions usually performed to the Image of Chicka Hurryhurr Iswar Swamy — The History of this God & Temple is well known to the Bramins & mentioned in the book of Tzongbadra Mahatom — It is built in an uncommon Stile, supported by Pillars of dark coloured Stones, curiously cut & polished — In the Court of the Pagoda are Inscribed on Stone several Grants of Lands (for the due honor & performing the proper Ceremonies of the God) by the Ancient Kings of Beejanagur —

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* The arrangement of Public Servants prevails at present with little variation, thro' all the provinces of Balla Ghaut Carnatic; but appears to be a Combination of what has been introduced by the several Systems of the Mharattas & Moguls engrafted upon the Ancient Hindoo System; all these may be developed in the course of these Inquiries — In Sorah & Sunnaconda Accounts & Account of the Revenue Management of the Carnatic Bal Ghaut —

Erected by Dewanagy Maharayoo Dated A.D 1332 or A.D 1410
Of the Kings Wickrama Rayalu & Sadasewa Deva Rayalu are the most remarkable
of the Mandalis within the Fort, one was built by Seelamaun Cawn & the
other by Anagee Paraboo

In the Town are 3 Pagodas exclusive of that of the principal God Hurry
-hur=Eswar, also one in Bala & another in Aeeoragollum
These two additional Pagodas were built by Jovapa a Pomasta of the Dasa-
hees

For further observations on this Place See Remarks on the Forts

Historical Account of Hurryhurr

Collected on the *Spot in 1800

History and Changes of Governors

During the Government of the Rayaloo Kings of Anagoondy this District was wholly granted in Swastom (in Gifts or Rewards) to different Bramins, this tract being esteemed highly Sacred on account of Hurry Hurr Eswurs Pagoda built on the Banks of the Toongbodra. On the fall of that Government, its Officers divided the several Provinces of the Kingdom among them, as there was no Chief Powerful enough to check their usurpations.

In these times of disorder, this District of Hurryhurr was unjustly usurped by the Tarrakara Polligars and remained in their hands for a considerable time.

When the Saunore Nabobs acquired Power in the neighbouring Country, they got possession of this District & managed it for some Years by their Amildars.

A.D 1644 } A.D 1752 } The Nabob Majeed Cawn of Saunore granted it in Jageer to Seer Cawn Samund who enjoyed it for the space of 40 years; On his death Seelamaun Cawn, his son was acknowledged by the Circar, & ruled for 50 years, to the Angeerasa Cycle Year; On his death his son Coolboodeen Cawn, a Boy of 8 Years old, succeeded his father; but having no Guardian powerful enough to protect him, the Polligar of Bednore came with an Army & invested the fort, in hopes of reducing it & the Country; but Majeed Meeya, Nabob of Saunore came with his forces to claim it, in preference of the Bednore Polligar. He drove off the Bednore people, & summoned the Officers in the fort to deliver up the place & district; on their refusal he attacked & took the place after 3 Months fighting & put to death some of the Garrison who opposed his orders; he then granted to Coolboodeen Cawn, in Jaggeer, for his Support, a Village named Angadaguttee in the Taraff of Kattahully of Saunore Seema, & made over the Hurryhurr Talloork to the Rajah of Bednore for the sum of one Lack of Pagodas, in reward for his Assistance in the War.

A.D 1676 } A.D 1754 } The Rajah of Nagpore managed this district for 2 years in the Cycle year Baabaa & in the Month of Chitram the Chiefs of Poona, Nana Purnaveer Row, Sadooba, & Ragooba invaded the Country; they took this place from the Killadar of Basdeva Naik, & appointed Anajee-praboo to manage the Country

* Some Account of the History of Hurryhurr is given in the Report of 1800 but as it is more satisfactory to bring the whole into View together I have inserted it here with little Alteration, with some of the Notices of its State in 1800 See Page

wounds, from that period it was under the sway of the Mharattas to the Year Swabhanoo when the Nabob Hyder Ally Cawn immediately after taking Bad-
A.D. 1685 } =nore, marched & took this place from the Mharattas; his rule lasted to
A.D. 1763 } Jadaraya Years, employing here Ammedo Saib & Coomshee Narrayanayo.

A.D. 1687 } In the Years Pardewa and in the month of Chitram, Mada-
A.D. 1764 } =va Row Sreemunt came & took this fort after a siege of 3 days and the
A.D. 1697 } Mharattas kept possession to the Month Aswejomo of Manmudda Year.
A.D. 1776 }

Then by order of Hyder, Seedmuyya Kistnaroydoo brought a considerable force from Nagore on behalf of Rajasaja Sooladav of Nagore & expelled the Mharattas by force of Arms: from that period this District was mana-
A.D. 1712 } =ged by Hyder Ally Cawn & Tippoo Sultaun, down to the Margaseeram
A.D. 1790 } Month, Jadarana Years, when Parsooram Bhow, marching by this Route to
A.D. 1714 } Sreerangapatam took the Fort, & collected the revenues of the District up to the
A.D. 1792 } Months of Visakom of Pareedawee Years.

When Tippoo Sultaun had made peace with the three Allied Powers, Coorg, to them a part of his Dominions, the Mharattas returning
A.D. 1724 } home evacuated this place & Tippoo ruled up to 30th of Chitram of Seedardee Years.
A.D. 1799 } In the Months of Jastom this Years, Doondeyaa took Murryhuru & was in possession for 20 days, from which it has been under the Management of the Servants of Kistna Raya Vadeyaru Raja of Mysore.

Account of the Baswapatam Taulook

A Purgunna of Bednore Seema.

taken on the spot in July 1800.

Names of Maganies or Taroofs	Villages			Direction	Distance	Remarks
	Alienated	Resumed	Total			
1 Cusba Baswapatam	26	"	26			
2 Soolakara			42	SE.	2	
3 Mala Bennore			52	N½	4	
4 Nillore			.	Ebs	3	
5 Davarahully			10	SE	3½	
6 Channageery			.	Ebs	5	
7 Hodageery			.	SE	6	
8 Sunta Bennore			.	E	5	

Boundaries.

1 East — 6½ Cofs the Land of Abageery of Sunta Bennore Taroo is bounded by the Land of Callaguitta of Birma Naik Droog of Chittledroog.
From Baswapatam to Abageery 6
do do 8 7
Some Stones mark the Land Mark.

2 South East — 7 Cofs the Land of Habalgeery of Hodageery is bounded by the Land of Callee Karia of Ramageery of Holalkard.
From Baswapatam to Habalgeery - 6½
do do to Calleekara 7½
The Land Mark is a Small Rock

3 South — 7½ Cofs the Land of Maroovandee of Chinnageery is Bounded by the Land of Madiegondankully of Seevonee of Arzampore.
From Baswapatam to Maroovandee 7
From do to Madiegondankully 7½
The Limits are distinguished by some Rocks.

4 South West — 1½ Cofs the Land of Conchoogarankully of Hosba is bounded by the Land of Coonagolgutta of Sasavahully of Honelly Taulook
From Baswapatam to Conchoogarankully - 1
From do to Coonagolgutta 2
A Canvay or Pass is on the Boundary.

5 West — 1 Cofs the Land of Paganagutta of Baswapatam is bounded by the Land of Koonshahully of Sasavahully of Honelly.
From Baswapatam to Paganagutta — 1
From do to Koonshahully 1
The Pass called the Koonshahully Canvai is on the Boundary

6 North West — 7½ Cofs the Lands of Dookeehulla of Malabennore is bounded by the River on the other side of which is Moodeyanore of Rannee Bednore of Savdnoor.
From Baswapatam to Dookeehulla 7½
From do to Moodeyanore 8

7 North — 5½ Cofs the Land of Coonaballakara of Malar Bennore is bounded by Salagonhully of Ballavadee of Hurryhurr —
Coonaballakara — 5
Salagonhully — 6
A Channel Crossing the Road is the Boundary

8 North East — 2¾ Cofs the Land of Caraganore of Soolakara is bounded by the Land of Cookavad of Hadadee of Mayaconda.
Caraganore — 2¼
Cookavad — 3¼
A Channel is the Land Mark

The Kyfyat of Baswapatam

As Communicated at that Place in July 1800.

In former times the land whereon now stands the town of Baswapatam was a very thick woodland or Jungle dependent on Malabennore, which district was managed in behalf of the Anagoondy Kings. Dhooma Rajah a Servant, or Relation, of the Rayels, coming into this part of the Country to take the pleasure of hunting, happened to stop here for that purpose. A Man of the Badar Caste, who was poor & subsisted by keeping a herd of 500 Buffaloes, then had his abode in this Jungle, under the protection of Alleroo Rajah a Farmer and Master of the Villages of Annagana hully & Alladahully which now belong to Baswapatam. Dooma Rajah coming one day to the abode of this Badar saw a handsome Girl his daughter, of whose beauty he became suddenly enamoured; determining to marry her, he employed some of people to obtain the consent of her parents who being acquainted by the followers of the Rajah of the intentions of their Lord, the Badar expressed his repugnance to give his daughter to a person of a different Caste; but the Rajah, engaging that he would appoint her Children to rule over the Country, in his place, the Badar was satisfied & agreed to give him his Daughter.

Dhooma Rajah now relinquished all thoughts of returning to his Country, among his friends, for shame of being connected by marriage with such low people; & took up his residence near

near Doomiguddy and reduced the whole Country into his possession; he left 2 Sons by the Badar Woman. they names Congana-Naick & Ramapa-Naick. Dhooma-Rajah also took possession of the District of Allvoo-Rajah; & nominating his eldest Son Congana-Naick his successor. he departed this life.

*1 Congana-Naick advanced himself much in this world, collecting many able people about him; he built the fort at Basavapatam & during his life added the following Guddies to his Domains.

1 Sirakara	7 Annantapore	13 Allabattore
2 Suntabennore	8 Bagoor	14 Ammaganore
3 Azzampore	9 Harranahully	15 Savadrakara &c
4 Hurryhurr	10 Mayaconda	as far as
5 Honelly	11 Anugee	Doganeecuttu
6 Coomshee	12 Codaganore	

he acquired great reputation in the roll of eminent Bahauders and ruled over all these Guddies for a long time, when his Life was banished from this World. After him his Son Veera Hanoomapa-Naick ruled the Raajee. he begot a Son Emadee-Hanoomapa-Naick who ruled the Possessions of his father; his Son Hoochoo (or Mad) Hanoomapa-Naick succeeded in his time the Anagoondy Kingdom was conquered by the Mussulmans.

When his Son Kangana-Naick was managing this Country a Chief called Ranad-Ozlla-Cawn came with a great Army belonging to the Padshah of Beejapore who besieged for a long time this fort & took the above Polligar in the attack of the place; he then established garrisons in all the Guddies & dependencies & carried off the Polligar as a Prisoner.

*2 Sheerja Cawn next managed these Districts for some Years. After him Cawn-Cawn; afterward Putta-Cawn Dorga-Coollee-Cawn; Abdool-Nubby-Cawn; Mahomed Shafe

*1 The Polligar Family of Sirrakaree made a considerable figure in this Quarter. See an Account of their Succession under Santa Bennore Page 457.

*2 Among these names you find Soobadars of Sirah, Nabobs of Sanore &c & whereas it would appear that this District was the Prey of contending Parties for several Years from the first Inroad of the Mahomedans to the first Mahratta Incursion.

Hyder; and Meyar Cawn one after the other; during the Government of the last the Rajah of Naggur invaded the Country & took the place by assault; he built the second wall or outer Inclosure of the fort.- When the Officers of Naggur were managing this Country Ally-Ahmed-Khan Cawn brought his Army & took this fort; he constructed a tank in the town.-

Afterwards Dawoojee Pent Lazzgadaree ruled for some time- then Dellawar Cawn was appointed for this Country he died after managing 30 Years. next his Son Muctom Saib succeeded. whom Streemunt-Nana-Row besieged for 2 Months & took the fort.- the two Villages of Soolakgra & Somavarapore were then granted for the subsistence of the late Amildar & the Country was granted to Purseram-Bhaw who appointed Naga-Row as his manager.-

A.D. 1762 The Mharatta Rule lasted up to the Cyde Year Chitra-bano; when Hyder was going against Seedoonoor Meer Fizalla Cawn one of his Officers took this place from a Mharatta Officer called Letchmun Hurry; from that time the Government of Hyder and his Son Tippoo subsisted here without interruption up to the Cyde Year Sadgranac; then Purseram Bhow invaded the Country & possessed it for 18 Months till peace was concluded with the Honorable Company in 1792 when it was delivered back to the Sultan's Amuldars who managed the Country up to the 30th. of Jastom of Seedardee Year when the Sultan was slain.-

Then Dhondia came into the Country & occupied it for 2 Months till Colonel Dalrymple came with a Detachment of the Company's Troops and got possession of the place.-

It was then ceded in the Share of the Mysore Rajah & is now under Management of his Amuldars

The Town of Baswapatam is in a narrow Valley. inclosed by hills all round.-

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N.B. I grage to regret that I am so much circumscribed in time as to prevent any comparison of this Account & some others with the first entered in this Book.- March 15th. 1803.-

Account of Honelly

Called in the Circar Accounts—

Beedeeree.

July 1800.

	Names of Places	Villages			Cos	Direction	Remarks
		Tilly	Parkly	Total			
1	Aval Beedeeree or Honelly	53	3	56			
2	Dooyom Beedeeree or Namatee	37	.	37	3	S.W.	3 Cos West from the River
3	Sayom Beedeeree or Sasasawahully	48	.	48	3	S.E.	On the South side of the River

N.B. From the Shortness of the stay at Honelley & Baswapatam at the setting in of the Rains & perhaps from the Surveys being but newly commenced no Register Canathoomar or Dehazeda was communicated as at the other Cusbahs Afterwards—

Boundaries

East — 3¼ Cofs the Lands of Lingatageery of Sasavahully Hobaly is bounded by Cootings of Mala Bennore of Babubapatam — the Rama-na-vandas Hills from the Boundaries.—
To Lingatageery — 2½
To Coffee — 40

South East — 2¼ Cofs the Lands of Banookanahully of Sasavee Hobaly is bounded by Daganacuttas of Baswapatam Hobaly of Chinna-geery Taulook — The Boundaries are formed by Hills
To Banookanahully — 1½
To Daganacuttas — 30

South — 3½ Cofs the Lands of Coonkoova of Namatee Hobaly is bounded by the land of Bonneekara of Attore Hobaly of Savamuga Taulook Bounded by Hills no road — To Coonkoova — 3
Bonneekara — 1

South West — 4½ Cofs the Land of Daveecopa of Namatee Hobaly is bounded by the land of Cottadahaal of Chinnuguttas Hobaly of Coomshee — The Veehana Canvau Hills form the Boundary on that side —
Daveecopa — 4
Cottadahaul — 5

West — 4 Cofs the Lands of Ballagooty of Havelly Hobaly is bounded by the lands of Goongaraguttas of Mullankoopa Hobaly of Lukkarpoor Taulook — A considerable Mountain forms the Boundary —
Ballagooty — 3
Goongaraguttas — 5

North West — 3½ Cofs the Land of Cottiega of Honelly Taulook is bounded by Bullore of Chickarpoor by a Channel —
Cottiega — 3
Attore — 1

North — 2¾ Cofs the Land of Arllahully of Havelly beyond the Ganagana pass is bounded by the land of Lenkanahully of Hullooke Taulook, at a Channel —
Arllahully — 2½
Lenkanahully — 3

North East — 3/8 Cofs the Land of Conantallas of Sasavahully Taulook is bounded by the Land of Mooganagondy of Mala Bennore of Chinnageery —
Conantalla — 3
Mooganagondy — ¼

Kyfyat of Honelly.

from Communication thereon July 1800

1 Situation — Honelly is situated about West 20°. South of Chittledroog on the West bank of the Toongabudra

2 Extents — From East to West it is Cofs & from South to North is Cofs — See Survey & Map —

3 How Bounded — It is Bounded on the East & North East by Chinnageery, On the South East by Hoolihonore, On the South by Seevamulga, On the West by Coomshee, On the North West by Chickarpoor & on the North by Sirsoor — The literal Name of this Village is Honna-Anala or Honnully; but in the Circars Accounts is called Beedeeree —

4 Fort & Petta — Beedeeree or Honna-Anala is divided into 3 Hobalies Honelly & Jannatee, situated on the West Side of the River, & Sasawhully on the East along the banks — The District is entirely inclosed by Hills like a rampart, except a small opening on the South East — For a Description of this Fort see Paper on Fortresses —

Close to the Custra & Fort on the North is the Pettah in which are 12 Pagodas, 2 Muttums, 6 Mosques, 2 Sakeeyas a Durgah of Masoom Saib, & four Circar houses with 184 Houses of the Several Castes as follows viz

Bramins	55	Jains	1
Lingabunds	38	Oilmakers	2
Kharattas	10	Rajahoots	1
Mussulmans	16	Combady Weavers	35
Boatmen	10	Washermen	3
Rungazas	2	Jeengar or Saddlemakers	1
Moochees	2	Taylors	4
Gold Smiths	3	Jandras or Weavers	1
			184

5 Population — The Population of the Town is supposed to be near 1000 & of the Districts 4000 Total 5000 of all Castes

6 Soil — The Soil is various, Clay, Stoney, and Red Earth

7 Productions — The Clay lands produces Cotton, Javary, Wheat, & Penna in the Hilly tracts Raggy Coollee Cornas & Anabmoolee, in the red Soil Javary

Javary, Raggy, Condoolee, Harralee or Seeds of Lamp Oil & Nalee or Seeds of Sweet Oil. No Paddy is cultivated, there being no large Tanks exepting at Chuloor.

8 Mode of Letting of Lands

The Circar lets out the cultivated land for a fixed Money rent, for Waste or uncultivated lands the Ryuts pay one third of the Produce, for lands formerly cultivated & left waste for some years back, the Ryuts for the first year give one Moiety of the produce; after which they pay the same Money rent as was paid formerly for that land by the former Cultivators

9 Seasons

They begin to Cultivate the lands in Vysakom & sow the seed in Jastom Month. the Crop of small grain is ripe in Badrapadom, & that of Joaree in Ausweejom; the Ragalee thro' all Seasons. The Rains commence in Chitrah, the proper Winter is in the three Months of Asadom, Shravanum, Badrapadom & ends in Ausweejom, the Cold Season is in Carteekom, Margaseer, Pooshom & Maugom, the Summer in the Months Palgoonum, Chitram, Vysakom & Jastom

10 Language

The Natives of this Country generally use the Canara Language. The Bedar Caste are not so numerous here, as in the Chittledroog Country, this Caste only, speak Tellinga whence it may be presumed they are not of the Ancient Inhabitants of the Country; & indeed there is some tradition of their having originally come from Payengaat.

11 Animals

Tygers, Wolves, Jackals, Hares, Wild Hogs, Cuttia Gurba (Animals that feed on the Ox) Bears Deer are frequent in the Hills & Jungle

12 Trees

There is little wood in this Country, exepting some Jungle trees; no Cocoa, Plantains, Mangoes, Limes or Tamarinds there are many Tooma Trees which are generally found on the banks of the Rivers.

13 Minerals

A kind of Slate is dug from Quarries in large Slabs like those of Ferozeabad.

14 Dress

The Inhabitants generally dress in white Cloths but fancied or Coloured Cloths are rarely worn.

Honelly

15

History

This District belonged formerly to the Narapatty Kings & was ruled by them with the rest of their Dominions down to the last King Alloodoo-Rama-Rayaloo to the Sallevahan Era 1486 or Rackshachee Cycle Year, during his reign Sasavahully was under the Sarakarra Polligar — The Mahulls. Goa Europeans & Adel Shah combining against Ram-Rayaloo he was slain in Battle & his Kingdom conquered & divided by them. — The Polligars, Jagheerdars & other great Officers of the Government of Anagoondy on the fall of their Sovereign Lord usurped several Countries & which they governed for many years — A Servant of the Anagoondy Kings named Mooddadora-Mara-Nack took forcible possession of this District & built a fort at Honelly where he resided up to the Cycle Year Doormooky (1518) The Sarakara Chief Kangana-Naick came & made war upon him for some time but returned to his Country being unable to take the places.

A.D. 1664

A.D. 1596

Afterwards the Soobadar Sursupa belonging to the Beejapore Padshah came with a great number of troops & contended for a long time with Mara-Nack who being unable to withstand their force or drive them off made peace with them & agreed to submit as the obedient Vassal of that Government. — The Beejapore Padsha after this dismissing the Polligar ruled the Country from the Hawalumby Cycle Year up to the Nala Cycle Year (1598).

A.D. 1676

Ashkar Saucky, Mahomed Saucky & Saucky managed for 30 Years — Then Sursilt-Mahomed Cawn was appointed from Beejapore & ruled for 28 Years.

After him Salabut Cawn & Ameenul-Mook managed for 9 Years and Seeva-Row for 3 Years.

At that period the Rannee of Nagger Chinnama

Jawary, Raggy, Condoolloo, Harraloo or Seeds of Lamp Oil & Noolloo or Seeds of Sweet Oil. No Paddy is cultivated, there being no large Tanks exapting at Chuloor.

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Honelly

15

History

This District belonged formerly to the Veerapatty Kings & was ruled by them with the rest of their Dominions down to the last King Mloodoo-Rama-Rayaloo to the Salleevahan Era 1486 or A.D 1564 Racktachee Cycle Year, during his reign Sasavahully was under the Tarabarda Polligar. The Abdulls. Goa Europeans & Adil Shahe combining against Ram-Rayaloo he was slain in Battle & his Kingdom conquered & divided by them. The Polligars, Jagheerdars & other great Officers of the Government of Anagoondy on the fall of their Sovereign Lord usurped several Countries & which they governed for many years. A Servant of the Anagoondy Kings named Moodduddoora-Mara-Nack took forcible possession of this District & built a fort at Honelly where he resided up to the Cycle Year Doormooky (1518) A.D 1593 The Tarabarda Chief Kanganda-Naick came & made war upon him for some time but returned to his Country being unable to take the place.

Afterwards the Soobadar Sursuffa belonging to the Beejapore Padshahe came with a great number of troops & contended for a long time with Mara-Naick, who being unable to withstand their force or drive them off made peace with them and agreed to submit as the obedient Vassal of that Government. The Beejapore Padshah after this dismissing the Polligars ruled the Country from the Havalumby Cycle Year up to the Nala Cycle Year (1598). A.D 1676

Ashkar Saucky, Mahomed Saucky & Saucky managed for 30 Years. Then Sursilk Mahomed Cawn was appointed from Beejapore & ruled for 28 Years.

After him Salabut Cawn & Aminul-Moolk managed for 9 Years and Seeva-Row for 3 Years.

At that period the Rannee of Naggur Chinnama-

-nama having notice of the fall of the Beejapore Government by a secret letter of her Vakeels, sent troops & took Honelly by agreement with Seeva-Row; from that year 1684 or Nala year to the Chitra-
A.D. 1762 -bano Year being 86 Years it was ruled by Chinnama's Son Chin-
-na-Sakar-Naidoo, his Nephew Baswapah-Naick & his Son Chinna-Baswapah-Naick & adopted from among the relations of the family a boy named Somasakar-Naidoo.

In his management the Nabob Hyder-Aly-Naick coming to Chitteldroog took Chinna-Baswapah-Naick under his protection & took the Chinnageery, Honelly & Annantapore Forts marched to Naggure & took that place; the Rannee & King both fled to Ballana-Row Dragg- then Hyder got possession of all the Gaddees by exhibiting to the Inhabitants Chinna-Baswapa-Naick as their rightful Raja.-

After this Hyder got hold of the Raja & the Rannee & confined them in prison on the Hill Fort of Mudgerry & allowed a moderate pension for the subsistence of Chinna-Baswapa-Naick or Gaub-Nabob-

When the Mharattas under Mada-Row & Rago-
A.D. 1764 Bhaw came into this Country in the Cycle Year Saracara or 1780 they relieved the Rannee & Raja from Confinement; but the former died on the Roads, the Raja is said to be still living at Poona.

Hyder departing from this life on the 22 of Bahoodom of Margaseer Month in the Cycle Year Shoobacroodee Tippoo took possession of his father's Estates & came into this Country; soon after General Matthews had taken Cadeerpah & Naggur, and reconquered the Country from the English Bahauder in war; from this time he ruled it without interruption to the Seedardee Year, Late-
-ly Doondia occupied it for the 2 Months of Jastom & Assadom of the Seedaradee Year; then Colonel Dalrymple with the English Troops expelled Doondia & established a garrison for the Com-
pany

Company's Government; who delivered up the Country to the Rajah of Mysore, on the Division of the whole last Year, by whose Auxiliaries it is now managed.

Historical Account of Santa Bennore

A Taroof of Basuvapatam Purgunnah of Bednore Seema &c
1st July 1801 in
with an Account of the Poligars of Tarrakawa *1

In the times of the Race of Kings who sat formerly on the Beejanagur Throne, from Hurryhur *2 Rayaloo & his Successors of the Cozma Caste down to Nursing Rayaloo of the Tooloa family, a Town called Madekaree, now belonging to the present Santa Bennore was established by the reigning Powers as the Capital of Madekaree Seema in the Province of Chendramundel Naud.

At that time the Village where Santa Bennore now Stands was named Rungapore & attached as a Cullookully to Madekaree.

In the reign of Nursing Roy King of Beejanagur he sent Hanoomapa Naik (the Founder of the Pola Family) with the Royal Order to destroy the Jungles, Wild beasts & Robbers & to populate this part of the Country & bring it into cultivation: having taken possession accordingly & expelled the Robbers & Plunderers who had laid it waste & given much trouble at different times he himself remained at Bassuvapatam where he fixed his residence.

Bellapa Naik & Kistnapa Naik the Sons of Hanoomapa, on his death who were greater Warriors on the field even than their Father, took charge of his Office; while they were in this situation they came once to Hunt in the Forest near Rungapore where one of their Hunting Dogs was driven off by a Hare, considering this as denoting that Spot to be Jondoo Boomee & fortunate, they founded

*1 This Account was compiled at Santa Bennore from the Accounts of several respectable Persons whose Grants, Writings & other Documents with dates give it a certain degree of authenticity - & translated by C. V. Boria

*2 Hurryhur Rayaloo et is Said founded Beejanagur A.D. 1265 or A.D. 1343

A.D 1564 founded a Village there in the Year 1487 of Sallavahan & encou-
=raged several Traders to settle there to import & export Merchandize
from & to Foreign Countries under solemn engagements of support &
protection.

This Village being situated behind Bajjarajatam
the principal residence of the Pollegar he denominated it Bennore
(or the Village in rear.)

When the Merchants settled at Bennore they daily
disposed of their goods in like manner as is done on Four days
or Suntas; whence people finding a daily Market there added the
name of Sunta or Market to the name Bennore to distinguish
it from several other Villages in the Country of the same name, as
Ranneer Bennore, Mulla Bennore, Gourree Bennore &c.

The Pollegar then established here 12 Ayagars
or Village Servants for the Customary Offices & reinstated In-
drakantee Appajeebuty & Singaboo in the Offices of Shanbogue
Kom & Jotteeshom for the Pollalee of Sunta Bennore which
had been granted formerly to their Ancestor Indrakantee Ouvul
A.D 1395 Mulbottoo by Hurryhur Roy in the Year 5316 of the Yoova
Cycle;*1 Rangapa Naik at this time gave them a new grant for the
Allowances of these Offices as well as for the Vombalikar Villages
Ammunguit & Bommanoohully as is gifted to their Ancestors
by Hurryhur Rayaloo.

After Rangapa Naik had made this arrangement
he built a Palace at Sunta Bennore on the ground where
the dog was repulsed by the Hare; & it became a custom in their
family that their Wives were always brought to bed of their Chil-
dren in an Apartment*2 built on that very spot; as valour & cou-
=rage were the productions of that soil, believing that the Children who
had their birth there would be Warriors & Conquerors of their Op-
=ponents as the Hare had conquered the Hound.

Sunta Bennore in time became the residence of ma-
=ny rich Merchants & Traders from Foreign Countries frequented to

*1 See Translation of this Grant Inscription.

*2 This Apartment or rather the Seats of it is shewn in the ruins of the Oramunnee (Palace) in the Fort.

it much to the course of commercial transactions encouraged by the protection & security given by the Raja whose goodness & fame they extolled in their Native Countries whence the name of the Samstan of Santa Bennore became renowned in all Quarters.-

Ramchendra Swamy was worshipped formerly at an Ancient Pagoda in the Village of Rengapore; the Polligar Gungan Naick was succeeded by Seetaram Naick & he by his Son Hazroomapa Naick.- In his time many strangers resorted hither on Commercial Affairs; he built in front of the Ancient Pagoda, a Hondom & faced it all round with flights of steps, in its Centre a Muntapum, & on its 4 Angles buildings of two Stories in height remarkable for their Style of Architecture. All these buildings he began
A.D. 1596 in the Year 1518 of Doormatee Cycle.-

He caused the bottom & sides of the Bason to be laid with black Stone, leaving in the South East Angle a small opening to admit the Spring or Source of the Water, he also purified the Waters by placing several Salagramams, raising its Sanctity in the opinion of all the World & named it Rama Seartom or Water designed (from heaven) for the use of the God Ramaswamy.- He also caused a Kuppela (or Well) to be made close to the Tank, from which the Water was carried by a Conduit into the Sikaroms of the Vissuntar* Mon tapom whence it played in the Manner of a Fountain.- Another Conduct was carried under ground from the South into the Bason with an Iron Grate to prevent Filth & impurities from mixing with the pure water; On the East a Drean or Sprong carried off the overplus Water when it arose beyond a certain height.-

In the time of this Son Pond Hanoomapa Naick, Ranad-Colla-Cawn Vazeer of Beejapore came into these Quarters with an Army to take the Lands & Districts from the Polligars; he sent his troops to seize the Proprietors of this District but Pondoo Hanoomapa Naick escaped with his family from Bassurapatam into the Woods & Jungles of the Tarakara Seema; after wandering for some time from place to place in that Forest, at last they fixed their re-
sidence

* This is a handsome Open Structure built in the Centre of this Bason or Hondom surrounded by water, the Mahomedans in their short sway added another Story to the Muntapums on the Angles which tho' neatly built gives an odd appearance of Moorish Architecture only to be exhibited by this account.- The Bason, Muntapums Mosques mentioned hereafter are remaining in good preservation.-

Residence at Calloodroog

A.D. 1629

In the Fallen Shap Year 1551 & in the Sookla Cycle the Mussulmans took this place from the Seons of the Poligar & plundered & destroyed the Opulent Pettia where the Merchants & other Inhabitants resided which then extended from the South Gate of the Fort within 200 Gazons South East of the Hondom. At that time while they returned possession from abhorrence of the Hindoos & their Religion they entirely demolished & razed the Pagoda of Ramachendra Swamy with the Stones of which they built a Great Mosque for their Worship.

When the Mussulmans entered the place the Inhabitants threw the Statue of Ramachundra into the Hondom where it is said it remains till this day.

While the Mussulmans were established at Bassawapatam they also destroyed all the considerable Hindoo Temples in these Countries the Pagoda of Narraindavara at Heeranagara, the Pagoda of Madookiswar at Madekary the Pagoda of Teedoolla Mutsom & several other Pagodas.

When they destroyed the Pagoda here they built a Mosque* to please their God Khodah they established a Priest or Religious man named Shack Kodawond to attend the Edifice & granting the 2 Villages of Canchanhully & Cullavanore to defray the Expence of charitable donations & food to Fakeers or Mussulman Mendicants in the Mosque. The Poligar of Tarakara was highly incensed at the Mussulmans for dishonouring his Family Gods & Religion & collecting a body of 1500 Peons marched from Calloodroog & arrived at Chicka Cogole One Cos West of Sunta Bennore; when he went into the Pagoda of Hanoomunt & with reverence entreated permission of that Image to destroy his Enemies who had overturned the Temples of their Gods. It is said that Hanoomunt at that time signified that he would be successful against his Enemies. he then proceeded in the night to Sunta Bennore &

* This Structure which is of more than ordinary size & elegance of hewn Stone remains in the State it was in (a small part of the roof only excepted) when it was thus defiled by the Poligar & in consequence never occupied since by the Mahomedans tho' very little is wanting to render it the most superb Edifice of the Kind in these Countries that I have seen not excepting that of Bennadonda — Such are the effects of superstitious prejudice —

An uncommon echoe is observed close to this Mosque the voice being distinctly reverberated several times.

& cut off all the Mussulmans at the first onset caused his followers to put the Naik to a cruel death. He then took out a Stone from each Ankanum of the Mosque & sprinkled with the Blood of Hogs the Walls of this Edifice where are still to be seen the marks of hands colour-ed with the blood.-

Having thus gained immortal fame by putting so many Mus-sulmans to death, reflecting that his Success was owing to the divine fa-vor of Hanoomunt he vowed to build a Temple to him as soon as he regained possession of his Country.- Soon after the Mussulmans after possessing this Country for 7 Years abandoned it & returned to their Court in Consequence of some Commotions at home.-

A.D 1637 Hanoomapa Naik in the Year 1558 & the Eswara Cycle recaptured this place from the Mussulman Garrison & built a Great Pagoda to Hanoomunt at Chicka Bogalore in performance of his Vow-

After his death his Son Hanoomapa Naik who succeeded to the State of his family was ordered by the Padsha to Bee-japore where he was some time confined for the offence to their religi-on given by his Father. After he had been in prison 7 Years it be-ing represented to the Padsha by his own request that he was distin-guished for his Skill in the Combats of Battles. On the Annual Feast of Hulsaun Hulsaun when all the Royal Hoshees were conquered by a Foreign Battle on their public Exhibitions. Hanoomapa-Naik by Order of the King entered the Theatre & overcame the Bat-tle & all the other Hoshees-

The Padsha in consideration of his exertions & vigor on this occasion pardoned his Offences which had been determined by the Judges Pagu Nayeedaps (or Arbitrators) & honored him with the Title of Surza or Lion presenting him with an Iron Pike & an Iron Shield & gave him permission to return to his own Country.-

Six Months after he arrived in his Country the Pol-ligars of Chitteldroog having collected a great body of forces began to ravage

ravage several parts of his country; & he was obliged again to take
Refuge in Chittoodroog with his family & the Brazen Images of the
Pagoda of Hazroomunt at Chicka Cogalore.

In this absence Burman Naik took by assault
Bennore & Hodageera in the Sallevahan 1598 of Pingla
the Chitteldroog Pollegars thenceforward rebelled
against their Princes down to the 1638 A.D. in the Havalumbee Cy-
cle in this Year when Madukaree Naik was Raja of Chitteldroog
Ramnaud Somasakara Naik Raja of Bee-
dooneor took this place & expelled the adherents of the Chitteldroog
Raja. The Beedoonoor people plundered the Town in like man-
ner as the Chitteldroog Raja when he got it at first; they man-
aged the place for some time & as it was near to Chitteldroog they
repaired & put the Fortifications of Shivita Bennore in a good
state of defence, they also built a Pagara (or Veranda) within the
Fort close to the Walls they always kept a strong garrison here &
a good stock of Provisions. In this Manner this Country was
A.D 1746 ruled by the Nagger Rajas down to 1661 Sallevahan Roudre
Year Madukaree Naik Raja of Chitteldroog at one time came
& attempted to take the place but was obliged to fly to Chitteldroog
leaving his Gun behind. Two Years after he was slain in the Battle
A.D 1748 of Mayacondaa in the Year 1665 & in the Vibava Cycle; his
Son Castoory Rangapa Naik aided by the troops of Moorari
Row & Heelal Mooty Cawn in the reign of Boodee Baswa-
A.D 1752 ppa Naik Son of Somasakar Naik in the Years 1694 besieged
this place I had made no impression when Boodee Baswappa
Naik assisted by the Harponelly & Royadroog Pollegars relieved
it & the besiegers were obliged to retire.

A.D 1762 In the Year 1683 A.D. of Chitrabanoo Cycle
Hyder Ally Cawn carried the Chitteldroog Raja with him to
Beedoonore took Nagger & seized the Rannee of Nagger
named Chinmajee in Cauladroog whither she had fled &
confined her till her death.

On the Conquest of Nagger the Bahader granted the

the Districts of Sunda Bennore & Sadagara in Jageer to Ma-
dakary Naik for the assistance he had given him on this expedition
who destroyed the Pagaras in the Fort & removed all the Stores
to Chittledroog:-

A.D.1778 He managed the Country to the Veelumbee Year, when
the Bahader having taken Chittledroog & confined the Polligar,
Mahomed Ally Commandant came with a Detachment from Hy-
-der's Camp & placed a Garrison in the Fort after plundering the
Town. -

From that time Hyder & the Sultan ruled this Coun-
A.D.1790 try down to the Sadagana Year when Parseram Bhow advancing
into this Country with a Numerous Army, his people plundered the
place & even defiled the Women: they returned back in the next Year
A.D.1792 when Tippoo made Peace with the Company. -

When Tippoo's Rule ended at his death on the 30th
A.D.1799 of Bahoodom of Chitra Month in the Seedardee Cycle; Ragoo-
-nada Naik the lineal descendant of the Tarakara Polligar
collected some Peons & took possession of this place managing its Ci-
-vil Affairs for 4 Months till Colonel Dalrymple arrived with a
Detachment from the English Army to take possession of all the Pad-
-dies & placed a Gubrd in this Fort; 5 days afterward Sonkar
Row as Amildar came to receive charge of the District in behalf
of the Mysore Raja Kistna Raja Wadeyar. -

Remarks on the Country about Santa-Bennore.

Situation — Santa Bennore is situated 12 Cos West of Chittledroog 4 Cos East of Bajswapatam & 1½ Cos North from Soolakara

2 Soil — The Soil here is distinguished by the names of 1st Red Garden Soil — 2d Chaul or Brown 3 Colloo or Rocky & 4. Combial or Red.

3 Productions — These Lands produce all kinds of Corn, Grain, Gram, Sugar Cane, Cotton & Coffee excepting Coffee

4 Fruits Trees — Plenty of Mangoes, Plantains, Tamarind, Betle Arrack Nuts, Jamarucks & the Common fruits & Trees (excepting Palmyras) grow here.

5 Minerals — A Good deal of Iron is smelted at the Villages Chenagery & Nellore of this Amt.

6 Wells — Many Pucka Wells are used & much Paddy is cultivated by means of Tanks

7 Rents — For Paddy lands the Inhabitants give one third of the Produce to the Circar with some money rents, & in some places an equal half of the Crop without any rent.

8 Manufactures — No fine Cloths are manufactured here; Some Coarse Cloths of 2 Rupees & Combalies of 5 Rupees each.

9 — There is much Sandy Soil in the Hobaly of Soolakara.

10 Houses — The houses are generally thatched with straw very few are terraced or tiled.

11 Cattle. — The Bullocks of this Country sell from 3 to 5 Pagodas each. the Cows & Buffaloes of this Country are said to give more Milk than usual in the neighbouring Countries.

Buffaloes sell from — 4 to 5 Pagodas
Buffaloes — 2 to 3
Cows — 1½ to 2
Sheep from 3 to 4 for 1 Pagoda

12 Coinage — The Coins of this Country are Bahadree or Ikkaree Pagodas, & Gold Fanams of Contakoy & Jumsharee: in the present time the exchange of Rupees the Elephant Woods are the only Coinage stamped here.

13 Fairs — Once every Thursday a Fair day is held at this place when considerable numbers of people with a variety of goods come from the neighbouring villages

14 Forest Mallagoodom — A tract of Hilly Country covered with thick Jungle extends from near this towards the South beginning near Chennagerry & reaching as far as Tarakarai Vastoka &c this Forest is named Mallagoodom — Much Bamboos. Teak Wood, Sandal Wood & several rare Shrubs & Trees are found in this Forest Bengamun Gums Lacks &c *

15. Quarry — For great buildings they bring the Stone on Carts from a Quarry on the Hill of Karpallacoffee situated between the villages of Hallangadra & Marapore — They Hondas & Buildings near it are of the Stone. — A fine Column of 9 Mens height near the Hondom South of the Mosque was brought from this quarry —

* This Tract would be a proper subject of Botanical Investigation —

16
Echoe

A Remarkable Echoe is observable near the Mosque: the human voice or any noise is repeated & reverberates distinctly several times standing near the Mosque towards the Scite of the Ancient Pagoda.

Traditionary Account of the Building of the Great Tank of Soolakara

at Santa Bednore June 1801

On the Site of the present Town of Soolakara was formerly a place named Swargavatteepattom; Veekram Rayaloo ruled here who having no Children adopted one of the Sons of the Gaud of Billahully of Vellore Hobaly who had Seven Sons all remarkably handsome; this adopted Lad was named Rayee Rayoodoo He then bestowed his Sole attention to the worshyp of Seevoo in order to obtain Children who graciously receiving his adoration blessed him at last with a daughter whom the King named Santava.—

While she was very Young one of his Cows was seen to go to a Valmeetaem upon the hill Moorootalla and to pour in her Milk. Veekrama Rayoo being informed of this by the Herds went himself to the Snake hole & there found a Lingum; he built a Pagoda at the place & dedicated it to Seed Eswar or Eswar the Granter of wishes; he next prepared a Roddom or Chariot but being at a loss for an Image of the Goddess to be seated along with the Lingam on the Roddom which is necessary in the Ceremony of Radochavom; & his Daughter Santava signified her wishes to marry the God & Veekrama Roy, according to her request with pleasure married her to the Image, which was changed into the shape of a Man on the eve of the Marriage Festival; the wife & husband together mounted the Roddom & midst the Acclamations of the Spectators went with great Ceremony along the Public way as far as Ramageery where the Bridegroom was changed into his former shape of a Lingum & Santava was changed to a Patala Gonga or deep Well

The Tank of Soolakara from Agra a Tank & Soola a Dancing Girl or Courtezan is one of the noblest Specimens of these Reservoirs we met in Balla Ghaat & is simply formed by damming up the passage of the Hurdawuttee a small river here issuing from between two Hills— The Curiosity excited by so useful a Work induced me to give a place to this romantic tradition of its origin tho I am not sufficiently satisfied of its authenticity I have however a larger Account of its History & of the personages connected with it but yet contradictated in a Copy of the Canara Book preserved at one of

Pool of water in the Pagoda — till this day this Patala Jonga exists in the Pagoda of Seedeswar on the hill of Rangeiry — Afterwards the God & Goddess changed again into human forms.

At this time Seed Eswar ordered Santava to form a Great Tank by shutting up the River Hurdavatice with an Embankment where it runs between two hills; to which she agreed & then returning to the Palace to perform the usual Nuptial Ceremonies they went from thence to their Pagoda.

Santava after this declined to return to her father & consulted the God about the means of providing for the expence of building the Tank, & Seed Eswar on every morning when he left his bed to make his usual appearance in the Pagoda shook his Cloth whence Money in heaps fell upon the ground as much as was wanted for the expence of the Works.

Santava then employed Stone Cutters & Tankbiggers to make the embankment which they finished in a short time; when the Inhabitants found the Water of the Hardavatice began to fill it gradually they all fled from their houses to other Countries & soon after the Town of Hiravavatice was swept away by the Tanks bursting its bounds.

Vetramar Rayatta was displeased with his daughter for the destruction of his Town & severely reproached her on which she prayed that All his race might be speedily destroyed the Raja intended said that his daughter could not wish him such evil, the the imprecation came properly from an abandoned Prostitute (Nola) from that time forward the Tank was denominated Soolakaira.

Soon after the Spirit of Santava was joined to the
A.D. 1100 likeness of Seevoo; this happened 700 Years ago.

The Tank of Soolakaira is closed in by Hills on the North & South & on the East is the bank made by Santava the

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. of the neighbouring villages for every Tank, Temple & Remarkable Place in these Countries had once its Book, History or . preserved in the hands of some respectable Person which are generally lost or dispersed in the repeated Invasions & disorders that have taken place in these Countries for many years back.

the breadth of which may be estimated at 50 Yards & the height at 15 Mens height. the Hardravattee River rises in the Hills near Boorradeguttu & Ramgeery South East of Holalkeira & running South East to the Tank issues thence North & joins the Toongabadra near Hurryhur.

The Tank when filled extends 3½ Cofs from East to West & 3 Cofs from South to North among the Hills.

It waters the Corn land of 20 Villages of this District only

Chennaroypatam

Chanashoomaree of the Chunnaroypatam District for the Years of Koomaree or A.D 1801

No. of Classes	Names of the Taraffs	Villages: Mahly	Polliah	Mahomedan	Poligul	Total	Rivers	Channels	Water Communications: Tanks: Anicut Entry	Ramadie	Total	Cattles: Anicut Entry	Ramadie	Total	Bunds	Sluices &c.	Channels	Forts: Pucka	Kutcha	Religious Establishments: Pagodas	Hindoo Temples	Roads & Revenue Inducements: Bungalow Halts	Mussulmans Choultries	Hindoo Choultries	Sarrays	Gardens	Groves	Houses: Pucka	Kutcha	Straw Houses	Total	Population Natives	Europeans, Topasses	Grand Total
1	Chunnaroyputam Casba	1	2	2	1	3	"	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	48	"	"	1	"	8	2	19	24	19	"	"	16	10	"	104	"	756	91	847	97	600	63	760
2	Nobaly & Co	9	"	9	"	9	"	"	1	"	1	4	2	6	1	6	"	"	"	1	1	12	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	1	104	"	"	12	124	90	19	"	109
3	Allapoor	8	"	8	"	8	"	"	1	"	1	7	"	7	"	5	"	"	"	1	1	12	"	"	1	"	"	4	"	3	92	"	12	91	103	81	11	"	92
4	Chevagra	15	"	15	"	15	"	"	2	"	2	11	8	19	"	12	1	"	"	"	5	20	"	"	"	"	"	2	1	"	139	15	10	164	190	158	10	6	174
5	Combal	7	"	7	"	7	"	"	2	"	2	8	4	12	"	8	"	"	"	"	2	12	"	"	1	"	2	1	"	112	30	6	90	126	94	20	9	123
6	Ezalee Koondy	5	2	7	"	7	"	"	"	"	"	7	1	8	"	6	"	"	"	"	"	8	"	"	2	"	1	2	"	1	124	57	10	90	157	111	44	"	155
7	Catarayputtah	5	2	7	"	7	"	"	"	"	"	5	"	5	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	10	"	"	9	1	"	"	"	1	41	"	4	35	39	41	"	3	44
8	Muttegatta	4	1	5	"	5	"	"	1	"	1	3	"	3	"	2	"	"	"	"	1	8	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	8	65	"	5	63	68	60	6	"	66
9	Arragunaut	8	2	8	2	10	"	"	1	"	1	7	2	19	"	12	"	"	"	"	2	17	"	"	2	"	"	1	2	34	137	50	15	124	194	172	20	8	160
10	Banavassee	13	3	16	"	16	"	"	1	"	1	21	5	26	"	8	"	"	"	"	2	23	"	"	2	"	"	3	1	"	146	20	12	178	180	120	8	10	138
11	Balloogollas	8	4	12	"	12	"	"	2	"	2	10	3	13	"	9	2	"	"	1	3	21	"	"	8	1	"	5	2	4	173	10	8	191	209	190	4	"	194
12	Burgoor	7	4	11	"	11	"	"	1	"	1	8	4	12	"	9	"	"	"	1	1	15	"	"	6	"	"	6	1	4	166	25	10	87	122	104	14	"	118
13	Bahakara	8	"	8	"	8	"	"	1	"	1	6	2	8	"	5	"	"	"	"	1	12	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	8	87	35	24	45	104	77	15	"	92
14	Bettahully	8	"	8	"	8	"	"	1	"	1	8	3	11	2	5	"	"	"	2	"	12	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	57	"	"	65	65	48	17	"	65
15	Bodakahully	4	"	4	"	4	"	"	1	"	1	4	4	8	2	4	"	"	"	2	"	14	"	"	"	"	"	4	1	"	96	"	5	100	108	70	18	"	88
16	Janewaur	5	2	5	2	7	"	"	1	"	1	10	4	14	"	8	"	"	"	1	"	17	"	"	1	2	"	8	2	20	130	110	10	48	168	115	53	"	168
17	Amutee	4	1	5	1	5	"	"	"	"	"	4	3	7	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	3	"	"	"	"	"	2	"	"	44	12	"	46	58	40	17	"	57
18	Dyndegankully	3	2	5	"	5	"	"	1	"	1	3	2	5	"	5	"	"	"	2	"	6	"	"	4	1	"	2	1	"	84	"	10	81	91	73	21	"	94
19	Sagattavally	6	2	8	"	8	"	"	1	"	1	4	4	8	2	4	"	"	"	"	"	11	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	125	"	15	116	131	110	10	11	131
20	Bavastadon Kossahully	10	2	11	1	12	"	1	1	"	1	4	1	5	2	2	"	"	"	"	"	11	"	"	6	"	"	1	"	"	57	26	"	42	68	45	7	7	59
21	Bangwan	4	"	4	"	4	"	"	1	"	1	4	2	6	2	1	"	"	"	"	"	4	"	"	"	"	"	2	"	2	53	25	"	30	55	51	3	"	54
22	Annagondanhully	4	"	4	"	4	"	"	1	1	2	20	13	33	3	12	"	"	"	1	"	20	"	"	"	"	"	4	2	2	141	"	45	187	232	194	30	8	232
23	Dindoggoor	15	1	16	1	16	"	"	1	1	2	5	4	9	"	12	"	"	"	1	2	16	"	"	3	3	"	3	1	15	119	"	42	161	203	140	40	18	198
24	Annahara	11	"	11	"	11	"	"	2	"	2	6	3	9	"	10	"	"	"	1	2	36	"	"	7	1	"	3	2	"	163	"	55	218	268	189	40	13	242
25	Baugoor	8	1	9	"	9	"	"	"	"	"	2	"	2	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	3	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	36	"	"	3	3	3	"	"	3
26	Bessahully	1	1	2	"	2	"	"	"	"	"	2	"	2	"	2	"	"	"	"	"	4	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	3	23	"	3	23	26	21	5	"	26
27	Baladorre	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	1	1	2	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	3	"	"	"	"	"	1	1	1	36	"	5	30	35	30	3	2	35
28	Badegankully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	2	"	2	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	6	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	38	"	5	30	35	30	3	2	35
29	Soudgaroo	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	6	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	38	"	5	30	35	30	3	2	35
	Total	183	32	207	8	215	"	1	21	1	22	186	75	261	14	144	61	"	1	15	31	365	2	44	70	26	4	5	70	27	10	28	2[illegible]	1086	206	4095	2332	1078	165	3573

Chanashoomaree of Chinnaraypatam continued

No. of Serafs	Names of the Serafs	Enumeration of Castes — Hindoos — Brahmins	Shetties	Vyshas	Shudras: Rajkoolers	Kaikolers Chettiawar	Koddy Cudjawars	Curnum Cudjawars & Tellingas	Tellingas & Vuckaligar	Vuckaligar	Pallanarapoot	Congars	Tellingas	Jettiwars	Bogar Gollawar	Pandaram & Togar	Gollar	Calladar	Moodaliars	Carnam	Silver Smiths	Brass Smiths	Iron Smiths	Carpenters	Coomber	Sarooga	Dyster	Shurpa	Pattrakarar	Dobigar	Mochie	Nangaram	Napeda	Ranger	Mangar	Cuptan	Tyliary	Bogtar	Talliard	Cajan	Tamarate	Cattamy	Chuttiden	Miscellaneous: Bussan	Kolayn	Cudel	Nungar	Nayrattas	Jains	Mussulmans	Grand Total
1	Chengaraya patam Cusba	73	6	36	"	6	7	95	10	96	18	"	"	"	20	52	7	5	22	12	6	15	14	10	1	12	42	23	6	9	3	2	14	16	4	13	11	9	1	6	"	1	2	1	35	7	"	3	7	25	766
2	Hobaly do do	"	"	"	"	4	"	6	"	73	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	8	"	4	"	"	"	"	"	2	"	"	"	"	"	1	2	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	10	"	"	"	"	3	109
3	Allapoor	4	"	"	"	2	"	2	"	62	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	10	"	4	"	"	3	1	"	2	"	"	"	"	"	1	2	"	3	"	"	"	4	"	"	"	"	4	"	"	"	"	"	94
4	Sebengapa	1	"	"	"	2	"	4	"	116	"	6	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	16	"	4	"	"	1	"	"	2	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	3	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	15	"	3	"	"	1	154
5	Cumbaly	5	"	"	"	2	"	13	"	63	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	25	"	2	"	"	4	2	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	2	"	3	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	3	"	"	"	"	"	123
6	Goodsahoondy	2	"	"	"	2	"	4	"	90	9	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	10	"	2	"	"	"	1	"	2	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	7	"	"	"	3	"	"	"	2	6	"	"	"	"	3	155
7	Catarayatta	2	"	"	"	1	"	1	"	18	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	2	"	"	"	"	"	44
8	Mutthegatta	1	"	"	"	3	"	1	"	44	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	2	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	"	"	"	"	"	66
9	Carragunal	5	"	"	"	5	"	21	"	102	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	10	"	3	"	"	3	2	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	4	"	2	"	"	2	160
10	Brahmasee	1	"	"	"	3	"	3	"	101	2	"	1	4	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	1	3	"	5	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	8	"	2	"	"	2	138
11	Ballagatta	3	"	"	"	5	"	4	"	125	9	"	4	"	"	"	"	"	"	8	"	4	"	"	3	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	5	"	3	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	9	"	"	"	"	6	194
12	Burgoor	4	"	"	"	6	"	9	"	94	6	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	23	"	4	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	6	"	1	2	"	"	2	1	"	"	"	8	"	"	"	"	7	172
13	Pacharara	"	"	"	"	"	"	12	"	88	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	3	"	3	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	14	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	5	"	1	318
14	Cakahully	"	"	"	"	1	"	4	"	33	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	24	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	10	"	2	1	"	1	92
15	Bodakankully	1	"	"	"	1	"	2	"	39	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	4	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	1	4	"	2	"	"	"	2	1	"	"	14	"	"	"	"	3	65
16	Janeweur	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	47	"	"	"	"	3	"	"	"	"	13	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	4	"	2	3	"	"	3	2	"	"	"	9	"	"	"	"	3	88
17	Arutie	18	"	"	"	3	"	14	"	31	"	"	2	40	"	"	"	"	"	24	"	2	"	"	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	8	"	2	3	"	"	3	2	"	"	"	9	"	"	"	"	"	168
18	Duzdaganhully	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	25	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	17	"	"	"	"	2	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	"	"	"	2	"	"	"	"	10	"	"	"	"	"	57
19	Tagdatavally	20	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	9	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	34	"	"	"	"	"	2	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	2	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	7	"	"	"	"	"	94
20	Shrastreur Hobahully	3	"	"	"	6	"	"	"	86	"	"	"	"	3	"	"	"	"	13	"	1	"	"	1	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	2	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	11	"	1	"	3	"	131
21	Bangwaul	"	"	"	"	1	"	1	"	33	6	"	"	2	"	"	"	"	"	9	"	1	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	59
22	Andagondankully	2	"	"	"	"	"	18	"	28	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	5	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	4	"	"	"	"	"	34
23	Dundoogoor	10	1	"	"	3	"	15	"	110	"	"	"	"	"	3	"	"	"	14	"	2	"	"	"	3	"	5	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	5	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	30	"	"	"	10	212
24	Annakara	19	"	"	"	"	"	4	3	45	3	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	24	"	2	"	"	3	"	"	2	3	"	"	"	"	"	1	3	"	24	"	"	"	6	"	"	"	"	15	"	1	"	"	1	163
25	Bangoor	19	"	"	"	1	"	25	"	105	7	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	5	"	"	"	"	7	1	2	9	"	"	"	"	"	"	3	3	"	4	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	21	"	1	"	"	1	212
26	Bellahully	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	3
27	Baladevel	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	22	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	2	"	"	"	26
28	Badagankully	"	"	"	3	"	"	2	"	27	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	5	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	3	"	"	"	28
29	Coudagara	2	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	23	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	35
	Total	195	7	36	3	56	2	266	13	1720	65	6	7	48	20	52	10	8	22	328	6	51	14	10	36	27	53	53	6	9	3	2	34	78	4	84	16	9	1	39	9	1	2	17	251	7	14	5	7	67	3773

Dahazada of the Chinnaroypatam District

No. of Taluks	No. of Villages	Names of the Villages	Villages: Kistly	Dakely	Inam	Total	Water: Channels	Tanks	Cutlas	Wells	Conals	Rivulets	Forts	Bungalows	Fully Cutcha: Bungalows	Tarpaulins	Remarks
1		Taraff Chinnaroyputam															
	1	Cusba Chinnaroyputam	1		1	1		1	2	48			1	1	8		
	2	Perungemota		1		1	1										
	3	Nagdsamoodradaculla		1		1	1										
		Total	1	2	1	2	3		1	2	48		1	1	8		
2		Hobaly of Chinnaroyputam															
	1	Narahoohully	1		1	1			1						2	1	
	2	Soatoopankully	1		1	1			1								
	3	Goondesetty hully	1		1	1			1								
	4	Coombahoohully	1		1	1				1					1		
	5	Toorankully	1		1	1									1		
	6	Toragmabankully	1		1	1									1		
	7	Toolavadpa	1		1	1			1					1	3		
	8	Bayrahaul	1		1	1			1						1		
	9	Vobalapore	1		1	1			1						3		
		Total	9		9	9			6	1				1	12	1	
3		Taraff Anragondankully															
	1	Cusba Anragondankully	1		1	1			3						1	2	
	2	Ballaguttal	1		1	1			1		1				1		
	3	Audoogoor	1		1	1			1		1				1		
	4	Belasamoodra	1		1	1			1						1		
		Total	4		4	4			6	2					4	2	
1		Taraff Dayastaum Hossahully															
	1	Cusba Hossahully	1			1			1								
	2	Calanoohully	1		1	1			1						1		
	3	Bendaranhully	1		1	1			1		1				1		
	4	Yachanoohully	1		1	1			1						1		
	5	Joageepoor	1		1	1				1					1		
	6	Chickandanahully	1		1	1			1						1		
	7	Dakely Villages of do		2	2	2											
	8	Mojanahully	1		1	1			1						1		
	9	Carremahahully	1		1	1			1						2		
	10	Chickanoohully	1		1	1								1	1		
	11	Balagondas	1		1	1			1						2		
		Total	10	2	11	1	12	1		8		2			11		
5		Taraff Burgoor															
	1	Cusba Burgoor	1		1	1			1					1	6	2	
	2	Dakely Villages of do		1	1	1				2							
	3	Cholanoohully	1		1	1				1				1	1		
	4	Dakelly Villages of do		1	1	1											
		Carried over	2	2	4	4	1			1		1	1	7	2		

No.	Name of Village	Village				Water				Forts				Remarks
		Mud	Bricks	Thatch	Tiles	Ponds	Wells	Springs	Tanks	Mud	Bricks	Regular	Irregular	
	[illegible]	2	2	4	4	1	-	-	-	1	1	1	7	2
5	Kadaroku	1		1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
6	[illegible]		2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	[illegible]	1	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
8	[illegible]	1	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
9	[illegible]	1		1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
10	[illegible]	1		1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
	Total	7	4	11	11	1	5	-	-	1	1	1	15	4
6	[illegible]													
1	[illegible]	1		1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	3
2	[illegible]	1		1	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	3	-
3	[illegible]	1		1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
4	[illegible]	1		1		-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
5	[illegible]	[illegible]		1		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
	Total	4	-	5	-	-	3	-	-	1	-	-	8	8
7	Taraf [illegible]													
1	Cuchia [illegible]	1		1	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	5	-
2	[illegible]	1		1	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-
3	[illegible]	1		1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
4	[illegible]	1		1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	3
5	[illegible]	1		1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	[illegible]	1		1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
7	[illegible]	1		1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
8	[illegible]	1		1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
	Total	8	-	8	8	1	7	-	-	1	1	-	12	3
8	Taraff [illegible]													
1	Cuchia [illegible]	1		1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	4	1
2	[illegible]		2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	[illegible]	1		1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
4	[illegible]	1		1	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-
5	[illegible]	1		1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	[illegible]	1		1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
	Total	5	2	7	7	-	5	-	-	-	1	-	10	1
9	Taraff [illegible]													
1	Cuchia [illegible]	1	-	1	1	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	8	15
2	[illegible]	1	-	1	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	[illegible]	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	[illegible]	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	[illegible]	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
6	[illegible]	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	[illegible]	1	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
8	[illegible]	1	-	1	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
9	[illegible]	1	-	1	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
10	[illegible]	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	[illegible]	1	-	1	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
	Total	11	-	11	11	2	9	-	-	1	-	-	16	15
10	Taraff [illegible]													
1	Cuchia [illegible]	1	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	4	2
2	[illegible]	-	1	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
	Total	1	1	2	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	4	3

No. of Circuits	No. of Villages	Names of the Villages	Villages: Mud	Brick	Mud	Tiled	Granite	Terrace	Tiled	Mud	Terrace	Tiled	Remarks
11		Taraff Dandeegankully											
	1	Cusbah Dandeegankully	1	"	1	"	1	"	4	"	"	1	"
	2	Taluky of Do	"	2	2	"	2	"	"	"	"	"	"
	3	Nootah hully	1	"	1	"	1	"	2	"	"	1	"
	4	Nondanhully	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	1	"
		Total	3	2	5	"	5	"	7	"	"	3	"
12		Taraff Tegatavelly											
	1	Cusba Agrahar	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	1	"
	2	Hattey Bandankully	1	"	1	"	1	"	3	"	"	1	"
	3	Kayloodradahully	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	1	"
	4	Ongasadankully	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	1	"
	5	Ponnanoohully	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	1	"
	6	Nerrampore	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	7	Taluky of Do	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"
	8	Hully Yaboorraloo	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
		Total	6	2	8	"	8	"	15	"	"	26	1
13		Taraff Badeegana hully											
	1	Cusba Badeegana hully	1	"	1	"	1	"	2	"	"	3	1
14		Taraff Goudgara											
	1	Cusba Goudgara	1	"	1	"	1	"	2	"	"	1	6
15		Taraff Basalahully											
	1	Cusba Basalahully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"
16		Taraff Janavara											
	1	Cusba Janavara	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	4
	2	Nauvanore	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	4
	3	Taluky of Do	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	4	Calambohully	1	"	1	"	4	"	"	"	"	3	"
	5	Ramadenhully	1	"	1	"	3	"	"	1	"	1	"
	6	Allavanhully	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	2	"
	7	Seemanhully	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
		Total	5	2	5	2	7	"	18	"	"	2	14	2
17		Taraff Dindoogool											
	1	Cusba Dindoogool	1	"	1	"	1	"	6	"	"	1	9	2
	2	Nuylanoohully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	3	Coonahully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	1	"
	4	Arraiapore	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"
	5	Holsoor	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	
	6	Bhundeehully	1	"	1	"	3	"	"	"	"	2	"	
	7	Dundeepore	1	"	1	"	2	"	"	1	"	1	"	
	8	Davadgery	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	2	
	9	Settlepully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	1	"	3	"	
	10	Soluvanaguttia	1	"	1	"	5	"	"	1	"	1	"	
	11	Anjanapully	1	"	1	"	4	"	"	"	"	3	"	
	12	Calloohara	1	"	1	"	3	"	"	"	"	4	"	
	13	Taluky of Do	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
	14	Ayarhully	1	"	1	"	2	"	"	"	"	1	"	
	15	Chavoodanhully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	
	16	Soorakayeepore	1	"	1	"	2	"	"	"	"	"	"	
		Total	15	1	15	1	16	"	33	"	"	3	1	29	2

N° Taraff	N° Villages	Names of the Villages	Villages: Mudy	Villages: Pariahs	Villages: Shepherds	Villages: Total	Water: Tanneys	Water: Tanks	Water: Wells	Water: Horses	Water: Annas	Fort: Total	Fort: Bourges	Fort: Pagodas	Fort: Fanams	Remarks
18		Taraff Bada Kanapully														
	1	Cusba Badakanapully	1	1	1	2							1	3		
	2	Hargoopanhully	1	1	1	2					1			4		
	3	Ammalapore	1	1	1	2								2		
	4	Velagarasomanhully	1	1	1	5					1		1	3		
		Total	4	4	4	11					2		2	12		
19		Taraff Banakara														
	1	Cusba Banakara	1	1	1	1								1		
	2	Naranahully Agrahar	1	1	1	2								1		
	3	Narasapore	1	1	1	1								1		
	4	Capaganagutta	1	1	1	2								1		
	5	Tattehully	1	1	1	2								1		
	6	Samoodrahully	1	1	1	3								2	4	
	7	Hosoor	1	1	1	1								1		
		Total	7	7	7	12								8	4	
20		Taraff Codoohoondee														
	1	Cusba Codoohoondee	1	1	1	2								3		
	2	Dafely do	2	2	2											
	3	Cassobagara	1	1	1	1								2		
	4	Vedagarahully	1	1	1	2								3		
	5	Hazmansohully	1	1	1	2										
	6	Lingapoor	1	1	1	1										
		Total	5	2	7	7		8						8		
21		Taraff Bagoovaul														
	1	Cusba Bagoovaul	1	1	1	1	2							8		
	2	Ballapully	1	1	1	1								1		
	3	Chuttaradanhully	1	1	1	1								1		
	4	Curramaranhully	1	1	1	1								1		
		Total	4	4	4	5								11		
22		Taraff Cambal														
	1	Cusba Cambal	1	1	1	2	3						1	5	2	
	2	Beedaroo	1	1	1	1	3						1	3		
	3	Alsadahully	1	1	1	1	1						1	1		
	4	Comptahully	1	1	1	1	2							2		
	5	Babapoor	1	1	1	1	1									
	6	Cunjahully	1	1	1	1	1									
	7	Bassavanapore	1	1	1	1	1							1		
		Total	7	7	7	2	12						2	12	2	
23		Taraff Arraganaul														
	1	Cusba Arraganaul	1	1	1	1	3							5	34	
	2	Doda Arraganaul	1	1	1	1	5						1	5		
	3	Heeraul	1	1	1	1	2							2		
	4	Heeragesamoodrum	1	1	1	1	1							1		
	5	Bassavanapore	1	1	1	1	1									
	6	Ammalapore	1	1	1	1	1						1	1		
	7	Currahilly	1	1	1	1	2							2		
	8	Honnan Capaloo	1	1	1	1										
		Carried over	7	1	7	1	8	1	15				1	2	16	34

No. of Taraffs	No. of Villages	Names of the Villages	Villages: Hobly	Villages: Dubbah	Villages: Aduvel	Villages: Total	Water: Channel	Water: Tanks	Water: Wells	Water: Springs	Water: Ponds	Fords: Passages	Fords: Fordables	Remarks
		Brought over	7	1	7	18	-	1	15	-	-	-	12	16	34	
	9	Mongalapore	1	-	1	-	2	-	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	
	10	Gavaodanuttoo	-	1	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		Total	8	2	8	2	16	-	19	-	-	-	12	17	34	
24		Taraff Annectee														
	1	Cusba Annectee	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	2	10	-	-	1	-	8	20	
	2	Dabely of Do	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	3	Codeehully	1	-	1	-	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	1	4	-		
	4	Cuvalapore	1	-	1	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-		
	5	Valagarahully	1	-	1	-	1	-	4	-	-	-	1	-	4	-		
		Total	4	1	4	1	5	-	11	10	-	-	2	1	17	20		
25		Taraff Cattahully														
	1	Cusba Cattahully	1	-	1	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	3	-		
	2	Berapore	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-		
	3	Holoohully	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-		
	4	Madaldpoor	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-		
	5	Savanagutta	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-		
	6	Gobalehully	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-		
	7	Nullapore	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-		
	8	Beejagondanhully	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-		
		Total	8	-	8	-	8	-	18	-	-	-	1	-	12	-		
26		Taraff Bagoor														
	1	Cusba Bagoor	1	-	1	-	1	-	4	-	-	-	1	1	21	-		
	2	Linga pore	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	3	Cavaodanahully	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-		
	4	Dadeehully	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-		
	5	Davanahully	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-		
	6	Moravanahully	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-		
	7	Mullanoohully	1	-	1	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	1	3	-		
	8	Madanahully	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	9	Honnanoohully	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-		
		Total	8	1	9	-	9	-	29	-	-	-	1	2	36	-		
27		Taraff Seerevara														
	1	Cusba Seerevara	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	1	7	-		
	2	Navagoor	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	1	3	-		
	3	Honeenacara	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	2	-		
	4	Natteegoodanhully	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-		
	5	Commanhully	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-			
	6	Tonmanhully	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-		
	7	Mullanoohully	1	-	1	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	1	-			
		Carried over	7	-	7	-	7	-	28	1	-	-	-	3	18	-		

No. of Taraffs	No. of Villages	Names of the Villages	Villages: Male	Female	Total	Houses	Water: Tanks	Cattles	Wells	Wooden	Canoes	Forts	Temples	Pagodas	Cattles	Remarks
		Brought over	7	7	7		2	8	1				3	18		
	8	Hongankully	1	1	1			2					1			
	9	Combarkully	1	1	1			2					1			
	10	Cullecsamankully	1	1	1			1								
	11	Agasarkully	1	1	1			2								
	12	Pallemarankully	1	1	1			2								
	13	Chuckankully	1	1	1			1								
	14	Honnanookully	1	1	1			1								
	15	Booyurkully	1	1	1											
		Total	15	15	15		2	19	1				5	27		
28		Taraff Ballooggoolas														
	1	Casbar Ballooggoolas	1	1	1		1	2	2			1		6		
	2	Chawcolagollas	1	1	1			2					1	4		
	3	Pakelly of Do		2	2		2		1							
	4	Nallekarras	1	1	1			1					1	2		
	5	Cargbanookully	1	1	1			1						4		
	6	Tautankully	1	1	1			1						1		
	7	Timmaroo	1	1	1			1						1		
	8	Doddamuttegutta or	1	1	1		1	4					1			
	9	Capardee														
	10	Pakelies of Do		2	2		2									
	10	Chucka Capoda	1	1	1			1						3		
		Total	8	4	12		2	13	2			1	3	21		
29		Taraff Banawasee														
	1	Cusba Banawasee	1	1	1			4				1		3		
	2	Coopparakully	1	1	1			1						1		
	3	Calanookully	1	1	1			2						1		
	4	Davanoor	1	1	1			2						3		
	5	Agrahara-adarakully	1	1	1			5						2		
	6	Hallaguenakully	1	1	1			1								
	7	Cabbapore	1	1	1			1								
	8	Hroostapore	1	1	1			1								
	9	Agrahara	1	1	1			2						1		
	10	Haronkully	1	1	1			2					1	2		
	11	Hoonganookully	1	1	1			1						2		
	12	Pakelies of Do		2	2		2							6		
	13	Coondoor	1	1	1		1	3					1	6		
	14	Narrampore	1	1	1									1		
	15	Ankanelly	1	1	1									1		
		Total	13	3	16		1	25				1	2	23		

Abstract of the Chennaroypatam District

No. of Taraffs	Names of the Taraffs	Villages					Water						Forts		Pollams Estates	
		Mostly Ryotty	Ryotty & Jaghire	Jaghire	Pagoda	Total	Channels	Tanks	Cottas	Wells	Bonds	Aymas	Forts	Bungies	Pagodas	Gardens
1	Cusba of Chennaroypatam	1	2	2	1	3	"	1	2	48	1	"	1	"	8	"
2	Taraff Chennaroypatam	9	"	9	"	9	"	1	6	"	"	1	"	1	12	1
3	Do Annagondanhully	4	"	4	"	4	"	"	6	"	"	2	"	"	4	2
4	Do Dasastana Hoffahully	10	2	11	1	12	1	"	8	"	"	2	"	"	11	"
5	Do Burgoor	7	4	11	"	11	"	1	5	"	"	1	1	1	15	4
6	Do Mulleegutta	4	1	5	"	5	"	"	3	"	"	"	1	"	8	8
7	Do Alaypor	8	"	8	"	8	"	1	7	"	"	"	1	1	12	3
8	Do Collaragutta	5	2	7	"	7	"	"	5	"	"	"	"	1	10	1
9	Do Anhakara	11	"	11	"	11	"	2	9	"	"	"	1	"	16	15
10	Do Balladora	1	1	2	"	2	"	"	2	"	"	"	"	2	4	3
11	Do Dandeeganhully	3	2	5	"	5	"	"	7	"	"	"	"	"	3	"
12	Do Jagatavally	6	2	8	"	8	"	1	5	"	"	"	"	2	6	1
13	Do Badeegahahully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	2	"	"	"	"	1	3	"
14	Do Gudgara	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	2	"	"	"	"	1	6	"
15	Do Kasalahully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	"
16	Do Janawar	5	2	5	2	7	"	1	8	"	"	"	2	"	2	14	"
17	Do Dindoogoor	15	1	15	1	16	"	1	33	"	"	"	3	1	1	29	2
18	Do Badakanahully	4	"	4	"	4	"	"	11	"	"	"	2	"	2	12	"
19	Do Banakara	7	"	7	"	7	"	"	12	"	"	"	"	"	"	8	4
20	Do Coodookoondee	5	2	7	"	7	"	"	8	"	"	"	"	"	"	8	"
21	Do Baugwal	4	"	4	"	4	"	1	5	"	"	"	"	"	"	11	"
22	Do Combal	7	"	7	"	7	"	2	12	"	"	"	2	1	12	2
23	Do Arraganaul	8	2	8	2	10	"	1	19	"	"	"	1	2	17	34
24	Do Asheetee	4	1	4	1	5	"	1	11	10	"	"	2	1	17	20
25	Do Cakahully	8	"	8	"	8	"	1	8	"	"	"	1	"	12	"
26	Do Bagoor	8	1	9	"	9	"	2	9	"	"	"	1	2	36	"
27	Do Sireevara	15	"	15	"	15	"	2	19	1	"	"	"	5	27	"
28	Do Balloogola	8	4	12	"	12	"	2	13	2	"	"	1	3	21	"
29	Do Bandwafsee	13	3	16	"	16	"	1	25	"	"	"	1	2	23	"
	Total	183	32	207	8	215	1	22	262	61	1	14	15	31	365	100

Historical Account of Chinnarayapatnam

Communicated at that Place

in December 1801.

AD 1343 In the reign of Hurryhur Rayel King of Beejanagur this Country forming part of his Dominions that Rayah built a Village called Amrootnaudpore which he granted as an Agraharom to the Bramens:

The Kingdom was ruled by different Kings after him down to Krustna-Deva Rayaloo who had no male issue to succeed him in the Government; he married his Daughter to Rama Rayaloo (who was a descendant of the Arveed family) & appointed him his Successor in the Kingdom of Carnatic & other Desoms; thenaforward Rama Rayaloo from the day of his marriage was called by the Title of Allega Rama Rayaloo, Allega signifying in Canara Son in law.

AD 1509 to 1530 Rama Rayaloo ruled with reputation for several years receiving Tributes even from the Mussulman Padshas of Deckan. His Empire extended towards the North as far as the Nurbada River & on the South to Tatoo, a great Enmity arose between the Mussulman Badshas & Rama Rayaloo on a religious account, for the Rayel in several instances having given Offence to the Mahomedans, the four Padshas of Deckan finding the time favorable entered into a confederacy & assembling their Armies together they marched against

AD 1564 him & Rama Rayaloo was slain in Battle & all his Dominion that were situated North of the Toombodra were divided among them.

On the downfall of the Beejanagur Government, one of the descendants of Rama Rayaloo named Schreé Runga-Rayaloo, came alone in great poverty to Womatore (on whose ruins

Schreé Runga Patan

Sreerangapatam now stands, which was on an Island between the branches of the Cavery; here he got some lands for his residence & having no family was obliged to keep a Concubine a woman of Stranger Caste:

While he thus resided here Stree Runga Nakoo-loo the God worshipped of old in that place (whose Image lay buried here) appeared in a dream, & advised him to take him up & place him in a Pagoda whence he would acquire by his favor Wealth & affluence equal to his Ancestors. — Stree Runga Rayaloo conforming to the instructions of the God, by his favor found in the earth a great deal of riches by which he shortly acquired Power & consideration in that Country — He rented the neighbouring lands & entertaining troops, in time he brought the Polligars of Mysore & Collala to obey his Order as a descendant of the Ancient Sovereign Race. *

Having formed a considerable Army he went against the Polligars of the several Pollams & reduced 84 Pudaces within the Space of 6 Years; & cut off the numerous Rebels of these Quarters, during that period. —

Stree Runga Rayaloo dying of Sickness his Concubine proposed to the Polligars by way of trial that they should acknowledge her in the room of her husband; but the Polligars of Mysore, Tallacaud & Maunungee refusing to agree to this she cursed them in a Verse in the language of that Country which signifies as follows. —

Maunungee Madvagallee ... "May Maunungee be overwhelmed by the Waters.

Tallacaud Mallalagallee ... "May Tallacaud by sands be covered

Mysore dayargee Makall-Mada hogallee } "And the Mysore Race be ever childless

Having

* The origin of Stree-rungapatam of an Ancient date & the Establishment of Sreerungaraya &c. & those of more recent date are here confounded together, from his death the origin & succession of the Mysore Rajahs is generally detailed but the History of this part will more properly come under Review under the Survey of the Mysore or Sreerungapatam Province.

Having thus cursed the Polligars she burned herself with her Husbands Corpse in the fire.

On the death of the Raja all the Polligars joyfully divided his Country among them & returned to their respective Residences; but afterwards they agreed to pay tribute to the Raja of Penna-conda who was the lineal Decendant of the Beejanagur Kings.

In the reign of Venkatapatty Rayaloo King of Penna-conda one of his Relations* was Governor of the Country of Streerangapatam tilt Raja Vadeyar Polligar of Mysore by consent of Venkatapatty Rayaloo took possession of Streerangapatam
AD 1609 in the Year Salleevahan 1529 & in the Cycle Touma on the 10th of Bahoolom of Margaseer Month which he ruled for some Years & was Succeeded by Jama Raja Vadeyar who ruled for 19 Years & 11 Months

Jama Raja Vadeyar after his accession to Streerangapatam assembled a great force & marching against the other Polligars reduced the Paddies of Ballapor, Hobbidee, Channapatam &c & took Nagamungul which was the Capital of Jagdavaray who had first caused the Country of Baramahl to be inhabited & cultivated.

About this time the Polligar of Narsupore named Letchemapa Naik had taken this Village of Amroota-Naudpore or Collatore[2] belonging to the Balpore district from Rotaguerya who was Hubbaroobe (by which the Office of Poude is called generally in the Streerangapatam Country) which he granted as a Poombattee Ka or Jageer to his Son Chinnaroya (whom he had by the Gunne favour of Chinnaroya Swamy) this Chinnaroya built here a Village which after his name since that period has been called Chinnaroyapatam.

But the Polligar of Narsupore having after this made peace with Venkatapa Naik Polligar of Bellore delivered up the place to its original owner & returned to his proper Country.

Chennarayapatam continued under the management of Venkatapa Naik

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* Immudi Raja appears to be his name from other documents.

[2] Amroodnaidupore was anciently called Collatore from its numerous Gardens whose fruit falling & melting in the water thence gave it this name; for Collat Signifies in Canara Melting.

Venkatapa Naik untill Immaraja Vadeyar Polligar of My
A.D. 1633 Sore reduced this District in the Sallevahan year 1555 & 1st of Pra
-dom of Palgoon Month of Treemooka Cycle Year -

From that time it continued under the Rajahs of Mys
till the revolution effected by Hyder in the following Successions a

		Year	Month	Day
3	Immadee Raja Vadeyar	1	4	2
4	Conteerava Narsa Raja Vadeyar	20	9	18
5	Dawaraja Vadeyar	13	6	3
6	Chicka Dawaraja Vadeyar	31	7	7
7	Conteerava Narsaraja Vadeyar	8	4	14
8	Lastly Kistna Raja Vadeyar who succeeded on the			

1st of Bahoodom of Veejaya Cycle Year -

This place has been besieged & taken several times when-
ever an Enemy approached towards Seringapatam.

In the time of Kistnaraja Vadeyar & in the year
A.D. 1756 Dattoo Cycle the Mharatta Chiefs Nand Row & Gopaul Row
advanced into this Country with a Army, after fighting for 20 d
they captured this Fort of Chinnarayapatam & returned from
this Country in the Bahoodana Cycle Year.

Afterwards during the Government of the Bahader
when Treejambak Mama marched to Seringapatam, after
defeating Hyder's Army near Maloo Catta he took possession o
Chinnarayapatam & the other Districts which they held for on
Year the Bahader making a peace with him he returned to h
Court -

In the Government of Kistnaraja Vadeyar of Myso
he had two Dalvoys Nanja Rajaya & Dand Rajaya, their
Servent Hyder under their Protection on several occasions & in m
actions distinguished himself by zeal & activity to please his Mast
who by their favor promoted him to high rank & commands. -
ing thus raised to Power & having a great Military Force und
them he usurped the Rajahs Dominions & confined his own Ma
A.D. 1766. & Master Nanja Raja in the Month of Jastom of Vaya
de Year & established himself as Sovereign of the State: Afterwar

Encrease

increasing his troops he gradually conquered from the Foreign Powers the Country on the North as far as Darwaur on the West to the Sea, on the Eastward & North East as far as Gooddapa ~~Hoo Kittee Kotta~~ & towards the South as far as Nanjamar & the adjacent Countries.—

A.D. 1782 He died of sickness on his Camp in Salba Ghaat near Chittore & his Son Tippoo succeeded to the Government of his Father — Having provoked the enmity of the Company their Commanders Lord Cornwallis & General Medows came with an Army to conquer him; but returned to their own Dominions on his making peace & ceding several Districts to the United Allies —

A.D. 1799 In the Year Seedardee when Tippoo was killed by the Companys forces & his Dominions subverted, this District was ceded to the Share of Kistnaraya Vadeyar the present King — Since which time his Amuldars have been Managing it under the Dewan Poornah.

5

Of the Antiquities & Buildings at the town of Chennarayapatam

When the place was only an obscure village named (Vellore ?) Pradesh grass from the Earth whom the people call (Vellore Devar ?) built a Pagoda over her Statue."

One quarter Cross South from the town is also the Figure of the old Raja Eswara whose Images arose of itself from out the Earth.

When the place was yet only a Braman Agra[ha]ram, the Inhabitants of Machana Nayaka (a Raja) named Lakshmi Narasimha & Santaladevee in Caste Dancing girl built here a large Tank on the North East of the place & a Pagoda on its bank to Mantab Eswar & another in its Centre to Vasta Eswar. These are still in good condition.

Bassava Raja Son of Praloo Dodea, Lord of Innocanady an Officer of the Mysore Rajas, built the present Fort of Stone in the year Sallewahan He also built the Pagoda of Chendrasakar in the Fort & set up the Pillar called Garoodacomum in front of the Pagoda of Chennaroy which was built by Jackana Charle (a famous Architect who also built the Pagoda at Bellore & Halla Beed) famous for their elegant stile of building in the time of the Beejanagur Rajaloo.

Chicka Dawaraja Vadeyar during his government also built here a Petta North of the Fort which is called Chickadevaroypetta. This Dawa Rayaloo, was the first who instituted the Regulations of Civil Department the Revenue Police &c in the Mysore Dominions.

During the reign of Kistnaraja Vadeyar one of the Rajahs relations being in the management of the Revenue of this District built here a Tank with Steps named Cav-

-aney

lance Hondas; in the Centre of this Tank a Bagavat or Comedian Chenappya built a small Pagoda in which he placed the God Chendra-Mul-Iswar.

Remarks on the District of Chennaroypatnam in December 1801.

Soil & The South part of this District is Jungly but on the other side is a plain & open Country

The Soil is divided into 4 Kinds as in other Districts 1 Ragadda or Clay - 2 Cumpoo or Red - 3 Ballee White or Brown 4 Colloo or Stoney.

Productions The land generally produces the 9 Principal Kinds of Grains known in Hindoostan but very little Wheat - Plenty of Sugar Canes. Fruits. Betel & Areka nut; no Grapes nor Figs

Plantations There are Many Gardens in this Country planted in 2 Years - vary on the Nat. Soils -

Animals Tygers are seldom seen in the Jungles of this District -

Rivers One Cofs South of the Cusba the River Hamavutty crosses the District 12 miles 12 Cofs West among the Hills of Jonnuheed & joins the Cavery near Adtora & Sreerangapatam. -

Woods There are no great quantities of Sandal as in the Banavaram & Gurroodanagerry Districts.

Minerals There are no Minerals of any value but Iron.

Manufactures There are no fine Combalies as in the Chitteldroog Country made here, a coarse kind is made of from 1 to 2 Rupees price — They manufacture Cotton Cloths from 1 to 5 Pagodas values

Bullocks Bullocks are sold here from 3 to 10 Pagodas & Buffalaes from 2 to 5 Pagodas.

Imports There being no Cotton cultivated in this Country, the Inhabitants purchase what they want once a Year from the Merchants who bring it from Adony & other Northern Provinces.

Language The Inhabitants generally use the Canara Tongue but the Mootaseddies keep duplicates of the Canara Accounts in Mahratta for the use of the Huzzoor.

Turdangeery

Chanashoomar of the Gardangeery District for the Year (Koormatee or) A.D 1801–1802.

No. of District	Name of the District	Villages: Pora'ds	Villages: Nadu	Villages: Pa'dy	Villages: Inhabited	Villages: Ruined	Villages: Total	Water: Chunnels	Water: Tanks	Water: Cuttas	Water: Small do for Cattle	Water: Wells	Forts: Pettah Forts	Forts: Low Forts	Forts: Bungalows	Forts: Choultered Bungalows	Pagodas	Mosques	Pagoras (Shops)	Pagoras (Out Walls)	Toms	Mungals	Plasma	Pa'd'sung ma'dang Placed	Houses	Cattle who pay rent to the Government	Ploughs who pay Taxes	Total
1	Gardangeery	11	117	1	107	11	118	4	27½	20	22	13	1	4	17	1	203	2	15	5	157	994	6	16	1508	1242	207	134

N B

	Pavoy Candies
Land Cultivated	119 - 3
Land Uncultivated	149 - " - ¼
Quantity of ground in the District	258 - 3 ¼

Chanashoomar of Gardangeery continued –

| No. of District | Name of the District | Enumeration of Castes | | |

Dahazada of the Jurdangeery District

No. of Tariffs	No. of Villages	Names of the Villages	Villages: Mokly	Villages: Pakoly	Villages: Inhabited	Villages: Planets	Villages: Total	Tanks: In good order	Tanks: Broken	Tanks: Total	Pattas: In good order	Pattas: Broken	Pattas: Total	Remarks
1		Tariff Panuccatta												
	1	Cusba Panuccatta	1	..	1	..	1	1	..	1	1	..	1	
	2	Battankully	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	3	Malankully	1	..	1	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	
	4	Panchankully	1	..	1	..	1	1	..	1	1	..	1	
	5	Nedavankully	1	..	1	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	
	6	Voopankully	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	
	7	Margankully	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	8	Tirumalapore	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	9	Gongankully	1	..	1	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	
	10	Soondrundarra	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	11	Casavankully	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	12	Bommankully	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	13	Ramankully	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total	13	..	11	2	13	4	1	5	3	..	3	
2		Tariff Carasonta												
	1	Cusba Carasonta	1	..	1	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	
	2	Somankully	1	..	1	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	
	3	Nullagutta	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	
	4	Codelkully	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	5	Chickanmanpully	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	
	6	Luckeesettykully	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	7	Caladdelly	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	8	Hompraspore	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	9	Pernankully	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total	9	..	9	..	9	2	..	2	2	..	2	
3		Tamat Havelly												
	1	Nagasamoodra	1	..	1	..	1	1	..	1	1	..	1	
	2	Arrahully	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	2	..	2	
	3	Pawarhully	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	
	4	Madanepore	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	5	Madapore	1	..	1	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	
	6	Seedaramankully	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	7	Rangapore	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	2	..	2	
	8	Doddankully	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	9	Chickondankully	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	
	10	Sadankully	1	..	1	..	1	1	..	1	1	..	1	
		Carried over	10	..	10	..	10	3	..	3	8	..	8	

No. of Tanks & Villages	No. of Villages	Names of the Villages	Villages: Black	Villages: Chuttiah	Villages: Inhabited	Villages: Annual	Villages: Total	Tanks: Irrigated Under	Tanks: Chuttiah	Tanks: Total	Cultivation: Irrigated Under	Cultivation: Chuttiah	Cultivation: Total	Remarks
		Brought over	10		10		10	3		3	8		8	
	11	Versupore	1		1		1				1		1	
	12	Jonnavar	1		1		1	1		1	1		1	
	13	Solomgara	1		1		1	1		1	1		1	
	14	Honnbauttu	1		1		1							
	15	Hossahully	1		1		1	1		1	1		1	
	16	Malunhully	1		1		1							
	17	Gonjepara	1		1		1	1		1				
	18	Woora	1		1		1				1		1	
	19	Condoor	1		1		1	1		1	1		1	
	20	Sanugara	1		1		1	½		½	1		1	
	21	Kothacottoo	1		1		1							
		Total	21		21		21	8½		8½	14		14	
4		Tamat Condavagalla												
	1	Casba Condavagalla	1		1		1	1		1	1		1	
	2	Timmandahully	1		1		1							
	3	Cambasagara	1		1		1							
	4	Kuintyully	1		1		1							
	5	Joorlahully	1		1		1							
	6	Kurtanhully	1		1		1				1		1	
	7	Timmalapore	1		1		1	1		1				
	8	Venkatapoor	1		1		1							
	9	Solahoor	1		1		1							
	10	Allerlasedda	1		1		1							
		Total	10		10		10	2		2	2		2	
5		Tamat Cullioogondy												
	1	Casba Cullioogondy	1		1		1	½		½				
	2	Vadapahully	1		1		1	½		½				
	3	Gollarhully	1		1		1							
	4	Corradahully	1		1		1				2		2	
	5	Hollectimmanhully		1		1	1				1		1	
	6	Cubagarhully	1		1		1	½		½				
	7	Sonnasettichully	1		1		1	½		½				
	8	Sankapnahully	1		1		1				1		1	
	9	Valahully	1		1		1							
	10	Battahully	1		1		1							
	11	Berapoor	1		1		1							
	12	Salty Luckanhully	1		1		1							
	13	Obaladavarhully	1		1		1							
		Total	12	1	12	1	13	2		2	4		4	
6	1	Tamat Coorvonka												
	1	Coorvonka	1		1		1	1		1				
	2	Sankadhully	1		1		1							
		Carried over	2		2		2	1		1				

No. Tamats	No. Villages		Villages: Many	Villages: Thatched	Villages: Tiled	Villages: Total	Tanks: In good Order	Tanks: Broken	Tanks: Total	Cuttas: In good Order	Cuttas: Broken	Cuttas: Total	Remarks
		Brought over											
	3	Murteegarka	1		1	1	1		1				
	4	Coorbarahully	1		1	1							
	5	Comarguttal	1		1	1				1		1	
	6	Tippaguttu	1		1	1				1		1	
	7	Ruggapoor	1		1	1							
	8	Hallahully	1		1	1							
	9	Chickommanhully	1		1	1				1		1	
	10	Chanonguttu	1		1	1				1		1	
	11	Badarhully	1		1	1							
		Total	11		10	1	11	2		2	4		4
7		Tamat Bebboor											
	1	Busba Bebboor	1		1	1	1		1				
	2	Acheegondanhully	1		1	1							
		Total	2		2	2	1		1				
8		Tamat Balgoor											
	1	Busba Balgoor	1		1	1	1		1	2		2	
	2	Cubbal	1		1	1				1		1	
	3	Muddoor	1		1	1				1		1	
	4	Codlehully	1		1	1				1		1	
	5	Linganhully	1		1	1				1		1	
	6	Bommanhully	1		1	1				1		1	
	7	Heeranoohully	1		1	1				1		1	
	8	Malanhully	1		1	1							
	9	Berapore	1			1	1						
	10	Collanoohully	1			1	1						
	11	Surgapore	1			1	1						
	12	Hobsahully	1		1	1							
		Total	12		9	3	12	2		2	8		8
9		Tamat Beedara											
	1	Busba Beedara	1		1	1	1		1	2		2	
	2	Conchoogolloo	1		1	1	1		1				
	3	Settehully	1		1	1				1		1	
	4	Moodunhully	1		1	1							
	5	Bafswanhully	1		1	1							
	6	Malanhully	1		1	1							
	7	Bommanhully	1		1	1				1		1	
		Total	7		7	7	2		2	4		4	
10		Tamat Singatgara											
	1	Busba Singatgara	1		1	1	1		1	1		1	
	2	Horralaguttaz	1		1	1							
	3	Bafswanhully	1		1	1							
		Carried over	3		3	3	1		1	1		1	

No. of Gansalls	No. of Villages	Names of the Villages	Villages: Totally	Villages: Partially	Villages: Inhabited	Villages: Ruined	Villages: Total	Tanks: Anicut	Tanks: Bandaram	Tanks: Total	Cattals: Anicut	Cattals: Bandaram	Cattals: Total	Remarks
		Brought over	3	..	3		3	1		1	1		1	
	1	Mutthehully	1	.	1		1							
	5	Honnadasanhully	1	.	1		1							
	6	Casawanhully	1		1		1							
	7	Temanalapore	1		1		1							
	8	Malalenganelly	1	..	1		1							
	9	Beralengadahully	1		1		1							
	10	Pattenarahully	1		1		1							
		Total	10		8	2	10	1		1	1		1	
11		Samat Belasamoodra												
	1	Cusba Belasamoodra	1		1		1	1		1				
	2	Hompongara	1		1		1							
	3	Tolalaconda	1		1		1							
	4	Honnesettehally	1		1		1							
	5	Hoysoorkal	1		1		1							
	6	Collatahally	1		1		1							
	7	Kullagutta	1		1		1	1		1				
	8	Hemmalapore	1		1		1							
	9	Bachawar	1		1		1							
	10	Collocara	1		1		1							
		Total	10		8	2	10	1		1				

Abstract of the Jandangeery District

No. of Gansalls	Names of the Samats	Villages: Totally	Villages: Partially	Villages: Inhabited	Villages: Ruined	Villages: Total	Tanks: Anicut	Tanks: Bandaram	Tanks: Total	Cattals: Anicut	Cattals: Bandaram	Cattals: Total
1	Samat Canacattee	13	1	11	2	13	4	1	5	3		3
2	Do Carasonta	9	.	9		9	2		2	1		1
3	Do Hawelly	21	.	21	.	21	6½		6½	14	.	14
4	Do Condhavagalla	10	.	10		10	2	.	2	2		2
5	Do Collodgoodey	13	1	12	1	13	2	..	2	4		4
6	Do Coorbonkal	11	.	10	1	11	1	.	1	4	.	4
7	Do Tobboor	2	..	2		2	1	..	1	.		
8	Do Balagoor	12		9	3	12	2	.	2	8	.	8
9	Do Bedhra	7		7	.	7	2	.	2	4	.	4
10	Do Singattegara	10		8	2	10	1		1	1		1
11	Do Bala Samoodra	10	.	8	2	10	1	1	2	.	.	
	Totals	117	1	107	11	118	24½	2	29½	42	.	42

Sketch of the History of Gardangerry

Communicated by the Officers of the District

14th December 1801

This Droog formerly was called by the Country people Nona. A.D.1660 Canacolloo; the Country near was then overrun with Woods & Jungle; 140 Years ago Cristna* Raja Vadeyar Rajah of Mysore being much harrassed by the incursions of various Enemies, who were then particularly at enmity with him, had it in contemplation to place Strong Garrisons in some of the Strong holds situated on the Frontiers; upon enquiry, the situation of this place being favorably reported, & its description appearing satisfactory in Drawings made by the Painters he sent to take it, he named the Hill Garoodanagerry or like the Garood for Bramin Kite. The Rajah then sent some of his own relations with the necessary directions for the buildings to be made, which were erected in a short time with all the Fortifications below & upon the Hill; when it was finished he placed therein a Garrison to the number of one thousand Condachar Peons to protect the Frontiers from the Enemies making inroads as usual into the Country, & he always kept here a Force of this Strength.—

A.D.1762 After in the Chitrabanpo Year this Droog was taken possession of by Hyder along with the other Districts: he always employed here 4 or 500 Gamatils to keep in order and repair the Fortifications.—

W

* Probably the same who was so zealous an Enquirer into the History of the Country &c.

In the Year Nikrooty Treeyambaka Mama
A.D. 1770 the Mharatta Chief advanced into the Country with a strong Ar-
=my & defeated by Bahader in a Battle fought near Mallao
=watta, the Mharattas took possession of this Droog & left a Garison
in it then, which was withdrawn to join their Army & the Droog gave
up to Hyder's people when they made peace –

Hyder then employed a great number of Camatties &
Workmen to put the Fortifications in a much better State than be-
=fore & rendered the place very strong –

A.D. 1782 In the Sobbacrootoo Year after Hyder's death his
Son Tippoo Sultan took upon himself the Government & ruled
with great reputation untill he was slain in battle with the Com-
=pany's Troops –

The Garison that had been established here by the
Sultan remained till the 10th. of Seedardee Year when a Major
in the English Company's Service arrived with a Detachment & having
granted Cowle to the people that were in the fort received from them
charge of the Droog & when he marched further on he left a Lieutenant
with 100 Seapoys in the Droog –

On the 24th of that Month this Officer being directed
by his General to join the Grand Army left the charge of the Fort to
Gopaul Kistna an Ameldar of Poornaah – Soon after this
Poornaah sent Madavarao (the brother of Lalameya Ra-
=machendrow) as Killadar hither who still continues in that
Office –

Remarks

Remarks on the Tardangeery District

The Gudda or Droog was built only 140 Years ago by the Mysore Rajahs as before mentioned.—

2 Water — There are eight Water pools upon the Hill of which 6 are in good order & the other 2 are Broken— Out of the 6 there are only 2 Bonas of any size the others are small—

3 Guns — There are here 13 Great & Small Guns with one Cannon sent by the late Sultan.—

4 Buildings — There are some Magazines & other buildings built by the late Management to preserve Grain & public provisions.— There is also one Choultry (for the use of the Sons or Garrison) near the Mysore Gate & some Straw thatched Cottages or small houses belonging to the Sons.

5 Pagodas upon the Hill

Pagodas
1 Sankaraswamy Pagoda
2 Hanumant ! Do

In the Lower Fort is a Pagoda of Sankara Swamy built of Stone & 1 Pagoda of Hanumunt on the Jalsa Bagul: There is one Well abounding in Water on a bank without the Town & 3 Wells void of Water.—

Here

There was formerly one small pier, which Boisseau destroyed & built in place of it a Water Cutter or Sank on a great Scale & with a Strong bank—

5

Banavaram

Chanashoomaree of the Banavar District for the Year Roudrie or 1806 A.D.

No. of Sarassi	Names of the Sarassi or Tamals	Villages				Water								Forts		Religious Trust from whence a Revenue is derived		Revenue								Houses	Families				
						Tanks			Cullahs			Wells with Sweeps																				
		Inhabited	Partly	Uninhabited	Unequal	Total	Channels	In repair	Out of repair	Total	In repair	Out of repair	Total	Drawing Wells	Buffaloes	Low Forts	Batteries or Bastions	Pagodas	Mundor Pagodas	Mosques	Ryots	Looms	Oil Mills	Oil Pots	Toddy Trees	Shavergar Trees	Workmen Weavers Dyers	Barbers Potters & Cowrie Cutters	Shaugars	Carpenters			
1	Tamal Bynavar	5	..	5	..	5	2	..	2	1	..	1	3	20	..	1	..	10	2	6	31	6	..	..	10	5	94	5	576	84	133	355	572
2	do Cuckoor	6	..	6	..	6	2	..	2	1	..	1	4	..	..	1	1	13	..	3	7	..	..	1	3	1	94	4	122	77	25	11	413
3	do Bagaulgutta	5	..	5	..	5	1	..	1	1	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	5	..	..	9	..	..	1	2	..	61	15	79	54	17	6	77
4	do Chickanhully	3	..	1	2	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	36	3	43	24	2	8	34
5	do Davangere	19	..	19	..	19	1	..	1	..	..	..	16	..	..	..	..	14	1	5	21	1	..	1	2	3	216	11	230	160	44	26	230
6	do Arrakarra	14	..	12	2	14	..	1	..	1	1	2	16	..	..	..	..	13	..	4	12	..	..	..	4	1	147	13	165	108	28	15	151
7	do Bandakarra	2	..	2	..	2	1	..	1	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	1	2	..	1	8	..	..	1	1	1	54	23	69	40	22	2	64
8	do Muyakadoroo	26	1	24	3	27	2½	..	2½	3	..	3	8	..	..	..	..	12	1	5	20	..	..	..	3	3	262	15	276	188	36	32	256
9	do Heereeyoor	10	..	10	..	10	½	..	½	..	..	..	5	2	..	..	1	7	..	1	1	..	..	1	1	1	66	26	97	58	26	6	90
10	do Colgoodonda	8	..	7	1	8	1	..	1	2	..	2	4	..	..	..	..	10	..	5	17	1	..	1	4	4	157	18	213	128	63	6	197
11	do Tamagul	11	1	11	1	12	2	..	2	2	..	2	5	..	..	1	..	16	..	21	9	1	..	1	4	3	173	8	251	143	58	37	238
12	do Mabanhully	12	..	12	..	12	..	..	..	4	..	4	9	..	..	..	..	8	..	2	2	..	..	..	2	1	176	34	265	131	15	9	155
13	do Nazalagee	14	..	13	1	14	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	16	..	..	..	12	..	2	10	1	..	..	3	2	174	3	181	114	51	5	170
14	do Cubbalee	5	4	9	..	9	..	1	..	1	1	..	1	2	..	..	..	5	..	4	18	..	..	..	2	1	43	6	144	100	32	..	132
	Total	145	6	138	13	151	1	17	..	17	17	1	18	90	23	..	3	3	131	4	114	76	10	..	7	42	26	1835	134	2611	1444	552	547	2483
	In the Cusba of Banaveram	1	..	1	..	1	..	2	..	2	1	..	1	3	20	..	1	..	10	2	61	28	6	..	..	10	5	76	4	551	66	133	350	549

Chanashoomaree of Banavar continued

No. of Taraffs	Names of the Taraffs	Enumeration of Castes: Hindoos: Brahmins	Jatis: Comatties	Jatis: Sagarties	Shudras: Waddagas (Bards)	Ayagarrs	Aldhunie	Banegue	Billaga (Budrigar)	Kuckadiga (Oyster)	Agasar (Washermen)	Bajar (Cloth Printers)	Kuleer (Farmers)	Ezuer	Ezuar (Palanquin bearers)	Kuster (Hedgemen)	Gollar (Herdsmen)	Gangadia (& Clothes Dyers)	Ganegar (Oil Dealers)	Kumbar (Potters)	Sumbar (Goldsmiths)	Canegar (Kilmakers)	Lohaye (Weavers)	Sayer (Tailors)	Mayinda (Players)	Agasar (Dobby Washermen)	Panchaul (5 Trades)	Edaga (Toddy Drawers)	Hendegan	Tadegar	Tirgar (Fishermen)	Ajgar (Barbers)	Jaguadaun	Miscellaneous: Badar (Boya) Hunters	Holeyar (Boya)	Mudigar (Bogan & Paul Keers)	Marattas	Jains	Mussulmans	Grand Total
1	Samat Bajnavar	77	16	4	1	2	2	36	15	6	"	"	"	"	2	25	4	"	24	1	7	7	32	8	5	10	13	2	"	"	4	4	"	14	5	11	5	"	35	572
2	Do Chickoor	3	"	"	"	"	"	"	26	1	"	"	"	"	16	"	"	27	1	1	"	7	"	1	3	2	"	"	"	6	"	"	"	5	4	"	"	"	11	113
3	Do Baggalgutty	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	23	"	"	"	"	"	4	"	1	21	"	"	"	5	"	2	"	"	"	"	"	12	"	"	1	3	3	"	"	"	11	77
4	Do Chalbanhully	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	10	"	"	"	"	"	1	4	"	1	"	"	"	3	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	10	6	1	"	"	"	39
5	Do Bavanoor	29	"	1	"	"	"	"	14	76	"	"	10	1	"	14	"	"	37	"	3	1	14	"	3	2	4	3	"	"	4	"	"	"	4	3	"	"	3	229
6	Do Arrakarra	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	21	18	"	"	"	3	"	2	"	"	25	"	1	"	4	"	1	4	6	1	"	"	3	"	"	6	5	3	4	"	"	151
7	Do Bandakarra	3	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	36	"	"	"	"	"	3	6	"	9	"	"	"	"	"	1	1	2	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	1	"	"	1	64
8	Do Mugnakadoor	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	2	93	1	4	2	"	"	8	"	35	42	"	"	"	9	"	3	3	5	1	"	"	13	"	"	14	2	8	1	"	6	256
9	Do Heereyoor	6	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	44	2	"	"	"	"	7	"	"	15	"	"	"	4	"	1	1	3	1	2	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	1	"	1	90
10	Do Cloopoonda	5	"	"	"	"	18	"	86	"	"	1	"	"	16	10	"	6	"	1	1	17	"	4	4	5	1	"	"	44	2	"	3	"	8	"	"	1	197
11	Do Sarpagal	16	"	"	"	"	13	4	25	"	"	"	"	"	8	4	"	111	"	"	1	16	1	3	4	5	2	"	1	1	1	2	7	1	8	2	5	3	238
12	Do Nadanahully	1	"	"	"	"	14	"	61	"	"	"	"	"	3	"	"	49	"	1	"	3	"	1	2	4	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	8	6	"	"	1	155
13	Do Narglaga	7	1	"	"	"	2	"	76	"	"	18	"	"	5	1	"	38	"	1	1	6	"	2	3	2	"	"	"	4	"	"	9	"	3	1	"	1	170
14	Do Cabbaley	5	"	1	"	"	"	"	44	"	"	"	"	"	"	5	"	26	"	1	"	18	"	1	2	3	1	"	"	2	"	"	1	"	2	"	"	"	132
	Total	153	17	6	1	2	2	85	39	76	4	4	23	4	2	118	34	36	63	1	16	11	134	26	42	54	12	2	1	64	9	2	68	39	63	14	5	63	2483
	In the Surba of Banaveram	77	16	4	1	2	2	36	10	"	"	"	"	2	23	4	"	20	1	7	7	29	8	5	10	13	2	"	"	4	4	"	14	5	11	5	"	35	549

Dahazada of the Banavaram District

No. of Taraffs	No. of Villages	Names of the Villages	Villages: Wholly	Villages: Partly	Villages: Inhabited	Villages: Ruined	Villages: Total	Water: Ponds	Water: Tanks	Water: Cuttas	Water: Wells with Steps	Water: Drawing Wells	Water: Brackish Wells	Forts: Forts	Forts: Bungalows or Pucheries	Religious Edifices: Pagodas	Religious Edifices: Mosques	Religious Edifices: Churches	Remarks
1		Taraff Banavar																	
	1	Cusba Banavar	1		1		1		2	1	3	20		1		10	2	4	
	2	Mullapore	1		1		1											1	
	3	Chinnapore	1		1		1												
	4	Veepunahully	1		1		1												
	5	Chucka Banavar	1		1		1												
		Total	5		5		5		2	1	3	20		1		10	2	5	
2		Taraff Chuckoor																	
	1	Cusba Chuckoor	1		1		1				2			1		7			
	2	Jagoor	1		1		1			1	1				1	2			
	3	Callengeshully	1		1		1		1		1					1			
	4	Veeplapoor	1		1		1									1			
	5	Devagondanhully	1		1		1												
	6	Nagihully	1		1		1									2		4	
		Total	6		6		6		1	1	4			1	1	13		4	
3		Taraff Bagalgutta																	
	1	Cusba Bagalgutta	1		1		1		1		2					2		12	
	2	Soppladenmanhully	1		1		1				1							1	
	3	Bavenahulla	1		1		1				2					1		2	
	4	Calapore	1		1		1				2					1			
	5	Agrahara	1		1		1				1					1			
		Total	5		5		5		1	1	7					5		13	
4		Taraff Challavanhully																	
	1	Cusba Challavanhully	1		1		1				2					3		1	
	2	Mastenhully	1			1	1				1					1		2	
	3	Ramapore	1			1	1				1					1			
		Total	3		1	2	3				4					5		3	
5		Taraff Davanore																	
	1	Cusba Davanore	1		1		1	1	1		2					2	1	6	
	2	Mullapanahully	1		1		1				1								
	3	Chickadavanore	1		1		1				1					1			
	4	Nagchagondanhully	1		1		1									1			
	5	Papabengaondee	1		1		1									1			
	6	Guzapanhully	1		1		1				1								
	7	Letchaneedagar	1		1		1				1					1			
	8	Bolanhully	1		1		1									1			
	9	Cavanpohully	1		1		1				1					1		1	
	10	Bomhanhully or Bymanhully	1		1		1				1					1			
	11	Subbagonhanhully	1		1		1				1								
	12	Hondasshully	1		1		1				1					1			
	13	Chinnapore	1		1		1				1							1	
		Carried over	13		13		13	1	1		11					10	1	8	

No.	Total No. of Villages	Names of the Villages	Villages: Wholly	Villages: Partly	Villages: Inhabited	Villages: Uninhabited	Villages: Total	Water: Ponds	Water: Tanks	Water: Cattled	Water: Wells with Mot.	Water: Running Wells	Water: Cattled	Fort: Fort	Fort: Bungal	Fort: Thatched	Fort: Tiled	Remarks
		Braughbower	13	"	13	"	13	1	1	"	11	"	"	"	"	10	"	8
	14	Tellapankully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	"
	15	Mulladdully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	3
	16	Cappankully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	17	Cadaiyakeetta	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	18	Tyacheyadakully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	"
	19	Tellaakully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
		Total	19	"	19	"	19	1	1	"	16	"	"	"	"	14	1	11
6		Taraff Armpara																
	1	Cusba Armpara	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	1	"	"	"	4	"	1
	2	Tavarrahully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	1
	3	Dobankully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	4	Nazarrahully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	2
	5	Cerranhully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	"
	6	Cankazeekully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	2
	7	Cazcheeguttha	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	4
	8	Cazchanoskully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	"
	9	Madarkully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	1
	10	Narrampore	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1
	11	Candalingankully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1
	12	Pummdroskully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	1
	13	Mayagandankully	1	"	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	14	Tobbalingakully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"
	15	Nonagonkully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	"
	16	Chalapanposakully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	17	Malapanakosakully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	"
	18	Cudagaccattahilla	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	19	Cuckingankully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
		Total	19	"	19	1	20	"	1	2	16	1	"	"	"	13	"	13
7		Taraff Bandapara																
	1	Cusba Bandapara	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	1	1	"	"	"	"	2	"	23
	2	Mohomedpore	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
		Total	2	"	2	"	2	1	1	2	"	"	"	"	"	2	"	23
8		Taraff Mankoodoor																
	1	Cusba Mankoodoor	1	"	1	"	1	½	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	3	1	"
	2	Rungaierahully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	3	Venkatapore	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	4	Narrapankully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	5	Berapore	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	6	Baswankully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	7	Cuppakully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	4
	8	Cuckarahully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	"
	9	Linganpankully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	10	Lingalapore	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"
	11	Yamankully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"
	12	Coontahaul	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	2	"	"
	13	Yapoovakully	"	1	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	14	Cuvvuvarkully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	15	Cuvvusanakoplal	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	16	Lasangokully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	17	Ozrakully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	18	Cooroonkul Agrahar	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	19	Berapagandapankully	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"
	20	Mullapankully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	8
	21	Pontakarakully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	22	Tondenakully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	"
	23	Cyangersapankully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	2
	24	Seppenakully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	25	Manoomankully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	26	Cantanpully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	27	Adankully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	1
		Total	26	1	26	3	27	"	2½	3	8	"	"	"	"	17	1	45

No. of Taraffs	No. of Villages	Names of the Villages	Villages: Huts	Villages: Pucka	Villages: Choultry	Villages: Total	Water: Choultries	Water: Tanks	Water: Cattles	Water: Wells with Kotahs	Water: Persian Wheels	Water: Pattahs	Forts: Ingeneer Forts	Forts: Company's Batteries	Kilgunna Estab.: Peons & Sepoys	Kilgunna Estab.: Mangoes	Kilgunna Estab.: Gardens	Remarks
9		Taraff Heeroor																
	1	Cutcha Heeroor	1	"	1	"	1	"	½	"	2	2	"	"	1	4	"	26
	2	Tyamajanhully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	3	Thurrethurpore	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	"
	4	Busalahully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	5	Berambooddee	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"
	6	Golfarhully	1	"	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	7	Tymmesettyhully	1	"	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	8	Luckanhully	1	"	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	9	Canneehully	1	"	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	10	Battadpore	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	"
		Total	10	"	7	3	10	"	1½	"	5	2	"	"	1	7	"	26
10		Taraff Colgogoondee																
	1	Cutcha Colgogoonda	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	5	"	14
	2	Modalugram	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	"
	3	Byrapore	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	4	Narsapore	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	4
	5	Balabala	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"
	6	Beeranhully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	"
	7	Rajargutteehully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"
	8	Timmalapore	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	"
		Total	8	"	7	1	8	"	1	2	4	"	"	"	"	10	"	18
11		Taraff Jamacully																
	1	Cutcha Jamagul	1	"	1	"	1	"	2	"	"	"	"	1	"	9	"	"
	2	Jogagoondanhully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	2
	3	Bommagondhully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	"
	4	Dapoonjayapore	1	"	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	5	Lingalapore	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	1
	6	Cotteehully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	7	Bandoor	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	"
	8	Nagalapoor	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	"
	9	Gullahully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1
	10	Ammanhully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	"
	11	Dodaguttee	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	4
	12	Berkapore	"	1	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
		Total	11	1	11	1	12	"	2	2	5	"	"	1	"	16	"	8
12		Taraff Madanahulla																
	1	Cutcha Madanahulla	1		1		1	"	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	"
	2	Mayratanhully	1		1		1	"	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	18
	3	Turaputtapully	1		1		1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	"
	4	Boobarahully	1		1		1	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	5	Singanapully	1		1		1	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	2	"	"
	6	Indrahaul	1		1		1	"	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	16
	7	Guruvungahully	1		1		1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	8	Bungarahully	1		1		1	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"
	9	Cullogadahully	1		1		1	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	10	Woparcaulanhully	1		1		1	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	11	Chuneymunahully	1		1		1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	12	Bakarkaucaulahully	1		1		1	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
		Total	12		12		12	"	"	4	9	"	"	"	"	8	"	34
13		Taraff Naralapee																
	1	Cutcha Naralapee	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	3	"	7
	2	Taytanhully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	"
	3	Taytanrothully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	"
	4	Somapore	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	1
		Carried over	4	"	4	"	4	"	1	"	3	"	"	"	"	5	"	3

No. of Tarass	No. of Villages	Names of the Villages	Villages: Mudy	Villages: Cutcha	Villages: Pucka	Villages: Total	Water: Channels	Water: Tanks	Water: Cottahs	Water: Wells with Sweeps	Water: Drawing Wells	Water: Pubblicos	Forts: Low Forts	Forts: Bungalows	Religious Establishments: Pagodas & Mosques	Religious Establishments: Gardens	Remarks
		Brought over	4		4	4		1		3					5	3	
	5	Chennapore	1		1	1									1		
	6	Byganoorhully	1		1	1				1					1		
	7	Kannanhully	1		1	1				1					1		
	8	Cullookully	1		1	1									1		
	9	Cumanoorhully	1		1	1									1		
	10	Poytannanhully	1		1	1									1		
	11	Goodanoorhully	1		1	1									1		
	12	Boochanoorhully	1		1	1											
	13	Damanoorhully	1		1	1											
	14	Mullidavanhully	1		1	1				1							
		Total	14		13	14		1		6					12	3	
14		Taraff Cubbellee															
	1	Cutba Cubballee	1		1	1		1							1	1	
	2	Joordoosagar	1		1	1				1					1		
	3	Monggnoorhully	1		1	1									1		
	4	Combanoorhully	1		1	1									1		
	5	Kochechully	1		1	1			1	1					1	5	
	6	Caramoopdanhully		1	1	1											
	7	Vidarcoorhully		1	1	1											
	8	Uppayanhully		1	1	1											
	9	Mallachully		1	1	1											
		Total	5	4	9	9		1	1	2					5	6	

Abstract of the Banavaram District

No. of Tarass	Names of the Taraffs	Villages: Mudy	Villages: Cutcha	Villages: Pucka	Villages: Total	Water: Channels	Water: Tanks	Water: Cottahs	Water: Wells with Sweeps	Water: Drawing Wells	Water: Pubblicos	Forts: Low Forts	Forts: Bungalows	Religious Establishments: Pagodas & Mosques	Religious Establishments: Gardens
1	Taraff Banavaram	5	5	5		2	1	3	20		1		10	2	5
2	do Chickoor	6	6	6		2	1	4			1	1	13		4
3	do Bagalcotta	5	5	5		1	1	7					5		15
4	do Chalovanhully	3	1	2	3			4					5		3
5	do Davanoor	19	19	19	1	1		16					14	1	11
6	do Arrakarra	19	17	2	19		1	2	16	1			13		13
7	do Bandakara	2	2	2		1	1	1				1	2		23
8	do Agnakoodoor	26	1	24	3	27		7	3	8			12	1	16
9	do Heeryepor	10		7	3	10		12		5	2		7		26
10	do Cotodoorda	8		7	1	8		1	2	4			10		18
11	do Sankagul	11	1	11	1	12		2	2	5		1	16		8
12	do Nabbenhully	12		12		12			4	9			8		34
13	do Harlagee	14		13	1	14		1		6			12		3
14	do Cubbalee	5	4	9		9		1	1	2			5		6
	Total	145	6	138	13	151	1	17	18	90	23	3	3	131	1	184

Historical Account of Banavaram

Communicated by the Amuldar to C.F. Boria Bramen
17th December 1801
& translated by them

Hurry hurr Somaswar Roy a relation of the Anagoondy Rayooloo Family a man learned in the Sastroms & Sciences & worthy to succeed to the Estate of his Father, a Protector of Bramens a Strict Observer of the Ceremonies of the Gods of his Countries ruled the Samastaan with great Reputation, going on a Circuit one round his Domenions with his Court to view whatever was rare in the several Provinces & to examine the State of the Country, & to give instructions to his Officers necessary for improving its Population & Management, having nearly completed his Tour to his Satisfaction, on his return passing by this Road, he halted as the day was advanced to refresh himself & his followers at a place where he found plenty of water; as he was performing his Customary ablutions & the daily Vandaundar (or Supplication) he observed one of the Hunting Dogs he palsed by a Hare of that Forest; on which he resolved to build a Village on the Spot which this Omen indicated to be Jondoobaomee (or Male Soil).

The Rayoolo providing all kinds of Materials & conveniences for his purpose built here a Village destroyed the Jungle which then overran the Land & naming it Banavaram attached to it a District of 66000 Pagodas fixing his residence at this place under the Government of his relations at Anagoondy.

During his Government here he built the following Pagodas on the centre of the Village.

1st to Vistoo or Veerkoolachal 2d to Banad Ranganaud Swamy 3d to Banaswar together

together with a Mill named Somaswar Bavee; & made over the lands of one half of the Casba of Banavar to the Bramens by pouring water in their hands to be enjoyed by them from Father to Son & Grandson for ever hoping to acquire extraordinary grace by these gifts.

After his death this country was ruled for a long time by his Sons & descendants; at length as it was still under one of the race of Somaswar Ray, on the fall of the Beejanagur Government Immapa Nayk the Polliger of Herracollor Droog rising to Power by increasing his followers usurped Banavaram & its dependencies from the Proprietors

Immapa Nayk in the time of his Management built a Tank & a Pagoda to Ishe upon the Hill of Seeroopatty & his descendants ruled the country with reputation until it was taken by Hanoomapa Nayk of Sora Raza who in his time built the well named Arseenabavee & a Stone Granary in the Centre of the Casba.

A.D. 1655 At this time Ranadoola* Cawn the Vazeer of Beejapore entered the Carnatic with a numerous Army & reduced the Dystrict of Banavar; destroying the famous Pagoda of Veerabhadra he built there a Mosque & ruled for 24 Years.

Immapa Nayk an Officer of the Bedanoor Raja then took the country from the Mussulmans & ruled it for 12 Years. Dodia Dalvoy of the Mahadesoor Somstaun then besieged the Fort of Banavaram with a countless Army of all kinds of troops for 9 Months & took it by assault with great loss on both sides. Since that time this district has been managed (with out any disturbance) by the Mysore Rajahs till Hyder Ally Cawn who was originally a Servant of Nundaraja the Dalvoy being advanced in Station gradually under the Patronage of his Master, at last having got a Strong Force under his command confined the King of Mysore with his Patron Nundaraja & usurped all the Mysore Dominions in the Cyclic Year Vaigramam this District then fell under subjection to him & so continued up to the 30th Bahoolom of Carteeka Month of Soobacroota Year when he was succeeded by his Son Tippoo Sultan who ruled up to the 30th of Chitrom of Cedaradey Year. A.D. 1799 The Honorable Company having then conquered the Dominions of Tippoo ceded this District to Krishnara Vadeyar the present Raja of Mysore & his Servants have managed it up to this day.

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* Ranad oolla Cawn's Invasion has passed A.F. 1054 or A.D. 1644 according to the Serah Account Page 311 but other Accounts probably more to be relied on place it A.D. 1655

Boodehaal

Chanashoomaree of the Boodeehall District for the Year Roudree or A.D 1800.

No. of Taraffs	Names of Taraffs	Villages					Water			Houses	Families
		Khaly	Pukaly	Annabatee	Purud	Total	Leeks	Cottas	Purus		
1	Boodeehaul	13	2	5	10	15	3	4	"	561	373
2	Honnagarra	15	3	14	4	18	5	7	"	341	240
3	Allahadee	7	"	7	"	7	4	4	"	295	229
4	Hoolyar	16	5	18	3	21	6	8	1	775	680
5	Sondaga	7	3	8	2	10	3	3	"	108	82
6	Takalwatee	14	"	8	6	14	2	4	"	117	98
	Total	72	13	60	25	85	23	30	1	2197	1702

Chanashoomaree of Boodeehall continued.

No. of Tarafs	Names of Tarafs	Enumeration of Castes — Hindoos — Brahmins	Vaishas	Shudras																																		Nicoolanavus				Mahomedans	Grand Total
		Brahmins	Vaishas	Rajahs	Rajpoots	Telingas	Banajegaroo (Balijaru)	Bilingi Balijaru	Bondilagaroo	Auvilli	Mahratas	Boyer (Bhoi)	Idiga (Toddy Drawers)	Kapu (Mudaliars)	Mysteegaroo	Sonagi	Dhobi	Koller (Herdsmen)	Kommar (Potters)	Kuruba (Shepherds)	Nayinda (Weavers)	Sale (Weavers)	Togata (Silk Weavers)	Uppara (Salt Manufacturers)	Gowda (Cultivators)	Kurnum (Accountants)	Mangala (Barbers)	Nagundy (Beadle)	Neyadi (Fishermen)	Panchal (5 Tribes of Artificers)	Pattegar (Cotton Manufacturers)	Toreya (Toddy Drawers)	Vannia (Washermen & Dhers)	Vedan (Fowlers & Hunters)	Total (Other castes)	Beder (Boya) Hunters	Waggari (Dhers)	Mudigaar (Cultivators)	Manatias			
1	Boodeehaul	19	17	1	"	3	16	1	14	2	.	18	.	.	"	2	10	3	126	1	40	1	3	4	1	4	6	9	9	3	1	6	16	5	12	"	21	373
2	Honnagarroo	3	.	"	4	"	24	.	13	.	85	5	1	.	.	1	1	1	27	"	4	"	2	.	.	3	6	6	27	1	.	"	15	2	19	.	.	240
3	Allgnadoo	2	4	1	"	1	8	1	.	.	71	1	.	1	"	3	"	3	69	5	14	"	1	.	.	4	5	5	9	1	.	"	13	1	3	1	2	229
4	Hoodeyar	64	52	1	6	5	47	2	14	9	10	17	72	.	2	1	1	3	76	2	38	.	2	6	.	5	15	16	17	1	15	"	58	7	34	2	20	680
5	Conjaga	"	"	"	.	.	3	.	12	.	4	2	"	"	"	.	.	7	25	"	.	"	"	"	"	.	2	1	17	1	.	"	3	2	3	"	"	82
6	Sakkleatee	2	"	"	1	.	3	.	5	6	17	.		"	"	"	"	6	20	.	7	"	"	"	"	1	2	1	6	1	.	"	10	3	5	"	2	98
	Total	90	33	3	11	9	101	4	58	17	87	43	73	1	2	7	12	23	322	8	103	1	8	10	1	17	36	38	105	8	16	6	115	20	66	3	45	1702

Dahazada of the Boodeehaul District

for the Rondree Jear or Anno Domino 1800

No. of Taraffs	No. of Villages	Names of the Villages	Villages: Mud	Brick	Thatched	Mixed	Total	Water: Tanks	Pettas	Springs	Remarks
1		Taraff Boodeehaul									
	1	Cusba Boodeehaul	1	"	1	"	2	2	"	"	
	2	Combad Timmanelly	1	1	"	1		"	"	"	
	3	Cadawagara	1	"	1	"	2	"	"	"	
	4	Goralacutta	1	"	"	1		"	"	"	
	5	Adgutta	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	
	6	Narranoghully	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	
	7	Sadarhully	1	"	"	1	1	"	"	"	
	8	Goroovahore	1	"	"	1	1	1	"	"	
	9	Vengalahore	1	"	"	1	1	"	1	"	
	10	Cahahore	1	"	"	1	1	"	"	"	
	11	Cackahore	1	"	"	1	1	"	1	"	
	12	Chokahoolanoohully	1	"	"	1	1	"	"	"	
	13	Narlakara	1	"	1	"	2	"	"	"	
	14	Ramaldavechully	"	1	"	1		"	"	"	
	15	Vanoomasagud	1	"	"	1	1	"	"	"	
		Total	13	1	5	10	15	3	4	"	
2		Taraff Hanagara									
	1	Cusba Hanagara	1	"	1	"	1	1	"	"	
	2	Chicka Hanagara	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	
	3	Ramanoohully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	
	4	Sagaraggara	1	"	"	1	1	"	1	"	
	5	Bada Hoolanoohully	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	
	6	Hogeeul	1	"	1	"	1	1	"	"	
	7	Kidatanhully	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	
	8	Agrahar	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	
	9	Haroogondanhully	1	"	"	1	1	"	"	"	
	10	Gondahore	1	"	"	1	1	"	"	"	
	11	Nyfarhore	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	
	12	Heemanoohully	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	
	13	Gudderungahore	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	
	14	Chinagohotanhully	1	"	1	"	1	"	1	"	
	15	Hadurg	1	"	1	"	4	3	"	"	
	16	Allahore	"	1	1	"					
	17	Conahore	"	1	"	1					
	18	Narsehully	"	1	"	1					
		Total	15	3	14	4	18	5	7	"	
3		Taraff Allanadoo									
	1	Cusba Allanadoo	1	"	1	"	1	"	3	"	
	2	Pattarhully	1	"	1	"	1	1	"	"	
	3	Notarhully	1	"	1	"	1	1	"	"	
	4	Chagadur	1	"	1	"	1	1	"	"	
	5	Hagebagu	1	"	1	"	1	1	1	"	
	6	Lingapore	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	
	7	Bankanhully	1	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	
		Total	7	"	7	"	7	4	4	"	

No. of Taraffs	No. of the Villages	Names of the Villages	Villages: Mudy	Paddy	Tillage	Ruined	Total	Water: Tanks	Cottahs	Anicuts	Remarks
		Taraff Tekalwattee									
	1	Cuzbay Tekalwattee	1	..	1	..	1	1	..	..	
	2	Cuzba Tekalwattee	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	
	3	Bachasagar	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	
	4	Urlahully	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	
	5	Tegachancahully	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	
	6	Nagegarra	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	
	7	Tekarlegondanhully	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	
	8	Kinkdoo	1	..	1	..	1	1	..	..	
	9	Mongasamoodra	1	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	
	10	Gollarhully	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	
	11	Mallapanahully	1	..	..	1	1	..	1	..	
	12	Somdsamoodra	1	..	..	1	1	..	1	..	
	13	Bachavar	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	
	14	Coombeenakara	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	
		Total	14	..	8	6	14	2	4	..	
		Taraff Tandaga									
	1	Cuzba Tandaga	1	..	1	..	3	1	..	..	
	2	Hotakara	..	1	1	..					
	3	Mayacondanhully	..	1	..	1					
	4	Gbrooga	1	..	1	..	2	1	..	..	
	5	Bachgondanhully	..	1	..	1					
	6	Coolharhully	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	
	7	Mallahully	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	
	8	Nadoovahahully	1	..	1	..	2	1	1	..	
	9	Bonnekara	1	..	1	..					
	10	Goolee	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	
		Total	7	3	8	2	10	3	3	..	
6		Taraff Hooleyar									
	1	Cuzba Hooleyar	1	..	1	..	1	1	..	1	
	2	Tomadenhully	1	..	1	..	2	..	1	..	
	3	Sooragondanhully	1	..	1	..					
	4	Cuza Sooragondanhully	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	
	5	Valagarahully	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	
	6	Cuzawapore	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	
	7	Cantaragrom	1	..	1	..	2	..	1	..	
	8	Chotanapatta	..	1	..	1					
	9	Dodabedara	1	..	1	..	1	1	..	..	
	10	Pochagatta	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	
	11	Bullacutta	1	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	
	12	Patanhully	..	1	..	1					
	13	Nundahully	1	..	..	1	1	1	..	..	
	14	Goudgara	1	..	1	..	2	1	..	..	
	15	Dakelly Village	..	1	..	1					
	16	Gorrahully	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	
	17	Endahully	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	
	18	Comparhully	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	
	19	Hemallahully	1	..	1	..	3	2	1	..	
	20	Dakelly Villages	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total	16	5	18	3	21	6	8	1	

Abstract of the Boodeehaul District

No. of Taraffs	Names of the Taraffs	Villages: Mudy	Paddy	Tillage	Ruined	Total	Water: Tanks	Cottahs	Anicuts
1	Taraff Boodeehaul	13	2	5	10	15	3	4	..
2	do Honagarra	15	3	14	4	18	5	7	..
3	do Allyalabo	7	..	7	..	7	4	4	..
4	do Tekalwattee	14	..	8	6	14	2	4	..
5	do Tandagarra	7	3	8	2	10	3	3	..
6	do Hooleyar	16	5	18	3	21	6	8	1
	Total	72	13	60	25	85	23	30	1

Historical Account of Boodehaul

Communicated
at that place in December 1801 *1

In the year of Sallevahan 1158 in the Doormaky Cycle year Veeddaroajoo the Jogendar (or Lord of Pilgrims) built a famous City for his place of residence on the banks of the Joongapadra. After being some time fixed there he established Boofargy as Lord of the Kingdom he had founded in the A.D. 1336 year of the Sallevahan 1258;*2 from that time Boofargy ruled for forty years and was succeeded by his Son; in this manner it is shown that 13 Rajas of the Gollar Caste, reigned Sovereigns of these extensive Dominions, succeeding one after the other; tho' there are now no longer remaining any men of learning to illustrate the particular History of the Actions of this Gollar Race from the Original foundation of their State down to their fall.

After the Epoch of Sallevahan had advanced to the 1398 year A.D. in the Hoormaky Cycle Year, Narsing Roy a Foreign King invaded this Country with a great Army and took the City of Anagoondy from the Gollar Kings. At the time he pulled the State at that Capital the State of the present town of Boodeehaul was overrun with Jungle & Wood. Narsing Roy, after the Settlement of the newly conquered Kingdom sent some of his Officers to settle & restore all the ruined places in all quarters of this Dominion among others he sent an Officer of his household of the Gollar Caste to settle & restore the Population of this Country & for that Service he made over the Districts in Jageer to him

Seereemon

*1 This is literally translated from the original has not yet been Surveyed but this Account is inserted as running in connexion with the rest, illustrating the History of the Country in general particularly from the period that the Barbarous seems to have been parcelled out into small Lordships (or Zamindaris) as it was gradually cleared away & brought into Cultivation.

*2 In the Saulivo Year 1258 A.S. Harry Hur commenced his reign he began the Building of the City in the year Parabava 1265. The Doormaker Cycle Year preceding that was 1264 A.S. 1321 A.D. so in this probable Veeda ranoojoo might have settled at Anagoondy. Harungull was taken in 1323 A.D.

Seeregmon Naik in obedience to the Royal Order came to Hagapa with all possible Haste & erected some buildings there for the accommodation of himself & his followers destroyed the Jungle that surrounded the place & nam:d it Hagapatam –

After a short residence Seeregmon Naik not liking the situation built another called Loggeolloo and removed his residence to it; one day as he went a hunting in the neighbouring Jungle one of his dogs was driven off by a Hare which considering a lucky presage of the good Quality of that Soil he immediately set people to cut down the Jungle & rear all the buildings Fortification & houses requisite for a convenient Town, on its being finished he named it Bhoodpoor & ruled here 30 Years; he was succeeded by his Son Comnara Mullapa Naik –

This Raja entertaining a great multitude of followers became elated with his prosperity & insolently neglecting his obedience to his Lords & Masters the Kings of Bejanagur then reigning Kistna Roy & Achoot Roy of the race of Narsing Roy, they took counsel among their Nobles how to punish Comara Mullapa for his Pride & disloyalty, seeing he was forgetful that his Ancestors had been fostered by their regard & protection; for this purpose they sent a Narsing Roy * a relation of their house with a great force who soon hastened to Booteepore & after besieging the fort for a year took it with the Polligar & by order of his Sovereign settled himself in the administration of the District. –

In the reign of Rama Roy the Mussalman Padshahs of Decan having formed a confederacy slew that
A.D 1564 King in Battle in the Cycle Year Racktachee in the 4486 Sallevahan Year & partitioned his Dominions into 4 parts among them. –

On

* Future Narsing Roy appears to have besieged Chittledroog in the time of Timmapa the Founder of that Family – See Chittledroog Gen History

On the fall of Bejanagur the Raja of Mysore led his troops against Narsing Rao the Governor of Bootelpore & took the fort after a siege of 2 Months from that time the several Occupiers of the Mysore Sumstan received the Revenue of this District for a considerable length of time. –

At last Bheja Hanoomapa Naik & Thenna Baswapa Naik of Sirrakara came with their followers, surrounded the Fort for 8 days took it after a smart action & kept possession of the District for some years. –

Soon after the Mussulmans of Bejapore invading the country with a great force after a contest of 8 days took the Fort from the Sirakara people & one Cawn Saheb was appointed Governor. –

AD 1751 Custoory Rangapa Naik of Chitteldroog with a body of his troops in the Prajoatputty Year invested the Fort for a whole year at last took it by assault & gave it the name of
AD 1759 Geregapore; he held it to the Pramadee Year when the Marattas took it from the Chitteldroog Rajas & retained it to the Cycle
AD 1761 Chitrabanoo. –

The Nabob Hyder Alley Cawn in that year marched to Serah with a great Army in order to Subject the Several Sumstaums & Districts in these Quarters in addition to what he had already possessed; he detached Cawn Saheb with a party to Boodeehaul (originally Bhooteepore) where on his arrival the people delivered up the place by treaty; He managed this District under the Nabob Hyder Alley Cawn to the year Vee
AD 1771 Krooty at which time Madowarow the Marattah Chief arrived with a great Army & took the place from Lalla Meya the Deputy
AD 1772 of Hyder; the Mhrattas retained it to the end of the Sara Year.
AD 1773 In the Nundana Cycle Year Hyder recovered this place from the Foreign Governors and it was managed without

rut further molestation by him & his Successor Tippoo till
A.D.1790 the Sadaranap year; at that time Parkassoraja Bhow
the Mharatta General invaded this Country with an Army of
Mharattas as an Ally of the Company in the War against Tip
poo; a party of his troops took this place by assault & they held
A.D.1792 the District up to the Month of Visak of the Shreedadee Year
when Tippoo Had negociated a Peace with the Allies who return
-ed to their respective Dominions. -

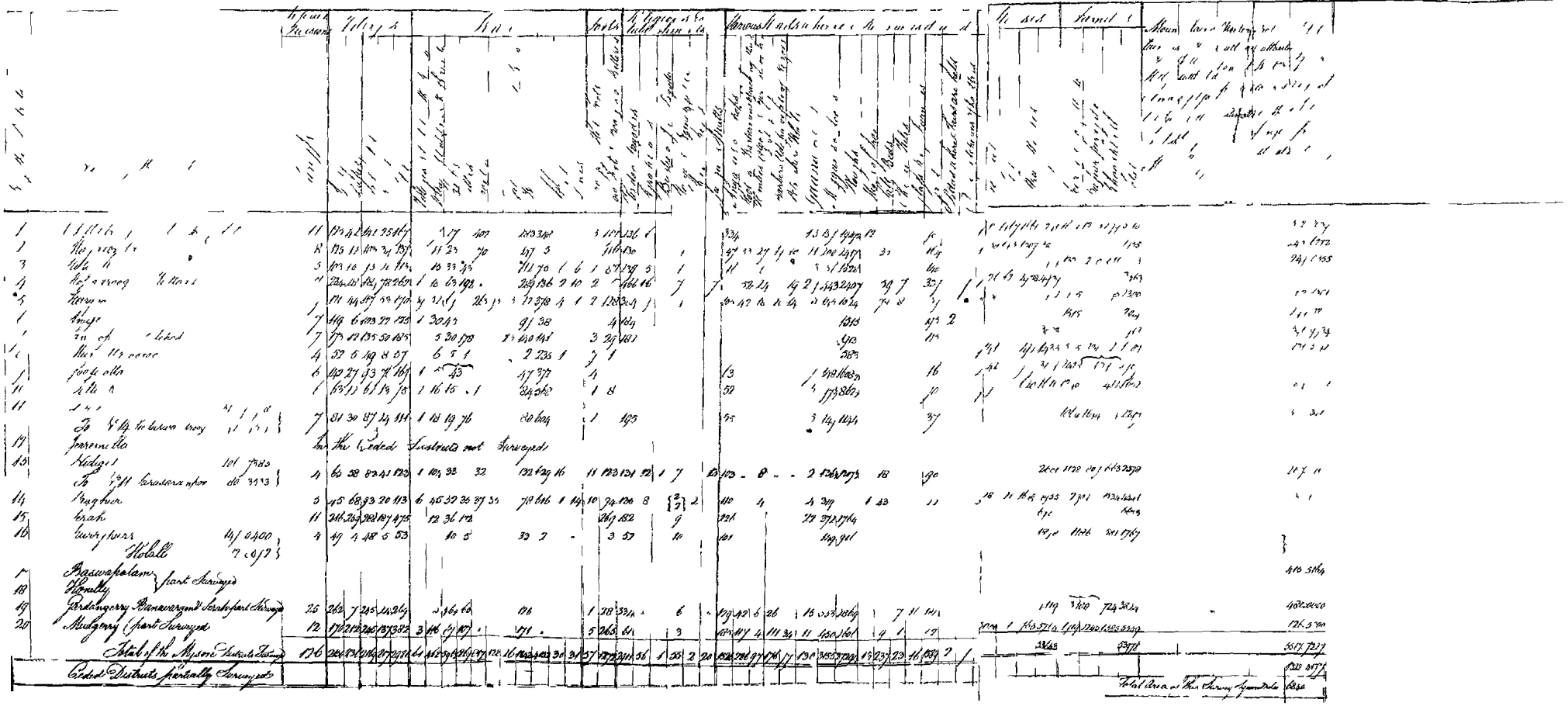
Tippoo reigned to the 30th of Chitram of Shree
A.D.1799 dardee Year, when he was slain in action by the Company's
Forces. On that event the charitable Gentlemen of the Company's
Government; having enquired into the State & circumstances of
the Mysore Rajas acknowledged Krishnaraja Vadeyder as
the lawful heir of the Government of his Ancestors, & appoint
ed Purnia as his Chief Minister, under whose orders & Stud
-dars have been managing this District from the 5th of Bahoodom
of Visakha of Sheedardee Year to this day. -

Madras 1st March 15 1803 } C. Mackenzie Capt Engineers & Superintendent of the Trigonometrical Survey

End of this Volume

General Abstract of the State of the Northern Purgunnahs of Mysore Surveyed

in 1800 and 1801 by Captain Colin Mackenzie



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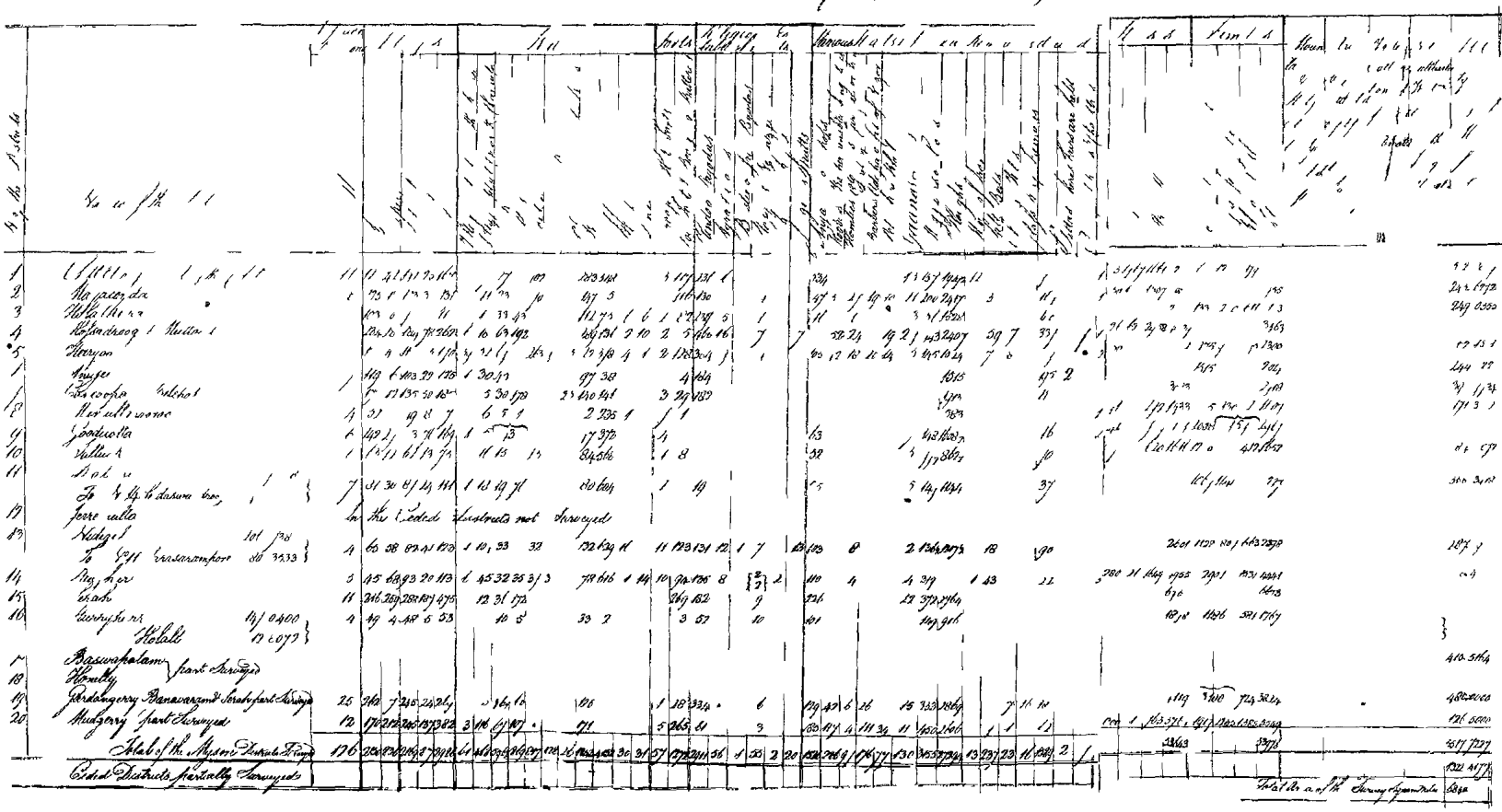
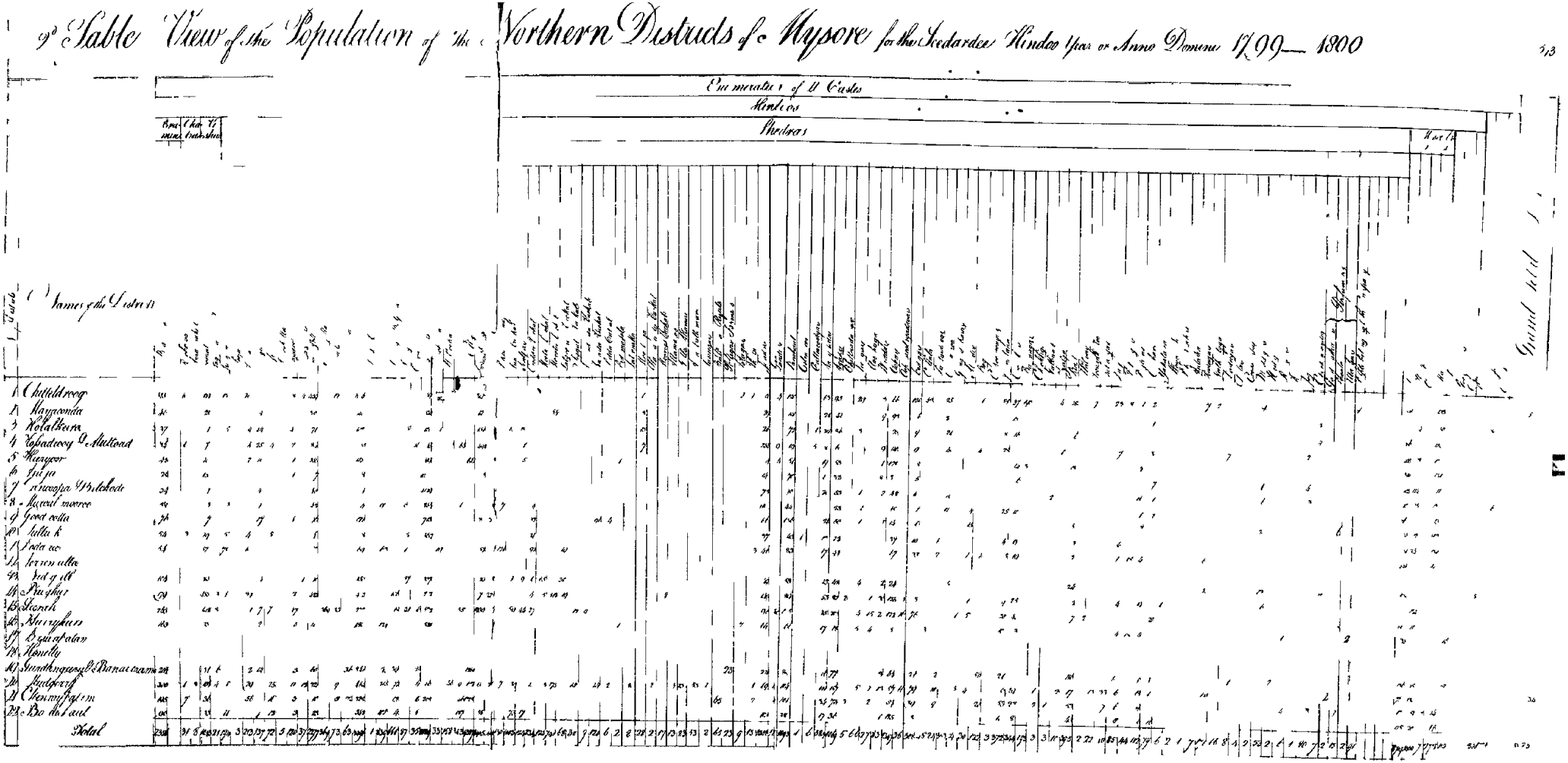
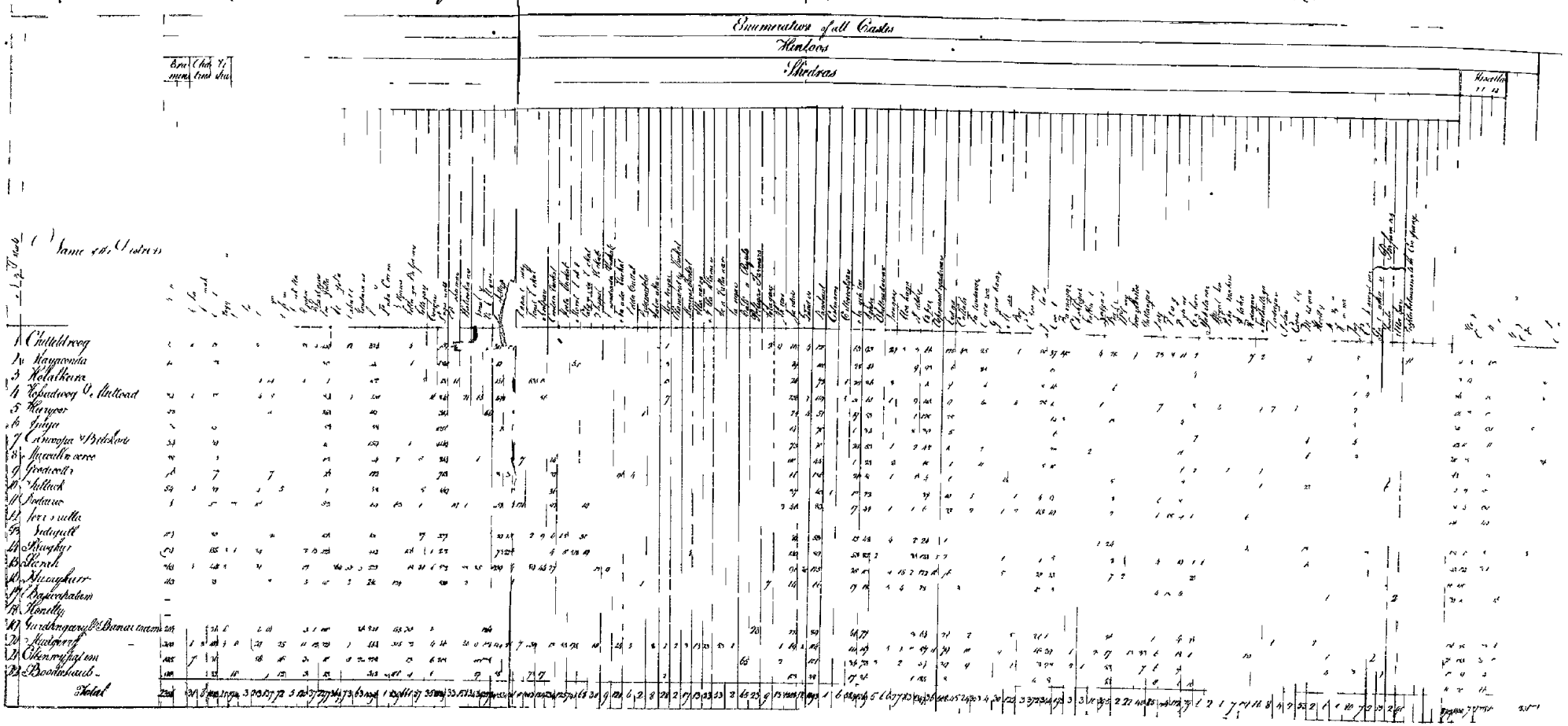


9th Table View of the Population of the Northern Districts of Mysore for the Fedardee Hindoo Year or Anno Domini 1799—1800



2.ª Table View of the Population of the Northern Districts of Mysore for the Fedardee Hindoo Year or Anno Domini 1799— 1800



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PART III-Section I

NOTIFICATIONS BY GOVERNMENT

CHIEF SECRETARIAT

No. P. 6623—*P. P.* 87-34-2, *dated* 27*th May*—1*st June* 1935.

The following Notification No. 156-N., dated 14th March 1935, of the Government of India, Foreign and Political Department, is hereby published for information and guidance.—

"No. 156-N.—It is notified for general information that the Government of Persia have decided that from 21st March 1935, they will no longer employ the words "Persia" and "Persian" when referred to that country and its people, and have requested that the words "Iran" and "Iranian" should be used in their stead. The Government of India have decided to accede to this request in official correspondence."

No. Rl. 287—*L. C.* 13-34-2, *dated* 4*th June* 1935.

Under Section 4 (3) of the Mysore Legislative Council Regulation XIX of 1923, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased to nominate Mr. H. V. Ramaswami, M.A., B.L., Secretary to Government, General Department, as an official member of the Mysore Legislative Council, *vice Rajasevasakta* R. Ranga Rao, B.A., B.L.

By Order,
K. V. ANANTARAMAN,
Offg. *Chief Secretary to Government.*

GENERAL SECRETARIAT

No. E. 3451—*Edn.* 83-34-8, *dated* 31*st May* 1935.

Mr. M. S. Ramaswamy, M.A., has been co-opted as a Member of the Managing Committee of the Public Library, Mysore, in place of Mr. M. Sultan Mohiyuddin, M.A., LL.B., M.E., resigned.

No. R. 6085—*R. M.* 1-34-42, *dated* 4*th June* 1935.

Under Rule 2 of the Rules issued in Government Order No R. 14-25 —L. R. 149-24-74, dated 3rd October 1925, as amended by Government Order No. R. 4229-40—L. R. 489-26-4, dated 1st December 1927, the tracts forming the atchkats of the undermentioned

tanks in the Hosdurga Taluk are declared entitled to remission of half wet assessment during the year 1934-35.

	Name of tank.	*Name of village.*		*Name of tank.*	*Name of village.*
1.	Nirgunda tank	.. Nirgunda Kodihalli	4.	Gowdanakere	... Heggere
2.	Belagur tank	... Belagur	5.	Paparajanakere	... Do
3.	Bagur tank	... Bagur Palayarhalli, Kundur	6.	Hirekere or Ammankere	Do

No. R. 6087—*R. M.* 1-34-43, *dated 4th June* 1935.

Under Rule 2 of the Rules issued in Government Order No R. 14-25—L. R 149-24-74, dated 3rd October 1925, as amended by Government Order No. R. 4229-40—L. R. 489-26-4, dated 1st December 1927, the tracts forming the atchkats of the tanks specified in the annexed statement in the Chintamani Taluk are declared entitled to remission of half wet assessment during the year 1933-34

Hobli		Name of Tank	Name of Village
Kasaba Hobli	1	Yadehalhkere ...	Yadahalli
	2	Chikkakere	Doddarjenahalli
	3	Chatlapalligaddekere	Chatlapalligadde
	4	Viswanathapurakere .	Viswanathapura
	5	Melnakere . .	Nayindarahalli
	6	Kelaginakere	Do
Chilakalanerpu Hobli	1	Bhumasanakunte	Nandanahosahalli
	2	Gonepallikunte (Thammannakunte) . .	Gonepalli
	3	Hosakere ..	Do
	4	Byraraddikunte .	Gowdanahalli
	5	Doddakere	K Gollahalli
	6	Kanakalakunte	Gowdanahalli
	7	Thalakayalakere ..	Papathimmanahalli, Kuthappanahalli
	8	Mavinakere .	Do
	9	Yeramaraddihalhkere	
	10	Sithavalakere	Chilakalanerpu
Kyvara Hobli	1	Thalagavara Amanikere ..	Muthakadahalli, Thalagavara, Thalagavara Amanikere, Vaizakuru.
Ambajeedrug Hobli	1	Balakoorkere	Adepalli
	2	Bommadakunte	Do
	3	Sonnegowdanakunte	Kodigepalli
	4	Seoneerukunte .	Sujjanahalli
	5	Gopinathkunte ...	Do
	6	Hosakere .	Kurumarlahalli
	7	Kadirikunte	Hussenpura
	8	Hosakere ..	Do
	9	Kavaranakunte .	Bodanamari
	10	Venkatadrikunte .	Do
	11	Chinnakunte ..	Do
	12	Nayanakere .	Nayanahalli
Munganahalli Hobli	1	Munganahalli	Seetharampura
Muragamalla Hobli	1	Bandakere .	Bandakote
	2	Byraraddikunte .	Neelapalli
	3	Amasavaddu .	Do
	4	Hudyadadinnekere .	Hudyada Dinne
	5	Ammakere ...	Ampalli
	6	Kothakuntekere ..	Pulligundlapalli
	7	Puligundlakunte ..	Do
	8	Dombaravanikunte . .	Do
	9	KuntavarappalliKere ..	Kondavenakapalli
	10	Vupparenikunte ...	Dhoopamakalapalli
	11	Marikunte	Do
	12	Yegavakere .	Kanegamakalapalli
	13	Maddukunte ...	Bandaralahalli
	14	Neralekuntekere	Naravamakalapalli
	15	Chikkaphulikunte ...	Gudamarlahalli
	16	Raddikere ...	Do
	17	Venkatarayanakere ..	Do
	18	Thirumala Devarakere ...	Do
	19	Desiganakere .	Do
	20	Desiganakere .	Aluvapalli

By Order,
H. V. RAMASVAMI,
Secretary to Government,
General Department.

DEVELOPMENT SECRETARIAT

No. L. 8261—*Ml.* 282-32-8, *dated* 24—28*th May* 1935.

Under Section 1 (2) of the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Regulation, 1895, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to extend the provisions of the said Regulation to the local area comprised within the limits of the under-mentioned towns in the Chitaldrug District, with effect from the 1st July 1935.

Jagalur, Challakere, Molakalmuru, Hiriyur, Hosdurga, Holalkere and Harihar.

No. D. 7743—I. & C. 200-34-4, dated 31st May 1935.

The Jayalaxmi Rice Mill, Chellakere, is hereby declared to be a Factory under Section 2 (3)b of the Mysore Factories Regulation, No. III of 1914 as amended by Regulation VI of 1925.

By Order,

M. VENKATANARANAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Development Department.

CHIEF SECRETARIAT

No. L. 8294—Ml. 125-33-21, dated 29th May 1935.

Under Section 4 of the Land Acquisition Regulation, 1894, as amended from time to time, it is hereby notified that the properties described hereunder are required for a public purpose, *viz.*, Constructing a Market in Basavangudi.

Under Section 5-A, it is directed that any person interested in the said properties may, within 30 days after the issue of this notification, prefer objections, if any thereto, to the Municipal Commissioner, in writing after which no objections will be heard.

A plan of the properties will be available for inspection in the Office of the Municipal Commissioner, City Municipality, Bangalore.

District	City Division	Street	Name of khatedar or owner	Municipal No.	Vacant site, house tiled, terraced or mudroofed	Total extent in sq. yards or Ankanams	Extent now required: Length in ft.	Breadth in ft.	Area in sq. ft.	Area in sq. yds.	Ankanams	Running ft.	Boundaries: East	West	North	South
Bangalore	Bangalore VIII Division	100 feet Road or South Anjaneya Temple Road	Mr. Kudur Kalappa	21 Mango Tope	Garden Land ...	A g. 2 11·5	100	100	10,000	11111·1	A. g. 0 9·2	...	4th Cross Road	Remaining portion of the property.	South Anjaneya Temple Road.	Remaining portion of the property.
					Honge trees ...	...	...	..	..	No. 8	...	...				

No. 1596—Muz. 252-34-3, dated 30th May 1935.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation No. VII of 1894, it is hereby declared that the land described hereunder is required for a public purpose, *viz.*, for Jatra ground in the Nagalamadike Village, Pavagada Taluk; and under Sections 7 and 3 (*c*) of the said Regulation, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of the Madhugiri Sub-Division is authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Names of khatedars or owners	Survey Number or Municipal No.	Whether dry, wet, or garden, etc.	Total extent	Kharab	Remaining extent	Assessment	Extent now required: Extent	Assessment	Boundaries: East	West	North	South
Tumkur	Pavagada	Nagalamadike	Nagalamadike	Malliga bin Subbamma deceased son Ramallu-ga Reddy.	47	Dry	30 acres and 38 guntas	1 acre and 91 guntas	28 acres and 97 guntas	Rs. 10-0-0	4 acres and 35 guntas	Re. 1-11-0	Musadrikhana building and the Remaining portion of this survey number.	Survey No. 48 and the Remaining portion of this number	Nagalamadike village site and Survey No. 48.	Remaining portion of this survey number.

No. E. 3438—G. G. 41-31-6, dated 30th May 1935.

Under Section 4 of the Land Acquisition Regulation, 1894, as amended from time to time, it is hereby notified that the properties described hereunder are required for a public purpose, *viz.*, for extending the Lal-Bagh in Bangalore.

Under Section 5-A, it is directed that any person interested in the said properties may, within 30 days after the issue of this notification prefer objections if any thereto, to the Municipal Commissioner, in writing after which no objections will be heard.

A plan of the properties will be available for inspection in the Office of the Municipal Commissioner, City Municipality, Bangalore.

District	City	Hobli	Village	Name of khatedar or owner	Survey No	Vacant site, house tiled, terraced or mudroofed	Total extent in acres and guntas	Extent now required: Length in ft	Breadth in ft.	Area in sq. ft	Area in sq. yds.	Boundaries: East	West	North	South
Bangalore	Bangalore	Kasaba	Mavalli	Kyalanoor Munisamappa.	Survey No 6	Garden land ..	2 acres 3·03 guntas	14	24+27 / 2	357	...	Lal Bagh Compound Wall	Newly opened 50 ft. road	Acquired Municipal land	Mr. B. L. Ramaswamy's S. No. 4
								88½	27+41 / 2	3009	...				
								56½	41+51 / 2	259·9	...				
								58½	51+62 / 2	3305·25	...				
								69½	62+76 / 2	4795·5	...				
								119	76+103 / 2	10650·5	..				
								71	103+114½ / 2	7721·25	...				
								63	114½+127½ / 2	=7623	..				
								119	127½+150½ / 2	=16541	...				
								100	150½+168 / 2	=1592·5	...				
								114	168+108 / 2	=15732	...				
								65	35 / 2	=1137·5	...				
								68	30 / 2	=1020	..				
										90416 sq. ft =10046·22 sq. yds. =2 acres 3·03 guntas					
						Big Hongey tree 1, Hongey tree small 7, Big Mango trees 7, Small mango trees 18, Big guava trees 13, Gova trees small 31, Gold Mohar 1, Solla 1, Wood apple 1, Dooranta 1, Yelechi 1, Tamarind plant 1, Sampigey trees 2, Heraley plant 1, Rose plants big 15, Rose plants small 17.	...	...	...	...	...				
				Mr. B. L. Ramaswamy	Survey Nos. 3 and 4	Garden land	39·57 guntas	360+345 / 2	108+140 / 2	49090	4788= 39·57 guntas			Kyalanoor Munisamappa's garden land	Mr. B. L. Ramaswamy's garden land
						Stone mantap	...	6	4	24	...				
						Mango trees big 2, Big Kamarek tree 1, Tamarind tree yielding, 1. Big pomegranate trees yielding 119, Pomogranate trees medium 68, Small 43, Australian apple plants grafted fruit yielding 267, Big Rose plants 212, Plantain groups 97, Plantain groups single 6, Pappai trees 171, Cypress 2, Arcaria 1, Big Gauva trees 4, Gauva tree small 1, Date palm trees 2, Fig trees yielding 10, Gravilla plants 6, Karibevu plants 6, Rubber trees 10, Hongay trees 2, Margosa plant 1, Solle mara 1, wire fencing with stone pillars 948 running feet, cistern.	...	...	...	...	...				
		Mavalli village VI Division		Anantharaju	Survey No. 5	Garden land	18·32 guntas	132+135 / 2	140+116 / 2	20502 sq. ft.	2278 sq. yds. =18·32 guntas	Newly acquired 60 ft. road	Mr. B. L. Ramaswamy's garden land.	Mr. M. C. Lakshmiah's site.	Anantharaju's garden land
						Silver Oak trees 2, Hongey tree 1.	...	...	...	...	...				

No. L. 8343—*Ml.* 35-34-60, *dated* 1*st June* 1935.

Under Section 4 of the Land Acquisition Regulation, 1894, as amended from time to time, it is hereby notified that the properties described hereunder are required for a public purpose, *viz.*, For opening a Conservancy Lane to the East of Store Street, Kalasipalya VI Division.

Under Section 5-A, it is directed that any person interested in the said properties may, within 30 days after the issue of this notification, prefer objections, if any thereto, to the Municipal Commissioner in writing, after which no objections will be heard.

A plan of the properties will be available for inspection in the Office of the Municipal Commissioner, City Municipality, Bangalore.

District	City	Division	Sheet	Names of khatedars or owners	Municipal No.	Vacant site, house (tiled, terraced or mud-roofed)	Total extent in sq. yards or Anis-nams	Extent now required						Boundaries			
								Length in ft	Breadth in ft	Area in sq. ft.	Area in sq. yards.	Ankotama	Running ft.	East	West	North	South
Bangalore	Bangalore	VI Division	Store Street, Kalasipalya.	Mr. Abdul Wahab, Baker ..	153—1	Burnt brick compound wall with coping, chunam pointing, etc., Complete (height 5½') zinc sheet gate (10'×6').	Guntas 1156 5	...	...	...	..	...	.	His own remaining property	Store street and stone mantap.	His own house ...	Mr. Krishnaswamy Iyer s survey land.
							..	28	.	...	.	...	...				
			Doddabillkhana Village	Mr. Krishnaswamy Iyer ..	S. No. 153—2	Land Area ...	...	38	13	494	54·88	.					
						Flower garden (survey land) Dodbylkhana Village.	686 88	58	13+14	789	87=	0 72 G.	...	Do ..	Abdul Wahab and Challapuram Gubbanna's property.	Abdul Wahab's open yard.	Abdul Wahab's garden.
				Mr Abdul Wahab (Baker)	153—2	Flower garden	23 64	77	2 14+13=	1,039	115 44=	0 95 G	...	Do .	Abdul Wahab's properties	Mr. Krishnaswamy Iyer's garden	Mariswamy mutt gardens.
				Mr. Gurubasappa trustee of Mariswamy Mutt	154	Garden land	.	20	2 13+15=	280	...		...	Remaining portion of the garden	Mr Krishnaswamy Pillai and others properties	Abdul Wahab's garden.	Sabapathy Mudaliar's property
						Do ..	...	90	2 22+19	1,845							
				Mr Sabbapathi Mudaliar, son of Srinivasa Mudaliar.	Portion of S No. 160	Vacant land ..	Sq yds. 455 55	58	2 19+16	2,125 1,715	236·11= 190 55=	1 95 G. 1 57 G.	. ..	His own remaining land.	Messrs Shanmugam and Rajagopal and others houses.	Mariswamy Mutt gardens.	Munithanappa's garden and Mr. Shanmugam Mudaliar's property
			Store Street Kalasipalya	Mr. Shanmugam Mudaliar .	10	Compound wall latrine materials found ation, etc	490	..	2				...	Munithanappa's garden.	His own remaining property.	Sabhapathi Mudaliar's property	Munithanappa's garden.
						Land Area .	.	40	7+43	283 3	25·92		..				
			Doddabillkhana Village	Mr. Munithanappa	S No. 160—1	Garden land .	G sq. yds 24 ·84	38	2 10	380		.		His own remaining garden.	Sampangi Naidu Srinivasa Mudaliar and others properties	Do ...	Grave yard and Mazeed land.
						Do	..	22	16+14=	37·33		. .	...				
						Do		104	2 18	1872			.				
			Store Street, Kalasipalya	Mr Sampangi Naidu	6	Rear mud compound wall on the Eastern side	R.ft. 799·77	51	...	2689 38=	287·7=2 4	G. R.ft 5 1	.	Munithanappa's garden land.	Store Street, Kalasipalya	Remaining portion of the property	Muni Rao's vacant land.
						Brick compound wall on the south		85	..		..	R.ft. 85	...				
						Mud-roof building in front.	..	30	10	300	..	.	...				
						Zinc roof ve andah .	..	7	6	42	.	...	..				
						Land Area ..		118	10	1,180	131·11	sq. yds	...				

District	Name of khatedars or owners	Municipal No	Vacant site, house (tiled terraced or mud-roofed)	Total extent in sq yards or Anka nams	Extent now required: Length, in feet	Breadth in feet	Area in sq feet	Area in sq yards	Adhesions	Running feet	Boundaries: East	West	North	South
Bangalore City Division	Mr Muni Rao	No. 5	Vacant land .. Do ..	496 s q yds	37 114	12 6+4	411 570				Mahomedan burial ground.	Has own remaining property	Sampangi Naidu's house	Venkataramma Setty's property
Store Street Kalasipalyam	Mr Venkatarama Setty	131	Vacant land ..	668·66 sq yds	40	2 12+9	1,013 420	112 66 46 66			Do	Do	Muni Rao's property.	Hyder Khan's property.
Kalasipalyam Main Road			Stone in clay, wall 4' high and 1½' thick. Slabs of old wall etc.	... ...		2	R ft 13							
Mysore Street	Mr Hyder Khan Sab		Mud-roof building .. Mangalore tiled portion.	249 65	13 7/12	9½ 9½+13	129 360				Do	Do	Venkataramma Setty's property	Majeed Street
			Mangalore tiled portion south side		9	2 4	36							
			Total ..				525							
			Mangalore tiled verandah, brick compound wall in front including door 8 ft high		13	4	52							
			Latrine materials, Land area	..	58 7/12	14+9	R ft 10½ 673 7	74 8						
						2								

By Order,
K. V. ANANTARAMAN,
Offg. *Chief Secretary to Government.*

DEVELOPMENT SECRETARIAT

No. L. 8209—*V. P.* 14-34-41, *dated 27th May* 1935.

Under Section 4 of the Land Acquisition Regulation 1894, as amended from time to time, it is hereby notified that the property described hereunder is required for a public purpose, *viz*, for the procession of God and for the use of the people and village cattle.

Under Section 5-A it is directed that any person interested in the said property may within 30 days after the issue of this notification prefer objections if any thereto, to the Revenue Commissioner, and Land Acquisition Officer, Tarikere, in writing after which no objections will be heard.

A plan of the property will be available for inspection in the Office of the Revenue Sub-Division Officer, Tarikere.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Name of khatedar or owner	Anubhavadars (if any) or other persons interested in the property.	Survey No. or Municipal No.	Whether dry, wet or garden, etc.	Total extent	Kharab	Extent now required: Extent	Extent now required: Assessment	Boundaries: East	West	North	South
Kadur	Tarikere	Ajjampur	Malenahalli	Khatedar—Siddaramappa bin Kalluge, Muddegiru Owner—Kalkamappa	...	32	House and site	60 Sq yards.	.....	60 Sq yards	Re. 0 8-0	Lane between Nirvanappa's house and Kallasamappa's site	Temple yard	Nanjappa's house Chikkamallayyana	Sroet

No. L. 8205—*Ml.* 40-33-43, *dated 27th May* 1935.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation No. VII of 1894, it is hereby declared that the land described hereunder is required for a public purpose, *viz.*, for the Construction of Houses for Adikarnataka Community and under Sections 7 and 3 (*c*) of the said Regulation the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Hassan Sub-Division, is authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Name of khatedar or owner	Survey No. or Municipal No.	Whether dry, wet, or garden, etc.	Total extent	Kharab	Remaining extent	Assessment	Extent now required: Extent	Extent now required: Assessment	Boundaries: East	West	North	South
Hassan	Arsikere	Kasaba	Arsikere	Chenna bin Sanna Lakku Chennana Chenna	460—1	Dry	17 guntas	.....	17 guntas	Re. 0-8-0	17 guntas	Re. 0-8-0	Hatti of Adikarnatakas	Panchama School	Marichennana hola	Road.

No. L. 8244—*V. P.* 11-34-217, *dated 28th May* 1935.

Under Section 4 of the Land Acquisition Regulation, 1894, as amended from time to time, it is hereby notified that the property described hereunder is required for a public purpose, *viz.*, Khabarastan.

Under Section 5-A, it is directed that any person interested in the said property may within 30 days after the issue of this notification, prefer objections, if any thereto, to the Gubbi Sub-Division Officer, in writing after which no objections will be heard.

A plan of the property will be available for inspection in the Office of the Assistant Commissioner, Gubbi Sub-Division, Tumkur.

District / Taluk / Hobli / Village	Names of Khatedars or owners	Anubhavadars (if any) or other persons interested in the property	Survey No or Municipal No	Whether dry, wet, or garden, etc	Total extent	Kharab	Extent now required: Extent	Extent now required: Assessment	Boundaries: East	West	North	South
Tumkur / Kunigal / Hulyurdurga / Sringaresagara	Thabasetta	(1) Doddakempasetti (2) Chikkempasetti (3) Thabasetti	5/6	Dry	3 acres and 17 guntas		2 acres	Rs 2-0-0	Hulyurdurga Boundary	Survey No 4 of Sringaresagara Village Hiduvalli Land	Portion of S. No 5/6	Portion of S No 5/6

No. L. 8249—*V.* P. 16-34-153, *dated* 28*th May* 1935.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation No. VII of 1894, it is hereby declared that the lands described hereunder are required for a public purpose, *viz*, for the cart-track leading to Belagur Village and under Sections 7 and 3 (*c*) of the said Regulation, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Davangere Sub-Division, is authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said lands.

District / Taluk / Hobli / Village	Names of khatedars or owners	Survey Number or Municipal Number	Whether dry, wet, or garden, etc	Total extent	Kharab	Remaining extent	Assessment	Extent now required: Extent	Extent now required: Assessment	Boundaries: East	West	North	South
				A. g.	A. g.	A. g	Rs a	A. g	Rs a				
Chitaldrug / Hosdurga / Sirampura / Ballala Samudra	Thimmiya bin Lingaiah Khatedar	11	Dry and Wet	3 10	0 6	3 4	10 0	0 6	0 8	S Nos 11 and 12	S. No 11	S. No 1 Halla	S Nos 11
	Guruah bin Venkappa (Channagiri) Anubhavadar												
	Bondamma kom Nariah Khatedar	12	Wet	4 11	0 2	4 9	4 8	0 3½	0 2	12 ...	11	Halla ...	11 and 12
	Muthyaiah son of Nariah Anubhavadar												

No. L. 8304—*V. P.* 12-34-200, *dated* 30*th May* 1935.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation No. VII of 1894, it is hereby declared that the land described hereunder is required for a public purpose, *viz*, Village Extension of Halebsedu, and under Sections 7 and 3 (C) of the said Regulation, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Mysore Sub-Division, is authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

District / Taluk / Hobli / Village	Name of khatedar or owner	Survey No or Municipal No.	Whether dry, wet, or garden, etc.	Total extent	Kharab	Remaining extent	Assessment	Extent now required: Extent	Extent now required: Assessment	Boundaries: East	West	North	South
Mysore / Hunsur / Bilikere / Halebeedu	Marigowda son Chikkavenkata and Doddakenchi, (1) Tedatre Khaji Ahmad Sab, (2) Mallamma, (3) Marigowda	133	Dry	4 acres and 34 guntas	.....	4 acres 34 guntas	Rs. 6 0-0	2 acres	Rs 2-8-0	Vom	S No. 134 and 135	Adikarnataka Street	Remaining extent of S. No 133.

No. L. 8252—V. P. 16-34-155, dated 28th May 1935.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation No. VII of 1894, it is hereby declared that the lands described hereunder are required for a public purpose, *viz.*, for the Shandy Maidan, Srirampura and under Sections 7 and 3 (*c*) of the said Regulation, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of the Davangere Sub-Division, is authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said lands.

District Taluk Hobli Village	Name of khatedar or owner	S. No or Ml. No.	Whether dry, wet, garden, etc.	Total extent	Kharab	Remaining extent	Assessment	Extent now required: Extent	Extent now required: Assessment	Boundaries: East	West	North	South
Chitaldrug Hosadurga Srirampura Srirampura	Chandram Singh ...	Khaneshumari No 224-2	Thatched house	14 × 12 sq. yds.	...	14 × 12 sq yds	Re. 1-0-0	14 × 12 sq. yds.	Re 1-0-0	Government land plat-form of nargosa tree & Shandy Maidan.	Government land, path-leading to Gavirangapur Shandy Maidan	Government land and Shandy Maidan.	Government land and Shandy Maidan.
	Sultanbi vallad Hayat Sabi.	Khaneshumari No. 225	Thatched house	9 × 12 sq. yds.	....	9 × 12 sq. yds	Re. 0-8-0	9 × 12 sq. yds.	Re. 0-8-0	Shandy Maidan Government land path leading to Gavirangapura.	Government land and S. No. 24.	Government land	Vacant site of Budenbi vallad Hayat Sabi.

No. L. 8256—V. P. 15-34-113, dated 28th May 1935.

Under Section 4 of the Land Acquisition Regulation, 1894, as amended from time to time, it is hereby notified that the properties described hereunder are required for a public purpose, *viz.*, Formation of a Road.

Under Section 5-A it is directed that any person interested in the said properties, may, within 30 days after the issue of this notification, prefer objections, if any thereto, to the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Shimoga Sub-Division, in writing, after which no objections will be heard.

A plan of the properties will be available for inspection in the Office of the Assistant Commissioner, in charge of Shimoga Sub-Division.

District Taluk Hobli Village	Names of khatedars or owners	Anubhavadars (if any) or other persons interested in the property	Survey Number or Municipal No.	Whether dry, wet or garden, etc.	Total extent	Kharab	Extent now required: Extent	Extent now required: Assessment	Boundaries: East	West	North	South
					A.g.	A.g.	A. g.	Rs. a.	S. Nos.	S. Nos	S. Nos.	S. Nos.
Shimoga Shimoga Kasaba Holebenavalli	Fathimabi ...		45	Wet ... 3 2 Dry ... 5 8	0 1	0 1	0 1	Remaining portion of this S. No.	70 ...	Remaining portion of this S. No.	Village
	Nimbiah ...	...	61	Dry . 14 11	1 30	0 20	0 4	Remaining portion of this S. No.	Remaining portion of this S. No.	63 ...	Do
	Venkata Rao ..	...	62	Do ... 9 27	0 15	0 9	0 2	Remaining portion of this S. No.	Do .	62 ...	Do
	K Suryanarayana Rao.	...	63	Wet ... 3 37 Dry ... 4 20	0 2	0 5	0 1	Remaining portion of this S. No.	Do ..	61 ..	Do ...
		Total ...	...	... 40 30	5 8	0 38	0 8				

No. L. 8243—L. B. 10-34-20, dated 28th May 1935.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation No. VII of 1894, it is hereby declared that the land described hereunder is required for a public purpose, *viz.*, for the location of Blood and Bone godowns, and under Sections 7 and 3 (*c*) of the said Regulation, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Kolar Sub-Division, is authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

District / Taluk / Hobli / Village	Name of khatedar or owner	Survey No. or Municipal No.	Whether dry, wet, or garden, etc.	Total extent	Kharab	Remaining extent	Assessment	Extent now required: Extent	Extent now required: Assessment	Boundaries: East	West	North	South
Kolar / Bowringpet / Robertsonpet / Peddapalli	Nakka Munivenkatappa	11	Dry	4 acres and 39 guntas	...	4 acres and 39 guntas	Rs. 9-8-0	1 acre and 31 guntas	Rs. 3-4-0	Govindasamy Natar's portion out of the same No.	Muning boundary and halla.	Chinnamma's portion out of the same No.	Survey No. 12

Remarks—Out of this 12 guntas of Govindasamy Natar's portion and 1 acre and 19 guntas of Papadoo's portion is to be acquired.

No. L. 8277—Ml. 44-34-28, dated 29th May 1935.

Under Section 4 of the Land Acquisition Regulation, 1894, as amended from time to time, it is hereby notified that the properties described hereunder are required for a public purpose, *viz.*, Improvement of the Bhadravati Town.

Under Section 5-A, it is directed that any person interested in the said properties may, within 30 days after the issue of this notification, prefer objections, if any thereto, to the Sub-Division Officer, Shimoga or to the Deputy Commissioner in writing, after which no objections will be heard.

A plan of the properties will be available for inspection in the Office of the Assistant Commissioner, Shimoga Sub-Division, Shimoga.

District / Taluk / Hobli / Village	Names of khatedars or owners	Anubhavadars (if any) or other persons interested in the property	Survey Number or Municipal No.	Whether dry, wet, garden, etc.	Total extent	Kharab	Extent now required: Extent	Extent now required: Assessment	Boundaries: East	West	North	South
Shimoga / Shimoga / Bhadravati / Arehalli Inam	Sanjeevappa		Portion of Mangalore tiled house 22′ × 11′ + 5′ / 2						Road ...	Remaining portion of Sanjeevappa's house.	Vacant place.	Babasab's house.
	Babasab Vallad Hayatsab. ...		1. Portion of country tiled house with thatti walls 18′ × 9′ / 2						Do ...	Remaining portion of Baba Sab's house.	Sanjeevappa's house.	Road
			2. Portion of zinc sheet shop with thatti walls 10′ × 8′									
			3. Do do 9 × 7 / 2									
			4. Country tiled house with thatti walls 24′ × 9′									

No. L. 8305—V. P. 9-34-55, dated 30th May 1935.

Under Section 4 of the Land Acquisition Regulation, 1894, as amended from time to time, it is hereby notified that the property described hereunder is required for a public purpose, *viz.*, for the Village Approch Road of Jadigenahalli Village, Jadigenahalli Hobli, Hoskote Taluk.

Under Section 5-A, it is directed that any person interested in the said property, may within 30 days after the issue of this notification, prefer objections if any thereto, to the Deputy Commissioner, in writing, after which no objections will be heard.

A plan of the property will be available for inspection in the Office of the Sub-Division Officer, Dodballapur Sub-Division.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Name of khatedar or owner	Anubhavadar (if any) or other persons interested in the property	Survey Number or Mi. No.	Whether dry, wet, garden, etc.	Total extent	Kharab	Extent now required: Extent	Extent now required: Assessment	Boundaries: East	Boundaries: West	Boundaries: North	Boundaries: South
Bangalore	Hoskote	Jadigenahalli	Jadigenahalli	Somanna, son of Junjappa	Anubhavadar—Kote Munisamappa.	60—1	Garden	30 guntas	.....	4 guntas	Re. 0-4-9	High Road, i.e., Malur road	Kharabani	S. No. 60—1	S. No. 60—1

By Order,

M. VENKATANARANAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Development Department.

PUBLIC WORKS SECRETARIAT

No. P. W. 2602—S., dated 27th May 1935.

Under Section 4 of the Land Acquisition Regulation, 1894, as amended from time to time, it is hereby notified that the property described hereunder is required for a public purpose, *viz.*, Formation of a Road at the junction of Bangalore-Honnawar Road and Bidarammagudi-Huliyar Road.

Under Section 5-A, it is directed that any person interested in the said property may, within 30 days after the issue of this notification, prefer objections, if any thereto, to the Assistant Commissioner, Gubbi Sub-Division, Tumkur, in writing, after which no objections will be heard

A plan of the property will be available for inspection in the Office of the Senior Assistant Commissioner, Gubbi Sub-Division.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Name of khatedar or owner	Anubhavadar (if any) or other persons interested in the property.	Survey Number or Municipal No.	Whether dry, wet or garden, etc	Total extent	Kharab	Extent now required: Extent	Extent now required: Assessment	Boundaries: East	Boundaries: West	Boundaries: North	Boundaries: South
Tumkur	Tiptur	Tiptur	Hiribidare	Sangadi Thimma bin Hanuma.	Hanumayya bin Sangadi Thimma	12	Dry	2 acres and 25 guntas	.....	20 guntas	Re. 0-10-6	Survey No. 12	Survey No. 12	Bidarammagudi-Huliyar Road.	Bangalore-Honnawar Road.

No. 2621-23—*S., dated 29th May* 1935.

Whereas it appears to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore that the undermentioned lands, are needed for a public purpose, *viz.*, for improving the Menasi Tank, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern, in accordance with the provisions of Section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Regulation No. I of 1927, and the Government hereby authorise the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, and his subordinates and also the Sub-Division Officer, Dodballapur Sub-Division, to exercise the powers conferred by Section 4 (2) of the Regulation. Under Sub-Section (4) of Section 17 of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894, as amended by Regulation No. I of 1927, the Government direct that, in view of the urgency of the case, the provisions of Section 5-A of the Regulation shall not apply to the acquisition of the lands noted below.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Names of khatedars or owners	Survey Number or Municipal Number	Whether dry, wet, or garden, etc.	Total extent	Kharab	Remaining extent	Assessment	Extent now required		Boundaries			
											Extent	Assessment	East	West	North	South
							A. g.	A. g.	A. g.	Rs. a.	A. g.	Rs. a. p.	Survey Nos.	Survey Nos.	Survey Nos.	Survey Nos.
Bangalore	Dodballapur	Kasaba	Menasi	Anjaneyaswami Inam	96	Dry ...	1 39	0 2	1 37	3 8	0 12	0 9 6	Government tope.	103 ...	Portion of S. No. 96.	97
				Nagappa, Anubhavadar—Chikkanna	98	Do ...	2 5	0 5	2 0	4 0	0 12	0 10 0	Tank bed ...	Tank bed ...	Tank bed ...	Portion of S. No. 98.
				Channiah, Anubhavadar—Dodchanniah, Byranna, Nanjamma.	99	Do ..	7 21	0 1	7 20	14 0	1 10	2 5 0	100 ..	Huskur boundary.	Portion of S. No. 99.	Tank bed
				Ramiah bin Chikkanna, Anubhavadar—Ramiah Chikmuniyappa, Muniramanna.	100	Do ..	6 9	0 3	6 6	10 0	1 3	2 1 0	102 ...	99 ...	Portion of S No. 100.	Do
				Shanbhogi Inam (Shama Rao)	102	Do ..	9 34	0 10	9 24	16 0	1 16	2 10 0	103 ...	100 ...	Portion of S. No. 102.	Do
				Patelappa bin Dodmuniyappa, Anubhavadar—Ramanna, Hanumiah, Munimalla.	103	Do ..	4 35	0 4	4 31	10 0	0 16	0 6 6	105 ...	102 ..	Portion of S. No. 103.	Do
				Hanumiah, Nanjunda, Hagaviah	105	Do ...	2 37	0 2	2 35	5 8	0 24	0 9 6	96 ...	98 ..	Do ...	Do
				Total ...	...	..	...	..	...	..	5 13	..				
			Kunisavahalli	Hanumiah bin Sonnappa	89—1	Dry ..	5 20	0 7	5 13	10 0	0 10	0 8 0	90 ..	Portion of S. No 89.	Tank bed ...	Portion of S. No. 89.
				Appajigowda bin Hanumegowda, Anubhavadar—Nanjegowda.	89—2	Do .										
				Siddappa bin Bollah	85—1	Do ...	7 21	0 7	7 14	14 0	1 20	2 12 0	Village site ..	89 ...	Do ...	Portion of S. No. 85.
				Munichanniah bin Muniyappa	85—2	Do ..										
				Doddakka, Anubhavadars—Dodhanumiah, Huskur Hanumiah, Byregowda.	85—3	Do .										
				Total ...	...	...		..	...	...	1 30	..				
		Dodbelavangala	Huskur	Veerabhadrappa bin Rudrappa	44	Dry ..	2 2	0 15	1 27	8 8	0 15	1 0 0	Menasi tank bed	Portion of S. No 44.	Menasi village boundary.	45 and 46
				Anjaneyaswami Inam, Archik Sanjeeviah ..	45	Wet .	0 24		0 24	2 12	0 24	2 12 0	46 ...	Do ..	Portion of S. No. 44	Portion of S. No. 46.
				Siddappa bin Nanjundiah, Anubhavadar—Ramah	46	Dry ..	9 18	0 1	9 17	19 0	1 18	2 14 0	Menasi tank bed.	45 ...	Do ..	Do

No. 2621-23—*S., dated 29th May* 1935.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Regulation No. I of 1927, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore declares that the lands specified below are needed for a public purpose, *viz.*, for improving Menasi Tank Dodballapur Taluk and under Sections 4 and 7 of the same Regulation, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Dodballapur Sub-Division is appointed to perform the functions of a Deputy Commissioner under the Regulation, and directed to take orders for the acquisition of the said lands. Under Sub-section (1) of Section 17 of the Regulation, the Government further directs that the possession of the said lands may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of publication of the notice mentioned in Section 9 (1) of the Regulation.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Names of khatedars or owners	Survey Number or Municipal No.	Whether dry, wet, garden, vacant site, house (tiled, terraced or mud-roofed),	Total extent	Kharab	Remaining extent	Assessment	Extent now required: Extent	Extent now required: Assessment	Boundaries: East	West	North	South
							A. g.	A g.	A. g.	Rs. a.	A. g.	Rs. a. p.				
Bangalore	Dodballapur	Dodballapur	Kasaba	Anjaneyaswami Inam	96	Dry	1 39	0 2	1 37	3 8	0 12	0 9 0	Govt. tope ...	103	Portion of S. No. 106.	97
				Nagappa, Anubhavadar—Chikkanna	98	Do	2 5	0 5	2 0	4 0	0 12	0 10 0	Tank bed	Tank bed	Tank bed	Portion of S. No 98.
				Channiah, Anubhavadar—Dodchanniah, Byrsama, Nanjamma.	99	Do	7 24	0 1	7 20	14 0	1 10	2 5 0	100 ...	Huskur boundary	Portion of S. No. 99	Tank bed
			Menasi	Ramiah bin Chikkanna, Anubhavadar—Ramiah Chikmuniyappa, Muni Ramanna	100	Do	6 9	0 3	6 6	10 0	1 3	2 1 0	102	99	Do 100	Do
				Shanbhogi Inam Shama Rao	102	Do	9 34	0 10	9 24	18 0	1 16	2 10 0	103 ..	100 ..	Do 102 ...	Do
				Patelappa bin Dodmuniyappa, Anubhavadar—Ramanna Hanumiah, Munimalla	103	Do	4 35	0 4	4 31	10 0	0 16	0 6 6	105 ..	102 .	Do 103 ..	Do
				Hanumiah, Nanjunda, Hugoriah ...	105	Do	2 37	0 2	2 35	5 8	0 24	0 9 6	96 .	103 .	Do ...	Do
	Dodballapur	Dodballapur	Kasaba	Hanumiah bin Somappa	89—1	Do ...	5 20	0 7	5 13	10 0	0 10	0 6 0	90 ..	Portion of S No. 89.	Tank bed ...	Portion of S No- 89.
				Appajigowda bin Hanumegowda, Anubhavadar—Nanjegowda.	89—2	Do ..										
			Kundanahalli	Siddappa bin Beliya	85—1	Do ..	7 21	0 7	7 14	14 0	1 20	2 12 0	Village site	89 ...	Do ...	Do 85
				Munichannaiah bin Muniyappa Doddakka, Anubhavadar	85—2											
				Dodhanumiah, Huskur Hanumaiah, Byregowda ..	85—3											
Bangalore	Dodballapur	Dodballapur	Huskur	Veerabhadrappa bin Rudrappa ..	41	Do ...	2 2	0 15	1 27	8 8	0 15	1 0 0	Menasi Tank bed.	Portion of S. No. 41.	Menasi village Boundary	45 and 46
				Anjaneyaswami Inam Archik Sanjeeviah ..	45	Wet ...	0 24	...	0 24	2 12	0 24	2 12 0	46 ...	Do ...	Portion of S. No 14.	Portion of S. No. 46.
				Siddappa bin Nanjundiah, Anubhavadar—Ramiah ...	46	Do ...	9 18	0 1	9 17	19 0	1 18	2 14 0	Menasi Tank bed	45 ...	Do ..	Do

No. 2651-53—*S., dated* 1*st June* 1935.

Whereas it appears to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore that the undermentioned lands, situated in Khayamgutta Kempaguddanahalli Village, Magadi Taluk, Bangalore District, are needed for a public purpose, for Stone quarrying purposes for Tippagondanhalli Water Works, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of Section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894 as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Regulation No. I of 1927, and the Government hereby authorise the Assistant Commissioner, Closepet Sub-Division, Closepet, to exercise the powers conferred by Section 4 (2) of the Regulation. Under sub-section (4) of Section 17 of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894, as amended by Regulation No. I of 1927, the Government direct that, in view of the urgency of the case, the provisions of Section 5 (A) of the Regulation shall not apply to the acquisition of the lands noted below.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Name of khatedar or owner	Anubhavadar (if any) or other persons interested in the property	Survey Number or Municipal No.	Whether dry, wet, or garden, etc.	Total extent	Remaining extent	Extent now required		Boundaries			
										Extent	Assessment	East	West	North	South
Bangalore	Magadi	Tavarekere	Khayamgutta Kempaguddanahalli.	Mahalakshmamma kom Ranganna.	Mahalakshmamma kom Ranganna.	5	Dry	135 acres	135 acres	40 acres	Rs. 10.	Remaining portion of S. No. 5.	S. No. 4 of this village and the remaining portion of S. No. 5.	Remaining portion of S. No. 5.	Jodi Tippagondanhalli boundary.

No. 2651-53—S., *dated* 1*st June* 1935.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Regulation No. I of 1927, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore declares that the lands mentioned below are needed for a public purpose, *viz.*, for stone quarrying purposes for Tippagondanhalli Water Works, and under Sections 4 and 7 of the same Regulation, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of the Closepet Sub-Divison is appointed to perform the functions of a Deputy Commissioner under the Regulation and directed to take orders for the acquisition of the said lands. Under sub-section (1) of Section 17 of the Regulation, the Government further directs that the possession of the said lands may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of publication of the notice mentioned in Section 9 (1) of the Regulation. A plan of the lands is kept in the Office of the Sub-Division Officer, Closepet, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Name of khatedar or owner	Survey Number or M. No.	Whether dry, wet, or garden, etc.	Total extent	Kharab	Remaining extent	Assessment	Extent now required		Boundaries			
											Extent	Assessment	East	West	North	South
Bangalore	Magadi	Tavarekere	Khayamgutta Kempaguddanahalli.	Mahalakshmamma kom Ranganna.	5	Dry	135 acres	...	135 acres	...	40 acres	Rs. 10-0-0	Remaining portion of S. No. 5.	S. No. 4 of this village and remaining portion of S. No. 5.	Remaining portion of S. No. 5.	Jodi Tippagondanhalli boundary.

By Order,

N. N. AYYANGAR,
Secretary to Government,
Public Works Department.

RAILWAY SECRETARIAT

No. 2345-46—*R. S., dated* 31*st May* 1935.

Whereas it appears to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore that the undermentioned land situated in Mandya Village, Mandya Taluk, Mysore District, is needed for a public purpose to wit, Extension of Dead end siding for Sugar Factory at Mandya Station, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of Section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Regulation No. I of 1927, and the Government hereby authorise the Assistant Commissioner, Mandya Sub-Division, Mandya, to exercise the powers conferred by Section 4(2) of the Regulation. Under Sub-Section (4) of Section 17 of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894, as amended by Regulation No. I of 1927, the Government direct that, in view of the urgency of the case, the provisions of Section 5-A of the Regulation shall not apply to the acquisition of the land noted below.

District / Taluk / Hobli / Village	Name of Khatedar or owner	Anubhavadar (if any) or other persons interested in the property	Survey Number or Municipal No.	Whether dry, wet, or garden etc	Total extent	Kharab	Extent now required: Extent	Extent now required: Assessment	Boundaries: East	West	North	South
Mysore / Mandya / Kasaba / Mandya	Sri Janardhana Swami Tope.	Sri Janardhana Swami	845	...	7 acres and 25 guntas	7 acres and 25 guntas	32 guntas	.	Survey No. 846	Remaining portion of Survey No. 845	Road	Railway line

No. 2345-46—*R. S., dated* 31*st May* 1935.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Regulation No. I of 1927, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore declares that the land measuring 32 guntas in Survey No. 845 be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, Extension of Dead end siding for Sugar Factory at Mandya Station, and under Sections 4 and 7 of the same Regulation the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Mandya Sub-Division, is appointed to perform the functions of a Deputy Commissioner under the Regulation and directed to take orders for the acquisition of the said land. Under sub-section (1) of Section 17 of the Regulation, the Government further directs that the possession of the said land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of publication of the notice mentioned in Section 9 (1) of the Regulation. A plan of the land is kept in the Office of the Assistant Commissioner, Mandya Sub-Division, Mandya, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

District / Taluk / Hobli / Village	Name of khatedar or owner	Survey Number or Municipal No.	Whether dry, wet, or garden, etc	Total extent	Kharab	Remaining extent	Assessment	Extent now required: Extent	Extent now required: Assessment	Boundaries: East	West	North	South
Mysore / Mandya / Kasaba / Mandya	Sri Janardhana Swami Tope, (Anubhavadar—Sri Janardhana Swami)	845	.....	7 acres and 25 guntas	7 acres and 25 guntas	..	...	32 guntas	...	Survey No. 846	Remaining portion of Survey No. 845	Road	Railway line

By Order,

N. N. AYYANGAR,
Secretary to Government,
Railway Department.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY, MYSORE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL, BANGALORE.

No. 4097—*L. C., dated* 4—*5th June* 1935.

NOTICE.

Admission to the Visitors' Gallery during the sittings of the Mysore Legislative Council which will be held in the New Council Hall, Public Offices, Bangalore, on the 24th June 1935 and succeeding days will be regulated by tickets which can be had on application made to the Secretary to the Mysore Legislative Council, Public Offices, Bangalore, through a member of the Council at least two clear days before the meeting.

By Order,
C. SUBRAHMANYA AIYAR,
Secretary,
Mysore Legislative Council.

Printed by the Superintendent at the Government Press, Bangalore

PART III—Section 2

NOTIFICATIONS BY THE HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT

IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE AT BANGALORE.

Insolvency Case No. 10 *of* 1929-30.

Kondappa, son of Venkataramanna, Balajigar, Shankaradeva Mutt Galli, Manavarthapet, Bangalore City ... ... *Petitioner.* (*Debtor*).

vs.

Venkataramaniah and others ... ... *Opponents.*

Take notice that the abovenamed insolvent Kondappa has applied at the Court for his final discharge, and that the Court has fixed the 11th day of June 1935, at 11 o'clock for hearing the application.

Dated this 27th day of May 1935.

Insolvency Case No. 8 *of* 1931-32.

B. Narasimhiah, son of Narappa, Chikpet, Bangalore City ... *Petitioner.* (*Debtor*).

vs.

C. Papanna and others ... ... *Opponents.*

Take notice that the abovenamed insolvent B. Narasimhiah has applied at the Court for his discharge and that the Court has fixed the 14th day of June 1935, at 11 o'clock, for hearing the application.

Dated this 27th day of May 1935.

Insolvency Case No. 7 *of* 1933-34.

Toddy Kuppaiya, son of Hanumanthappa, residing at Tubgere village, Dodballapur Taluk ... ... *Petitioner.*

vs.

Srikanta Rao and others ... ... *Opponents.*

Take notice that the abovenamed insolvent (Toddy Kuppaiya) has applied at the Court for his final discharge, and that the Court has fixed the 19th day of July 1935, at 11 o'clock, for hearing the application

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this 22nd day of May 1935.

T. SINGARAVELU MUDALIAR,
District Judge.

IN THE COURT OF THE SUBORDINATE JUDGE AT BANGALORE.

Insolvency Application No. 66 *of* 1931-32.

Lingappa, son of Siddaramaiya, Jodi Singapur, Bangalore Taluk .. *Petitioner.*

vs.

J. S. Naronha, Manager, Jodi Singapur, Bangalore Taluk . *Opponent.*

Pursuant to a petition dated 2nd October 1931, against opponent and on the application of Lingappa of Jodi Singapura, Bangalore Taluk, and on reading the application and hearing on 17th May 1935, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 20th day of May 1935.

Creditors to prove debts by 16th August 1935.

Discharge by six months.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY, MYSORE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL, BANGALORE

No. 4097—*L. C*, *dated* 4—5*th June* 1935

NOTICE.

Admission to the Visitors' Gallery during the sittings of the Mysore Legislative Council which will be held in the New Council Hall, Public Offices, Bangalore, on the 24th June 1935 and succeeding days will be regulated by tickets which can be had on application made to the Secretary to the Mysore Legislative Council, Public Offices, Bangalore, through a member of the Council at least two clear days before the meeting

By Order,
C SUBRAHMANYA AIYAR,
Secretary,
Mysore Legislative Council

Printed by the Superintendent at the Government Press, Bangalore

PART III—Section 2

NOTIFICATIONS BY THE HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT

IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE AT BANGALORE.

Insolvency Case No. 10 *of* 1929-30.

Kondappa, son of Venkataramanna, Balajigar, Shankaradeva Mutt Galli, Manavarthapet, Bangalore City ... ... *Petitioner.* (*Debtor*).

vs.

Venkataramaniah and others ... ... *Opponents.*

Take notice that the abovenamed insolvent Kondappa has applied at the Court for his final discharge, and that the Court has fixed the 11th day of June 1935, at 11 o'clock for hearing the application.

Dated this 27th day of May 1935.

Insolvency Case No. 8 *of* 1931-32.

B. Narasimhiah, son of Narappa, Chikpet, Bangalore City ... *Petitioner.* (*Debtor*).

vs.

C. Papanna and others ... . *Opponents.*

Take notice that the abovenamed insolvent B. Narasimhiah has applied at the Court for his discharge and that the Court has fixed the 14th day of June 1935, at 11 o'clock, for hearing the application.

Dated this 27th day of May 1935.

Insolvency Case No. 7 *of* 1933-34.

Toddy Kuppaiya, son of Hanumanthappa, residing at Tubgere village, Dodballapur Taluk ... ... *Petitioner.*

vs.

Srikanta Rao and others ... ... *Opponents.*

Take notice that the abovenamed insolvent (Toddy Kuppaiya) has applied at the Court for his final discharge, and that the Court has fixed the 19th day of July 1935, at 11 o'clock, for hearing the application.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this 22nd day of May 1935.

T SINGARAVELU MUDALIAR,
District Judge.

IN THE COURT OF THE SUBORDINATE JUDGE AT BANGALORE.

Insolvency Application No. 66 *of* 1931-32.

Lingappa, son of Siddaramaiya, Jodi Singapur, Bangalore Taluk .. *Petitioner.*

vs.

J. S. Naronha, Manager, Jodi Singapur, Bangalore Taluk . . *Opponent.*

Pursuant to a petition dated 2nd October 1931, against opponent and on the application of Lingappa of Jodi Singapura, Bangalore Taluk, and on reading the application and hearing on 17th May 1935, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 20th day of May 1935.

Creditors to prove debts by 16th August 1935.

Discharge by six months.

Insolvency Application No. 50 of 1934-35.

(1) Yerranna, (2) Ranganna, sons of R. Thimmaiya, Jamkanapet, Bangalore City ... ... *Petitioners.*

vs.

Anraj Bhurmull, Chickpet, Bangalore City and others ... ... *Opponents*

Pursuant to a petition dated 28th September 1934, against opponents and on the application of Yerranna and Ranganna of Bangalore City and on reading the application and hearing on 24th May 1935, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent subject to their paying Rs. 6 every month.

Dated this 27th day of the May 1935.

Creditors to prove debts by 9th August 1935.

Discharge by one year.

Insolvency Application No. 52 of 1934-35.

Manjanath, son of Gundappa, Chickpet, Bangalore City ... ... *Petitioner.*

vs.

Sham Sal Hukh Khan, Ragipet, Bangalore City, and others ... *Opponents.*

Pursuant to a petition dated 1st October 1934, against opponents and on the application of Manjanath of Bangalore City, and on reading the application and hearing on 24th May 1935, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 27th day of May 1935.

Creditors to prove debts by 9th August 1935.

Discharge by one year.

Insolvency Application No. 58 of 1934-35.

Munisamachari, No. 13, K. Revannasettyspet, Bangalore City ... *Petitioner.*

vs.

Nagachar, Cubbonpet, No. 4, I Cross Road, Bangalore City ... *Opponent.*

Pursuant to a petition dated 11th October 1934, against opponent and on the application of Munisamachari of Bangalore City, and on reading the application and hearing on 24th May 1935, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent subject to his paying Rs. 10 per month for a year.

Dated this 27th day of May 1935.

Creditors to prove debts by 9th August 1935.

Discharge by one year.

Insolvency Application No. 70 of 1934-35.

H. S. Venkoba Rao, son of H. S. Krishna Rao, Chickpet, Bangalore City ... ... *Petitioner.*

vs.

Seshamull Vanaraj, Sultanpet, Bangalore City ... ... *Opponent.*

Pursuant to a petition dated 9th November 1934, against opponent, and on the application of H. S. Venkoba Rao of Bangalore City, and on reading the application and hearing on 24th May 1935, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 27th day of May 1935.

Creditors to prove debts by 9th August 1935.

Discharge by six months.

Insolvency Application No. 110 of 1934-35.

H. Sunnakallappa, son of Honnappa, Munireddipalya, Bangalore ... *Petitioner.*

vs.

R. Rangaswamy, son of B. T. Rangappa, Manavarthapet, Bangalore City, and others ... ... *Opponents.*

Pursuant to a petition dated 7th February 1935, against opponents and on the application of H. Sunnakallappa, Munireddipalya, and on reading the application and hearing on 17th May 1935, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent subject to his paying Rs. 5 per month.

Dated this 20th day of May 1935.

Creditors to prove debts by 16th August 1935.

Discharge by six months.

Insolvency Application No. 114 *of* 1934-35.

Nagappa, son of Munisamappa, Bangalore City ... .. *Petitioner.*

vs

Akraj Pannalal, Money-lender, Cottonpet, Bangalore City ... *Opponent*

Pursuant to a petition dated 15th February 1935, against opponent, and on the application of Nagappa of Bangalore City, and on reading the application and hearing on 24th May 1935, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent

Dated this 27th day of May 1935

Creditors to prove debts by 16th August 1935.

Discharge by six months.

R. PUTTARAJ URS,
Subordinate Judge.

IN THE COURT OF THE MUNSIFF AT KOLAR GOLD FIELDS, ROBERTSONPET.

Insolvency Application No 8 *of* 1934-35

N. Ayyakutti, son of Kuppa, Barber, Robertsonpet .. *Petitioner.*

vs.

1. S. Gangaram, 2. D. Javanthraj, 3 Gulabchand Goverchand, 4 Chick Thimmadasappa, all residing at Robertsonpet .. *Opponents.*

Pursuant to a petition dated 21st July 1934, against creditors and on the application of the petitioner, and on reading the petition and hearing the petitioner, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 28th day of May 1935

Time for discharge—six months

Proof of debts by 20th August 1935

Insolvency Application No 50 *of* 1934 35.

J. H. Clarke, son of Charles Clarke, Spare Foreman, Cyanide Department, Oorgaum Mines .. . *Petitioner*

vs

1 Messrs Rovji Tarachand, 2 Messrs. C Prathpmull Javanthraj, 3 Gangaram, 4. Messrs Munny Ibrahim Saheb & Co 5. A Abdul Gaffoor, 6. Rajah Sampangiama Setty, residenceof 1 to 5, Robertsonpet and of 6 Bowringpet . *Opponents.*

Pursuant to a petition dated 19th January 1935, against creditors, and on the application of the petitioner and on reading the petition and hearing the petitioner, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 28th day of May 1935

Time for discharge—two years

Proof of debts—23rd July 1935

Insolvency Case No 55 *of* 1927-28.

Hussain Khan, son of Esuff Khan, Peon, General Office, Marikuppam .. .. *Petitioner, (Insolvent)*

vs.

1. B. Seshamull, 2 B. Megraj, 3. S L. Gangiah, 4. Babajan, 5. S. Himmathmull, 6 Amolakchand by agent Deepchand . *Opponents.*

On the application of the petitioner, adjudged insolvent on the day of 5th June 1928, and examining him, it is ordered that the said insolvent be discharged forthwith.

Given under my hand and the seal of the court, this 28th day of May 1935.

N. SAMAIENGAR,
Munsiff.

IN THE COURT OF THE MUNSIFF OF DAVANGERE.

Insolvency Case No. 1 *of* 1934-35.

Chandranna, son of Channappa, Hosdurga ... ... *Applicant.*

vs.

Narasimhachar and others ... ... *Opponents.*

Take notice that the abovenamed insolvent has applied at the Court for his discharge, and that the Court has fixed the 19th day of July 1935 at 11 o'clock for hearing the application.

Dated this 24th day of May 1935.

C. B. SRINIVASA RAO,
Munsiff.

TUMKUR DISTRICT.

Notification, dated 24th May 1935.

Notice is hereby given that the undermentioned properties are lying unclaimed in the Court of the Amildar-Magistrate, Tumkur Taluk, and if they are not claimed by those entitled to them within six months from the date of this publication in the *Mysore Gazette*, the same will be at the disposal of Government.

Serial No	Property Register No.	Mal Form No.	Description of properties
1	18—33-34	20—30-5-33 of Hebbur Range.	One yard cut pieces of cloth, ten; half yard cut pieces, thirty.
2	19—33-34	35—33-34 of Town Range.	One silver chain without screw-nut
3	20—34-35	50—13-2-35 of Kasaba Range.	One kambli, one kolaga, one cane, two tin boxes, white small bag, and one brass karadige (ಕರಡಿಗೆ).

T. ABDUL KHADER,
District Magistrate.

MYSORE DISTRICT.

Notification No. G2. 2063—34-35, *dated 1st June* 1935.

It is hereby notified for general information that permits for plying Motor buses for hire along the roads mentioned in the subjoined table, in this district, during the first half year of 1935-36, will be granted to the extent noted against each. Intending applicants are required to apply in the form given below on or before the 15th June 1935. Applications received after that date, and applications which do not furnish full particulars will be rejected.

2. The applications should be accompanied by a treasury chellan for having credited the fee prescribed in Rule 27 (i) of the Motor Vehicles Rules for permits in Form 'G.' As regards the vehicles in respect of which 'G' permits are to be issued in other districts and countersigned in this district, particulars should be furnished in the applications.

3. There should be separate applications for each line with a 12 annas court fee stamp affixed to it.

4. In disposing of applications, preference will be given to those that are already running services in this district.

5. Applications of such of the proprietors, as have to pay arrears of road cess will not be taken into consideration till the same is paid.

APPLICATION FOR PLYING A BUS SERVICE IN THE MYSORE DISTRICT.

To

The District Magistrate,
Mysore District.

Sir,

I beg to tender this my application for grant of a license to run my bus on the road named below in the Mysore District, during the 1st half-year of 1935-36, and to furnish the following particulars regarding the same.—

I beg to remain,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Place.
Date.

Proprietor,
Service,
Postal Address.

1. Name of road	
2. Registration number and description of the vehicle for which permit is required.	
3. Whether the application is for first grant or renewal of the permit	
4. The amount and chellan number with which the 'G' permit fee is credited.	
5. The name and address of the approved— (*a*) Driver ... ... (*b*) Conductor	
6. Whether Registration and Brake certificate enclosed.	

Proprietor.

Statement showing the number of services fixed for several roads of the Mysore District, for the year 1935-36.—

1	Mysore-Moolehole (Calicut) ..	1	13	Mysore-Periapatna ...	1
2	Mysore-Kekkanahalla (Ooty)...	3	14	Mysore-Anechowk limits ...	2
3	Mysore-Gundlupet ...	2	15	Mysore-Frazerpet limits ...	3
4	Mysore-Nanjangud ..	1	16	Mysore-Siddapur limits ...	2
5	Mysore-Chamarajnagar ...	1	17	Hunsur-Yedatore ...	2
6	Mysore-Mugur limits (Kollegal) ...	1	18	Mysore-Yedatore-Mallarajpatna ...	1
7	Mysore-Yelandur ...	2	19	Mysore-Yedatore-Ramanathapur ...	2
8	Mysore-Mugur ...	1	20	Saligrama-Hosagrahar Railway Station ...	2
9	Chamarajnagar-Hasanur ...	4	21	Mysore-Krishnarajasagar ...	1
10	Chamarajnagar-Gundlupet ...	2	22	Mysore-Thirumakudlu ...	6
11	Mysore-Hunsur-Hanasoge ...	1			
12	Mysore-Periapatna-Bettadapur.	1			

Statement showing the number of services fixed for several roads of the Mysore District, for the year 1935-36:—*concld*:—

23	Mysore-Bluff *via* Thirumakudlu.	2
24	Mysore-Rangacharhundi ...	3
25	Mysore-Bavali *via* Heg.-Kote...	1
26	Mysore-Thumsoge *via* Heg.-Kote ..	2
27	Mysore-Maddur district limits	2
28	Mysore-Arakere-Mandya ...	1
29	Sosale-Mandya-Maddur limits.	1
30	Mandya-Nagamangala ..	1
31	Mandya-Malvalli ...	1
32	Maddur-Sivasamudram ...	3
33	Bangalore limits-Maddur-Malvalli ...	1
34	Halagur-Closepet limits ..	1
35	Mysore-Malvalli	2
36	Mysore-Bannur ...	1
37	Mysore-Bannur-Bluff ...	2
38	Mysore-Krishnarajpet limits ...	5
39	Mysore-Nagamangala-Yediyur limits ...	3
40	Mysore-Mayasandra limits ...	2
41	Mysore-Nagamangala-Bellur ..	1
42	Mysore-Nagamangala *via* Melukote ..	1
43	Mysore-Melukote ...	1
44	French-Rocks R. S. Bellur ...	1
45	Nagamangala-Mayasandra limits ...	1
46	Yediyur limits to Hirisave limits ...	2
47	Bellur-Hirisave limits ...	1
48	Maddur-Kunigal limits ...	1
49	Yediyur limits to Mayasandra limits ...	1
	Total ...	86

B. T. KESAVAIENGAR,
District Magistrate.

CHITALDRUG DISTRICT.

Notification No. J2. C. 2180—34-35, dated 1st June 1935.

It is hereby proposed to increase the number of services on the Davangere-Harihar Bus Stand route (*vide* No. 15 in the printed notification published in page 732, Part III-2 of the *Mysore Gazette*, for the week ending 16th May 1935) by one, and to have four services from Harihar Bus Stand to Boundary over the bridge (*vide* No. 34 of the printed Notification published in Page 733, Part III-2 of the *Mysore Gazette* for the week ending 16th May 1935). Persons who have any objections to the same should file the same in writing before the undersigned on or before Monday the 10th June 1935. Objections received thereafter will not be considered.

N. S. IYENGAR,
District Magistrate.

IN THE COURT OF THE FIRST MAGISTRATE, CHITALDRUG.

Notification dated 31st May 1935.

Under Section 523 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, notice is hereby given that the undermentioned properties which are lying unclaimed in this Court will be at the disposal of Government if not claimed within six months from the date of publication in the *Mysore Gazette*.

Sl. No.	Case number	Description of properties and orders *Re*: their disposal	Remarks
1	C. C. No. 36—33-34, (Chitaldrug Sessions Case No. 10—33-34).	Art. 5: one banian to PW. 16 Patel Giregowda bin Thimmegowda, Doddahulikunte, Sira Taluk, Art 6: one dupati, Art. 8: one washed dupati. Art. 10. one red bordered blood stained panche to PW. 10 Thimmappa bin Samadappa, cultivator, Sakkara, Hiriyur Taluk, Art. 7: one shirt to PW 15 Chikka Thimmiah bin Doddahanuma, Harayabbe, Hiriyur Taluk. Art. 1: one kambli, Art. 2: one hachda, Art. 3. one salya to PW. 1 Patel Rudregowda bin Kariyappa, Sakkara, Hiriyur Taluk. Art 9 one kambli to III accused Rama bin Sanjeeva, Killekyata, Kottur, Pavagada Taluk.	Notices served but parties did not appear to claim properties. Whereabouts not known.
2	C. C. No. 53—33-34, (Chitaldrug Sessions Case No. 5-35).	Art. 11. one iron spade with its handle to PW 8 Mariga, son of Thimmappa, Waddar, Gollarahatti, Jagalur Taluk.	Notice served, but party not appeared.
3	C. C. No. 26—34-35 ...	Art. 1 one 'Cance' lock, Art. 2: one silver glass framed Rama, Lakshmana, Sita and Anjaneya picture, Art. 3: one copper urn to PW. 1 Aswathnarayanasetty bin Nanjanahsetty, trader, Srirampura, Hosdurga Taluk.	Do do
4	C. C. No 47—34-35 ...	One ananda color shawl stitched with Saraswati picture to PW 3 Sankri Thimmaiah bin Bheemarayappa, Hosdurga.	Do do
5	C. C. No. 50—34-35 ...	1. One snuff colour Binny Mill cheque coat, 2. One laced salya to PW. 6 Bommarajappa bin Bharmappa, Hosadurga.	Do do
6	C. C. No. 80—33-34 ...	Art. 2: one old mat, Art 3: one black kambli, Art 4: one ududara with taita, Art. 5: one sadi langoti, Art. 6. one torn red bordered panche to PW. 4 Marravva bin Thippaiah, Adikarnataka and Madigathana, Bukkambudi, Chellakere Taluk.	Service refused

S. RAMACHANDRA SASTRI,
First Magistrate.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT

BANGALORE SUB-DIVISION.

Abstract Notifications.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that Khayamgutta Agrahara Dasarahalli Village; Yesavanthapur Hobli, Bangalore Taluk, will be sold by public auction on 27th June 1935 by the Sub-Division Officer, Bangalore Sub-Division, at the Bangalore Taluk Office, for the arrears due to Government thereon.

For further particulars, please see page 307, Part III—2 of the *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, dated 23rd May 1935.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that Jodi Mallasandra Village, Yesavanthapur Hobli, Bangalore Taluk, will be sold by public auction on 27th June 1935, by the Sub-Division Officer, Bangalore Sub-Division, at the Bangalore Taluk Office, for the arrears due to Government thereon.

For further particulars, please see page 307, Part III—2 of the *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, dated 23rd May 1935.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that Jodi Tirumalapura Village, Yesavanthapur Hobli, Bangalore Taluk, will be sold by public auction on 27th June 1935, by the Sub-Division Officer, Bangalore Sub-Division, at the Bangalore Taluk Office, for the arrears due to Government thereon.

For further particulars, please see page 307, Part III—2 of the *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, dated 23rd May 1935.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that Jodi Khayamgutta Lingadhiranahalli Village, Yesavanthapur Hobli, Bangalore Taluk, will be sold by public auction on 27th June 1935, by the Sub-Division Officer, Bangalore Sub-Division, at the Bangalore Taluk Office, for the arrears due to Government thereon.

For further particulars, please see page 307, Part III—2 of the *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, dated 23rd May 1935.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that Khayamgutta Seegehalli Village, Yesavanthapur Hobli, Bangalore Taluk, will be sold by public auction on 27th June 1935, by the Sub-Division Officer, Bangalore Sub-Division, at the Bangalore Taluk Office, for the arrears due to Government thereon.

For further particulars, please see page 307, Part III—2 of the *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, dated 23rd May 1935.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that Jodi Bagalagunte Village, Yesavanthapur Hobli, Bangalore Taluk, will be sold by public auction on 27th June 1935, by the Sub Division Officer, Bangalore Sub-Division, at the Bangalore Taluk Office, for the arrears due to Government thereon.

For further particulars, please see page 308, Part III—2 of the *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, dated 23rd May 1935.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public, that Khayamgutta Venkatapur Village, Kengeri Hobli, Bangalore Taluk, will be sold by public auction on 27th June 1935, by the Sub-Division Officer, Bangalore Sub-Division, at the Bangalore Taluk Office, for the arrears due to Government thereon.

For further particulars, please see page No. 309, Part III—2 of the *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, dated 23rd May 1935.

Abstract Notifications.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that Jodi Mangaṇahalli Village, Yesavanthapur Hobli, Bangalore Taluk, will be sold by public auction on 27th June 1935, by the Sub-Division Officer, Bangalore Sub-Division at the Bangalore Taluk Office, for the arrears due to Government thereon.

For further particulars, please see page 308, Part III—2 of the *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, dated 23rd May 1935.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that Khayamgutta Chinnappanahalli Village, Krishnarajpura Hobli, Bangalore Taluk, will be sold by public auction on 27th June 1935, by the Sub-Division Officer, Bangalore Sub-Division, at the Bangalore Taluk Office, for the arrears due to Government thereon.

For further particulars, please see page 308, Part III—2 of the *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, dated 23rd May 1935.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that Jodi Kamakshipura Village, Hessarghatta Hobli, Bangalore Taluk, will be sold by public auction on 27th June 1935, by the Sub-Division Officer, Bangalore Sub-Division, at the Bangalore Taluk Office, for the arrears due to Government thereon.

For further particulars, please see page 308, Part III—2 of the *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, dated 23rd May 1935.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that Jodi Krishnarajpura Village, Hessarghatta Hobli, Bangalore Taluk, will be sold by public auction on 27th June 1935, by the Sub-Division Officer, Bangalore Sub-Division, at the Bangalore Taluk Office, for the arrears due to Government thereon.

For further particulars, please see page 309, Part III—2, of the *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, dated 23rd May 1935.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that Jodi Mavalipura Village, Hessarghatta Hobli, Bangalore Taluk, will be sold by public auction on 27th June 1935, by the Sub-Division Officer, Bangalore Sub-Division, at the Bangalore Taluk Office, for the arrears due to Government thereon.

For further particulars, please see page 309, Part III—2 of the *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, dated 23rd May 1935.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that Sarvamanya Raghavanpalya Village, Uttarahalli Hobli, Bangalore Taluk, will be sold by public auction on 27th June 1935, by the Sub-Division Officer, Bangalore Sub-Division, at the Bangalore Taluk Office, for the arrears due to Government thereon.

For further particulars, please see page 309, Part III—2 of the *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, dated 23rd May 1935.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that Jodi Kenchanapura Village, Kengeri Hobli, Bangalore Taluk, will be sold by public auction on 27th June 1935, by the Sub-Division Officer, Bangalore Sub-Division, at the Bangalore Taluk Office, for the arrears due to Government thereon.

For further particulars, please see page 309, Part III—2 of the *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, dated 23rd May 1935.

K. BASAVARAJ URS,
Sub-Division Officer.

DODBALLAPUR SUB-DIVISION.

Notification No. A1-935—34-35, dated 30th May 1935.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the Shanbhogi office of Nagasandra Village, Dasanpur Hobli, Nelamangala Taluk, has fallen vacant, owing to the death of Suryanaranayaniah, the last registered Shanbhog. Hakdars, if any, for the said office may appear before the Amildar of Nelamangala Taluk, within two years from the date of this notification and establish their claims, failing which the hak will be forfeited to Government and arrangements made to fill up the vacancy permanently.

Claims, put forth after the said period of two years will be summarily rejected.

Notification No. A1.-936—34-35, dated 30th May 1935

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the Shanbhogi office of Irigenahalli Village, Kasaba Hobli, Nelamangala Taluk, has fallen vacant, owing to the removal of Lakshminarayana Jois, the Registerdar patel from the Baraward. Hakdars, if any, for the said office may appear before the Amildar of Nelamangala Taluk, within two years from the date of this notification and establish their claims, failing which the hak will be forfeited to Government, and arrangements made to fill up the vacancy permanently.

Claims, put forth after the said period of two years will be summarily rejected.

Abstract Notifications, dated 20th May 1935.

It is hereby notified that the Jodi Village Sivanapura, Nandagudi Hobli, Hoskote Taluk, will be sold by the Sub-Division Officer for the arrears of Jodi, the Vrithies of Atchuta Rao and Hari Rao, in the Hoskote Taluk Office on 28th June 1935, at 11 A.M.

For particulars, see page 328, Part III—2 of the *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, dated 30th May 1935.

It is hereby notified that the Jodi Village Sivanapura, Nandagudi Hobli, Hoskote Taluk, Bangalore District will be sold by the Sub-Division Officer, on 28th June 1935, in the Hoskote Taluk Office for the arrears of Jodi due by Srikanta Rao's wife Lakshmidevamma, and son Krishnamurty Rao of the 1/10 Vrithi only.

For particulars see page 328, Part III—2 of the *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, dated 30th May 1935.

It is hereby notified that the Jodi Village Mitiganahalli, Bidarahalli Hobli, Hoskote Taluk, Bangalore District, will be sold for the arrears of Jodi by the Sub-Division Officer, on 28th June 1935 in the Hoskote Taluk Office.

For particulars, see page 329, Part III—2 of the *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, dated 30th May 1935.

It is hereby notified that the Jodi Gundrahalli Village Nandagudi Hobli, Hoskote Taluk, Bangalore District, will be sold for the arrears of Jodi by the Sub-Division Officer in the, Hoskote Taluk Office on 28th June 1935.

For particulars, see page 328, Part III—2 of the *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, dated 30th May 1935.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the Jodi Village of Dasarahalli in Kasaba Hobli of Hoskote Taluk, Bangalore District, will be sold by public auction on 28th June 1935 at 11 A.M. in the Taluk Office, Hoskote, by the Sub-Division Officer, Dodballapur Sub-Division, Bangalore, for the arrears of Jodi, etc. due to Government.

For further particulars, please see page 329, Part III—2 of the *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, dated 30th May 1935.

Abstract Notifications.

It is hereby notified that the Jodi Devasettahalli, Jadigenahalli Hobli, Hoskote Taluk, Bangalore District, will be sold by the Sub-Division Officer, Dodballapur Sub-Division, on the 28th June 1935 at 11 A.M. in the Hoskote Taluk Office.

For further particulars, please see page 328, Part III—2 of the *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, dated 30th May 1935.

It is hereby notified that the Jodi Paramanahalli of Jadigenahalli Hobli, Hoskote Taluk, Bangalore District, will be sold by public auction, in the Hoskote Taluk Office by the Sub-Division Officer, Dodballapur Sub-Division, on the 28th June 1935 at 11 A M

For further particulars, please see page 329, Part III—2 of the *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, dated 30th May 1935.

It is hereby notified that the Jodi Village of Bheemapura, Nandagudi Hobli, Hoskote Taluk, Bangalore District, will be sold for the arrears of Jodi due by the Jodidar on 28th June 1935, in the Hoskote Taluk Office, by the Sub-Division Officer, Dodballapur Sub-Division.

For particulars, see page 329, Part III—2 of the *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, dated 30th May 1935.

J. B. MALLARADHYA,
Sub-Division Officer.

MANDYA SUB-DIVISION.

Notification No. A1. 1999—33, dated 21st May 1935.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that Chickavenkannaiya, the last barawardar shanbhog of Hullenhalli fi-ka, Dudda Hobli, Mandya Taluk, having died issueless and D. V. Narasimhaiya his brother and hakdar also having failed to enter upon his duties in spite of the issue of an endorsement on 7th August 1934 by the Amildar, the office of the said shanbhogi has become vacant.

Hakdars, if any, to the said shanbhogi office may apply to the Amildar, Mandya Taluk within two years from the date of the publication of this notification in the *Mysore Gazette* and establish their rights. Claims preferred thereafter will be summarily rejected.

E. V. GANAPATHI IYER,
Sub-Division Officer.

HASSAN SUB-DIVISION.

Abstract Notification No. C2. 4190-34, dated 13th May 1935.

It is hereby notified for general information that the Jodi Village of Dodda Aladahalli in the S. Grama Hobli, Hassan Taluk, will be sold by the public auction by the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, on 29th June 1935, at the Taluk Office, for the arrears of jodi due to Government by the Jodidars.

GEORGE MATTHAN,
Sub-Division Officer.

SAKLESPUR SUB-DIVISION.

Abstract Notification No. C. 1275-34, dated 22nd May 1935.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that Khayamgutta Madabalu village of Kasaba Hobli in Alur Sub-Taluk, will be sold in public auction on 28th June 1935, by the Sub-Division Officer, Saklespur Sub-Division, at the Alur Sub-Taluk Office, for arrears due to Government.

For furtber particulars, please see page 823, Part III—2 of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 30th May 1935.

Abstract Notification No. C. 1273-34, *dated* 22*nd May* 1935.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that Jodi Singapura village of Kasaba Hobli, Belur Taluk, will be sold in public auction on 29th June 1935, by the Sub-Division Officer, Saklespur Sub-Division, at the Belur Taluk Office, for arrears due to Government.

For further particulars, please see page 823, Part III—2 of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 30th May 1935.

Abstract Notification No. C. 1274-34, *dated* 22*nd May* 1935

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that Jodi Malenahalli village of Kasaba Hobli in Belur Taluk, will be sold in public auction on 29th June 1935, by the Sub-Division Officer, Saklespur Sub-Division, at the Belur Taluk Office, for arrears due to Government.

For further particulars, please see page 823, Part III—2 of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 30th May 1935.

T. L. KANTAM,
Sub-Division Officer.

SHIMOGA DISTRICT.

*Notification No. A*2. *Est.* 123—34-35, *dated* 31*st May* 1935.

Under Section 3 (1) of the Minor Tank Restoration Regulation, it is hereby notified for the information of the public that the Minor Tank, *viz.*, Hale Ikkeri Melinakere Thotadakere Reg. No. 965 of Sagar Taluk is proposed to be taken up for restoration at an estimated cost of Rs. 1,300 and persons objecting to the above may prefer their objections, if any, to the undersigned within two months from the date of this notification after which date, no objections will be valid.

T. V. A. ISVARAN,
Deputy Commissioner.

PROCLAMATION AND NOTIFICATION OF SALE OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTIES

It is hereby notified that in satisfaction of land revenue due by the defaulters, the undermentioned immovable properties will be sold by public auction as shown below :—

1. The sale will commence at 11 A.M. and the properties will be knocked down to the highest bidder without reserve.

2. The amount of revenue payable by the purchasers on the properties (for the whole or remainder as the case may be) is as detailed in the schedule.

3. Purchasers will be requested to deposit twenty-five per cent of the purchase money at the time of the sale and where the remainder of the purchase money may not be paid within fifteen days from the date of the sale, the money so deposited shall be liable for forfeiture.

4. When such deposit shall not be made, nor the remaining purchase money paid up, the property shall be resold at the expense and risk of the first purchaser.

5. The sale shall be stayed if the defaulters or any person acting on their behalf, or claiming an interest in the property, tender the full amount of the arrears of the revenue with the interest and other charges provided such tender be made before the property is knocked down.

6. The sale of the property will not become absolute until the sale has been confirmed by the Deputy Commissioner or by some other officer duly authorised to confirm the same.

7. Purchasers having completed the payment of the purchase money will, as soon as the sale has been confirmed by the Deputy Commissioner, be placed in immediate possession and the property will be registered in the names of the purchasers, and certificates of sale signed and sealed by the Deputy Commissioner will be granted to them. It is distinctly understood that the Government are not responsible for errors of description and in estimated extent.

8. Provided parties deeming themselves aggrieved by the sale shall be at liberty to appeal to the Deputy Commissioner within thirty days from the date of sale and also to appeal to the higher authorities against his order within the time prescribed by law, and the purchase shall be conditional on the final order in such appeal.

KOLAR SUB-DIVISION.

Schedule.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Names of Jodidars or Kayamguttadars	Estimated extent	Estimated gross rental or beriz	Quit-rent payable annually to Government	Arrears of Government revenue for which village is to be sold	Date of sale, etc.
Kolar	Mulbagal	Tayaloor	Jodi Jyapalli	Purnachar and others—	A. g.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	The sale will be held in the Taluk office at Mulbagal, by the Sub-Division Officer, Kolar, on 18th July 1935.
				Unculturable ...	167 14	2 8 0			
				Dry ...	185 1	82 4 0		185 14 6	
				Wet ...	9 4	30 4 0			
				Garden ...	5 25	36 0 0	62 0 0		
				Total ...	367 4	151 0 0		185 14 6	
				Estimated value Rs. 800.					
				Boundaries.					
				East—Kasuvaganahalli					
				West—Chimaraudanalli					
				North—Chimaraudahalli					
				South—Payasanahalli and British Territory					
			Kayamgutta Jangamhosahalli	Narasinga Rao and others—	A. g.	Rs. a. p.			
				Unculturable ..	56 5	1 0 0			
				Dry ..	339 26	271 3 0	Rs. a. p.	R. a. p.	
				Wet ...	44 12	277 2 0		238 3 7	
				Garden .	6 13	41 0 0	170 0 0	1 4 0	
				Total .	446 16	590 4 0		239 7 7	
				Estimated value Rs. 10,000.					
				Boundaries.					
				East—Madderi					
				West—Neridahalli					
				North—Somarsanahalli					
				South—Somarsanahalli					
	Malur	Kasaba	Jodi Byal halli	Laxminarana Bhatta and others—	K. k. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	The sales will be held in the Taluk Office at Malur, on 24th July 1935 by the Sub-Division Officer.
				Dry ...	5 2 8				
				Wet ..	1 10 8	Rs 65 0	Rs. a. p.	31 5 10	
				Peramboke ...	4 15 8		23 0 0	1 4 0	
				Total ...	10 18 8			32 9 10	
				Estimated value Rs. 1,000.					
				Boundaries.					
				East—Koorandahalli plantation					
				West—Upavasapura					
				North—Koorandahalli					
				South—Hulimangalabosakote					
			Jodi Gangasandra	Nagambhatta and others—	K. k. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
				Dry ..	3 14 1			14 6 0	
				Peramboke ...	9 0 4	Rs. 40 0 0	Rs. 10 0 0	1 4 0	
				Total ...	12 14 5			15 10 6	
				Estimated value Rs. 2,000.					
				Boundaries.					
				East—Malur Doddakere					
				West—Hanumanaikanahalli					
				North—Chokkandahalli					
				South—Ladadenahalli					
			Jodi Kadusonnahalli	Mr. Moorty and others—	K. k. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
				Dry ...	14 12 0			30 12 0	
				Wet ...	3 10 0	Rs. 120 0 0	Rs. 17 0 0	1 4 0	
				Peramboke ...	20 8 0			32 0 0	
				Total ...	...				
				Estimated value Rs. 1,000					
				Boundaries					
				East—Boovanahalli					
				West—Doddasabenahalli and Puramakalaballi					
				North—Nambiganahalli					
				South—Doddakunthur					
			Jodi Vommasandra	Masti Tirumala Venkatachar and others.—	K. k. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
				Dry ...	8 13 14			74 15 3	
				Wet ...	6 19 16	Rs. 90 0 0	Rs. 64 0 0	1 4 0	
				Peramboke ...	6 15 11			76 3 3	
				Total ...	..				
				Estimated value Rs. 2000.					
				Boundaries.					
				East—Cangasandra					
				West—Nanjapura					
				North—Nagapura					
				South—Mirupanahalli					

M. NARAYANA RAO,
Assistant Commissioner.

TARIKERE SUB-DIVISION.

Schedule.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Names of jodidars or kayam guttadars	Estimated extent	Estimated gross rental or beriz	Quit-rent payable annually to Government	Arrears of Government revenue for which village is to be sold	Date of Sale, etc.
Kadur	Kadur	Sakarayapatna	Jodi Hochhalli	Srinivasa Rao and others—	K. k. p 148 12 11½	Rs. a. p 807 11 0	...	Rs. a. p 627 15 9 Pro. fee 1 4 0 Total 629 3 9 Collected 227 15 9 Balance 401 4 0	On 15th July 1935, at Kadur Taluk Office
				Boundaries East—Gundusagara and Kabli village West—Jiganehalli and Byaladahal village North—Ballekere and Devarahalli village South—Iganhalli and Nagarhal village					
	Tarikere	Kasaba	Jodi Kodihalli	1 Ramasastry bin Keshava sastry, deceased 2 Ramasastry bin Thirumala sastry, deceased 3 Ganeshavadani deceased 4. Laxmipathisastry, deceased 5. Venkataramaniah bin Seshiah	K. k. p 77 0 2½	Rs a p 293 7 9	Rs a p. 156 0 0	Rs a p 192 7 5 Pr fee 1 8 0 193 15 5	On 10th July 1935, in the Tarikere Taluk Office
				Boundaries Asalo Village Kodihalli East—Herchatoor and Hurlihalli boundary West—Gogal and Bussenahalli boundary South—Horel atoor and Trebyle boundary North—Hurlihalli and Malalkel cunenahalli boundary Dhakle Guddadahattihal boundaries East—Siddarahalli boundary West—Basavanahalli boundary South—Kalinganahalli and Rangapur boundaries North—Mavinakere boundary					
		Shivane	Jodi Bankanakatta	Sannayyabhatta and others—	A g 1850 26	Rs. a p 1,683 8 0	...	Rs a p 922 7 0	
								Rs a p Arrears for 1934 35 1,250 15 0 898 6 0 2,149 5 0 Process fee 1 4 0 Total 2,160 9 0	On 25th July 1935 at Tarikere Taluk Office
				Estimated value Rs. 10,000 Boundaries East—Asande and Gadihalli West—Naranapur and Gondenahalli South—Hebbur and Abbinaholalu North—Tadaga and Anuvanahalli					

R. RAMIAH NAIDU,
Sub-Division Officer.

UNIVERSITY OF MYSORE

Notification No 21231, *dated the* 24*th May* 1935

The following is the list of successful candidates at the undermentioned University Examinations of 1935 :—

B.T DEGREE EXAMINATION.

Class	Reg. No	Name
	..	Nil
II	Order of Merit	
	31	Lakshminarayana Rao, Manchaladore Narasimhaiah.
	46	Pandit, Madiwalayya Virabhadrayya.
	41	Narasimha Iyengar, Malur Lakshminarasimha Iyengar.
	57	Ramakrishnappa, Hassan Nanjappa
	18	Kunju Nair, P
	80	*Thangama, K J*
	72	Shankarappa, Hosagrahar Nanjundiah.
III	2	Ananda Murti, Mysore Gundappa
	15	Joseph Doss Wilfred
	82	Vasudeva Rao, Coimbatore Krishna-Murthy.
	3	Basappa, Chiknayakanhalli Revanasiddappa.
	4	*Bollama, N S*
	5	Chacko, P K
	6	Chakrapani Rao, Karpur
	8	Devanakkam, George, P
	12	Hanumantha Rao, Bagepally
	14	John, C K
	20	Keshavacharya, Ghaty Srinivasa Murthy.
	22	Krishnasarma, Malamakkavu Veeraraghavan.
	24	Krishnamurthy, K
	25	Krishna Murthy, Madhugiri Raghavendra Rao.
	26	Krishnamurthy, Saligrama
	27	Krishna Sastry, Srinivasa Sastry
	28	Krishna Rao, Ambale Putta Rao
	35	Martin Gilbert
	36	Muhammad Yusuf
	37	Narasinga Row, Maruvada Lakshmi
III	38	Narasinga Rao, Hindupur Pukka
	42	Narasimhamurty, Hebbur
	43	Narayana Dikshit, C
	47	Paschal, P B
	48	Paul, Vipparti
	49	Purnachandra Rao, Mattegunta Venkata.
	51	Radhakrishna Rao, Kamineny
	52	*Rahamathunnisa Begum*
	53	Ramachandra, Beegamudre
	55	Ramachandra Rao, T C
	56	Ramakrishnayya, Durbha
	58	Ramanujan, Aji Narasimhiengar
	61	Ramachandra Rao, Mellur Shanbhogue
	62	Ramaswami, V N
	63	Ramaswamy, P S
	65	Ramasesha Rao, Bhattarahalli Narayana Rao
	67	*Sakuntala Bai Nandavar*
	70	Shama Rao, Nelavagalu
	71	*Shamasundara Bai Nursingh*
	79	Sundara Raja Rao, Kasavaraju, S
	81	Thomas, T V
	86	*Venkatalakshamma, Bangalore*
	92	Venkatachar, Malur Sreenivasaswamy.
	93	Venkataramaniah, Bypanahalli Srikantiah
	95	Viswanatha Sastry, Rampet
	97	Ananda Murthy Tadapatri Ramachar.
	98	Anantha Rao, N. Sreenivasa Rao
	99	Govinda Reddy Malingi
	102	Raghavendra Murthy, Lakshmana Rao
	103	Raghavendra Rao, Santebidanur, Bhimasena Rao,
	104	Subba Rao, Kalagara
	105	Udai Chand, Gangawar
	106	Venkatappaiah, Anne
	107	Viswanathan, Ayalur Krishnan

Group A only.

	11	Gundachar, Patna	44	Narayana Rao, Tumkur
	21	Koteswara Rao, Kasinadhuni	91	Venkata Rao, K
	40	Narasimha Rao, Vinnakota Venkata.		

Class	Reg. No.	Name	Class	Reg. No.	Name

B.E DEGREE EXAMINATION

CIVIL.

I	Order of Merit			8	Krishnaswamy, Thitthahalli Guddadamut.
	1	Aswathanarayana Setty, Mogali Venkatasamiah.		10	Naganna, Gubbi
				11	Narasimha Iyengar, Haravu
	13	Ramachandra Rao, Savanur		12	Rajagopal, Palani Vasudeva
	6	Krishna Raju, Puttiah Raju		14	Ramamoorthy, Venkatanarasiah
				15	Ramaswamy, Anamalapalli, Krishnaswamy Iyengar.
	2	Doraswamy Iyengar, Bindiganavale Sreenivasa Iyengar.	II	17	Ramaswamy, Krishna Rao
				18	Ranga Rao, Devanhalli Bolkasam
II	3	Gopala Rao, Cholaghatta		19	Sambhulingaradhya, Eswariah
	4	Gopalsamy Naidu, Venkatasamy Naidu.		20	Seetha Ramiah, Kyatsandra
				21	Shamanna, Anantapur Desikachar
	5	Krishna Murthy, Saggere		22	Srinivasa Murthy, Garani
	7	Krishnaswamy Iyengar, Mannar Kadamby.		23	Visweswara Iyer, Kolar Shamiah

MECHANICAL

I		Nil		26	Raghavendra Rao, Bowringpet, Ramachandra Rao.
	24	Mohamed Ali Khan, A	II	28	Ramaswami, Salagame Ranganna
II	25	Nagesa Rau, Doddaballapur, Srinivasamoorthy Rao.			

ELECTRICAL

	Order of merit			31	Mariappa, Patranahalli
				33	Paul Raju, William Jayarayalu
				34	Seshadri Iyengar, Belur Srinivasa Iyengar
I			II		
	36	Sreenivasan, Trichinopoly Viswanathan		35	Sesbagiri Rao, Doddaballapur, Subrahmaniah
	30	Krishna Rao, Ullal Gopal			

M. B. B. S. DEGREE.

FIRST EXAMINATION—PART II.

I		Nil		14	Narayana Iyengar, Mandyam Adyapaka
	1	Ahobalachar, Tirumale Srinivasachar.		15	Narayana Rao, Ramaswamiah
				16	Parthasarathi Iyengar, Kadamby
	2	*Charlotte*, R		18	Puttanna, Setty Thippiah
	4	Hanumantha Rao, Shimoga Kote		20	Rajagopal, Mandyam Dhati
	5	Jai Ram, Tirumalacheri Singaravalu.		21	Ramakrishna, Venkataram
II			II	22	Ramakrishna Moorthy, Belur Sampathiengar.
	8	Krishnamurti, Doddaballapur			
	9	Krishnamurthy, Vidyaranyapur Seetharamiah.		24	Shama Rao, Bellur Rama Swamiah
				25	Shama Sastry, Holavanahalli
	11	*Lalithamma, Basava Lingaia*		28	*Srirangamma, R A*
	12	Loganathan, Mysore Lakshmana Mudaliar.			

SECOND EXAMINATION.

I		Nil		13	Lakshmi Narasimha Iyengar, Kambam Narayana Iyengar.
	2	Anantha Rao, Narasipur		17	Rajaiyengar, Seshaiyengar
	6	Dayalu, Tumkur Krishna Iyengar		18	Rajanna, Mysore Junjappa
	8	Ghouse Ahmed Shariff		21	Ramaswami, Bagepalle Varadachar
II	9	Govinda Rao, Abludu Rama Rao	II	22	Seshadri, Malavalli Krishna Murthi
	10	Kantiengar, Nagamangala Laxmikantiengar.		24	Sethu Ram, Kittane Sampathiengar
				26	Sri Sailarya Jayaram
	12	Krishna Rao, Anegondi Appaji Rao		27	Venkataramaniah, Honnavalli Venkatesiah.

Class	Reg. No	Name	Class	Reg. No	Name

FINAL EXAMINATION.

I		Nil	II	13	Ramakrishna Rao, Turuvekere Lakshmiramanaiah.
II	2	Gopalraj Chetty, Cheluvaraya Chetty.		15	Sudheendra Doss, Kadurundaligе Sitharam Das
	4	KrishnaMurthy, Kalkunte		17	Sunder Rao, Maskay Bheema Rao
	6	Krishna Rao, Mysore Puttu Rao		18	Suryanarayan Rao, Herur Venkataramiah.
	9	Madhava Rao Sirsi			
	10	Narasimhachar, Mandyam Annadurai			

L. M. P. DIPLOMA.

FIRST EXAMINATION

I		Nil	II	28	Ramachandrayya, H Velapnur
II	4	Dhruva Rao, Bowringpet Krishna Rao		29	Ramappa, Surannanavara
	5	Gopal Rao, Closepet		30	Rama Rao, Piriyapatna Anantha Subba Rao
	7	Gururaja Rao, Channapatna		32	Ramaswamiengar, Seringapatam Narasimha Iyengar
	8	Hafiz Mir Abdul		33	Rangappa Biluve Nagappa Gowda
	9	Hanumantha Naik, M		35	*Samuel Susheela, W P*
	11	*Kamakka*		36	*Samthrarma, M*
	12	Krishnamachar, Cadambi		37	*Seethamma, C G*
	14	Krishna Murthy, Gundlupet Aswatha Naranappa		38	Seshadri, Kadaba
	15	Krishnaswamy, Mysore Srinivasaiyengar		39	Shama Iyengar Kadaba
	17	Kumardasappa, Vedasiromani		41	Shama Rao, Arakalgud Venkatasubbiah
	18	*Leelavathi Sundara*		42	Shankara Muni, Garudanadurga
	22	Munikempiya Thammanna		47	Srenivasa Murthy, Karodi
	23	Nagaraj, Krishnamurthy		50	Vasudeva Rao Coimbatore Hanumanthachar.
	24	Narayana Ayyavaiyengar		51	*Vatsala Bai Subba Rao*
	25	Narayana Murthy, Coimbuthor Lakshmiya		53	Venkatanaravana Rao, Settigere
	27	Parwathappa, Devanhalli		54	Venkata Ramaiah, Sakrepatna Manjaiah.

SECOND EXAMINATION.

I		Nil	II	36	Puttu Rao, Ajeton Rama Rao
II	3	Balaraman, Devanagundi Lakshmana Iyengar		37	Raghunathiah Konanoor Pattabhi Ramiah
	4	*Bolamma, K M*		38	Raja Rao, Mysore Ramachandra Rao
	6	Cheluvaraiengar, Bangalore		40	Ramachandra, Sampathu
	10	Gundu Rao, Hiriyur		42	Ramanna, Bangalore Sundarachar
	11	Guru Moorthy, Vidyaranyapuram Lakshminarasimiah		44	Ramanna Iyengar, Kadaba Sreenivasamurti
	13	Joshi, Krishnamoorthy Sivaram		45	Rama Rao, Luckoor Koneri Rao
	14	Kalveerappa, Madanabavi		46	Rama Rao, Pampapathi
	15	*Kamalamma, D S*		48	Ramaswamy, Arakere Subba Rao
	16	*Kamalamma, Ramachandriah*		50	Ranoji Rao, Narayana Rao
	18	Keshava Murthy, A Venkata Ramiah		52	Sathyaveera, A M
	20	Kondiah, Kalasapura Range Gowda		54	Siddappa, Bindappala
	22	Krishnamachar, Dore		56	Sreekanteswaraiah, Kyalanur Ramanna.
	23	Krishna Swamy Rao, Vellore Ramachandra Rao.		60	Subba Rao Bangalore
	24	Lakshmaiah, C		62	Visweswaraiya, Mudagadur Subba Rao.
	28	Muniswamy Reddy, R		33	Wesley, Chrysostom
	31	*Narasamma, K*			

THIRD EXAMINATION.

Class	Reg No.	Name	Class	Reg. No	Name
I		Nil		22	Narasimhaiah, Muthappa
				23	Narayana Rao. Mysore Sivaramaiya
	2	Alasingiachar Nuggeballi Sethuramaiengar		25	*Paravathamma, P K*
	3	Ananta Ramachandra, T		27	*Prasad, Debora*
	4	Balakrishna Setty, B V		30	Ramakrishna, Sabhapathi
	5	Chandrasekhara, Y		33	Sitaramaiyer, Anantharama Iyer
	7	Dorayswami, Palathandalam Chengalvaraya		37	Srinivasan, Kalkunte Ramaswamiengar
	8	Dwarakanath, *Hurli* Madhava Rao		39	*Subbamma Doddabatlapur Shama Rao*
II	12	Govindaswamy Naidu, Chengal Raya Naidu	II	40	Suryanarayana Swamy, Bellur Atchappa
	13	Hussain Gorur Mohamed		41	Varada Chari Kalkunte Patel
	15	Jayasimha Sharma		42	Varadaraj Urs, Thimmaraj Urs
	17	Lakshminarasimhiah, Krishna Sastry.		43	Venkatachalaiengar, Srinivasiengar
	18	Mohamed Jaffer A			
	19	*Mudrakshamma, Kanniah*		44	Venkataramana, D N
	20	Munimariappa, Hanumanthappa		46	Venkatesha Row, Cotta Subbaramiah
	21	Muthanna, Hassan Ramaswamy Sastri.			

FINAL EXAMINATION

I		Nil		12	Kathivelu, V Sivasankara Mudaliar
	1	Ali Husain Mecci, Abdus Salam Mecci		16	Lakshmana Setty Channapatnam Subraya Setty
	2	Aniker, Sundaraiah Puttaswamiah		28	Sreenivasan, K L
II	7	Gopalaswamy, Salem Lakshman Row	II	29	Srinivasa Desikachar, Heremagalur Dasog.
	9	Gurumaja Rao, Hunsur Krishnamurthy		32	Venkatachar, Mandavam Anandampillay

The following is the list of failures in and absentees from the undermentioned Examinations of 1935 —

B T. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

(a) Principles
(b) Educational Psychology
(c) Methods
(d) Comparative Study
(e) Class Room Technique
(A) Total of Group A.

(B) Group B

Reg No.	Subject	Reg. No.	Subject	Reg No	Subject
1	e	34	absent	75	c e A
7	a c e A	39	d e	76	d e A B
9	a c d e A	40	B	77	d e A B
10	a b c d e A	44	B	78	a d e A
11	B	45	e	83	d e A
13	d e	50	b e A B	84	e
16	e	54	d e A	85	e
17	absent	59	a e A	87	d e A
19	absent	60	a c e A B	88	e A
21	B	64	d e	89	d e A
23	d	66	d	90	d e A
29	a b c d e A B	68	e A	91	B
30	c e A B	69	c e A	94	d e A
32	a c d e A	73	d e A B	96	e
33	b d e A	74	d e	100	B
				101	B

B E. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

Reg. No.	Subject	Reg. No.	Subject
9	Civil: Irrigation	29	Electrical: Electrical Engineering I, Estimating, Specification and Engineering Economics.
16	Civil: Roads and Bridges	32	Electrical Electrical Engineering I.
27	Mechanical: Structural Design		

M. B B. S. DEGREE.

FIRST EXAMINATION—PART II.

(a) Anatomy | (p) Physiology | (oc) Organic Chemistry

Reg. No.	Subject	Reg. No.	Subject	Reg. No.	Subject
3	a p	13	p oc	26	p
6	a p oc	17	a p	27	a p oc
7	p oc	19	p	29	p
10	oc	23	a p oc -		

SECOND EXAMINATION.

(*pb*) Pathology and Bacteriology (*h*) Hygiene (*mp*) Materia Medica and Pharmacology.

Reg. No.	Subject	Reg. No	Subject	Reg. No.	Subject
1	pb h	11	pb h mp	20	pb h mp
3	h	14	h	23	h
4	pb h mp	15	pb	25	pb h
5	h	16	pb h mp		
7	pb h	19	pb		

FINAL EXAMINATION.

(*m*) Medicine (*s*) Surgery (*mid*) Midwifery (*fm*) Forensic Medicine, (o) Ophthalmology.

Reg. No.	Subject	Reg. No.	Subject	Reg. No.	Subject
1	m s o	7	s	12	m s fm
3	s	8	s mid o fm	14	m absent
5	m s o	11	m s o fm	16	m s o fm

L.M.P. DIPLOMA.

FIRST EXAMINATION.

(*p*) Physics (*c*) Chemistry (*b*) Biology.

Reg. No.	Subject	Reg. No.	Subject	Reg. No.	Subject
1	c	20	p	45	p c b
2	b	21	b	46	p c b
3	c b	26	c b	48	p c b
6	p c b	31	c b	49	b
10	p c	34	c b	52	c b
13	c b	40	b	55	b
16	absent	43	p c b	56	p b
19	b	44	p b		

SECOND EXAMINATION.

(*a*) Anatomy (*p*) Physiology.

Reg. No.	Subject	Reg. No.	Subject	Reg. No.	Subject
				41	p
1	a	25	a	43	absent
2	a	26	a	47	a p
5	p	27	a p	49	a p
7	a p	29	absent	51	p
8	a p	30	a p	53	a p
9	absent	32	a p	55	a p
12	a p	33	p	57	a p
17	p	34	p	58	a p
19	a	35	a	59	p
21	a p	39	a p	61	absent

THIRD EXAMINATION.

(*pb*) Pathology and Bacteriology. (*h*) Hygiene. (*mm*) Materia Medica.

Reg. No	Subject	Reg. No.	Subject	Reg. No.	Subject
1	pb mm	16	pb h mm	32	pb h mm
6	pb	24	pb mm	34	h
9	pb h mm	26	pb h	35	h
10	h	28	h	36	pb mm
11	h	29	pb h mm	38	h
14	h	31	pb	45	pb mm

FINAL EXAMINATION.

(*m*) Medicine. (*s*) Surgery. (*mid*) Midwifery. (*fm*) Forensic Medicine.

Reg. No.	Subject	Reg. No.	Subject	Reg. No.	Subject
3	mid fm	15	m s fm	25	s
4	s fm	17	m s mid fm	26	m
5	s fm	18	m s	27	m fm
6	m	19	s	30	m s mid
8	s	20	s	31	mid
10	s	21	absent	33	s
11	absent	22	m s mid fm	34	m s mid
13	m s absent mid fm	23	s	35	m s mid fm
14	s mid fm	24	m s		

Under clause (c), of ordinance 115 of the Laws of the University, the following candidates who have failed in the Final M. B. B. S. Degree Examination of 1935, are exempted from appearing in the subject noted against them at a subsequent examination.

Reg. No.	Name	Subject
7	Krishna Rau, Naranappa	Midwifery
12	Rajagopal Rao, Lakkenahalli Narasimha Moorthy ..	Do

Notification No. 20622, *dated 11th May* 1935.

The Silver Jubilee Kannada Gold Medal.

This Medal founded by Mr. B. M. Srikantia, M.A., B.L., Professor of English, Central College, Bangalore, will be awarded at the University Convocation of 1936 for the best Kannada Poem written by any under-graduate or post-graduate student from any of the Colleges in the University of Mysore.

2. The poem should be written in a pure Kannada Metre (and not in the Sanskrit *Vritta* or Kanda *Metre*), and in an easily intelligible modern Kannada style. It may deal with any subject, ancient or modern, Indian or foreign, provided the spirit and the treatment are modern. It may be a piece of original composition or a translation of an English or a Greek Classic or an adaptation of such, and should not exceed 300 lines in length.

3. The poem should have a motto instead of the writer's name and should be accompanied by a sealed cover containing the name of the competitor, his Post Office address and a declaration to the effect that the poem is his own *bona-fide* composition.

4. Competitors should send their poems to the Registrar, University of Mysore, so that they may reach him on or before the 15th January 1936.

5. No one who has already won the Medal may compete again.

6. No award will be made if the poem does not reach a fairly good standard of execution and if it does not show some individuality in the writer.

By Order,
V. GOPALASWAMI AIENGAR,
Registrar.

INTERMEDIATE COLLEGE, BANGALORE.

Notification No. , *dated* 1935.

Admission 1935-36.

Applications from Mysore S. S. L. C. students who are declared eligible for admission to the College courses of study by the University for admission to the Junior Intermediate Class of this College will be received by the undersigned till the 18th June 1935.

Candidates who have passed the Matriculation Examination of an Indian University or any other examination recognised by the University as equivalent thereto and satisfy the University Council as to their fitness for admission to the course chosen are also admitted.

Candidates who have passed the Cambridge Examination (Senior Local) and the Oxford Certificate Examination (Senior Local) are admitted to the Junior Intermediate Class of this University for courses of study approved by the Council.

Every application should be made in the appended form and the entries therin should be complete and correct in every respect and the application should be dated and signed by the applicant.

The following documents should accompany each application :—

1. Original S. S. L. C., pass certificate with marks.
2. Leaving or transfer certificate from the institution last attended by the student.
3. Medical Inspection Report received from the High School in which the student was studying last.
4. Migration certificate. (From students of other Universities, Provinces or Governments).

The following combinations of Optional subjects will be allowed in the Junior Intermediate Class during the year 1935-36. Students may apply for any one of the groups, unless they are disqualified from choosing the subject or subjects under the differential minima rules for the Intermediate Course :—

Intermediate in Arts.

1. History, Economics and Logic.
2. History, Economics and Mathematics.
3. History, Logic and Language.

Intermediate in Science.

1. Physics, Chemistry and Mathematics.
2. Chemistry, Botany and Geology.
3. Chemistry, Botany and Zoology.
4. Botany, Zoology and Geology.

The latest date for the receipt of applications in the College Office is Wednesday the 18th June 1935. List of selections will be notified on the College Notice Board. Students who are given seats should present themselves at the College on the 24th June 1935 and obtain printed forms of application for admission and present the same duly filled in. They should pay with the application for admission Rs. 21 in the case of students taking up the Science Course or Rs. 19 in the case of students taking up the Arts Course being the following fees.—

	Arts.			*Science.*		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1. Admission fee	1	0	0	1	0	0
2. Sports fees for the year	4	0	0	4	0	0
3. Reading Room and Union fees ...	4	0	0	4	0	0
4. Medical examination fee ...	1	0	0	1	0	0
5. First instalment of tuition fee for July 1935.	9	0	0	11	0	0
Total ..	19	0	0	21	0	0

No candidate for admission will be enrolled or allowed to attend any class until his fee has been paid and also his Transfer Certificate presented to the College Office along with the admission application.

Students who are given seats and who do not join the College within a week after notification of selection on the College Notice Board, will forfeit their seats.

Students should provide themselves with all the necessary Text Books immediately after admission to the College. The total cost of books will probably not exceed Rs. 35.

M. SESHA IYENGAR,
Superintendent.

APPLICATION FOR ADMISSION, 1935-36.

1. Name of applicant ..	
2. Place and date of birth ...	
3. Address of applicant ..	
4. Religion, caste and sect ...	

5. Name, address and occupation of the parent or guardian.	
6. Annual income of parent or guardian ...	
7. Last institution attended ..	
8. Register Number at the S. S. L. C. Examination, and the year of passing the same.	
9. Whether declared eligible for College Course of study.	
10. The particular course which the applicant desires to take up—ARTS or SCIENCE.	
11. Combination of subjects which the applicant desires to take up.	
12. Second Language which the applicant wants to take up.	
13. Whether the following Certificates have been attached :— (a) Original S.S.L.C. Pass Certificate with marks. (b) Leaving or Transfer Certificate. (c) Medical Inspection Report received from the High School. (d) Migration certificate in the case of students of other Universities or Provinces.	

Date..... .....

Signature of Applicant.

Notification, dated the 29th May 1935.

Applications from students of this College for the grant of Leaving or Character Certificates should be made to the undersigned in the following form.

No certificate of any kind will be granted to students who are in arrears of College fees, Hostel dues, etc., and who have not returned all the books borrowed from the College Libraries.

No application will be considered unless full information under all the columns is furnished.

Application may be made during working hours on working days, but certificates will ordinarily be granted only on the third day from the date of application between 3 and 5 P.M.

M. SESHA IYENGAR,
Superintendent.

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR THE GRANT OF LEAVING OR CHARACTER CERTIFICATE.

1. Name of pupil and present address in full.	
2. Year, Class and section to which he was admitted in the College.	
3. Year, Class and section in which he was studying at the time of leaving the College.	
4. If successful at the Intermediate Examination, the Reg. No. and the year of passing the same.	
5. Whether he was a free-studentship-holder or a scholarship-holder.	
6. Has he returned all the books borrowed from the Library and paid up the College tuition fees, Sports and Reading Room fees and Hostel dues, if any?	
7. The date on which he actually left the College.	
8. His second language and Optional subjects.	

Place..... ....

Signature of the Applicant.

Date ....

MAHARAJA'S COLLEGE, MYSORE.

Notification dated 24—27*th May* 1935.

Applications for admission to the B. T. class must be received not later than June 10th, 1935.

J. C. ROLLO,
Principal.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION IN MYSORE, BANGALORE.

Notification D. No. 114—*T. B. C.* 273 *of* 34-35, *dated* 27*th May* 1935.

Reference.—This Office Notification D. No. 101, 40-69—L E. 31 of 34-35, dated 1st February 1935 regarding the rules for the conduct of Music Examinations.

The following books are recommended as reference books for the use of candidates preparing for the Music Examinations (Senior Grade):—

1. Harmonium Self-Instructor (in Kannada) Price Re 0-12-0 and
2. Sangeetha Sastra Pravesha Dayini (in Kannada) Price Rs. 2-4-0.

Both by Mr. B. Venkatakrishnappa, B.A.

Copies of the above books can be had at Messrs. H. N. Row Brothers, Chickpet, Bangalore.

Notification D. No. 111 of 34-35, dated 25th May 1935.

DEPRESSED CLASS SCHOLARSHIPS.

With a view to promote Vernacular and English Education among the Depressed Classes of the State, scholarships of the following grades will be awarded to pupils of these classes. These scholarships will be tenable for a period of ten months from June to the end of March of the succeeding year to pupils reading in Primary, Middle and High School Classes of the State and are awarded by the Deputy Directors concerned.

Name of class	Rate of scholarship per mensem (Boys or Girls)	Number of Scholarships allotted		Description of Scholarships between the two Deputy Directors			
		Boys	Girls	Deputy Director, Bangalore		Deputy Director, Mysore	
(i) Primary Schools—	Rs a. p.		Lumpsum of Rs. 3,750 per annum for all classes	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls
V and VI Classes ...	3 0 0	113		57	Rs 1,875 per annum	56	Rs 1,875 per annum
(ii) Middle Schools—							
I year Class ...	2 8 0	115		40		75	
II do	4 0 0	148		50		98	
III do ...	4 0 0						
IV do	4 0 0						
(iii) High Schools—							
IV Form	7 8 0	109		90		19	
V do	7 8 0						
VI do	7 8 0						

Further, a lumpsum of Rs. 1,500 per annum is provided for the supply of clothes to Depressed Class non-scholarship holders for girls. These amounts are equally divided between the two Deputy Directors who will take necessary action in the matter.

2. Students who once fail to secure promotion from one class to another will be given reduced scholarshps, the reduction amounting to not less than one-fourth of the ordinary value of the scholarships according to the manner in which the candidates have acquitted themselves in their examinations. Ordinarily no student who fails twice will be eligible for a scholarship and in no case a student who has failed thrice.

3. As far as possible, scholars under this scheme will be required to live in a recognised Boarding Home, whether Government or Aided where such exists, the admission of the scholarship-holders to the Aided Depressed Class Hostels being left to the managements themselves according to the arrangement that may be arrived at between the management and the scholarship-holders.

4. Applications in the prescribed form, either printed or manuscript form from the students of Primary and Middle school classes must, in the case of boys as well as girls, be submitted to the District Educational Officers through their Head Masters and from those of High School Classes to the Deputy Directors not later than 15th July 1935. The District Educational Officers will consolidate the applications received, the names of students being arranged in the order of merit and submit the same to the Deputy Directors not later than 25th July 1935. The Deputy Directors will award the above scholarships and submit a copy of the award list to the head office with full particulars as to the number of applications received by Districts, scholarships awarded and the number of scholarships allowed to lapse, if any

5. The Deputy Directors may distribute the Middle School and Primary School Scholarships in proportion to the student population in each District among the several District Educational Officers who will award the scholarships and submit award lists to this office.

N B.—Should there be any savings under scholarships in High School Classes in the Mysore Circle or in the Bangalore Circle, the fact should be reported to this office along with the award list.

MYSORE STATE SCHOLARSHIPS FOR THE DEPRESSED CLASSES.

APPLICATION FORM.

To.....

1. Candidate's name	
2. Caste (according to the communities in the Schedule of Depressed Classes).	

3. Age and date of birth			
4. Place of birth or domicile ...			
5. Name of father (or guardian, if the father is not living).			
6. Residence of father or guardian . .			
7. Occupation and income of father or guardian (give designation and salary of father or guardian, if he is a Government servant).			
8 School in which candidate has been reading.			
9 Class in which the candidate has been reading			
10 The period during which candidate has been reading in the school			
11. Details of candidate's school career for the past three years	Year. 1932-33 1933-34. 1934 35	School	Class
12 Highest standard or examination passed			
13 Grade of scholarship applied for			
14. Did the candidate fail last year?			
15 Was the candidate in receipt of any help or scholarship last year? If so, give details			
16. Is the candidate in receipt of any scholarship or help from any public charity? If so, of what value?			
17. Remarks by the Head Master on the candidate's attendance, character and ability.			

Signature of father or guardian. Signature of candidate.

I certify that to the best of my knowledge this form has been filled in correctly and that the candidate is deserving of the scholarship.

Place.....

Date..... Signature of the Head Master.

I certify that the candidate is known to me personally, that the information given in this form is correct and that the candidate is deserving of a scholarship on the ground of proverty.

Place..... Signature and Designation.

Date..... Member of Municipal Council or Local Board.

N.B.—(1) It is requested that the Head Master will take particular care to give accurate and complete information about the occupation and condition of the progress of the candidate in the school.

(2) The application should always be attested by the father of the candidate or by the guardian only when the father is not alive.

(3) If the candidate does not belong to any of the Depressed Class Communities enumerated in the schedule, the candidate should specify the community to which he belongs.

(4) Each and every column of the application should be filled up and full information given.

Schedule of Depressed Classes.

Adikarnataka and Adidravida	Banjara
Hill Tribes	Animists
Korama and Koracha	Vodda
Mochis	Pichara
Iruliga	

Notification D. No. 112 *of* 34-35, *dated* 25*th May* 1935.

SCHOLARSHIPS TO GIRLS.

The following scholarships will be awarded every year to girls studying in several institutions of the State including girls reading in boys' institutions. Lapses occurring in the Middle School scholarships meant for moffusil pupils may be made available to pupils of Bangalore and Mysore Cities in the same grade. These scholarships will be tenable in Hindustani Girls' Schools also. These are awarded by the Deputy Directors concerned.

Class of pupils	Total number of scholarships	Rate per month	Class in which tenable	Distribution of these scholarships between the two Deputy Directors			
				Deputy Director, Bangalore.		Deputy Director, Mysore	
(i) High Schools—							
Ordinary ..	63	6	IV, V & VI Forms.	39		24	
Special ..	*20	7½	Do ...	12		8	
(ii) Middle Schools—				Kannada	Urdu	Kannada	Urdu
(Kannada and Urdu), Moffusil pupils.	30	4	IV Year ...	13	2	13	2
	30	3	III do ...	18	1	14	2
	35	2½	II do ...	16	1	16	2
Pupils from Bangalore and Mysore Cities.	10	4	IV do ...	4		5	1
	10	3	III do ...	4	...	5	1
	10	2½	II do ..	4	...	5	1
(iii) Privileged Primary Schools—							
Including those at District Headquarters. (Kannada and Urdu).	†160	1½	IV and V Vernacular.	60	5	60	5

* The twenty special scholarships at enhanced rate of Rs. 7½ per mensem are reserved for award to such pupils as reside in Government Hostels for girls. If any scholarships remain unutilised for want of resident girls, then such scholarships may be given to non-resident pupils at the ordinary rate.

† The remaining 40 scholarships at Re. 1-8-0 per mensem each intended for Mahomedan girls will be utilised for the award of 20 scholarships by the Deputy Director, Bangalore Division, in the Government Urdu Girls' Middle School, Bangalore City, as noted below:—

Class	No.	Rate per mensem Rs.	Class	No.	Rate per mensem Rs.
IV year	... 5	4	II year	... 5	3
III year	... 5	3	I year	... 5	2½

2. Only Mysoreans by birth or *domicile* are eligible for these scholarships.

3. Scholarships shall be awarded on the ground of merit and poverty combined with deligence.

4. The scholarships will be tenable for ten months from June of one year to March of the succeeding year.

5. The Head of the Institution in which the girl is studying may, in consultation with the School Committee, withhold at any time the whole or any portion of her scholarships for irregular attendance, unsatisfactory progress or bad conduct reporting the fact at once to the Inspecting Officer concerned who will send a consolidated list of such cases to the Director of Public Instruction at the beginning of every succeeding month for orders.

6. These scholarships shall be drawn on scholarship bill forms signed by the Heads of the Institutions concerned and countersigned by the Inspecting Officers in direct charge of schools in the case of aided schools.

7. Applications for scholarships should be submitted to the awarding authorities on printed or manuscript forms as per sample appended hereto through the Head of Institution in which the candidate is studying, not later than the 15th July 1935.

8. A list of students of the Middle and Privileged Primary Schools who are awarded scholarships should be submitted to the Head Office, Administrative and Financial Branches, soon after the awards are made by the Inspecting Officers concerned.

N.B.—In the case of girls reading in boys' schools, the applications for scholarships should be forwarded in a consolidated form to the awarding authorities by the Head Masters concerned.

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR WOMEN CANDIDATES.

1. Name of applicant	
2. Age	
3. Caste	
4 Place of birth or domicile	
5. School and class in which the candidate is studying this year.	
6. Educational career of the candidate during last three years.	Year. 1932-33 1933-34 1934-35 — Class — School.
7. Was the candidate in receipt of a scholarship or other help last year? If so, of what value? (Give details.)	
8 Is the candidate in receipt of any scholarship or help from private or public charity? If so, give details.	
9. Name, address and annual income of parent, husband or guardian.	
10. Does she claim a moffusil scholarship? If so, on what grounds?	
1. Signature of parent, husband or guardian.	

Date..... Signature of Candidate..... ....

Remarks by the Head of the Institution *re* the candidate's financial condition, ability, character and progress.

ate..... .....

Signature of the Head of the Institution.....

Notification D. No. 113 *of* 34-35, *dated* 25*th May* 1935.

RULES FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF BACKWARD SCHOLARSHIPS.

The following rules *re* constitution and working of *Ad-Hoc* Scholarship Committees for the administration of Backward Class Scholarships are published for general information.—

I. 1. (*i*) The Backward Class Scholarships will be administered by *Ad-Hoc* Scholarship Committees, the members of which hold office for two consecutive years. In the case of a vacancy occurring in any of these Committees within this period, owing either to the death of a member of his absence from this consecutive meetings or any other cause, the Director shall appoint a substitute.

(*ii*) Each Committee shall consist of a Chairman and a Secretary with three or more members who will ordinarily be chosen from the Backward Classes. Both in the District and Taluk Scholarship Committees, three members will form a quorum.

(*iii*) The duties of the Chairman and the Secretary of each of the *Ad-Hoc* Scholarship Committees will be as follows:—

(*a*) *The duties of the Chairman are*:—

(1) To notify all recognised schools of the different grades in which the scholarships to be administered by the Committees are tenable, announcing that applications for the various grades of scholarships will be received on or before a given date by the Chairman of the Committee.

(2) To issue scholarship application forms to Head Masters of Schools for supply to intending candidates, and to receive all such applications on or before the date fixed in the programme.

(3) To keep a register or tabulated records of all applications received.

(4) To hold meetings in general accordance with the calendar adopted.

(5) To make awards in accordance with the rules framed in this behalf.

(*b*) *The duties of the Secretaries are*:—

(1) To fix in consultation with the Chairman, the date and hour of meetings, notify the members *re* the time and place of meetings and make all necessary arrangements for the same; and to issue necessary instructions to the Post Office *re* the delivery of letters, etc., addressed merely to the designation of the Chairman or the Secretary of the *Ad-Hoc* Scholarship Committee. In fixing the date of meeting, sufficient notice (of about 20 days) should be given to the members.

(2) To maintain, in a bound book, a record of the minutes of each meeting.

(3) To intimate award by post cards to the parents of scholarship nominees as well as to the Head Masters of Schools concerned, in addition to circularising the awards by publication of the names of scholarship nominees in important news-papers of the district or through any other agencies of publicity.

(4) To send up through the Chairman—

(*a*) List of applications received from the pupils of each community.

(*b*) List of unutilised scholarships allotted to any community in any grade on or before the date fixed in the programme along with a requisition for additional scholarships required for any community in any grade together with a statement showing in order of preference the names and other particulars (as per printed application form) of the most deserving candidates belonging to the communities for whom additional scholarships are sought for, or may be awarded in case lapses in other districts or grades are available for allotment.

(*c*) A general report in the prescribed form as per Appendix VI on the working of the scheme as a whole to the authorities concerned immediately after the second award, *i.e.*, the award by re-allotment is made. All the applications and records pertaining to the award of scholarships by Taluk Committees *i.e.*, (IV Grade), should be submitted to the respective District *Ad-Hoc* Committees, and the Secretaries of the District *Ad-Hoc* Committees will preserve those records arranged by taluks. The applications and records relating to the award of scholarships by the District Scholarship Committees *i.e.*, (III Grade), will also be preserved by the Secretaries of the District Committees.

2. (*i*) All applications for scholarships or for renewals of scholarships of the different grades should be made to the awarding authorities or to the Chairman of the Committees concerned on printed forms, copies of which will be supplied on application by such authorities, or manuscript forms corresponding to the printed forms.

(*n*) All these scholarships are tenable for ten months from the beginning of June to the end of March of the succeeding year covering the working portion of the school year, and excluding the period of vacation.

3. All applications should be sent so as to reach the authorities concerned on or before he dates specified in the tabular statement appended hereto.

II. The functions of the above Committees shall be as follows :—

A. Taluk Scholarships Committee .—

(*a*) To notify all recognised Middle Schools in the Taluk, announcing that applications for scholarships of the IV Grade will be received on or before a given date by the Chairman of the Committee.

N.B.—Even in the absence of such notifications, applications might be sent to the authorities concerned.

(*b*) To issue scholarship application forms to Head Masters of Schools for supply to intending candidates, and to receive all such applications on or before the date fixed in the programme.

(*c*) To award as many scholarships as are provisionally allotted to the particular taluk as shown in Appendix III on or before the date fixed in the programme to such of the candidates as are studying in classes where the scholarships are tenable, and as are most deserving on grounds of poverty and satisfactory progress

(*d*) To intimate the awards by post cards to the parents of scholarship nominees in addition to circularising the awards by the publication of the names of scholarship nominees in important newspapers of the District or through any other agencies of publicity.

(*e*) To report the number of unutilised scholarships allotted to any community in any grade to the District Committee on or before the date fixed in the progamme and to send up a simultaneous requisition for additional scholarships required for any community in any grade together with a statement showing the names and other particulars (as per printed application form) of the most deserving candidates belonging to those communities, for whom additional scholarships are sought for or recommended

(*f*) To assist all deserving candidates in obtaining admission into Middle Schools to arrange for the disbursement of scholarships and to investigate and remedy all cases of irregular disbursement, at the same time forwarding reports to the Director

(*g*) On receipt of unsatisfactory reports regarding any scholarshipholder, to discontinue such scholarship for the rest of the year. If a scholarship is so discontinued, it may be awarded for the rest of the year to any other deserving candidate of the same community, or if there is no such deserving student, the discontinuance shall be reported to the District Committee concerned and also to the Director.

(*h*) To present to the District Scholarship Committee an annual report on the working of the scheme immediately after the second award is made, copy being submitted simultaneously to the Director

(*i*) To administer such other scholarships as Government may, from time to time, prescribe and in such manner as may be prescribed by Government or by any officer or body authorised by Government to so prescribe.

B Functions of the District Scholarship Committee shall be —

1. Administration.—

(*a*) To notify all recognised High Schools announcing that applications for scholarships of the III Grade will be received on or before a given date by the Chairman of the Committee.

N.B.—Even in the absence of such notification, applications might be sent to the authorities concerned.

(*b*) To issue application forms to Head Masters of Schools for supplying to the intending candidates and to receive all such applications on or before the date fixed in the programme.

(*c*) To award as many scholarships of the III Grade as are provisionally allotted to the particular District as shown in Appendix III on or before the date fixed in the programme to such of the candidates as are studying in High School classes and as are most deserving on the double grounds of poverty and satisfactory progress.

(*d*) To intimate the awards by post cards to the parents of scholarship nominees in addition to circularising the awards by the publication of the names of scholarship nominees in important newspapers of the district or through any other agencies of publicity.

(*e*) To report the number of unutilised scholarships allotted to any community, in any grade to the Director on or before the date fixed in the programme and to send up a simultaneous requisition for additional scholarships required for any community in any grade together with a statement showing the names and other necessary particulars (as per printed application forms) of the most deserving candidates belonging to those communities for whom additional scholarships are sought or recommended.

(*f*) To assist all deserving candidates in obtaining admission into English High Schools, to arrange for the disbursement of scholarships through the Head Masters of Schools and to investigate and remedy all matters of irregular disbursement, etc., a report of the same being immediately sent to the Director.

(*g*) On receipt of unsatisfactory reports *re* any scholarship-holder, to discontinue such scholarship for the rest of the year. If a scholarship is so discontinued, it may be awarded for the rest of the year to any deserving student belonging to that community, or if there is no such deserving student, the discontinuance shall be reported to the Director.

(*h*) To award the Mahomedan scholarships of the High and Middle School grades with the assistance of two more local Mahomedan gentlemen appointed by the Director.

(*i*) To administer such other scholarships as Government may, from time to time prescribe and in such manner as may be prescribed by Government or by any officer or body authorised by Government to so prescribe.

(*j*) The rates of scholarships awarded to failed candidates whether for the first time or as renewals, should invariably be three-fourths of the sanctioned rate.

2. Supervision.—

(1) To see that the scholarships allotted to the several communities or taluks in the district are properly awarded either by the Taluk Scholarship Committee, or in the case of lapses in any taluk under any community directly by themselves, to the candidates who belong to that community and are recommended by any other Taluk Scholarship Committee in the district, all lapses in the district being reported to the Director as per Rule II, B1. (e) *supra*.

(2) To re-appropriate and to re-allot, if thought desirable, any amount which may have lapsed in any taluk area in accordance with the rules prescribed in para V *infra* for such re-allotment.

(3) To present to the Director an annual report on the working of the scheme in the district, immediately after the second award is made.

Note:—The Secretaries to the District and Taluk *Ad-Hoc* Committees are competent to deal with questions of (1) transfer of scholarships from one school to another when a student who is awarded scholarship leaves one school and joins another and (2) reduction of scholarships on receipt of unsatisfactory reports from heads of institutions as regards the progress, conduct or attendance of students to whom scholarships have been awarded as per the Director of Public Instruction's Circular No. 16—28-29, dated 8th April 1929. The Taluk *Ad-Hoc* Committee should report the transfer or reduction made to the District Committee and to the Financial Branch of the Office of the Director. The District *Ad-Hoc* Committee should report the transfer or reduction made by that Committee to the Director, Administration and Financial Branches.

These instructions will apply also to scholarships awarded by the Director from lapses, reserves, etc.

III. *The functions of the Director* in regard to these scholarships shall be as follows:—

1. Supervision.—

(*a*) To arrange for the printing and the distribution of all the necessary forms to the District and Taluk Scholarship Committees.

(*b*) To allot scholarships of the various grades among the several districts and taluks and among the various communities in the State in accordance with the principles laid down by Government from time to time, and collect and compile all statistics necessary for such allotment.

(*c*) To see that the scholarships of the various grades are awarded in time by the Taluk or District Committees, as the case may be, or in the case of lapses under any community, in any district to award such lapsed scholarships to the candidates who belong to that community and are recommended by any other Taluk or District Scholarship Committee.

(*d*) To re-appropriate and if thought desirable, to re-allot, amounts which have lapsed in any district area in accordance with the rules prescribed in para V *infra* for such re-allotment.

(*e*) To receive and consider the reports of the District Scholarship Committees upon the working of the scheme in each district

(*f*) To draw and submit to Government *before the end of March in each year* an annual report upon the working of the entire scheme throughout the State

IV. The following principles shall be adopted for the allotment of scholarships —

1. The total number of scholarships allotted to the different grades as per Appendix I, shall be first divided among the different communities or groups of communities in proportion to their total population in the State The distribution made according to this rule is shown in Appendix II.

2. The scholarships allotted to each group or community as stated above shall be sub-divided among the several districts and taluks on the basis of the total attendance of the number of pupils of that community or group in the respective grades of education in the previous year in each unit area. A table showing the allotment made according to this calculation is shown in Appendix III

3. In the distribution of the scholarships allotted to a group of communities, the scholarships awarded to each community within that group should be in proportion of its population, provided there are applicants to that extent

V The following principles shall be adopted for re-allotting the scholarships :—

1 If any scholarships remain unutilised in any grade in a district, they shall be first made available to pupils of the same grade and of the same "community" or group in the other districts in which the allotments fall short of the number required, the distribution being made proportionately to the needs of each district.

2. If after such re-allotment of the scholarships of one grade, any remain unutilised, they shall be granted to pupils of the same community or group in other grades in any district, each lower grade being taken after the requirements of the one immediately higher are satisfied

3. Those scholarships, which still remain unutilised even after transfer to other districts may be given to other communities or groups of communities in the order of their illiteracy or may lapse to Government

VI. All the students to whom Backward Class Scholarships will be awarded should be considered as free students and the fees collected from them till the date of award should be drawn on refund bills from the treasury and refunded to boys These free studentships shall be in addition to the 20 per cent usually allowed in all Government and Aided Institutions

N B —These scholarships are tenable only to boys and none but regular students in any institution in the State and Mysoreans by birth or domicile are eligible

VII. (1) The work of the *Ad Hoc* Scholarship Committees should be done by Head Masters with their ordinary staff, but no separate clerical allowance can be given for this purpose.

(2) The following procedure shall be adopted for the drawing of these scholarships —

(*i*) The scholarships of all grades in respect of students in Government Institutions shall be drawn by the Head Masters of those institutions on scholarship bill forms and disbursed to the students after their acknowledgments are taken in the acquittance roll

(*ii*) In the case of Aided Institutions the scholarships shall be drawn on scholarship bills signed by the Head Masters of Institutions and countersigned by the Inspecting Officers in direct charge of the schools.

APPENDIX I

List showing the general distribution of the Backward Class Scholarships according to grades —

No.	Courses of Education	Number of scholarships	Value of rupees	Total cost for ten months
			Rs	Rs
1	High School ..	585	6	35,100
2	Middle School Classes, II, III and IV.	596	3	17,880
	Rounding .	.	..	20
	Total ..	...	..	53,000

APPENDIX II.

List showing the allotments of Backward Class Scholarships among the various communities or groups of communities which are considered to be backward.

Allotment of Backward Class Scholarships for 1935-36.

No	Names of communities or groups of communities	Population by communities	Population by groups	No. of scholarships allotted	
				III Grade	IV Grade
1	Agasa ...	1,06,300			
2	Nayinda ... Group I	45,306	2,02,094	25	26
3	Kumbara ...	48,488			
4	Banajiga ...	1,44,746			
5	Satani ... Group II	23,068	1,67,814	21	22
6	Darzi ...	18,219			
7	Mahratta ..	59,092			
8	Ganiga ... Group III	44,453	2,35,329	28	29
9	Neygi ...	1,13,565			
10	Beda .. Group IV	3,01,338	3,01,338	33	37
11	Ganga Kula ... Group V	1,74,140	3,47,454	42	45
12	Yadava ...	1,73,314			
13	Kuruba .. Group VI	4,34,809	4,34,809	53	54
14	Idiga ...	94,365			
15	Tigala ...	86,499			
16	Uppara ... Group VII	1,16,360	3,19,403	37	40
17	Meda ...	7,272			
18	Jogi ..	14,907			
19	Lingayet ... Group VIII	7,69,712	7,69,712	93	94
20	Vokkaliga ... Group IX	13,08,231	14,24,524	173	176
21	Kunchitiga ...	1,16,293			
22	Nagartha ..	8,039			
23	Viswakarma .. Group X	1,42,377	1,50,416	17	18
24	Kshatriya ...	39,838			
25	Vysya ... Group XI	42,617	1,10,816	13	14
26	Jain ...	28,361			
27	Indian Christians, Group XII	53,474	53,474	7	...
28	Minor communities, Group XIII	41,103	41,103	5	6
	Total ..	...	45,58,286	547	559
	Reserve ...	...	...	38	37
	Grand Total ...	..	..	585	596

NOTE.—(i) For Halepaika and Parivar communities, no separate allotments can be given Applications from candidates belonging to these communities will be considered along with those of the communities with which they are bracketted and scholarships, if any, awarded to them will be met out of the allotment thereto Mudaliar, Naidu, Ganiga and Sada communities are eligible for Backward Class Scholarships of II Grade only. Hence, they may be included in the list of minor backward classes for the purpose of II Grade Backward Class Scholarships only.

Allotment of III and IV Grades B. C. Scholarships for 1934-35.

APPENDIX III.

Statement 1.—Showing the Districtwar allotment of III Grade Backward Class Scholarships.

No	Communities	Group	Districts																	
			Bangalore		Kolar		Tumkur		Mysore		Hassan		Kadur		Shimoga		Chitaldrug		Total	
			Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment
1	Agasa	I	28	14	8	1	8	3	6	3	4	3	1	...	3	1	2	1	67	25
2	Nayinda																			
3	Kumbara																			
4	Banajiga	II	66	8	44	6	10	1	13	2	2	1	2	1	2	1	3	1	142	21
5	Satani																			
6	Darzi																			
7	Mahratta	III	127	16	13	2	11	2	27	3	16	2	2	...	13	2	8	1	316	28
8	Ganiga																			
9	Neygi																			
10	Beda	IV	3	3	7	7	11	11	1	1	..	...		...	...	...	11	11	33	33
11	Gangakula	V	17	13	12	9	2	1	18	14	..	...	...	..	6	4	2	1	67	42
12	Yadavas																			
13	Kuruba	VI	11	9	9	7	6	6	20	17	..	..	1	1	10	8	7	5	66	53
14	Idiga																			
15	Tigala																			
16	Uppara	VII	17	16	...	...	9	8	6	5	...	.	..	...	6	6	4	3	42	37
17	Meda																			
18	Jogi																			
19	Lingayat	VIII	102	15	20	3	136	19	126	18	10	1	20	3	45	6	201	28	660	93
20	Vokkaliga	IX	156	65	28	12	52	23	93	39	34	14	12	5	13	5	26	11	414	173
21	Kunchitiga																			
22	Nagartha	X	28	6	10	2	7	2	13	3	3	1	...	...	6	2	5	1	67	17
23	Viswakarma																			
24	Kshatriya																			
25	Vaisya	XI	95	4	43	2	52	2	92	3	15	...	12	...	92	1	28	...	359	13
26	Jain																			
	OTHER CLASSES.																			
27	Indian Christians	XII	39	2	27	3	6	...	7		12	1	5	...	7	1	2		105	7
28	Minor Communities	XIII	53	2	20	1	12	...	65	2	..	...	..	...	7	...	2		159	5
	Total	...	737	178	236	54	324	77	469	111	95	22	55	10	140	36	301	64	2,377	547
	Reserve	...	..	...			...		...		...	...	...	...	...			..		38
	Grand Total	...	..	...	..	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	585

APPENDIX III.

Statement 2.—Showing the distribution of Backward Class IV Grade Scholarships among Districts.

No.	Communities	Group	Bangalore		Kolar		Tumkur		Mysore		Hassan		Kadur		Shimoga		Chitaldrug		Total	
			Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment
1	Agasa	I	47	6	20	2	49	6	50	6	18	2	8	1	16	2	9	1	217	26
2	Nayinda																			
3	Kumbara																			
4	Banajiga	II	177	6	167	5	185	5	106	4	15	..	2	...	26	1	38	1	664	22
5	Satani																			
6	Darzi ..																			
7	Mahratta	III	421	9	109	3	74	2	281	6	82	2	45	1	95	2	183	4	1,290	29
8	Ganiga																			
9	Neygi																			
10	Beda	IV	20	4	26	4	64	10	39	7	.	...	1	...	11	2	61	10	222	37
11	Gangakula	V	39	6	23	4	23	4	86	12	21	3	6	1	35	6	41	7	277	43
12	Yadava																			
13	Kuruba	VI	56	8	38	4	60	7	102	12	33	4	35	4	53	9	56	6	473	54
14	Idiga																			
15	Tigala																			
16	Uppara	VII	121	15	11	1	109	13	26	3	18	1	3	..	33	4	27	3	343	40
17	Meda																			
18	Jogi																			
19	Lingayet ...	VIII	429	12	110	3	604	16	677	18	245	6	250	6	610	16	655	17	3,580	94
20	Vokkaliga . ..	IX	906	48	278	15	421	22	1,027	58	394	21	44	3	129	7	84	4	3,268	176
21	Kunchitiga																			
22	Nagartha																			
23	Viswakarma ..	X	148	7	61	3	30	1	68	3	21	1	12	1	33	1	25	1	388	18
24	Kshatriya ..																			
25	Vaisya	XI	339	8	228	5	254	2	347	8	117	1	68	1	99	1	152	1	1,604	14
26	Jain																			
	OTHER CLASSES.																			
27	Indian Christians	XII	110		90	..	57		108	..	17		14	.	41	..	4	..	441	..
28	Minor Communities ...	XIII	176	2	126	1	66	1	82	...	9	...	20	.	42	1	72	1	543	6
	Total ...	.	2,990	126	1,287	47	1,946	89	2,989	130	983	41	498	18	1,258	52	1,897	56	18,305	559
	Reserve ..	.	.	.	...		..	..	.	...	.			...	...	...	...	..	..	37
	Grand Total ...	.	.	...	..	...	.	...	...	..		..	..	...	.	..	..	..	..	596

Statement 2 (i)—Showing the Talukwar allotment of Backward Class Scholarships of IV Grade, Bangalore District.

No	Communities	Group	Bangalore		Dodballapur		Magadi		Channapatna		Hoskote		Nelamangala		Kankanhalli		Anekal		Devanhalli		Closepet		Total	
			Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment
1	Agasa																							
2	Nayinda	I	27	3	8	1	1		1		2	1	1		1		2		1		3	1	47	6
3	Kumbara																							
4	Banajiga																							
5	Satani	II	61	2	17	1	7		10		3		4	.	28	1	16	1	16	1	15		177	6
6	Darzi																							
7	Mahratta																							
8	Ganiga	III	246	5	77	1	11		7		6	.	15	1	13	.	27	1	15	1	4	...	421	9
9	Neygi																							
10	Beda	IV	6	1	1		2	1				.	7	1					4	1		..	20	4
11	Gangakula	V	17	3	3		1				4	1	2		2		3	1	7	1			39	6
12	Yalava																							
13	Kuruba	VI	42	6	2		2	..	4	1	7	1	3				3		2		1	..	66	8
14	Idiga																							
15	Tigala																							
16	Uppara	VII	41	5	11	1	11	1	2		29	4	8	1	3	1	2	...	13	1	1	.	121	15
17	Meda																							
18	Jogi																							
19	Lingayet	VIII	179	5	45	1	38	1	1		1		48	1	44	1	24	1	28	1	31	1	429	12
20	Vokkaligar	IX	876	22	98	4	26	1	184	10	12	1	69	3	44	2	62	2	27	1	54	2	906	48
21	Kunchitiga																							
22	Nagartha	X	41	2	14	1	5		2		16	1	8	..	1	..	11	1	48	2	2	.	148	7
23	Viswakarma																							
24	Kshatriya																							
25	Vaisya	XI	215	2	5	.	20		10	..	..		48	1	8		17	.	4	.	17	..	339	3
26	Jain																							
	OTHER CLASSES																							
27	Indian Christians	XII	91	.	2		.		10		.		..			.	7	.		...	.	..	110	..
28	Minor Communities	XIII	82	1	12				54	1	.				27			...	.		8		176	2
	Total		1,424	58	286	10	121	4	288	12	80	9	202	8	161	5	164	7	165	9	111	4	2,999	126

Statement 2 (ii)—Kolar District.

	Communities	Group	Kolar		Mulbagal		Srinivaspur		Chintamani		Sidlaghatta		Goribidnur		Bagepalli		Gudibanda		Chikballapur		Malur		Bowringpet		Total	
			Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment
1	Agasa	I	1	...	1	...	1	...	2	...	1	...	3	1	...	...	1	...	5	1	3	...	2	...	20	2
2	Nayinda																									
3	Kumbara																									
4	Banajiga	II	18	1	6	...	1	...	14	...	11	...	17	1	4	...	4	...	59	2	9	...	24	1	167	5
5	Satani																									
6	Darzi	III	6	...	3	...	5	...	9	...	...	...	12	...	2	...	1	...	22	1	15	1	34	1	109	3
7	Mahratta																									
8	Ganiga																									
9	Neygi																									
10	Beda	IV	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	16	2	...	...	...	...	5	1	3	1	...	...	26	4
11	Gangakula	V	4	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	1	...	3	1	2	...	7	1	2	...	23	4
12	Yadava																									
13	Kuruba	VI	24	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	5	1	38	4
14	Idiga																									
15	Tigala	VII	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	4	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	11	1
16	Uppara																									
17	Meda																									
18	Jogi																									
19	Lingayet	VIII	8	...	...	...	5	...	5	...	7	...	24	1	1	...	1	...	10	...	10	1	39	1	110	3
20	Vokkaliga	IX	22	1	4	...	16	1	50	3	14	1	34	2	6	1	9	...	32	2	52	2	39	2	278	15
21	Kunchitiga																									
22	Nagartha	X	4	...	2	...	2	...	1	...	9	1	20	1	1	...	...	...	12	1	6	...	4	...	61	3
23	Viswakarma																									
24	Kshatriya																									
25	Vaisya	XI	29	...	9	1	9	...	55	1	10	...	45	...	...	...	11	...	21	...	9	...	30	...	228	2
26	Jain																									
	OTHER CLASSES.																									
27	Indian Christians ...	XII	6	...	...	...	1	...	...		...		1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	82	...	90	...
28	Minor Communities	XIII	...	...	1	...	...	...	21	...	5	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	17	...	3	...	77	1	126	1
	Total ...		125	5	29	1	40	1	168	4	68	2	184	11	15	1	32	1	197	8	121	6	388	7	1,287	47

Statement 2 (m)—Tumkur District.

No	Communities	Group	Tumkur		Madhugiri		Koratagere		Sira		Pavagada		Chiknaya-kanahalli		Gubbi		Tiptur		Kunigal		Turuvekere		Total	
			Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment
1	Agasa																							
2	Nayinda	I	17	2	15	2	1		1		5	1			4	1	1				2		49	6
3	Kumbara																							
4	Banaga	I	42	3	17	1	7		9		3	-	9	.			17	1	30	1	1		135	5
5	Satani																							
6	Parit																							
7	Mahratta	III			4	.			2		8		18	1	10		25	1	5		2		74	2
8	Ganiga																							
9	Neyga																							
10	Beda	IV			11	2	6	1	3		25	1	10	1	4	1	5	1					64	10
11	Gangakula	V			5	1	2		2	1	8	1	1				2		3	1			23	4
12	Yadava																							
13	Kuruba	VI			14	2	1		10	1	11	1	23	3							1		60	7
14	Idiga																							
15	Digala																							
16	Uppara	VII	55	8	14	2	8	1	7	1			1		8	1	2		4				109	13
17	Meda																							
18	Jogi																							
19	Lingayet	VIII	187	4	69	3	35	1	24	1	4		70	2	85	2	112	3	12	1	6		604	16
20	Vokkaliga																							
21	Kunchitiga	IX	82	4	106	5	31	2	59	3	19	1	8		17	1	36	2	51	3	12	1	421	22
22	Nagartha																							
23	Viswakarma	X	7		1				3		3		7	1	8		2		4				30	1
24	Kshatriya																							
25	Vaisya	XI	49	1	66	1	12		14		13		13	.	18		24		13		2		254	2
26	Jain																							
	OTHER CLASSES																							
27	Indian Christians	XII	40										4		12				1				57	
28	Minor Communities	XIII	18		2		4		8		1		5		1		21	1					66	1
	Total		507	21	321	18	107	5	142	7	138	8	169	8	165	6	260	9	123	6	26	1	1,916	89

Statement 2 (iv)—Mysore District.

No.	Communities	Group	Mysore		Mandya		Krishnarajpete		Nagamangala		Hunsur		Yedatore		Heggaddevankote		Nanjangud		Chamarajnagar		Gundlupet		T.-Narsipur		Malvalli		Seringapatam		Yelandur		Maddur		Total	
			Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment
1	Agasa	I	11	1	5	1	11	1	3	...	...	..	2	..	1	...	1	...	..	...	3	...	4	1	2	...	4	1	...	...	3	1	50	6
2	Nayinda																																	
3	Kumbara																																	
4	Banajiga	II	11	1	11	1	10	...	6	...	...	...	3	...	4	...	...	...	4	...	4	..	11	1	11	...	25	1	3	...	3	...	106	4
5	Satani																																	
6	Darzi																																	
7	Mahratta	III	71	2	3	...	123	3	6	...	4	...	6	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	12	.	2	...	6	...	42	1	..	...	...	..	281	6
8	Ganiga																																	
9	Neygi																																	
10	Beda	IV	2	1	1	...	2	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	5	1	...	...	3	1	4	1	10	1	9	1	3	1	...	...	...	...	39	7
11	Gangakula	V	24	3	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	2	. .	1	...	3	1	13	2	30	4	6	1	...	.	...	..	88	12
12	Yadava																																	
13	Kuruba	VI	33	4	4	1	7	1	10	1	...	...	11	1	5	1	2	..	1	...	7	1	14	1	5	1	...	...	...	...	2	...	102	12
14	Idiga																																	
15	Tigala	VII	5	1	9	1	...	...	3	1	. .	...	...	..	2	..	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	.	...	26	3
16	Uppara																																	
17	Meda																																	
18	Jogi																																	
19	Lingayet	VIII	160	4	43	2	106	3	5	...	...	...	9	..	8	...	39	1	79	2	44	1	59	2	64	2	13	..	2	...	26	1	677	18
20	Vokkaliga	IX	210	10	156	8	128	8	58	3	5	1	101	6	6	...	23	1	3	...	7	...	42	2	74	4	209	11	3	..	...	2	1,027	56
21	Kunchatiga																																	
22	Nagartha	X	12	1	6	...	8	1	4	...	..	...	2	...	3	...	1	...	4	...	1	..	4	...	3	...	10	1	...	.	..	..	58	3
23	Viswakarma																																	
24	Kshatriya	XI	249	2	18	1	13	...	16	..	1	...	17	..	2	. .	9	...	3	...	2	...	8	...	3	...	3	...	...	..	3	...	347	3
25	Vaisya																																	
26	Jain																																	
	OTHER CLASSES.																																	
27	Indian Christian	XII	83	...	9	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	..	.	...	..	...	5	...	...	...	3	...	1	...	7	...	...	...	.	...	108	...
28	Minor Communities	XIII	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	..	...	.	...	..	..	..	19	...	1	..	8	..	3	...	1	..	..	.	...	..	32	.
	Total	...	691	30	268	15	411	17	111	5	10	1	164	8	29	2	77	2	127	3	89	4	178	10	215	12	323	17	9	...	73	4	...	130

Statement 2 (v)—Hassan District.

No.	Communities	Group	Hassan		Belur		Chennaray apatna		Hole-Narsipur		Manjarabad		Alur		Arkalgud		Arsikere		Total	
			Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment
1	Agasa	I	9	1	...	..	3	1	2	...	2	...	2	...	..	...	...	...	18	2
2	Nayinda																			
3	Kumbara																			
4	Banajiga	II	7	...	3	...	2	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	1	...	13	...
5	Satani																			
6	Darzi																			
7	Mahratta	III	21	1	3	...	6	.	17	...	2	..	2	...	30	1	2	...	82	2
8	Ganiga																			
9	Neygi ...																			
10	Seda ...	IV	...	...	.	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Gangakula	V	5	1	3	...	1	...	6	1	...	...	2	...	1	...	3	1	21	3
12	Yadava																			
13	Kuruba	VI	9	1	...	...	7	1	10	1	...	..	..	...	...	..	7	1	33	4
14	Idiga																			
15	Tigala																			
16	Uppara	VII	3	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	..	5	1	...	...	13	1
17	Meda																			
18	Jogi																			
19	Lingayet	VIII	58	1	17	1	12	...	15	..	38	1	18	1	20	1	67	1	245	6
20	Vokkaliga	IX	207	10	10	1	113	5	33	2	6	1	12	1	13	1	...	...	394	21
21	Kunchitiga																			
22	Nagartha	X	12	1	2	...	1	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	2	...	4	...	21	1
23	Visvakarma																			
24	Kshatriya	XI	25	...	3	...	8	...	27	1	8	...	...	...	14	..	26	...	117	1
25	Vaisya																			
26	Jain																			
	OTHER CLASSES.																			
27	Indian Christians	XII	10	. ...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	3	...	17	...
28	Minor Co mmunities	XIII	1	...	5	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	9	...
	Total ...	...	367	16	55	2	156	7	110	5	57	3	39	...	85	4	114	3	383	41

STATEMENT 2 (vi) Kadur District.

No.	Communities	Group	Chickmagalur		Mudgere		Tarikere		Kadur		Koppa		Narasimharajpura		Total	
			Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment
1	Agasa	I	4	1	1	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	8	1
2	Nayinda															
3	Kumbara															
4	Banajiga	II	1	..	...	...	1	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	2	...
5	Satani															
6	Darzi															
7	Mahratta	III	12	...	1	...	24	1	7	...	...	...	1	...	45	1
8	Ganiga															
9	Negge	IV	..	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
10	Beda	V	3	1	..	..	2	...	1	...	...	...	..	...	6	1
11	Gangakula															
12	Yadava	VI	5	1	..	...	23	2	7	1	...	...	...	...	35	4
13	Kuruba															
14	Idiga	VII	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	3	...
15	Tigala															
16	Uppara															
17	Meda															
18	Jogi	VIII	70	2	20	1	102	2	55	1	1	...	2	.	250	6
19	Lingayet	IX	22	1	...	...	8	...	...	...	11	1	3	1	44	3
20	Vokkaliga															
21	Kunchitiga	X	1	...	...	...	3	...	7	1	1	...	...	...	12	1
22	Nagartha															
23	Viswakarma															
24	Kshatriya	XI	21	1	6	...	9	...	13	...	7	...	9	...	58	1
25	Vaisya															
26	Jain															
	OTHER CLASSES.															
27	Indian Christians	XII	3	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	..	14	..
28	Minor Communities	XIII	1	...	5	..	2	...	4	..	4	..	4	..	20	...
	Total	...	143	7	41	1	179	5	94	3	28	1	13	1	498	18

STATEMENT 2 (vii)—Shimoga District.

No	Communities	Group	Shimoga		Channagiri		Honnali		Shikarpur		Sorab		Sagar		Hosanagar		Tirthahalli		Total	
			Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment
1	Agasa	I	6	1	1		2		3		2		8	1					16	2
2	Nayinda																			
3	Kumbara																			
4	Banajiga																			
		II	10	1			5		1		1				1		3		26	1
5	Satani																			
6	Darzi																			
7	Mahratta	III	27	1	16	1	13		15		5		5		3		8		95	2
8	Ganiga																			
9	Neyge																			
10	Beda	IV	8				2	1			1		1						11	2
11	Gangakula																			
		V	17	2		1	5	1			3	1	5	1					33	5
12	Yadav																			
13	Kuruba	VI	21	3	10	1	19	2	25	1	1		1		1		2		82	9
14	Idiga																			
15	Ligala																			
16	Uppara	VII	11	1	9	1			6				1				6	1	33	4
17	Meda																			
18	Jogi																			
19	Lingayet	VIII	156	3	119	3	174	1	103	3	31	1	9	1	9	1			600	16
20	Vokkaliga																			
		IX	32	2	3		12	1	5		1				3		7	1	129	7
21	Kunchitiga																			
22	Nagartha																			
		X	5		5		8	1	7		2		1		1		1		33	1
23	Viswakarma																			
24	Kshatriya																			
25	Vaisya	XI	57	1	8		10	1	2		5		13		3		1		99	1
26	Jain																			
	OTHER CLASSES																			
27	Indian Christians	XII	18										5		3		5		11	
28	Minor Communities	XIII	13		2				3						15	1	9		42	1
	Total		394	16	186	7	290	10	175	7	57	2	14	3	35	2	112	5	1,256	52

STATEMENT 2 (viii)—Chitaldrug District.

No.	Communities	Group	Chitaldrug		Davangere		Harihar		Hosdurga		Molakalmuru		Challakere		Jagalur		Holalkere		Hiriyur		Total	
			Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment	Students	Allotment
1	Agasa	I	1	..	5	1	...	..	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	9	1
2	Nayinda																					
3	Kumbara																					
4	Banajiga	II	21	1	4	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	3	...	3	...	38	1
5	Satani																					
6	Darzi																					
7	Mahratta	III	26	1	60	1	20	..	31	1	29	1	3	..	2	...	10	...	2	...	183	4
8	Ganiga																					
9	Naygi																					
10	Beda	IV	26	4	2	...	3	1	5	1	3	...	8	1	4	1	6	1	4	1	61	10
11	Gangakula	V	22	4	7	1	1	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	..	...	8	1	1	..	41	7
12	Yadava	VI	19	2	10	1	7	1	9	1	..	...	1	...	2	...	5	1	3	...	56	6
13	Kuruba																					
14	Idiga	VII	13	1	3	...	1	...	5	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	27	3
15	Tigala																					
16	Uppara																					
17	Meda																					
18	Jogi																					
19	Lingayet	VIII	125	3	257	6	38	1	34	1	8	1	46	1	30	1	101	2	16	1	655	17
20	Vokkaliga	IX	29	1	5	...	.	...	2		..		8	1	8	1	...	...	12	1	64	4
21	Kunchitiga																					
22	Nagartha	X	8	...	9	1	...	...	2	...	...	..	1	..	...	...	4	..	1	...	25	1
23	Viswakarma																					
24	Kshatriya	XI	23	...	48	1	10	...	32	.	2	...	16	...	12	...	8	..	11	.	162	1
25	Vaisya																					
26	Jain																					
	OTHER CLASSES.																					
27	Indian Christians	XII	..	.	2	...	1	...	1	.	..	..	..	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	4	...
28	Minor Communities	XIII	21	..	8		5	...	5	...	1	...	7		4	...	...	...	26	1	72	1
	Total .		334	17	415	12	88	3	130	6	49	2	93	3	64	3	147	5	83	5	1,397	56

MYSORE STATE SCHOLARSHIPS FOR THE BACKWARD CLASSES

APPLICATION FORM.

To

....

1.	Candidate's Name ...	
2.	Caste (according to the communities in Schedule of Backward and Depressed Classes).	
3.	(*a*) Age and date of birth . (*b*) Place of birth ..	
4.	Name of father (or guardian, if the father is not living).	
5.	Residence of father or guardian ..	
6.	Occupation and income of father or guardian (give salary of father or guardian if he is a Government servant)	
7.	School in which candidate has been reading.	
8.	Class in which candidate has been reading	
9.	The period during which candidate has been reading in the school.	
10.	Details of candidate's school career for the past three years.	Year: 1932-33, 1933-34, 1934-35 — School — Class
11.	Highest standard or examination passed.	
12.	Grade of scholarship applied for ...	
13.	Did the candidate fail last year ? ...	
14.	Was the candidate in receipt of any help or scholarship last year ? If so, give details.	
15.	Is the candidate in receipt of any scholarship or help from any public charity ? If so, give details	

16. Remarks by the Head Master on the candidate's attendance, character and ability.	

Signature of father or guardian. **Signature of candidate.**

I certify that to the best of my knowledge this form has been filled in correctly and that the candidate is deserving of the scholarship.

Signature of the Head Master.

Place.....

Date.. ... .

I certify that the candidate is known to me personally, that the information given in this form is correct and that the candidate is deserving of a scholarship on the ground of poverty.

Signature and designation,
Member of Municipal Council or Local Board.

Place.....

Date .....

N.B.—A. (1) It is requested that the Head Master will take particular care to give accurate and complete information about the occupation and condition of the progress of the candidate in school.

(2) The applications should always be attested by the father of the candidate or by a guardian only when the father is not alive.

(3) If the candidate does not belong to any of the Backward communities enumerated in the schedule, the candidate should specify the community to which he belongs.

(4) Each and every column of the application should be filled up and full information given.

B. (1) SCHEDULE OF BACKWARD AND DEPRESSED CLASSES.

I. Hindus—

Agasa	Dombra	Kayastha	Maleru	Pinjari
Adikarnataka and Adidravida. (i)	Ganiga	Komati	Maravan	Rachawar
	Garadiga	Koracha (i)	Marwadi	Rawat
	Golla	Korama (i)	Meda	Saniyar
Bairagi	Gondaliga	Kshatriya	Mochi	Sanniyasi
Banajiga	Gosayi	Kumbara	Multani	Satani
Baniya	Ganiga	Kunchitiga	Nagartha	Sillekyata
Bawaji	Gujar	Kuruba	Natuva	Soligaru
Beda	Gujarati	Ladar	Nayar	Sudugadusidda
Gangakula	Gurkha	Banajar (i)	Nayinda	Tigala
Bhatraju	Idiga	Lingayet	Neygi	Uppara
Budubudike	Iruliga	Mahratta	Panchala	Vaisya
Dasari	Jat	Malayali	Pandaram	Vokkaliga
Darzi	Jogi		Paniya	Vodda (i)
Dogra	Kahar			Mochi (i)

and castes unclassed and unspecified.

II. Musalmans, III. Indian Christians, IV. Jains, V. Sikhs, VI. Animists, (i) VII. Hill Tribes (i).

(i) These are depressed classes.

2. All these scholarships are tenable for ten months from June to the end of March of the succeeding year.

3. The programme for the administration of these scholarships during 1935-36 is given in Appendix IV.

4. Applications for these scholarships should be submitted through their Head Masters by the students of the Backward Classes in the appended form (printed or manuscript) to the respective Taluk *Ad-Hoc* Committees in the case of Middle Schools and District *Ad-Hoc* Committees in the case of High Schools within the appointed dates fixed in the said programme.

APPENDIX IV.

Programme for the administration of Backward Class Scholarships during 1935-36.

Grade of Scholarship	Rate of scholarship	Tenure of scholarship	Class in which tenable	Awarding authority to whom applications have to be made	Latest date for the receipt of applications by the awarding authority	Latest date for awarding	Latest date for the Taluk *Ad Hoc Committee* to intimate lapses and additional requisitions to the District *Ad-Hoc* Committee	Latest date for the District Committee to intimate lapses and additional requisitions to the Director (both III and IV Grades)
III Grade (High School)	Rs 6 per mensem	Ten months, from June to March	IV, V and VI forms of all recognised High Schools	Respective District *Ad-Hoc* Committees	15th July 1935	31st July 1935		31st August 1935
IV Grade (*Middle* School)	Rs 3 per mensem	Do	II, III and IV year classes of all recognised Middle Schools	Respective Taluk *Ad Hoc* Committees	Do	Do	15th August 1935	Do

N B —1 These scholarships are tenable only to boys and none but regular students in any recognised institutions in the State and Mysoreans by birth or domicile are eligible.

2 The several dates fixed in the programme should be closely adhered to by the awarding authorities

3 The lapses and additional requirements in respect of IV Grade Scholarships should be reported only through the District *Ad Hoc* Committee and not direct to the Director by the Taluk Committees with full information as to the total number of applications received considered, rejected and recommended for additional scholarships

4 Mahomedan boys are not eligible for Backward Class Scholarships as separate scholarship fund (Mahomedan Scholarship Fund) has been instituted for them

APPENDIX V

The members of the District and Taluk *Ad-Hoc* Committees will be announced shortly.

APPENDIX VI

Form of report on the working of the scheme

Name of community	Group No	Allotment by groups	Applications received by communities	Applications favourably considered by communities	Applications rejected for want of progress, etc., by communities	Applications not considered for want of allotment by communities	No. of scholarships allowed to lapse, if any, by groups	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

Notification No. 115—*D*1.-3599-278 *of* 34-35, *dated* 27*th May* 1935.

It is proposed to open a new Government High School in Bangalore City, called the "Central High School, Bangalore" in the building where the London Mission High School was located till the end of the academical year 1934-35. Pupils who wish to seek admission into the IV, V and VI Forms of the School should apply to the Head Master of that institution on or before 7th June 1935.

MYSORE LOCAL EXAMINATIONS.

Notification No. D. 116—*L. E.* 218—34-35, *dated* 28*th May* 1935.

Boy candidates who have not appeared for and failed in the Middle School Examination (English Lower Secondary Examination under the old rules) and who intend to appear for the Middle School Examination of 1936, by private study, are directed to apply to the Secretary, Local Examinations Boards, New Public Offices, Bangalore, for permission to appear for the Middle School Examination of 1936 on or before the 15th July 1935. Copies of the printed form of application as appended hereto will be supplied to the intending candidates on requisitions sent to the Secretary, Local Examinations Boards, Bangalore.

This permission is not necessary in the case of teacher candidates (teachers in permanent service in recognised schools in Mysore) and girl candidates.

N. S. SUBBA RAO,
Director of Public Instruction.

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR PERMISSION TO APPEAR BY PRIVATE STUDY FOR THE MYSORE MIDDLE SCHOOL EXAMINATION OF 1936.

1. Name of the intending candidate in full	
2. Name of the father	
3. Date of birth (day, month and year) ...	
4. Address in full	
5. (a) Whether he comes up for the M. S. Examination in full or for English only. (b) If for English only, the Reg. No. and the year when he passed the L. S. Examination.	
6. Whether he was studying in any recognised school for any part of the school year, 1935-36. If so, particulars as to the period of such study in school should be furnished:	
7. Whether arrangements are made for the education of the boy privately. If so, from what date.	

8. Certificate to be furnished by the tutor.	I certify that the pupil..... referred to above is being taught by me from..... ....and that I shall continue to teach him till the end of the school year, 1935-36. Signature of the tutor. Qualification. Designation and address in full. Place..... Date.....
N.B.—The candidate's application will not be considered if the certificate in the next column is not properly filled up.	

9. I declare that all the particulars furnished above are correct.

Signature of the applicant.

Place..... .....

Signature of the parent or guardian.

Date..... .

N.B.—1. Applications, after they are duly filled up, shall be sent so as to reach the Secretary, Mysore Local Examinations Boards, Bangalore, on or before 15th July 1935.

2. No notice will be taken of applications received in the Office of the Secretary, Local Examinations Boards, Bangalore, after the 15th July 1935.

3. Candidates who are permitted to take the examination will be intimated of the fact before the 15th of August 1935. The memo intimating the grant of permission should be attached to the forms of application for admission to the examination which will be sent to the Secretary, Local Examinations Boards, before 1st November 1935.

4. The following classes of candidates need not obtain permission to appear for the examination provided they can satisfy the other provisions in the rules governing the Middle School Examination —

(1) Boy candidates who have appeared once for the Middle School or English Lower Secondary (under old rules) previously and failed.
(2) Teacher candidates.
(3) Girl candidates.

GOVERNMENT INSTITUTE OF COMMERCE AND ACCOUNTANCY, BANGALORE.

Y. M. C. A. BUILDINGS, BANGALORE CITY.

Notification dated 3rd June 1935.

The Institute re-opens for work on Friday the 7th June 1935. It provides instruction under the Diploma Department for the Diplomas granted by :—

(1) The Incorporated Secretaries' Association, London (F.I.S.A.)
(2) The London Chamber of Commerce, England (Dip. L.C.C.).
(3) The Indian Merchants' Chamber, Bombay (Dip. I.M C.).
(4) The Indian Institute of Bankers, Bombay (A.I.I.B.).

in the following subjects :—

(1) Banking,
(2) Accountancy,
(3) Business Organization,
(4) Secretarial Work and Practice.

Instruction in Advertisement and Salesmanship is a special feature.

The School Department will provide instruction for the commercial subjects of the Mysore Government Commercial Examinations.

For further particulars please apply to the undersigned.

T. R. AIENGAR, M.A., B.Com. (Edin.),
Superintendent.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT

COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, BANGALORE.

Subject.—Regarding the presentation of Pre-audit Bills for audit before 21st June 1935, in the Comptroller's Office.

Circular No. 298—Pay Section of 22nd May 1935.

To

All Drawers of Bills in the State.

To avoid a rush of bills in the last few days of the official year, Drawing Officers are requested to send bills to this Office for pre-audit as early as possible and as each bill gets ready. Keeping them by the end of the month of June causes inconvenience. On account of the heavy work in the Audit Office, bills for contingencies supplies and services received in this office after the 21st June 1935, cannot ordinarily be expected to be returned audited before the 30th June 1935.

Circular No. 296—TADB. II, dated 23rd May 1935.

As doubts have often been felt by sanctioning officers as to what amounts they have to sanction as 'Advance of pay" to officers on transfer from one place to another in the interest of Public Service under Article 165 (a) Mysore Civil Account Code, Volume I, it is hereby notified for general information that the amount to be paid on account of Advance on transfer must be only the reduced salary after deduction of the prescribed salary cut in each case and not the gross salary.

A. N RAGHAVACHAR,
Comptroller

MISCELLANEOUS DEPARTMENTS

THE MYSORE AGRICULTURAL SCHOOL, HEBBAL, BANGALORE.

Notification No. M. A. S. 613 of 34-35, dated 29th May 1935.

The Mysore Agricultural School at Hebbal, Bangalore, will commence work for the session 1935-36, on Monday, the 22nd July 1935. The purpose of the school is to train efficient and intelligent agriculturists. In the selection of students, preference will be given to those whose parents own land in Mysore and are engaged in its cultivation. The minimum qualification for admission is S.S.L.C. Examination, E.C and P.S. The students are required to take part in Farm work The course extends over three years The successful candidates at the end of the third year will be given the Diploma of Licentiateship in Agriculture (L. Ag).

No fee is charged for tuition. Medical attendance is free. No rent is charged for rooms and furniture. Government grants a few scholarships.

Students must soon after their arrival deposit a sum of Rs 5 as caution money and a sum of Rs. 20 as Hostel advance.

Applications for admission should be sent to the Principal, Mysore Agricultural School, Hebbal Post, Bangalore, in the prescribed form given below, which can also be obtained from him. The application should be filled up in the candidate's own hand-writing and supported by the necessary certificates They should reach the Principal on or before the 25th June 1935 along with an application fee of one rupee.

A preliminary Entrance Examination in English Composition and Arithmetic will be held on Monday the 1st July 1935, commencing at 12 noon at all the District Headquarters in the Offices of the Deputy Commissioners except in Bangalore, Tumkur, Mysore, Chickmagalur and Shimoga, At Bangalore, the Examination will be held at the Agricultural School, Hebbal, at Shimoga, Chikmagalur, Tumkur and Mysore, at the Offices of the Assistant Directors of Agriculture on the same date and at the same time. All those who put in their application may sit for the Examination in one of the centres mentioned above. An interview of the passed candidates to whom intimation will be sent will be held on Saturday, the 13th July 1935 at 8 A.M. by the Selection Board. Admissions and the award of scholarships will be settled after the interview.

V. K. BADAMI,
Principal.

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR ADMISSION INTO THE AGRICULTURAL SCHOOL, HEBBAL, BANGALORE.

1.	Name of the candidate in full	
2.	Residence	Village Taluk District

3.	Caste or community to which candidate belongs.	
4.	Age on date of application ...	
5.	Lands held by family of candidate. (A certificate by the Amildar or Revenue Inspector must be always sent.)	Area Where situated
6.	Examination passed by candidate ...	What examination When Where
7.	Name and occupation of father or guardian and annual income.	
8.	Physical fitness certified by ...	Name Address
9.	Vaccination certified by ...	Name Address
10.	Character certified by ..	Name Address
11.	Postal address of the candidate ...	
12.	Where the applicant wishes to be examined.	

Signature of Applicant.

The applicant is in my protection and I hold myself responsible for the prompt payment of his hostel and other dues. The periodical reports of progress in his studies at the Hebbal Agricultural School may be sent to me at the following address :—

Parent

Signature of ——— .....

Guardian

....

Full address .....

....

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE IN MYSORE, BANGALORE.

Notice No. T. E. C. 34-35, dated 28th May 1935.

It is hereby notified for the information of those concerned that the following certificate issued by the Secretary to the Commissioner for Government Examinations, Madras, lying in this office unclaimed for more than one year, will be destroyed if it is not claimed within

one month from the date of publication of this Notice in the Gazette, in the form prescribed, along with a penalty fee of ONE RUPEE.

Sl. No.	Reg. No	Name	Subject passed	Place at which the Examination was held	Year and month
1	600	M. S. Subba Row	Typewriting (new Model Remington No 12 Lower)	Bangalore ...	October 1933

H. K. RAMIENGAR,
For *Director.*

OFFICE OF THE COMPILER, *MYSORE GAZETTE.*

Notification dated 4th June 1935.

The following papers are placed at the disposal of the Press :—

Sl. No.	Number and date of Proceedings	Subject	Price
			Rs. a. p.
1	G O. No. G. 9771—Med. 295-34-2, dated 29—30th April 1935.	Sanctions the reconstitution of the Board of Visitors for the Vani Vilas Hospitals at Bangalore and Mysore.	0 0 8
2	G. O. No. G. 9968-10024—G. M. 159-34-1, dated 8th May 1935.	Issues certain instructions *re* reproduction of a work first published by Government.	0 0 8
3	G. O. No. O 3128-36, dated 14th May 1935.	Appoints Mr. C. S Srinivasachar, Registrar, General and Revenue Secretariat, as Special Duty Officer, Birthday Festivities in June 1935.	0 0 8
4	G, O. No. Fl. 8552-611—G. F. 361-34-3, dated 22nd May 1935.	Directs the addition of a clause to Rule 18 and insertion of a note to Rule 77 of Mysore Government Savings Bank Rules.	0 0 8
5	G. O. No, Rl. 264-70—R. A 28-35-1, dated 24th May 1935.	Appoints Mr. C. S. Srinivasachar, B.A., Registrar, General and Revenue Secretariat, as Special Duty Officer in connection with the arrangements for the Birthday Session of the Representative Assembly in June 1935.	0 0 8

B. SRINIVASA IYENGAR,
Compiler.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

Notification No. C3. D. 3815—34-35, *dated 28th May* 1935.

The following gentlemen are appointed to form a Committee of Dharmadarsis reconstituted for the management of the affairs of the Sri Rameswaraswamy Temple, Magadi Town, for a period of three years :—

Sl. No.	Name	Father's name	Age	Caste	Occupation
	Messrs.—	Messrs.—			
1	M. Krishna Rao ...	Subbarayaru ...	45	Brahmin..	Jodidar (Convener)
2	Seetharamiah ...	Ranganna ..	60	Do ..	Shanbhog
3	K. Narayana Setty ...	Chinna Setty ...	40	Vaisya ..	Merchant
4	M. Krishna Iyengar ...	Thimmappa Iyengar.	60	Brahmin...	Landholder
5	Siddabasaviah ...	Siddappa ...	50	Veerasaiva	Merchant

A. V. RAMANATHAN,
Deputy Commissioner.

HASSAN DISTRICT.

Notification No. L. Dis. C.-2758-34, *dated* 29*th*—31*st May* 1935.

In modification of this office notification No. C. 143-34, dated 15th February 1935, constituting a Committee of Dharmadarsis to supervise the affairs of the Sree Chennakesavadevaru Temple at Banavar, Arsikere Taluk, Mr. Lakshminaranappa, son of Mr. Ramanna, Smartha Brahmin, aged 60 years, retired Shroff and Landholder is appointed as Dharmadarsi in place of Mr. Rayasada Krishnappa reported to have been dead.

M. CHENNARAJ URS,
Deputy Commissioner.

NOTIFICATIONS BY THE HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS

APPOINTMENTS POSTINGS, TRANSFERS, LEAVE, ETC

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION IN MYSORE, BANGALORE.

Notification No. L. Dis. 4747-368 *of* 34-35, *dated* 29*th*—31*st May* 1935.

Under Article 163 of the Mysore Service Regulations, Mr. M. A. Narayana Iyengar, B.A., District Educational Officer, Kolar, is granted privilege leave on full pay for fifteen days from 23rd May 1935.

Mr. V. N. Raja Rao, Office Assistant to the District Educational Officer, will be in charge of the current duties of the District Educational Officer during the period.

Notification No. *A*2. 4801-394 *of* 34-35, *dated* 4*th June* 1935.

Under Article 209, Mysore Service Regulations, Mr. N. Puttanna Sastry, B.A., L.T., Head Master, Government High School, Tirthahalli, is granted sixteen days' furlough leave on average salary from 7th June 1935 prior to his retirement.

The Senior Assistant Master of the School will be in charge of the current duties of the Head Master until further orders.

N. S. SUBBA RAO,
Director.

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF POLICE IN MYSORE, BANGALORE.

Memo No. L. C. 180—34, *dated* 29*th May* 1935.

Mr. B. Timmaraja Urs, B.A., LL.B., acting Assistant Superintendent of Police, Davangere Division, is granted privilege leave of absence for 12 days from the 4th proximo with permission to avail himself of the general holidays on the 2nd and 3rd June 1935.

The District Superintendent of Police, Chitaldrug District, will be in charge of Davangere Division during the period in addition to his own.

F. A. HAMILTON,
Inspector-General of Police.

OFFICE OF THE SANDALWOOD OIL FACTORY, BANGALORE.

Office Memo No. 4073, *dated* 29*th May* 1935.

Under Article 171 of the Mysore Service Regulations, privilege leave for one month is sanctioned to Mr. K. Parthasarathy, Assistant Director, Sandalwood Oil Factory, Mysore, with effect from 1st June 1935.

Mr. B. S. Iyengar, Senior Chemist, Sandalwood Oil Factory, Mysore, will be in charge of Assistant Director's duties during this period.

S. ABDUL WAJID,
Director.

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER, SHIMOGA CIRCLE, SHIMOGA.

Notification No. 9396, *dated* 2*nd June* 1935.

The privilege leave for two months from 5th April 1935, granted to Mr. M. V. Krishnaswamy Iyengar, B.A., C.E., Assistant Engineer, Shimoga Division, in this Office Notification dated the 27th April 1935, is hereby extended by four days with permission to utilise Sunday the 9th June 1935.

H F. MARKER,
Offg. *Superintending Engineer.*

Printed by the Superintendent at the Government Press, Bangalore.

PART III Section 3

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 8328—*Ml.* 25-34-17, *dated 29th—31st May* 1935.

Under Section 16 of the Mysore City Municipalities Regulation, 1933 and the Rules framed thereunder, Mr. A. R. Sreekanta Sharma is elected a Member of the Mysore City Municipal Council from the Devaraja Mohalla, in an existing vacancy.

By Order,
K. V. ANANTARAMAN,
Offg. *Chief Secretary to Government.*

BANGALORE SUB-DIVISION.

Notification No. B4. P. R. 483—34-35, *dated 21st May* 1935.

Under Section 17 of the Village Panchayet Regulation, Mr. Muniswami is nominated as Chairman of Indlavadi in Anekal Taluk, in place of Mr. Muniappa, resigned.

Notification No. B4. 496—34-35, *dated 23rd May* 1935.

Under Section 17 of the Village Panchayet Regulation, Mr. Appanna Reddi is nominated as Chairman of Hongasandra and Devarchikanahalli Village Panchayets and Peddanna is nominated as Chairman of Bettadasanapura in Bangalore Taluk, in place of Mr. Annaippa, deceased.

Notification No. B4. 1575—34-35, *dated 24th May* 1935.

Under Section 17 of the Village Panchayet Regulation, Mr. Peddanna is nominated as Chairman taking him as a Member of the Village Panchayet of Begur, in place of his deceased brother Anniappa, as Peddanna is acting Patel.

K. BASAVARAJ URS,
Sub-Division Officer.

DODBALLAPUR SUB-DIVISION.

Notification No. A3-923—34-35, *dated 28th May* 1935.

Under Section 10 of the Mysore Village Panchayet Regulation, Mr. Nama-Ramaiah Setty, is elected as Chairman of Avathi Village Panchayet, Devanhalli Taluk.

J. B. MALLARADHYA,
Assistant Commissioner.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT AND RETURNING OFFICER, KANKANHALLI TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Notification dated 25th May 1935.

Calendar of events for holding Bye-election in the Kankanhalli Town Municipality (except Block No. II).

Sl. No.	Reference to election rule 1933	Calendar of events	Date
	Rl. Cl		
1	4 (1)	Publication of the list of voters	27th May 1935
2	12	Publication of the notice, regarding date, time, and place of election.	Do
	13	Latest date for the presentation of application from candidates willing to stand for election.	10th June 1935, before 5 P M.
	15 (1)	Publication of the consolidated list of candidates standing for election	10th June 1935 at 5 P.M
	Do	Presentation of objections to the above list of candidates, their disposal and publication of result.	14th June 1935 at 3 P M.
	15 (2, 3)	Publication of the revised list of candidates and the symbols assigned to them.	14th June 1935
	11	Date of election . ..	27th do
	28	Determination of the results of election at a Special General Meeting of the Council	28th do
	35	Reporting to Government, through the Deputy Commissioner, the result of election.	28th do

R SRINIVASA RAO,
President
and Returning Officer.

KOLAR TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Notification dated 8th May 1935

Calendar of events in connection with the Bye-election to be held on the 8th July 1935, to fill up a casual vacancy of a Municipal Councillor pertaining to the III Division of the Town Municipal Council, Kolar Town, is published for the general information of the public —

Sl. No	Rule	Events	Date
1	12	Publication of Election roll by the Returning Officer with date, time, hour and place of Election.	27th May 1935 (Monday)
2	13	Latest date for receipt of application for the candidature	17th June 1935 (Monday) 4-30 P.M.
3	15 (1)	Publication of the list of candidates and calling for objections, if any	17th June 1935, 5 P.M
4	15 (1)	Hearing and disposing of objections, if any, to the candidature of persons notified under 15 clause (1) of Election Rules.	20th June 1935 (Thursday) 3 P M
5	15 (3)	Publication of final list of candidates with symbols assigned to each	20th June 1935, 5 P.M.
6	.	Date of Election	8th July 1935 (Monday)
7	28	Counting of votes and declaring the result of election at the special General Meeting of the Municipal Council.	9th July 1935 (Tuesday)
8	35	Report of the result of election to the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District.	10th July 1935 (Wednesday).

M SADASIVA RAO,
President and Returning
Officer, Kolar Town.

OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER, CHIKBALLAPUR SUB-DIVISION.

Notification No. N. Dis. 84. C. 419—34-35, dated 25—26th May 1935.

Under Section 17 of the Mysore Village Panchayet Regulation, Patel Venkatachaliah is nominated as Member of Hossur Village Panchayet of Goribidnur Taluk in place of Patel Venkatasubbiah, deceased, and not as Chairman as notified in the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 23rd May 1935 on page 163, Part III—3, *vide* Notification No. N. Dis 84. C. 397—34-35, dated 13—16th May 1935.

M. ISMAIL SHERIFF,
Assistant Commissioner.

TUMKUR SUB-DIVISION.

Notification No. 612—34-35, dated 31st May 1935.

Under Section 17 of the Mysore Village Panchayet Regulation, Mr. Nanjegowda is nominated as Village Panchayet Chairman of Kempandodderi Village Panchayet, Kora Hobli, Tumkur Taluk, in place of Mr B. Krishnappa resigned.

M. N. ANANDALVAR,
Assistant Commissioner.

MADHUGIRI SUB-DIVISION.

Notification No. N. Dis. A. 1. C. 1606—34-35, dated 31st May 1935.

Under Section 17 of the Village Panchayet Regulation and the Rules thereunder, Mr. H. N. Bhima Rao, Shanbhog, is declared to have been duly elected as a member of the Halkur Village Panchayet, Sira Taluk, *vice* Mr. H Narasinga Rao, deceased. Under the same section, Mr. H. N. Bhima Rao, is nominated as the Chairman of the said Panchayet.

Notification No. N. Dis. A. 1. C. 1607—34-35, dated 31st May 1935.

Under Section 17 of the Village Panchayet Regulation and the Rules thereunder, Mr Valasappa, son of Chikkahalegowda, is declared to have been elected as a member of the Kallambella Village Panchayet, Sira Taluk, *vice* Mr. Chikkabadegowda, deceased.

H. NIRANJAN RAJ URS,
Assistant Commissioner.

MYSORE DISTRICT.

Notification No. D14 323, dated 1st June 1935.

Under Section 5 of the Mysore Village Panchayet Regulation and Rules thereunder, the undermentioned Village Panchayets in the Gundlupet Taluk, Mysore District, shall be reconstituted as follows for a term of three years commencing from 1st June 1935. Chairmen to these Panchayets are also appointed under Section 10 of the Regulation.

Serial No.	Name of Panchayet	Elected Members	Nominated Members	Chairman
		Messrs.—	Messrs.—	
1	Kannagala ...	Nanjappa alias Kunappa ... Mallappa . Puttabasappa .. K. G. Varadagopala Iyengar ...	Patel Basaviah . . Rachiah . Lingiah ...	Mr. Basaviah, Patel.
2	Gopalapura	Veeriah ... Madiah alias Puttiah . Kalrah ...	Gopappa ... Mooiah ... Guiviah ...	Mr. Gopappa, Patel

B. T. KESAVAIENGAR,
Deputy Commissioner.

MANDYA TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Notification dated 1st June 1935.

Calendar of events in connection with the Bye-election to be held on the 13th July 1935 to fill up two casual vacancies of two Municipal Councillors of the Town Municipal Council, Mandya, is published for general information of the public.

Calendar showing the several events for holding the bye-election in Mandya Town Municipality.

Sl. No.	Particulars	Reference to election rules	Date
1	Notification of the vacancy for bye-election ...	..	5th June 1935
2	Publication of the election roll ...	9 (2)	7th do
3	Publication of the notice regarding the date, time and place of election.	12	13th do
4	Latest date for the presentation of applications from candidates willing to stand for election.	13	20th do
5	Publication of the consolidated list of candidates standing for election.	15 (i)	22nd do
6	Presentation of objections to the above list of candidates, their disposal and publication of the result.	15 (i)	28th do
7	Publication of final list of candidates and the symbols assigned for them.	15 (2) and (3)	30th do
8	Date of election	...	13th July 1935
9	Determination of the results of election at a special general meeting of the Municipal Council.	28	14th do
0	Reporting to Government through the Deputy Commissioner the result of election.	35	20th do

E. V. GANAPATI IYER,
President and Returning Officer,
Town Municipal Council,
Mandya.

NANJANGUD TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Notice dated 31st May 1935.

The following Rules framed by the Nanjangud Town Municipal Council under Section 62 (a) of the Town Municipalities Regulation, *re* the Levy of Pilgrim Tax on Visitors to Nanjangud coming by Rail and Road, sanctioned by Government in their Order No. L. 7577-9—Ml. 224-33-4, dated 29th April 1935, are hereby published for the information of the public under Section 64 (a) of the Town Municipalities Regulation. The Rules will come into force from 1st July 1935. Further details can be had from the Office of the President, Municipal Council, Nanjangud.

1 The Tax shall be levied throughout the year.

2 The Tax shall be levied at the rates mentioned in the schedule.

3 The Tax shall be collected from the Railway Passengers along with the Railway fare.

4. The following persons will be exempt from the tax:—

(*a*) Persons who hold season tickets purchased at the Nanjangud Railway Station under a certificate obtained from the President of the Municipal Council or by officer duly authorised by him to the effect that such persons are *bona fide* residents of Nanjangud Town.

(*b*) Persons who purchase return tickets of all classes issued from the Nanjangud Railway Station and which are in force for a period of ten days.

(*c*) Military passengers travelling at Vehicles' rates.

(*d*) Escorts for treasure.

(*e*) Railway employees travelling on passes or P. T. Os.

Schedules.

		Rs.	a.	p.	
(a) (i)	For all upper class tickets	0	1	0	per ticket
(ii)	For third class tickets	0	0	6	„
(b) (i)	For all upper class season tickets other than those exempted under 4 (a)	1	0	0	per month
(ii)	For third class season tickets other than those exempted under 4 (a)	0	8	0	per month

Revised Rules for the Levy of Toll on Vehicles entering the Nanjangud Municipality

1. All vehicles entering the Municipal limits and not exempted under any of the following rules shall be liable to pay a toll at the rates mentioned in Schedule I.

2. The toll shall be collected at the prescribed toll-gates mentioned in Schedule II.

3. The toll shall be collected once in 24 hours from sunrise to sunrise.

4. A proper receipt shall be obtained for having paid the toll which receipt shall specify the date and hour of issue.

5. The following are exempted from payment of this toll :—

(*a*) Vehicles belonging to Government and used solely for public purpose and not used or intended to be used for the purpose of profit.

(*b*) Any vehicle used for the passage of troops or the conveyance of the property of His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja or of Dewan of Government or for the passage of Military, of Police Officers on duty or the passage and the conveyance of any person or property in their custody.

(c) Vehicles registered or belonging to the Mysore State Troops or of the British Indian Army or in respect of any bicycle kept by the members of the Mysore Police Force for the performance of their official duties.

(*d*) Vehicles laden with bones or other substances as manure.

(*e*) Vehicles carrying property *bona fide* belonging to Government which is proved by the production of a pass or certificate from any officer of the Department to which the property belongs authorised by the Deputy Commissioner or by the Government to grant such certificates or passes which pass or certificate shall be delivered at the last toll-gate passed before the vehicle carrying such property reaches the destination noted in such pass or certificate.

(*f*) Vehicles belonging to the Municipal Council of Nanjangud.

(*g*) Vehicles carrying the Municipal servants on duty or property in the custody of such servants.

(*h*) Vehicles possessed by a person who has compounded with the Municipal Council for a prescribed sum in accordance with the rules approved by the Government.

(*i*) Vehicles engaged by the Postal Department to carry mails.

(*j*) Vehicles belonging to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore.

(*k*) Vehicles belonging to His Highness the Maharaja of Sandoor.

(*l*) Vehicles belonging to the Matts of Sringeri, Bale-Honnur, Muraghi and such others as notified by Government from time to time.

(*m*) Vehicles belonging to Government servants travelling on duty for journeys certified by their respective immediate superiors or when they are not entitled to travelling allowance.

(*n*) Vehicles carrying Military Officers in uniform travelling on duty

(o) Vehicles carrying articles leviable with Octroi duty of not less than 4 annas.

6. Through traffic exempted from payment of this fee subject to the following conditions :—

(*a*) A vehicle that passes along Mysore-Hosanurghat Road, or passes through Chamarajanagar-T.-Narasipur Road or Bangalore-Ooty Road, without stopping or doing any transaction within the Municipal limits is said to be a vehicle of through traffic.

N.B.—By setting down passengers or picking them up within Municipal limits in case of hired or private vehicles, the right to exemption is lost.

(*b*) The maximum time allowed for such a vehicle to pass from the Municipal boundary at one end to the other is 30 minutes.

(*c*) Vehicles coming under "Through traffic" which pass through roads other than Bangalore-Ooty Road shall deposit the fee prescribed and obtain a transit pass which shall be deposited at the out-going gate and obtain a refund. The Municipal Council has got the power of either farming out or giving on contract the right of collection of this fee.

8. All vehicles shall enter the town or pass through by means of prescribed routes only. Any person committing an infringment of the above rules shall be liable to pay a fine of Rs. 100 on conviction before a Magistrate.

9. Any vehicle entering into the Municipal limits in infringment of the above rules or without paying the fee thereon shall be seized by a Municipal servant entitled to collect the fee and be held as a security until the fee and fine, if any, are paid.

SCHEDULE I.

		Rs.	a.	p.
1.	On every Motor bus as defined in the Motor Vehicle's Rules or motor lorry	1	0	0
2.	On every motor car	0	12	0
3.	On every motor tricycle or bicycle or trailer attached to a motor car	0	4	0
4.	On every two-wheeled carriage on springs, other than a jatka	0	4	0
5.	On every jutka or tonga, laden	0	2	0
6.	On every jutka or tonga, unladen	0	1	0
7.	On every other vehicle with springs including a tricycle or a bicycle	0	1	6
8.	On every cart or other vehicle not on springs drawn by two bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses, mules, if laden	0	4	0
9.	Do do not laden	0	2	0
10.	On every cart or vehicle not on springs drawn by a single bullock, buffalo, horse, pony, ass, mule, if laden ..	0	2	0
11.	Do do not laden	0	1	0

SCHEDULE II.

Name of toll-gate.

(1) Mysore Gate, at level crossing near Ooty-Road.
(2) Chamarajanagar Gate, near the boundary stone at Suvarnavati Bridge.
(3) T.-Narasipur Gate, at Channel Bridge near Parasurama Kshetra.
(4) Kumballi Gate, near the boundary stone of Kumballi.
(5) Gundlupet Gate, near Munsiff's Court.
(6) Hura Gate, near Hura Road abutting on the Ooty Road.

K. SRINIVASAN,
President.

TARIKERE SUB-DIVISION.

Notification No. SI.—1424-34, *dated 29th May* 1935.

Under Section 17 of the Mysore Village Panchayet Regulation, Mr. Hajee Abdul Jaleel Saib is elected as Chairman of Balehonnur Village Panchayet in the Narasimharajapur Sub-Taluk, in place of Mr. K. P. Srinivasa Prabhu on leave, and Mr. K. P Seshagiri Prabhu, is nominated as a member of the said Panchayet, in place of Mr. Hajee Abdul Jaleel Saib.

R. RAMIAH NAIDU,
Assistant Commissioner.

CHITALDRUG TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Notification dated 14th May 1935.

The right to collect fees on markets on shandy days as noted in the Schedules A and B during the official year 1935-36 will be sold by public auction at the places and on the dates specified against each gate.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sales must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit beforehand an amount of Rs. 200 as earnest money and the successful bidder must further deposit immediately after the close of the sale the balance to make up one-sixth of the sale amount, failing which, the earnest money will be forfeited to the Municipality and the right to collect tolls will be resold at his risk. He shall further be liable to make good to the Municipality all losses accruing from the resale but he shall not be entitled to the additional profits, if any, that may be realised by such resale. The deposits of all the unsuccessful bidders will be returned at the close of the sale, but no portion of the whole amount taken as deposit from the successful bidder, who will be called the contractor, will be refundable to him till the contract is fulfilled.

3. The sale will not become absolute until confirmedby the authority, noted in Schedule A, who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting without assigning any reason whatever, the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The contractor shall, within fifteen days of the receipt of intimation of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth and to be subject to the penalties, forfeitures, liabilities referred to therein and shall furnish, if he does not hold property in Mysore, at least two sureties who own sufficient property in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract and if he is a non-resident foreigner he shall be deemed to have agreed to submit himself to the jurisdiction of the Civil Courts in Mysore and to be bound by any decree, *ex parte* or otherwise, that may be passed against him by such courts for any sums due in respect of the contract amount.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise or sub-lease without the previous sanction of the Municipal Council.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in twelve equal monthly instalments in advance on the first day of every month to the Municipal Office. The contractor shall also pay along with the instalments the authorised Local, Railway and Educational Cesses, if any, at the prescribed rates.

7 The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of toll in accordance with the standing rules and orders approved by Government.

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all overdue amounts till date of payment.

9. The amount due by the contractor or his sureties shall be recoverable as arrears of revenue.

10. The contractor shall collect tolls only at the rates and at the gates on the traffic specified in Schedules A and B.

11. The contractor shall give to the person paying the toll a proper receipt showing the date and hour of payment of toll.

12. The contractor shall keep at the toll-gate true accounts of the daily collections and of the traffic passing through the toll-gates. These accounts shall be open to the inspection of the President and any person authorised by the President in this behalf. He shall, if required by the President, furnish to the Municipal Office at the end of every month a true return for the month showing the traffic passing through the gate in a prescribed form.

13. The contractor will have the use of the existing toll house and gate without payment of any rent, and he should keep them in good repair, failing which, the cost of the repair will be recovered from the contractor. If any toll-gate or house is required, it will be put up at the cost of the Municipal Council.

14. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or to any compensation on any account of any seasonal conditions or any other cause whatever.

15 The contractor and his employees shall always behave courteously towards the travelling public and shall not harass them or give them trouble of any kind and he shall maintain at the toll-gate a book, wherein travellers may record complaints, and forward true extracts thereof once a week to the President.

16. The contractor shall conform generally to the rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 274, dated 4th November 1876, as revised from time to time. He shall recognize all exemptions made by the statute or rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the points mentioned below :—

(i) A table of authorised tolls shall be legibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place near the toll-gate.

(ii) Animals drawing any vehicles for which toll can be demanded are not also to be charged with toll.

(iii) No toll shall be levied afresh on any cart, etc., passing along the toll-gate if within a period of twenty-four hours computing from sunrise to sunrise, a toll has been collected thereon at a toll-gate, in the Mysore State or a toll-gate in British India in respect of which the Government have secured reciprocity for exemption in consultation with British Authorities.

(iv) Carts laden with bone or other substance as manure shall be treated as unladen and tolled accordingly.

(v) No toll shall be levied on foot passengers.

(vi) No toll shall be levied for the passage of troops, or military stores, or equipages or of Police officers in uniform on duty or of any person or property in their custody or of any property *bona fide* belonging to Government, the proof of which should be established by the production of a pass or certificate from any officer of the Department to which the property belongs, such officer being duly authorised by the Deputy Commissioner or by Government to grant such

passes or certificates Such pass or certificate should be delivered up at the last toll-gate passed by the cart, or carriage, conveying such property before it reaches the destination noted in such pass or certificate.

(vii) No toll shall be levied for the passage of carriages or carts, etc.—

(*a*) Belonging to the Municipal Council, and conveying Municipal servants on duty or property in the custody of such servants.

(*b*) Belonging to His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja.

(*c*) Belonging to the Honourable the British Resident in Mysore and his staff, *viz.*, the Secretary to the Resident, the Residency Surgeon and the Personal Assistant to the Resident.

(*d*) Belonging to the Dewan of Mysore.

(*e*) Engaged by the Postal Department exclusively to carry mails.

(*f*) Belonging to a person who has compounded with the proper authorities in accordance with the rules framed by Government.

(*g*) Conveying British or Mysore Military Officers on duty; and

Note.—(*a*) To entitle an officer to pass a toll-gate without payment as being on duty he must fulfil at least one of the following conditions:—

(1) be travelling in a Staff Car;
(2) to wear uniform;
(3) be in possession of a toll pass issued by Headquarters, Madras District; or Chief Commandant, Mysore State Troops, as the case may be.

Toll passes to be issued by the Chief Commandant should include the nature of duty and the period of validity.

(4) Officers passing toll-gates on duty otherwise than in uniform will enter in a book kept by the toll-gate keeper for that purpose, their rank, name and nature of duty on which they are travelling,

(viii) Belonging to the Heads of Mutts who hold a rahadari issued by a competent authority.

(ix) Four carts belonging to the Murgi Mutt.

(x) No toll shall be levied on the vehicles of the Agricultural Department if they produce a certificate issued by the Director of Agriculture that the vehicle belongs to the Agricultural Department and are conveying Government articles.

(xi) Belonging to Amrut Mahal Department.

(xii) Licensed by the Municipal Council.

(xiii) Assessed by the Municipal Council to Municipal taxation provided the tax has been paid in advance.

(xiv) Belonging to Government servants travelling on duty who are certified by the respective immediate superiors as being not entitled to travelling allowances.

17. Any breach of the above conditions or rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs 50 for each infringement. If the fine be not paid or in the event of instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date, it shall be competent to the President, to suspend further collection of toll by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect the toll during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the resale.

18. The imposition of fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or his employees for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any law in force for the time being.

19. The contractor should arrange at his own cost for the provision of Danger Light 100 yards off on either side of toll-gates

20. The contractor should also bind himself to the other conditions that may be imposed by the Officer conducting the sales (at the time of sales).

21. Defaulters will not be allowed to bid at the sales.

22. Situation of gates noted in Schedule A (2) is subject to variation when shifting the shandy to the new site.

SCHEDULE A.

1.	Name of toll-gate or bridge ..	Chitaldrug Municipality
2.	Situation of the gate	*East*—Municipal Road newly formed to the east of Ball's Choultry and up to Cemetery wall behind Neelakanteswara Temple. *West*.—Road from Burjanahatti to Holalkere road up to toll-gate house and portion of Baragere Tank bund, up to the fence surrounding to the south of Lakshminarayana Ginning Factory. *North*.—Hiduvali land belonging to Nabi Sab. *South*.—Fort wall between two new roads, *viz*., Road to the east of Ball's Choultry and road from Burjanahatti to Holalkere road as boundaries fixed by the Municipality.
3.	Whether toll is to be levied on through traffic, in-coming traffic, or out-going traffic.	On shandy days.
4	Traffic specially exempted from payment of toll on account of the peculiar situation of the toll-gate or the special requirements to the people near the toll-gates.	Nil
5.	Amount of deposit required in cash ..	One-sixth of the sale amount realised
6.	Place of sale	President's Office.
7.	Date of sale	15th June 1935, Saturday at 3 P.M.
8.	Officer conducting the sale	President or any other officer authorised by him.
9.	Officer confirming the sale	President in Council.

SCHEDULE B.

1.	Details of traffic	1. For every shop of rice, cloth and other things sold on a large scale occupying more than two square yards—one anna and for every cart one anna. 2. For every load, horse, bullock and ass, etc., and on all other shops within a space of two square yards, and kambli shops—six pies. 3. For every petty shop within a space of one square yard—three pies.

Note I.—No fees should be levied on head-loads of fuel and grass that pass through shandy limits for sale and no fees should also be levied on carts brought into shandy limits by residents of Chitaldrug to take home their goods bought in shandy.

2. No fee need be levied on through traffic.

Notification dated 18th May 1935.

The right to collect tolls at the Toll-gates as noted in Schedules 'A' and 'B' during the official year 1935-36 for six months from 1st July 1935 to 31st December 1935, will be sold by public auction at the places and on the dates specified against each gate.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sales must attend in person or by duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit beforehand an amount of Rs. 300 as earnest money and the successful bidder must further deposit immediately after the close of the sale the balance to make up two months kist, failing which the earnest money will be forfeited to the Municipality and the right to collect tolls will be resold at his risk. He shall further be liable to make good to the Municipality all losses accruing from the resale but he shall not be entitled to the additional profits, if any, that may be realised by such resale. The deposits of all the unsuccessful bidders will be returned at the close of the sale, but no portion of the whole amount taken as deposit by the successful bidder who will be called the contractor, will be refundable to him till the contract is fulfilled.

3. The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the authority noted in Schedule 'A,' who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting without assigning any reason whatever the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The contractor shall, within fifteen days of the receipt of intimation of the confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter setforth and to be subject to the penalties, forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein and shall furnish, if he does not hold property in Mysore at least two sureties who own sufficient property in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract and if he is a non-resident foreigner, he shall also be deemed to have agreed to submit himself to the jurisdiction of the Civil Courts in Mysore and to be bound by any decree *ex parte*, or otherwise, that may be passed against him by such courts for any sums due in respect of the contract amount.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise or sub-lease without the previous sanction of the Municipal Council.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in twelve equal monthly instalments in advance on the first day of every month to the Municipal Office. The contractor shall also pay along with the instalments the authorised Local, Railway and Educational Cesses, if any, at the prescribed rates.

7. Fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of toll in accordance with standing rules and orders approved by Government shall be kept at the credit of the contractor and adjusted towards last instalment or instalments as the case may be. No exemptions can be claimed in the case of motor buses, cars and lorries kept for hire and such vehicles will not be licensed by the Municipality. They may compound after paying the fees fixed and noted in Schedule 'B.'

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all over due amounts till date of payment.

9. The amount due by the contractor or his sureties shall be recoverable as arrears of revenue.

10. The contractor shall collect tolls only at the rates and at the gate on the traffic specified in Schedules 'A' and 'B.'

11. The contractor shall give to the person paying the toll a proper receipt showing the date and hour of payment of toll.

12. The contractor shall keep at the toll-gate true accounts of the daily collections and of the traffic passing through the toll-gate. These accounts shall be open to the inspection of the President and any person authorised by the President in this behalf He shall, if required by the President, furnish to the Municipal Office at the end of every month, a true return for the month, showing the traffic passing through the gate in prescribed form.

13. The contractor will have the use of the existing toll-house and gate without payment of any rent, and he should keep them in good repair, failing which, the cost of repair will be recovered from the contractor. If any toll-gate or house is required, it will be put up at the cost of the Municipal Council.

14. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or to any compensation on account of seasonal conditions or any other cause whatever.

15. The contractor and his employees shall always behave courteously towards the travelling public and shall not harass them or give them trouble of any kind and he shall maintain at the toll-gate a book, wherein travellers may record complaints, and forward true extracts thereof once a week to the President.

16. The contractor shall conform generally to the rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No 274, dated 4th November 1876, as revised from time to time. He shall recognize all exemptions made by the statute or rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the points mentioned below:—

(i) A table of authorised tolls shall be legibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place near the toll-gate.

(ii) Animals drawing any vehicles for which toll can be demanded are not also to charged with toll.

(iii) No toll shall be levied afresh on any cart, etc., passing along the toll-gate if within a period of 24 hours computing from sun-rise to sun-rise a toll has been collected thereon at a toll-gate in the Mysore State or at a toll-gate in British India in respect of which the Government have secured reciprocity for exemption in consultation with British Authorities.

(iv) Carts laden with bone or other substance as manure shall be treated as unladen and tolled accordingly.

(v) No toll shall be levied on foot passengers.

(vi) No toll shall be levied for the passage of troops, or Military stores, or equipages or of Police officers in uniform on duty or of any person or property in their custody or of any property *bona fide* belonging to Government, the proof of which should be established by the production of a pass or certificate from any officer of the Department to which the property belongs such officer being duly authorised by the Deputy Commissioner or by Government to grant such certificates or passes. Such pass or certificate should be delivered up at the last toll-gate passed by the cart, or carriage conveying such property before it reaches the destination noted in such passage or certificate.

(vii) No toll shall be levied for the passage of carts, etc :—

(*a*) Belonging to the Municipal Council and conveying Municipal servants on duty or property in the custody of such servants ;

(*b*) Belonging to His Highness the Maharaja, or His Highness the Yuvaraja ;

(*c*) Belonging to the Hanourable the British Resident in Mysore; and his staff, *viz.*, the Secretary to the Resident, the Residency Surgeon and the Personal Assistant to the Resident ;

(*d*) Belonging to the Dewan of Mysore ;

(*e*) Engaged by the Postal Department exclusively to carry mails ;

(*f*) Belonging to a person who has compounded with the proper authorities in accordance with the rules framed by Government ; and

(*g*) Conveying British or Mysore Military Officers on duty

NOTE.—(*a*) To entitle an officer to pass a toll-gate without payment as being on duty he must fulfil at least one of the following conditions :—

(1) be travelling in a staff car.

(2) be wearing uniform.

(3) be in possession of the toll-pass issued by Headquarters, Madras District ; or the Chief Commandant, Mysore State Troops, as the case may be.

Toll passes to be issued by the Chief Commandant should include the nature of duty and the period of validity.

(4) Officers passing toll-gates on duty otherwise than in uniform will enter in a book kept by the toll-gate-keeper for that purpose, their rank, name and nature of duty on which they are travelling.

(viii) Belonging to the Heads of Mutts who hold a Sahadari issued by a competent authority.

(ix) Four carts belonging to the Murgi Mutt.

(x) No toll shall be levied on the vehicle of the Agricultural Department if they produce a certificate issued by the Director of Agriculture, that the vehicles belong to the Agricultural Department and are conveying Government articles.

(xi) Belonging to Amrut Mahal Department.

(xii) Licensed by the Municipal Council.

Note.—No license will be issued in the case of motor buses, cars and lorries kept for hire.

(xiii) Assessed by the Municipal Council to Municipal taxation provided the tax has been paid in advance.

(xiv) Belonging to Government servants travelling on duty who are certified by their respective immediate superiors as being not entitled to travelling allowances.

(xv) No toll shall be levied on.—

(1) Carts, etc., for the supply of jelly, stone, mud and other materials engaged by the Municipal contractors for the execution of all the works pertaining to the Municipality.

(2) Carts, etc., for the supply of jelly, stone, mud and other materials engaged by the D. P. W. contractors for the repairs of roads belonging to D. P. W. within the Municipal limits.

17. Any breach of the above conditions or rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for each infringement If the fine be not paid or in the event of instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date, it shall be competent to the President to suspend further collection of toll by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect the toll during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the resale.

18. The imposition of the fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or his employees for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any law in force for the time being.

19 The contractor should arrange at his own cost for the provision of danger lights 100 yards off on either side of toll-gates.

20. The contractor should also bind himself to the other conditions that may be imposed by the officer conducting the sales (at the time of sales).

21. Defaulters will not be permitted to bid at the sales.

22. In case of disputes, the President's decision will be final.

SCHEDULE A.

1.	Name of toll-gate	Chitaldrug Municipality—
2.	Situation of the gate	*East.*—Near the junction of Hiriyur and Challakere Roads. *West.*—Near Baiagerainma's temple in Holalkere Road and near West Patent Press in Davangere Road. *North.*—Near Venkataramanaswami temple near Forest Lodge, near the road leading to Gopalapura and near Santhehonda. *South.*—Jogimatti Road, Municipal limit, *viz*, Thippala Ghattamma's temple.
3.	Whether toll is to be levied on through traffic, in-coming traffic or out-going traffic.	In-coming (only).
4.	Traffic specially exempted from payment of toll on account of the peculiar situation of the toll-gate or the special requirements to the people near the toll-gate.	Nil
5.	Amount of deposit required in each ...	One-sixth of the sale amount realised.
6.	Place of sale	Municipal President's Office.
7.	Date of sale	20th June 1935 Thursday at 2 P.M.
8.	Officer conducting the sale	President or other officer authorised by him.
9.	Officer confirming the sale	President in Council.

SCHEDULE B.

Details of traffic—

		Rs.	a.	p.
1.	Laden carts, per cart	0	4	0
2.	Empty carts, per cart	0	2	0
3.	Motor cars, each	0	8	0
4.	Motor buses, each	0	8	0
5.	Motor bicycles, each	0	4	0
6.	Ordinary bicycles, each	0	2	0
7.	Springed vehicles, each	0	4	0

Compounding fees for the motor buses, cars and lorries kept for hire Rs. 150-0-0. This should be paid to the Municipal President's Office and receipt obtained therefor.

N.B.—1. Carts laden with fuel, grass, fodder, earth, bricks, stones and slabs will be treated as empty carts.

2. Carts containing two days' supply of grass, fodder and gram (not more than 10 seers), and necessary things for the driver with food stuff (not more than 7 seers) will not be considered as laden carts.

3. In the case of carts on through traffic, an interval of one hour and 15 minutes is allowed for passing from one gate to another. No fee should be levied on such carts.

4. In the case of motor cars, buses and lorries, an interval of 30 minutes only is allowed.

5. The toll contractor should set his timings at the gates every day in accordance with the time kept in the Municipal Office and keep time pieces approved by the Municipality.

M. RAMASWAMIYA,
President.

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PART III-Section 1

NOTIFICATIONS BY GOVERNMENT

CHIEF SECRETARIAT

No. G. 10661—*Mily* 247-34, *dated* 4—*5th June* 1935.

Competitive Examination in October 1935 for admission to the Indian Military Academy, Dehra Dun, and to the Royal Indian Navy.

The following Notice, dated 30th April 1935, received from the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Delhi, calling for applications for the above examination is published for general information.

Candidates from the Mysore State who desire to appear at the examination are required to submit one copy of the application with necessary documents to the Chief Secretary to Government on or before the 25th June 1935 and another copy direct to the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Simla.

By Order,
K. V. ANANTARAMAN,
Offg. *Chief Secretary to Government.*

Notice.

A competitive examination will be held in Delhi on the 21st October, 1935, and subsequent days, for entry to the Indian Military Academy, Dehra Dun, in the term beginning on the 1st February, 1936, and also for entry to the Royal Indian Navy.

2. The examination will be a combined examination for the purpose of filling vacancies in the Indian Military Academy and the Royal Indian Navy. A candidate may apply to be admitted to the examination for both or either. If he wishes to be admitted as a candidate for both, he should state this on his application form. Separate applications are not required. He will be required to pay the application and examination fees once only. If he proves successful as a candidate for both the Indian Military Academy and the Royal Indian Navy, he will ordinarily be assigned to the one for which he expressed a preference in his application; but the Government of India reserve power to assign him to either.

3. At this examination, 15 vacancies will be offered for entry to the Indian Military Academy. The Governor-General-in-Council, however, reserves to himself the right to fill the last three vacancies by nomination from among those who have qualified but failed to obtain sufficient marks to secure one of the first twelve vacancies. One vacancy will be offered for admission to the Engineer Branch and one vacancy to the Executive Branch of the Royal Indian Navy.

4. The examination will be the same for all arms of the Indian Army, *i.e.*, Cavalry, Artillery, Signals, Engineers and Infantry. Those cadets who wish to elect for the Artillery, Engineers and Signals will be permitted to do so during their course at the Academy, at the discretion of the Commandant, provided they obtained 40 per cent of the maximum marks in each of the subjects, Lower Mathematics and Physics, at the examination.

5. Candidates for the Indian Military Academy examination must be over 18 and under 20 years of age on the 1st November, 1935, unmarried and domiciled in India. Candidates for the Royal Indian Navy examination must be over 17 and under 19 years of age on the 1st May, 1935, unmarried and domiciled in India. A candidate who desires to appear at the examination is required to submit his application in the prescribed form with the necessary documents on or before the 1st July, 1935, in accordance with the instructions given on that form. Copies of the Rules and the Application Form, etc., may be obtained from the Secretary to the Public Service Commission, Kennedy House Annexe, Simla.

The fact that an application form has been supplied, on whatever date, will not be accepted as an excuse for the late submission of an application. Candidates who delay their requests for forms until a late date will do so at their own risk.

6. Applications should be sent by registered post. If a candidate fails to register his application, he does so at his own risk. If a candidate desires an acknowledgment, he should also send his application "registered, acknowledgment due."

NOTE.—If any candidate has appeared at the March—April 1935 Indian Military Academy examination and, in the event of his not being successful thereat, wishes to appear at the October Indian Military Academy and Royal Indian Navy examinations, he must submit his application by the prescribed date without waiting for the results of the former examination. Should he have been successful, his candidature for the October examination(s) will be cancelled

DELHI,
The 30th April, 1935.

D. REYNELL,
Secretary, Public Service Commission.

GENERAL SECRETARIAT

No. G. 10795—*P. H.* 84-34-4, *dated* 6—8*th June* 1935.

Government are pleased to nominate Fakhr-ul-Hukam Mr. B. Mahomed Usmon, Retired Senior Surgeon and Sanitary Commissioner, as a Non-Official Member of the Central Health Committee in the vacancy caused by the death of Dr. M. Srinivasa Rau.

No. R. 6168—*R. M.* 1-34-46, *dated* 10*th June* 1935.

Under Rule 2 of the Rules issued in Government Order No. R. 14-25—L. R. 149-24-74, dated 3rd October 1925 as amended by Government Order No. R. 4229-40—L. R. 489-26-4, dated 1st December 1927, the tracts forming the atchkats of the undermentioned tanks in Maddur Taluk, are declared entitled to remission of half the west assessment during the year 1934-35.

	Name of Tank.	*Name of Village.*
1.	Somanahalli tank	Somanahalli
2.	Hemmanahalli tank	Hemmanahalli
3.	Honnalagere tank	Honnalagere
4.	Hagalahalli tank	Hagalahalli

No. R. 6170—*R. M.* 1-34-48, *dated* 10*th June* 1935.

Under Rule 2 of the Rules issued in Government Order No. R. 14-25—L. R. 149-24-74, dated 3rd October 1925, as amended by Government Order No. R. 4229-40—L. R. 489-26-4, dated 1st December 1927, the tracts forming the atchkats of the undermenticned tanks

in Nanjangud Taluk are declared entitled to remission of half the wet assessment during the year 1934-35

1. Narasambudhi Tank—
   Nanjangud
   Narasipura
   Devarasanhalli
   Geekahalli

2 Sindhuvalli Tank—
   Sindhuvalli

By Order,
H. V RAMASVAMI,
Secretary to Government,
General Department.

DEVELOPMENT SECRETARIAT

No. L 8403—*Ml* 45-34-54, *dated 6th June* 1935

Whereas it appears to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore that the undermentioned land situated in Agasanakal Jodi Village, Chitaldrug Taluk, Chitaldrug District, is needed for a public purpose, for the extension of the Shandy Maidan at Chitaldrug Town, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of Section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Regulation No I of 1927, and the Government hereby authorise the Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldrug District, and his subordinates and also the Sub Division Officer to exercise the powers conferred by Section 4(2) of the Regulation. Under sub section (4) of Section 17 of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894, as amended by Regulation No I of 1927, the Government direct that, in view of the urgency of the case, the provisions of Section 5-A of the Regulation shall not apply to the acquisition of the land noted below.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Name of khatedar or owner	Anubhava dars (if any) or other persons interested in the property	Survey Number or Municipal No	Whether dry wet, or garden etc	Total extent	Kharab	Extent now required	Assessment	Boundaries			
												East	West	North	South
Chitaldrug	Chitaldrug	Chitaldrug	Agasanakal Jod	Srinivasachar Joidar	(1) Nagamma kom Lakshmana Pandit	7	Kharab	15 acres and 21 guntas	15 acres and 21 guntas	A R 0 2½ or 268¼ sq yds		Chitaldrug boundary	Remaining portion of Survey No 7	High Road	Chitaldrug boundary
					(2) Ramappa Ningappa, Renappa sons of Dargi Parasuramappa,					0 5 or 606¼ sq yds.					
					(3) Lakshmanappa Pandit					0 1½ or 131½ sq yds					
					(4) Lingamma Chitragar					0 1½ or 193½ sq yds					
					(5) Venkatadasappa					0 2½ or 303½ sq yds					
					(6) Srinivasachar Jodidar					0 3½ or 133½ sq yds					
					Total					0 16 or 1,906 sq yds					

No. L. 8403—*Ml* 45-34-54, *dated 6th June* 1935.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Regulation No I of 1927, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore declares that the land measuring 16 guntas or 1,906 sq yds is needed for a public purpose, for the extension of Shandy Maidan at Chitaldrug, and under Sections 4 and 7 of the same Regulation, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Chitaldrug Sub-Division is appointed to perform the functions of a Deputy Commissioner under the Regulation and directed to take orders for the acquisition of the said land. Under sub-section (1) of Section 17 of the Regulation, the Government further directs that the

possession of the said land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of publication of the notice mentioned in Section 9 (1) of the Regulation. A plan of the land is kept in the Chitaldrug Sub-Division Office, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

District / Taluk / Hobli / Village	Name of khatedar or owner	Survey Number or Municipal No	Whether dry, wet, or garden, etc.	Total extent	Kharab	Remaining extent	Extent now required		Boundaries			
						Assessment	Extent	Assessment	East	West	North	South
Chitaldrug / Chitaldrug / Chitaldrug / Agasankal Jodi	1 Nagamma kom Lakshmana Pandit.	7	Kharab	13 acres and 21 guntas	13 acres and 21 guntas	.....	A. g. 0 2½ or 268½ sq. yds.	.....	Chitaldrug boundary	Remaining portion of Survey No. 7	High Road	Chitaldrug boundary
	2. Ramappa, Nungappa, Renappa, sons of Darji Parasuramappa.						0 5 or 606½ sq. yds.					
	3 Lakshmanappa Pandit.						0 1½ or 131½ sq yds.					
	4. Lingamma, Chitragar.						0 1½ or 138½ sq. yds					
	5. Venkatadasappa						0 2½ or 333½ sq. yds					
	6. Srinivasachar, Jodidar.						0 8½ or 433½ sq yds					
							0 16 or 1,906 sq. yds.					

No. L. 8426—Mi. 42-34-46, dated 7th June 1935.

Whereas it appears to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore that the undermentioned lands, situated in Hassan Village, Hassan Taluk, Hassan District, are needed for a public purpose, *i. e.*, for the Construction of Switching Structures and quarters for the staff of Electrical Department, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of Section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Regulation No. I of 1927, and the Government hereby authorise the Sub-Division Officer, Hassan, to exercise the powers conferred by Section 4 (2) of the Regulation. Under Sub-Section (4) of Section 17 of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894, as amended by Regulation No. I of 1927, the Government direct that, in view of the urgency of the case, the provisions of Section 5 (A) of the Regulation shall not apply to the acquisition of the lands noted below.

District / Taluk / Hobli / Village	Name of khatedar or owner	Anubhavadar (if any) or other persons interested in the property	Survey Number or Municipal No.	Whether dry, wet, or garden, etc.	Total extent	Remaining extent	Extent now required		Boundaries			
							Extent	Assessment	East	West	North	South
					A. g.	A. g.	A. g.	Rs. a. p.				
Hassan / Hassan / Kasaba / Hassan	Gopalaswami Devaru.	..	120	Dry ...	1 20	...	0 20	1 2 9	Remaining portion of S. No 120.	Remaining portion of S. No. 122.	Remaining portion of S. No 121.	Belur-Hassan Road.
	Hassanamba Devaru.	...	121	Do ...	8 38	...	1 26	3 6 0	Remaining portion of S. No. 120.	Remaining portion of S. No. 121.	Remaining portion of S. No. 121.	Remaining portion of S. No. 122.
	Guggari Venkata Kulavadi	...	122	Do ..	0 20	...	0 6	0 5 0	Remaining portion of S. No. 120.	Remaining portion of S. No. 122.	Remaining portion of S. No. 121.	Belur-Hassan Road.
							2 12					

No. L. 8427—*Ml.* 42-34-47, *dated 7th June* 1935.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Regulation No. 1 of 1927, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore declares that the lands measuring 2 acres and 12 guntas, be the same a little more or less, are needed for a public purpose, *i.e.*, for the Construction of Switching Structures and quarters for the staff of the Electrical Department at Hassan, and under Sections 4 and 7 of the same Regulation, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Hassan Sub-Divison, is appointed to perform the functions of a Deputy Commissioner under the Regulation and directed to take orders for the acquisition of the said lands. Under sub-section (1) of Section 17 of the Regulation, the Government further directs that the possession of the said lands may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of publication of the notice mentioned in Section 9 (1) of the Regulation. A plan of the lands is kept in the Office of the Sub-Division Officer, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Names of khatedars or owners	Survey Number or Ml No.	Whether dry, wet, or garden, etc.	Total extent	Kharab	Remaining extent	Assessment	Extent now required		Boundaries			
											Extent	Assessment	East	West	North	South
							A. g.	A. g.	A g	Rs a.	A. g.	Rs a p.				
Hassan	Hassan	Kasba	Hassan	Gopalaswami Devaru.	120	Dry ..	1 20	...	1 20	3 8	0 20	1 2 9	Remaining portion of S No 120.	Remaining portion of S No. 122	Portion of S No 121.	Belur-Hassan Road.
				Hassanamba Devaru.	121	Do .	3 38	.	3 38	8 0	1 26	3 5 0	Remaining portion of S. No. 120.	Remaining portion of S No. 121.	Remaining portion of S. No. 121.	Remaining portion of S. No. 122.
				Guggari Venkata	122	Do ..	0 20	..	0 20	1 0	0 6	0 5 0	Remaining portion of S No. 120.	Remaining portion of S. No. 122.	Portion of S No. 121.	Belur-Hassan Road
											2 12					

No. L. 8368—*Ml* 45-34-51, *dated 4th June* 1935.

Under Section 4 of the Land Acquisition Regulation, 1894, as amended from time to time, it is hereby notified that the property described hereunder is required for a public purpose, *viz.*, for Opening out a Conservancy lane between Bellulli Murugeppa's lane and Chowki Gundi Conservancy lane by the side of Kanchikere Nagappa's house.

Under Section 5 A it is directed that any person interested in the said property may within 30 days after the issue of this notification prefer objections, if any thereto, to the Deputy Commissioner, in writing, after which no objections will be heard.

A plan of the property will be available for inspection in the Office of the Assistant Commissioner, Davangere Sub-Division.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Name of khatedar or owner	Anubhavadar (if any) or other persons interested in the property	S. No or Ml. No.	Whether wet, dry, or garden, etc.	Total extent	Kharab	Extent now required		Boundaries			
										Extent	Assessment	East	West	North	South
Chitaldrug	Davangere	Davangere	...	Issamudrada Pattadadevaru, Manager, Andanur Sangappa.	Issamudrada Pattadadevaru, Manager, Andanur Sangappa.	795	Vacant land	811'×206'	...	12'×132'= 176 sq. yds.	Re. 0-6-0	Vacant land	Houses of Messrs. Iyanballi Channabasappa, Iyanaballi Veerabbadrappa and Kanchikere Nagappa.	Chowkigundi Conservancy lane.	Vacant land belonging to Pattadadevaru.

By Order,
M. VENKATANARANAPPA
Secretary to Government,
Development Department.

PUBLIC WORKS SECRETARIAT

No. 2648-50—S., dated 1st June 1935.

Whereas it appears to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore that the undermentioned lands situated in Palahalli Village, Seringapatam Taluk, Mysore District, is needed for a public purpose, to wit., for the keeping open the land near the road side, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern, in accordance with the provisions of Section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Regulation No. I of 1927, and the Government hereby authorise the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District and his subordinates and also the Sub-Division Officer, French-Rocks, to exercise the powers conferred by Section 4 (2) of the Regulation. Under sub-section (4) of Section 17 of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894 as amended by Regulation No. I of 1927, the Government direct that, in view of the urgency of the case, the provisions of Section 5-A of the Regulation shall not apply to the acquisition of the lands noted below.

District / Taluk / Hobli / Village	Name of khatedar or owner	Survey Number or Municipal No.	Whether dry, wet, or garden.	Total extent	Kharab	Remaining extent	Assessment	Extent now required: Extent	Extent now required: Assessment	Boundaries: East	West	North	South
Mysore / Seringapatam / Belagola / Palahalli	Mr. Jagisakere Venkatasubbegowda.	...	Tiled house and Mantap	18' × 30' = 540 sq. ft.	...	18' × 30' = 540 sq. ft.	...	18' × 30' = 540 sq. ft. and a tiled house and mantap situated on this land.	...	Road	Virijanadi Nala bund	Virijanadi Nala bund	Virijanadi Nala

No. 2648-50—S., dated 1st June 1935.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Regulation No. I of 1927, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore declares that the land measuring 540 sq. ft. tiled house and mantap situated on this land be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for keeping open the land near the road side and under Sections 4 and 7 of the same Regulation, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of French-Rocks Sub-Division is appointed to perform the functions of a Deputy Commissioner under the Regulation and directed to take orders for the acquisition of the said land. Under sub-section (1) of Section 17 of the Regulation, the Government further directs that the possession of the said land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of publication of the notice mentioned in Section 9 (1) of the Regulation. A plan of the land is kept in the Office of the Sub-Division Officer, French-Rocks, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

District / Taluk / Hobli / Village	Names of khatedars or owners	Survey No. or Mi. No.	Whether dry, wet, or garden, etc.	Total extent	Kharab	Remaining extent	Assessment	Extent now required: Extent	Extent now required: Assessment	Boundaries: East	West	North	South
Mysore / Seringapatam / Belagola / Palahalli	Mr. Jagisakere Venkatasubbegowda.	—	Tiled house and mantap	18' × 30' = 540 sq. ft.	...	18' × 30' = 540 sq. ft.	...	18' × 30' = 540 sq. ft. and tiled house and mantap situated on this land.	...	Road	Virijanadi Nala bund	Virijanadi Nala bund	Virijanadi Nala

No 2703-5—*S*, *dated 6th June* 1935.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation No. VII of 1894, it is hereby declared that the land described hereunder is required for a public purpose, *viz.*, for widening the road way at the junction of Salem-Bellary Road and Bangalore-Mangalore Road in Nelamangala Town and under Sections 7 and 8 (*c*) of the said Regulation, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Dodballapur Sub-Division, Bangalore, is authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Name of khatedar or owner	Anubhavadar (if any) or other persons interested in the property	Survey Number or Municipal No	Whether dry, wet or garden etc	Total extent	Kharab	Extent now required: Extent	Extent now required: Assessment	Boundaries: East	West	North	South
Bangalore	Nelamangala	K. saba	Nelamangala Town	Hazrath Pacha Saheb Hakeem Nelamangala		Survey No for the land 216 Municipal Nos for the building 1088 and 1089	Mangalore tiled building and the land	1 acre and 7 guntas	53½ sq yds (with building)	Rs 12 for the building site For Building 1 0 0 0 Coffee club fan 10 0 0 Lighting &c 1 0 0 12 0 0		Tumkur State Fund Road	Survey No 246	Survey No 246	Kunigal State Fund Road

No 2727—*S*, *dated* 8*th June* 1935

Under Section 4 of the Land Acquisition Regulation, 1894, as amended from time to time it is hereby notified that the properties described hereunder be the same a little more or less, are required for a public purpose, *viz*, for Construction of Meesaganahalli Tank

Under Section 5-A it is directed that any person interested in the said properties, may, within 30 days after the issue of this notification prefer objections, if any thereto, to the Sub Division Officer Dodballapur Sub-Division, in writing after which no objections will be heard

A plan of the properties will be available for inspection in the Office of the Sub-Division Officer Dodballapur Sub Division, Bangalore

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Names of khatedars or owners	Anubhavadars (if any) or other persons interested in the property	Survey Number or Municipal No	Whether dry, wet or garden, etc	Total extent	Kharab	Extent now required: Extent	Extent now required: Assessment	Boundaries: East	West	North	South
								A g 4 8	A g 0 1	A g 0 2	Rs a p 0 2 0	S Nos Portion of S No 92	S. Nos Portion of S No 91	S Nos. Portion of S No. 92	S Nos Tank, S No 95
Bangalore	Devanahalli	Kundana	Meesaganahalli	Muniswamy bin Chicka nanjappa	(1) Puttamal lappa (2) Muni swami (3) Anna-ppa (4) Munhem panna	92	Dry								
				Muniswamy bin Obaliga	Thimmiah	62	Dry and Wet	6 21	0 4	0 10	0 6 6	91	63	62	55
				Thimmiah	Adikarnataka Seeda	61	Dry Wet and Garden	15 1	1 39	0 10	0 6 6	Tank	61	61	56
				Chickathimma	Munisamy Venkatappa Chicka-thimma	56	Dry	2 8		1 2	1 7 0	54	Tank	Tank	58
					Total					31 24					

By Order,

N. N AYYANGAR,
Secretary to Government,
Public Works Department.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

(KRISHNARAJASAGARA WORKS.)

No. 1159-63—*K. S. S.* 5607-11, *dated 4th June* 1935.

Whereas it appears to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore that the undermentioned lands, situated in S. I. Santhekasalagere Village, Mandya Taluk, Mysore District are needed for a public purpose, for the out-let No. 4 of the 8th Distributary of Cauvery Branch, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern, in accordance with the provisions of Section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Regulation No. I of 1927, and the Government hereby authorise the Sub-Division Officer, Mandya Sub-Division, Mandya, to exercise the powers conferred by Section 4 (2) of the Regulation. Under Sub-Section (4) of Section 17 of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894, as amended by Regulation No. I of 1927, the Government direct that, in view of the urgency of the case, the provisions of Section 5-A of the Regulation shall not apply to the acquisition of the land noted below.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Names of khatedars or owner	Anubhavadars (if any) or other persons interested in the property	Survey Number or Municipal No.	Whether dry, wet or garden, etc.	Total extent	Kharab	Extent now required: Extent	Extent now required: Assessment	Boundaries: East	West	North	South
								A. g.	A. g	A. g.	Rs. a.	S. No	S No.	S No	
Mysore	Mandya	Kothathi	S. I. Santhekasalagere	Kharab gomal	Mr. A N Raghavachar, Inamdar	232	Dry	10 28	10 28	0 5½	...	234 ...	Kyathamgere gadi.	Remaining portion	Remaining portion.
				Dyava bin Chikka Dyava	Chikkadyavegowda bin Hotte Dyavegowda-		Do	4 32	0 11	0 7	0 2	Remaining portion.	232 ...	Mandyada gadi.	Do
					Total ...			...	...	0 12½	...				

No 1159-63—*K. S. S.* 5607-11, *dated* 4*th June* 1935.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Regulation No. I of 1927, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, declares that the lands measuring 12½ guntas be the same a little more or less are needed for a public purpose, for the out-let No. 4 of 8th Distributary of Cauvery Branch, and under Sections 4 and 7 of the same Regulation, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Mandya Sub-Division, is appointed to perform the functions of a Deputy Commissioner under the Regulation and directed to take orders for the acquisition of the said land. Under Sub-Section (1) of Section 17 of the Regulation, the Government further directs that the possession of the said land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of publication of the notice mentioned in Section 9 (1) of the Regulation. A plan of the land is kept in the Office of the Sub-Division Officer, Manyda, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Names of khatedars or owners	Survey Number or Municipal No.	Whether dry, wet or garden, etc.	Total extent	Kharab	Remaining extent	Assessment	Extent now required: Extent	Extent now required: Assessment	Boundaries: East	West	North	South
							A. g.	A. g.	A. g.	Rs.	A. g.	Rs. a	S. No.	S. No.	S. No.	S. No.
Mysore	Mandya	Kothathi	S. I. Santhekasalagere	Kharab gomal ...	232	Dry	10 28	10 28	...	...	...	...				
				Anubhavadar—Mr. A. N. Raghavachar, Inamdar.	...	Do	...	..	...	...	0 5½	...	234 ...	Kyathamgere gadi.	Remaining portion.	Remaining portion
				Khatedar—Dyava bin Chikkadyava.	234	Do	4 32	0 11	4 21	4	...	...				
				Anubhavadar—Chikka Dyavegowda bin Hotte Dyavegowda.	...	...	—	...	...	...	0 7	0 2	Remaining portion.	232 ...	Mandyada gadi	Do
				Total ...		...	...	...	...	...	0 12½	...				

No 1142 46— *K S.S* 5579-83, *dated* 1*st June* 1935

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation No VII of 1894, it is hereby declared that the lands described hereunder are required for a public purpose, *viz*, Ramapur Channel Extension and under Sections 7 and 3(*c*) of the said Regulation, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Mysore Sub-Division, is authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said lands

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Names of khatedars or owners	Survey Number or Hissa No	Whether dry, wet, garden, vacant site, house tiled, terraced or mud roofed)	Total extent	Kharab	Remaining extent	Assessment	Extent now required		Boundaries			
											Extent	Assessment	East	West	North	South
							A. g	A g	A g	Rs a	A. g	Rs a.	Survey Nos	Survey Nos	Survey Nos	Survey Nos.
				Khatedars and Anubhavadars—												
				Motilal minor guardian P Seetharamiah	233	Dry	2 17	0 2	2 15	2 8	0 10	0 1	Rampur Channel	233	233	233
				Do	166	Do	6 35	0 3	5 32	7 0	0 4	0 2	11	116	169	166
				Devajamma	171	Do	7 28	0 2	6 26	8 8	0 4½	0 2	169	171	271	Channel
				Inamdar	169	Kharab	2 36		2 36		0 17		169	171 and 166	171	166
				Motilal Minor guardian P Seetharamiah	234	Dry	2 1		2 1	2 12	0 13	0 4	234	234	281	Rampur Channel
				Do	181	Do	5 9	0 21	4 28	6 0	1 3	1 4	181	181	Kodihalla	234
				Do	180	Do	1 23	0 5	1 23	5 8	0 13	0 3	180	180	196	179
				Halagaiyana Veeriah	179	Do	6 32	0 5	6 27	7 8	0 11	0 6	179	179	279	Kodihalla
				Kempegowda, Puttalingegowda bin Nagigowda	198—231	Do	3 16		3 16	3 8	0 8	0 4	198	198	196	180
				Nagigowda bin Doddalingegowda, Lingamma kom Chikka Nagegowda	196—233	Do	4 18		4 18	5 0	0 5	0 2	196	196	195	198
				Kempegowda bin Chikkanagowda	195—294	Do	4 9		4 9	5 0	0 5	0 2	195	195	194	196
				Puttamma Puttasetty	194—235	Do	4 31		4 31	1 8	0 8	0 1	194	194	Halla	195
				Adeppa	193—236	Do	5 23		5 23	6 6	0 2½	0 8	193	Road	Halla	Halla
				Patel Kempegowda and Mariya Naika	191—238	Do	5 27		5 27	6 8	0 20	0 8	Road	188	191	191
				Patel Basappa	188—241	Do	6 14		6 11	7 0	0 16½	0 8	191	Vom	188	188

Mysore Varuna Kuppegala Uttanahalli Inam

8-1 0

No. 1147-51—*K.S S.*, 5585-89, *dated* 1*st June* 1935.

Whereas it appears to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore that the undermentioned lands, situated in Bedarakote Village, Maddur Taluk, Mysore District, are needed for a public purpose, for the 17th Distributary of Keragod Branch, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern, in accordance with the provisions of Section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Regulation No. I of 1927, and the Government hereby authorise the Assistant Commissioner, Mandya Sub-Division Office, Mandya, to exercise the powers conferred by Section 4 (2) of the Regulation. Under sub-section (4) of Section 17 of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894, as amended by Regulation No. I of 1927, the Government direct that, in view of the urgency of the case, the provisions of Section 5-A of the Regulation shall not apply to the acquisition of the lands noted below.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Names of khatedars or owners	Anubhavadars (if any) or other persons interested in the property	Survey No. or Municipal No	Whether dry, wet, or garden, vacant site, house tiled, terraced or mud roofed)	Total extent	Kharab	Extent now required		Boundaries			
										Extent	Assessment	East	West	North	South
								A. g.	A. g.	A. g.	Rs. a.				
Mysore	Maddur	Koppa	Bedarakote	Chaluva bin Singare	Chaluvegowda, son of Singaregowda ...	117	Dry	4 36	0 11	0 3	0 4	Remaining portion.	118 ...	99 ...	116
				Ganigara Venkatadase	Venkatasetti, son of Venkatasetti	116	Do	4 32	0 6	0 2½	0 1	Do ...	Remaining portion.	117—118 ...	Waddarahalli gadi
					Dasasetti, son of Venkatasetti	..	..	..	..	0 1	..				
					Timmasetti, son of Venkatasetti	.	..	...	...	0 1	...				
					Chikkavenkatasetti, son of Venkatasetti ..	.	.	.	.	0 3	0 1				
				Channasetti, son of Venkatasetti	Venkatasetti, son of Channasetti ...	118	Do ..	11 29	0 17	0 1	...	116—117	Do ...	99 ...	Do
					Karesetti, son of Venkatasetti ..	...	..	...	...	0 2	0 1				
					Puttasetti, son of Channasetti ...	...	...	...	.	0 1	..				
					Channasetti, son of Timmasetti ...	.		...	...	0 2	0 1				
					Total ...	..	..	...	...	0 9½	..				

No 1147-51—*K S S.*, 5585 89, *dated* 1*st June* 1935

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894 as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Regulation No I of 1927, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore declares that the lands measuring 22½ guntas, be the same a little more or less, are needed for a public purpose, for the 17th Distributary of Kenagod Branch and under Sections 4 and 7 of the same Regulation, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Mandya Sub Division is appointed to perform the functions of a Deputy Commissioner under the Regulation, and directed to take orders for the acquisition of the said lands Under sub-section (1) of Section 17 of the Regulation, the Government further directs that the possession of the said lands may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of publication of the notice mentioned in Section 9 (1) of the Regulation A plan of the lands is kept in the office of the Sub-Division Officer, Mandya, and may be inspected at any time during office hours

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Names of khatedars or owners	Survey No or Municipal No	Whether dry, wet garden, vacant site, house (tiled terraced or mud-roofed, etc.)	Total extent	Kharab	Remaining extent	Assessment	Extent now required		Boundaries			
											Extent	Assessment	East	West	North	South
							A g	A g	A g	Rs a	A g	Rs a				
Mysore	Maddur	Koppa	Bedarakote	Khatedar—Chaluva bin Singare Anubhavadar—Chaluva, son of Singaregowda	117	Dry	4 36	0 11	4 25	5 0	0 9	0 4	Remaining portion	118	99	116
				Khatedar—Ganegora Venkatadasi Anubhavadar—Venkatasetti, son of Venkatasetti	116	Do	4 32	0 6	1 26	1 8	0 2½	0 1	Do	Remaining portion	117 and 118	Waddarahalli gadi
				Do Dasa etti son of Venkatasetti							0 1					
				Do Timmasetti son of Venkatasetti							0 1					
				Do Chikkavenkatasetti son of Venkatasetti							0 3	0 1				
				Khatedar—Channasetti, son of Venkatasetti Anubhavadar—Venkatasetti, son of Channasetti	118	Do	11 29	0 17	11 12	11 0	0 1		116 and 117	Do	99	Do
				Do Karesetti, son of Venkatasetti							0 2	0 1				
				Do Puttasetti, son of Channasetti							0 1					
				Do Channasetti, son of Timmasetti							0 2	0 1				
				Total							0 22½					

No. 1154-85602-6—*K. S. S., dated 4th June* 1935.

Whereas it appears to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore that the undermentioned lands, situated in Hodegatta Village, Mandya Taluk, Mysore District, are needed for a public purpose, for the II Branch of 19th Distributary of Kenagode Branch, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern, in accordance with the provisions of Section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Regulation No. I of 1927, and the Government hereby authorise the Assistant Commissioner, Mandya and his subordinates and also Sub-Division Officer, Mandya, to exercise the powers conferred by Section 4 (2) of the Regulation. Under Sub-Section (4) of Section 17 of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894, as amended by Regulation No. I of 1927, the Government direct that, in view of the urgency of the case, the provisions of Section 5-A of the Regulation shall not apply to the acquisition of the lands noted below.

District / Taluk / Hobli / Village	Names of Khatedars or owners	Anubhavadars (if any) or other persons interested in the property	Survey No. or Municipal No.	(Whether dry, wet, or garden, vacant site, house (tiled, terraced or mud-roofed), etc.)	Total extent	Kharab	Extent now required		Boundaries			
							Extent	Assessment	East	West	North	South
					A. g.	A. g	A g.	Rs. a	Survey Nos.	Survey Nos.	Survey Nos.	Survey Nos.
Mysore / Mandya / Kasaba / (Kayamgutta) Hodegatta	Anankegowda Eachagere ..	Yellegowda, son of Anankegowda	33	Dry	9 31	0 4	0 13	0 5	Remaining portion.	Remaining portion.	34 .	Boundary of Eachagere.
	Channamallappa, son of Mallaya ...	Channamallappa .	34	Do	6 36	0 4	0 8	0 3	Do	Do	35 ..	34
	Channamma, wife of Jogigowda .	Jogi, son of Jogi alias Putta	35	Do	6 20	0 14	0 18	0 6	Do ..	Do ...	24 ...	35
	Channamallappa, son of Mallaya .	Channamallappa	25	Do	3 7	0 1	0 1		Do ..	24 ..	26 ..	24
	Lingegowda, son of Siddegowda Doddi	Manchegowda, son of Ningegowda Doddi	26	Do	6 23	0 8	0 1		Do	24 .	24 .	26
	Gomala ...	Inamdar Yedatore Sidlinga Setty ...	24	Gomala	155 2	155 2	0 30	0 12	Do .	Remaining portion	Boundary of Shivara.	35
		Chinnegowda, son of Kenchegowda .			.		0 13	0 5				
		Patel Manchegowda		.	.		0 6	0 2				
		Total .				..	2 10	..				

No 1154-58—*K S S* 5602-6, *dated 4th June* 1935

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Regulation No I of 1927, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore declares that the lands measuring 2 acres and 10 guntas be the same a little more or less are needed for a public purpose, for the II Branch of 19th Distributary of Kenagode Branch and under Sections 4 and 7 of the same Regulation, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Mandya Sub-Division, is appointed to perform the functions of a Deputy Commissioner under the Regulation and directed to take orders for the acquisition of the said lands. Under sub-section (1) of Section 17 of the Regulation, the Government further directs that the possession of the said lands may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of publication of the notice mentioned in Section 9 (1) of the Regulation A plan of the lands is kept in the Office of the Sub-Division Officer, Mandya, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Names of khatedars or owners	Survey No or Municipal No.	Whether dry, wet garden vacant site house (tiled terraced or mudroofed)	Total extent	Kharab	Remaining extent	Assessment	Extent now required		Boundaries			
											Extent	Assessment	East	West	North	South
							A g	A g	A g	Rs a	A g	Rs a	Survey Nos	Survey Nos	Survey Nos	Survey Nos
Mysore	Mandya	Kasaba	K G Hollegatta	Khatadar—Anankegowda, Lachagere	33	Dry	9 31	0 4	9 27	8 8						
				Anubhavadar—Yollegowda, son of Anankegowda	..						0 13	0 6	Remaining portion	Remaining portion.	34	Boundary of Lachagere
				Khatedar—Channamallappa, son of Mallaya	31	Do	6 36	0 1	6 32	6 0						
				Anubhavadar—Channamallappa							0 8	0 3	Do	Do	35	34
				Khatedar—Channamma wife of Jogigowda	35	Do	6 20	0 11	6 6	5 0						
				Anubhavadar—Jogi alias Putta, son of Jogi							0 18	0 6	Do	Do	24	35
				Khatedar—Channamallappa son of Mallaya	25	Do	3 7	0 1	3 6	2 12						
				Anubhavadar—Channamallappa							0 1		Do	24	25	24
				Khatedar—Lingegowda, son of Siddegowda, Doddi	26	Do	6 23	0 8	6 15	6 8						
				Anubhavadar Manchegowda, son of Doddi Ninge gowda							0 1		Do	24	24 ...	26
				Khatedar—Gomala	24	Do	165 2	150 2								
				Anubhavadar—Inamdar Yedatore Sidlinga Setty							0 30	0 12	Do	Remaining portion	Boundary of Shiwara	36
				Do —Chinnegowda, son of Kenchegowda							0 13	0 5				
				Do —Patel Manchegowda							0 6	0 2				
				Total							2 10					

No. 1169-73—*K. S. S.* 5628-32, *dated 5th June* 1935.

Whereas it appears to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore that the undermentioned lands situated in Bevinahalli Village, Mandya Taluk, Mysore District, are needed for a public purpose, for the 3rd Branch of the 8th Distributary of Cauvery Branch; notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern, in accordance with the provisions of Section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Regulation No. I of 1927, and the Government hereby authorise the Assistant Commissioner, Mandya Sub-Division, Mandya, to exercise the powers conferred by Section 4 (2) of the Regulation. Under sub-section (4) of Section 17 of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894, as amended by Regulation No. I of 1927, the Government direct that, in view of the urgency of the case, the provisions of Section 5-A of the Regulation shall not apply to the acquisition of the lands noted below.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Names of khatedars or owners	Anubhavadars (if any) or other persons interested in the property.	Survey No. or Ml. No.	Whether dry, wet, or gar. den, etc	Total extent	Kharab	Extent now required		Boundaries			
										Extent	Assessment	East	West	North	South
								A g	A. g	A. g.	Rs. a.	Survey Nos.	Survey Nos.	Survey Nos.	Survey Nos.
Mysore	Mandya	Kothatti	S. I. Santhe Kasalagere	Kharab Gomal	Mr. A N. Raghava Char, Inamdar	232	Dry ...	10 28	10 28	0 6	..	233 ...	Kyathangere gadi.	Remaining portion.	Remaining portion.
				Javarayi bin Naravana Bora	Dyava bin Thagadana Mancha	233	Do ...	4 8	.	0 12½	0 5	232 ..	232 ...	Do .	Do
				Mada bin Tegadana Dyava	..	..	Do ..								
				Mari bin Chandagiri	Yemmedyavegowda bin Maligehalli Lingegowda.	241	Do .			0 1½	..	Voni	232 .	Do ..	Do
				Linga bin Maligehatti Dyavegowda	Naiga minor Guardian mother Devamma kom Dyavaregowda.		Do ...	5 29	0 1	0 6	0 3	Do ..	232 ..	Do .	Do
				Satanur Linga	Doddahyda bin Dyavaraguddana Lingegowda.	245	Do .	4 4	..	0 6	0 3	244 ...	Voni ...	Do ...	Do
				Kempa bin Vajara Mari	..	..	Do ...								
				Datha Chama Chowda	Madegowda bin Dodda Chowdegowda	244	Do ...	5 28		0 1	0 1	246 .	245 ..	Do ...	Do
					Puttegowda bin do	..				0 1					
					Chama alias Dolla bin Chamegowda	..				0 4	0 2	246 .	245 ...	Do ...	Do
					Chamiah bin Choudegowda	..	Do ...	..	..	0 1½	0 1	246 ...	245 .	Do ...	Do
					Nathegowda bin do	..		..	..	0 1½					
					Hombale bin Puttegowda	..	Do	..	..	0 2½	0 1	246	245 ...	Do ...	Do
				Hosahalli Kumbarara Karia	Kyatha bin Agasara Sidda	239	Do ...	4 3	0 6	0 13½	0 6	238 ..	246 ..	Do ...	Do
				Agasara Sidda	Hosahalli Kumbarara Kariana Chikkasetty	..	Do .			0 2	0 1	238 ...	246 ..	Do .	Do
				Kharab Gomal	Mr A N Raghavachar, Inamdar	238	Do	0 10	0 10	0 3½		Guttalugadi	239 ...	Do ..	Do
				Mada bin Kullegowdana Hombale	Chikkakulliah Kullegowdana Madegowda	246	Do .	4 0	..	0 2½	0 1	239 ..	244 ..	Do ..	Do
				Bullana Mada			Do ..								
				Total .		.	...	...	...	1 24½	..				

No. 1169-73—*K. S. S.* 56-28-32, *dated 5th June* 1935.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Regulation No. I of 1927, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore declares that the lands measuring 1 acre and 24½ guntas, be the same a little more or less, are needed for a public purpose, for the out let No. 4-A of the 8th Distributary of Cauvery Branch; and under Sections 4 and 7 of the same Regulation, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Mandya Sub-Division, is appointed to perform the functions of a Deputy Commissioner under the Regulation and directed to take orders for the acquisition of the said lands. Under Sub-Section (1) of Section 17 of the Regulation, the Government further directs that the possession of the said lands may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of publication of the notice mentioned in Section 9 (1) of the Regulation. A plan of the lands is kept in the Office of the Sub-Division Officer, Mandya, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Names of khatedars or owners	Survey No. or Municipal No.	Whether dry, wet, garden, vacant site, house (tiled, terraced or mud-roofed)	Total extent	Kharab	Remaining extent	Assessment	Extent now required		Boundaries			
											Extent	Assessment	East	West	North	South
							A. g.	A. g.	A. g.	Rs. a.	A. g.	Rs. a.	Survey Nos.	Survey Nos.	Survey Nos.	Survey Nos.
Mysore	Mandya	Kothatti	S. I. Santhekasalagere	Kharab Gomal												
				Anubhavadar—Mr. A. N. Raghavachar, Inamdar ..	232	Dry ...	10 28	10 28	...	...	...	...				
					...	Do ...	...	...	...	..	0 6	...	238 ...	Kyatangere gadi	Remaining portion.	Remaining portion.
				Khatedar—Javarayi bin Narayana Bora ...	233	Do ...	4 8	..	2 34	2 12	...	..				
				Do Mada bin Tagadana Dyava ..	...	Do ..		...	1 14	1 4	...	..				
				Anubhavadar—Dyava bin Thagada Mancha ...	...	Do ...	...	..	..	...	0 12½	...	232 ...	232 ..	Do ...	Do
				Do, Mari bin Chimdagiri ...	241	Do ...	5 29	0 1	3 16	3 4	...	...				
				Khatedar—Linga bin Maliga Hatti Dyavegowda. ..	...	Do ..		...	2 12	2 4	...	...				
				Anubhavadar—Yemme Dyavegowda bin Maligo Hatti Lingegowda.	...	Do ..	...	..	...	...	0 1½	...	Voni ...	232 ...	Do ...	Do
				Do Ninga, minor guardian mother Devamma kom Dyavarsegowda.	...	Do ...	...	...	...	...	0 6	0 3	Do ...	232 ...	Do ...	Do
				Khatedar—Sathanur Linga	245	Do ...	4 4	...	1 27	1 12	...	...				
				Do Kempa bin Vajaratnari ...	..	Do ...			2 17	2 4	...	..				
				Anubhavadar—Doddahyda bin Dyavara Guddana Lingegowda ...	...	Do ...	...	...	...	...	0 6	0 3	244 ...	Voni ...	Do ...	Do
				Khatedar—Datha Chama Chouda	244	Do ...	5 28	...	5 28	5 8	...	...				
				Anubhavadar—Madegowda bin Doddachoudegowda ..	...	Do ...	...	...	...	...	0 1	0 1	246 ...	Remaining portion.	245 ...	Do
				Do Puttegowda bin Doddachoudegowda ...	...	Do ...	...	..	...	...	0 1					
				Do Chama alias Dolla bin Chamegowda ...		Do ...	...	...	...	...	0 4	0 2	246 ...	Do ...	245 ...	Do
				Do Chamiah bin Chaudegowda ...	...	Do ...	...	..	...	...	0 1½	0 1	246 ...	Do ...	245 ...	Do
				Do Hombale bin Puttegowda ...	..	Do ...	...	...	...	...	0 1½					
				Khatedar—Mada bin Kullegowdana Hombale ...	246	Do ...	4 0	..	1 24	1 8	0 2½	0 1	246 ...	Do ...	245 ...	Do
				Do Bullana Mada ...	...	Do ...		...	2 16	2 8	..	...				
				Anubhavadar—Chikkakulliah bin Kullegowdana Madegowda ...	...	Do ..	...	...	...	...	0 2½	0 1	239 ...	244 ...	Remaining portion.	Do
				Khatedar—Hosahalli Kumbarara Karia ...	239	Do ...	4 3	0 6	1 15	1 8	...	...				
				Khatedar—Agasara Sidda ...	...	Do ...		...	2 22	2 8	...	...				
				Anubhavadar—Kyatha bin Agasara Sidda ...	...	Do ...	...	...	..	..	0 13½	0 6	238 ...	Remaining portion.	Do ...	246
				Do Hosahalli Kumbararakariana Chikkasetty ...	..	Do ...	..	..	...	...	0 2	0 1	238 ...	Do ...	Do ...	246
				Khatedar—Kharab Gomal ...	238	Do ...	0 10	0 10	...	...	...	...	238 ...	Do ...	Do ...	246
				Anubhavadar—Mr. A. N. Raghavachar, Inamdar ...	..	Do ...	...	...	...	..	0 3½	...	Guttalu-gadi	989 ...	Do ...	Remaining portion.
				Total ...	.	...	...	..	...	...	1 24½	...				

No. 1178-82—*K. S. S.* 5670-74, *dated 7th June* 1935.

Whereas it appears to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore that the undermentioned lands situated in Guttalu village, Mandya Taluk, Mysore District, are needed for a public purpose, for the outlet No. 4-A of 8th Distributary of Cauvery Branch, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of Section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Regulation No. I of 1927, and the Government hereby authorise the Sub-Division Officer, Mandya, to exercise the powers conferred by Section 4 (2) of the Regulation. Under Sub-Section (4) of Section 17 of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894, as amended by Regulation No. I of 1927, the Government direct that, in view of the urgency of the case, the provisions of Section 5-A of the Regulation shall not apply to the acquisition of the lands noted below.

District / Taluk / Hobli / Village	Name of khatedar or owner	Anubhavadars (if any) or other persons interested in the property	Survey No. or Municipal No.	Whether dry, wet, garden, etc.	Total extent	Kharab	Extent now required: Extent	Extent now required: Assessment	Boundaries: East	West	North	South
					A. g	A. g.	A. g	Rs. a	Survey Nos.	Survey Nos.	Survey Nos	Survey Nos.
Mysore / Mandya / Kothatti / Guttalu	Thoti Mallana maga Dyava	Kennal Govindiah	566	Dry ..	8 12	0 26	0 62	0 8	350 ..	313 ...	Remaining portion.	Remaining portion.
		Dyava bin Porter Mallegowda	...	Do ...	..		0 11	0 6	350 ...	313 ...	Do .	Do
	Betta bin Channa	Ningiah bin Chikkadyavegowda ..	313	Do .			0 2½	0 1	566 .	569 ...	Do ..	Do
	Linga bin Doddalinga	Ningiah minor guardian Channi kom Chami Ningiah.	. .	Do .	6 28	..	0 3	0 1	566 ..	569 ...	Do ..	Do
	Choudi	Ningiah bin Chikka Ningegowda .		Do			0 2½	0 1	566 ..	569 ...	Do ...	Do
		Javaregowda bin Joigowda .	.	Do ...			0 4½	0 2	566 ...	569 ...	Do ...	Do
	Linga bin Moole Mancha	Moogegowdana maga Siddiah ..	351	Do	6 30	0 4	0 4½	0 2	569	569 ...	Do ...	569
	Kempa bin Kuri Bora	....		..	.	...	..					
		Total ..	...	.	..	.	0 34½	..				

No. 1178-82—*K. S. S.* 5670-74, *dated 7th June* 1935.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Regulation No. I of 1927, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore declares that the lands measuring 34¼ guntas be the same, a little more or less, are needed for a public purpose, for the out-let No. 4-A of Cauvery Branch 8th Distributary and under Sections 4 and 7 of the same Regulation, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Mandya Sub-Division is appointed to perform the functions of a Deputy Commissioner under the Regulation and directed to take orders for the acquisition of the said lands. Under Sub-Section (1) of Section 17 of the Regulation, the Government further directs that the possession of the said lands may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of publication of the notice mentioned in Section 9 (1) of the Regulation. A plan of the lands is kept in the Office of the Sub-Division Officer, Mandya, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Names of khatedars or owners	Survey No or Municipal No.	Whether dry, wet, garden, vacant site, house (tiled, terraced or mud roofed, etc.)	Total extent	Kharab	Remaining extent	Assessment	Extent now required		Boundaries			
											Extent	Assessment	East	West	North	South
							A g.	A g	A g.	Rs. a	A. g.	Rs a.	Survey No.	Survey Nos	Survey Nos	Survey Nos.
Mysore	Mandya	Kothatti	Guttalu	Khatedar—Thoti Mallana maga Dyava	566	Dry	8 12	0 6	7 26	8 8						
				Anubhavadar—Kennal Govindiah		Do ..			..		0 6½	0 3	350	311	Remaining portion	Remaining portion
				Do —Dyava bin Porter Mallegowda		Do					0 11	0 6	350	313	Do	Do
				Khatedar—Betta bin Channa	313	Do			1 33	1 8		...				
				Do —Linga bin Doddalinga		Do	6 28	...	3 36	2 12	.	..				
				Do —Choudi		Do		.	0 39	0 12	..	..				
				Anubhavadar—Ningiah bin Chikka Dyavegowda					...		0 2½	0 1	566	569 ..	Do	Do
				Do —Ningiah minor guardian Channi kom Channi Ningiah.			...		.	...	0 3	0 1	566	569 ...	Do	Do
				Do —Ningiah bin Chikkamingegowda				...	..	.	0 2½	0 1	566	569	Do	Do
				Do —Javaregowda bin Jogigowda				.	..		0 1½	0 2	566	56	Do	Do
				Khatedar—Linga bin Moole Mancha	361	Do	6 30	0 4	4 4	3 0	.	..				
				Do —Kempa bin Kuri Bora		Do			2 22	1 8	...	..				
				Anubhavadar—Moogegowdana maga Siddiah		..	.	...	..	..	0 4½	0 2				
				Total				..	.		0 34½	..				

No L. 1183-87—K. S. 5675-79, dated 7th June 1935.

Whereas it appears to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore that the undermentioned lands situated in S I. Santhekasalagere Village, Mandya Taluk, Mysore District, are needed for a public purpose, for the Out-let No. I A of 8th Distributary of Cauvery Branch, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern, in accordance with the provisions of Section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Regulation No I of 1927, and the Government hereby authorise the Sub-Division Officer Mandya, to exercise the powers conferred by Section 4 (2) of the Regulation. Under sub-section (4) of Section 17 of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894, as amended by Regulation No. I of 1927, the Government direct that, in view of the urgency of the case, the provisions of Section 5-A of the Regulation shall not apply to the acquisition of the lands noted below —

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Names of khatedars or owners	Anubhavadars (if any) or other persons interested in the property	Survey No or Municipal No.	Whether dry, wet or garden, vacant site, house (tiled, terraced or mud-roofed, etc.)	Total extent A. g	Kharab A g	Extent now required A g	Assessment Rs. a	Boundaries East	Boundaries West	Boundaries North	Boundaries South
Mysore	Mandya	Kothatti	S I Santhekasalagere	Kharab Gomal								Survey Nos	Survey Nos.	Survey Nos.	Survey Nos
				Shanbhog Gundiah	Mr A N Raghavachar, Inamdar ..	145	Dry	20 15	20 15	0 8		146	Managanahalli gadi 146	Remaining portion Do	Remaining portion. Do
				Afsra bin Chindagiri	Shanbhog Gundiah	146	Do	6 26		0 10	0 5	149			
				Chikkabora bin Kunnati	Chickka Bora bin Kunnati	150	Do								
				Linga bin Yasagara Langa			Do	5 4		0 18	0 2	121	149	Do	149
				Lingegowda Chouda	Madegowdana Boramma kom Sidda	149	Do								
				Dyava bin Madde			Do			0 7½	0 3	121	146	150	Remaining portion Do
				Patel Lingegowda bin Manchegowda alias Puttegowda, ..	Channamma bin Kempi kom Channe gowda		Do			0 0½	0 1	121	146	150	
					Madamma bin Chowdegowda		Do	4 31		0 4½	0 2	121	146	150	Do
				Linga bin Ganta Channa	Nugegowdana Manchamma kom Puttegowda ..		Do			0 3	0 1	121	146	150	Do
					Total	..				1 0					

No 1183-87—*K S. S* 5675-79, *dated 7th June* 1935.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation of 1894 as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Regulation No I of 1927, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore declares that the lands measuring 1 acre be the same, a little more or less, are needed for a public purpose, for the outlet No. I-A of the 8th Distributary of Cauvery Branch and under Sections 4 and 7 of the same Regulation, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Mandya Sub-Division is appointed to perform the functions of a Deputy Commissioner under the Regulation and directed to take orders for the acquisition of the said lands Under sub-section (1) of Section 17 of the Regulation, the Government further direct that the possession of the said lands may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of publication of the notice mentioned in Section 9 (1) of the Regulation A plan of the lands is kept in the Office of the Sub-Division Officer, Mandya, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Names of khatedars or owners	Survey Number or Municipal Number	Whether dry wet, garden, vacant site etc	Total extent	Kharab	Remaining extent	Assessment	Extent now required		Boundaries			
											Extent	Assessment	East	West	North	South
							A g	A g	A g	Rs a	A g	Rs. a	Survey Nos.	Survey Nos.	Survey Nos	Survey Nos
Mysore	Mandya	Kothachi	Santhekasalagere	Kharab Gomal	115	Dry	20 16	20 15								
				Anubhavadar—Mr A. N Raghavachar, Inamdar		Do				.	0 8	.	146	Managana-halli gadi	Remaining portion	Remaining portion
				Khatedar—Shanbhog Gundiah	116	Do	6 20	.	6 20	7 8						
				Anubhavadar—Shanbhog Gundiah		Do					0 10	0 5	149	145	Do	Do
				Khatedar—Mari bin Chindagiri	150	Do	5 4	.	0 34	0 12						
				Do Chikkabora bin Kunnati		Do			3 10	3 8						
				Do Linga bin Yasagara Linga		Do		.	1 0	1 4						
				Anubhavadar—Chikkabora bin Kunnati							0 4½	0 2	121	149 ..	Do	149
				Khatedar—Lingi ganda Chouda	149	Do	4 31	.	0 18	0 8						
				Do Dyava bin Mudde		Do			0 16	0 8						
				Do Patel Lingegowda bin Manchigowda alias Puttegowda		Do			0 28	1 0		..				
				Do Linga bin Gantechenna		Do			3 9	3 8						
				Anubhavadar—Madegowdana Boramma kom Sidda		Do					0 7½	0 3	121	146 .	150	Remaining portion
				Do Chennamma bin Kempi kom Chenne gowda		Do		.		.	0 3½	0 1	121	146 ..	150 .	Do
				Do Madamma bin Chowdegowda	.	Do					0 4½	0 2	121	146 ...	150	Do
				Do Ningegowdana Munchamma kom Puttegowda	..	Do		.			0 3	0 1	121	146 .	150 .	Do
				Total	.	..	.	.	...		1 0					

By Order,
N. N. AYYANGAR,
Secretary to Government,
Public Works Department,
(Krishnarajasagara Works).

RAILWAY SECRETARIAT

No R S 2364-65, dated 5th June 1935

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation No. VII of 1894, it is hereby declared that the land described hereunder is required for a public purpose, *viz.*, opening a Check-drain on Chitaldrug-Chickjajur Railway, and under Sections 7 and 8 (c) of the said Regulation, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of the Davangere Sub-Division, is authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land

District / Taluk / Hobli / Village	Name of khatedar or owner	Survey Number or Municipal No	Whether dry, wet or garden, etc	Total extent	Kharab	Remaining extent	Assessment	Extent now required: Extent	Extent now required: Assessment	Boundaries: East	Boundaries: West	Boundaries: North	Boundaries: South
Chitaldrug / Holalkere / Holalkere / Sadarahalli	Dasappa bin Venkatappa	51	Dry	34 acres and 35 guntas	7 acres and 16 guntas	27 acres and 19 guntas	Rs 9 8-0	18 guntas	Re 0-2-0	Remaining portion of S No 51	Remaining portion of S. No. 51.	Remaining portion of S No 51	Railway line

NOTE —A plan of the properties will be available for inspection by the public in the Office of the Assistant Commissioner, Davangere Sub Division on the working days of the office.

By Order,
N. N. AYYANGAR
Secretary to Government,
Railway Department.

Printed by the Superintendent at the Government Press, Bangalore

PART III—Section 2

NOTIFICATIONS BY THE HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT

IN THE COURT OF THE SUBORDINATE JUDGE AT BANGALORE.

Insolvency Application No. 112 *of* 1933-34.

M. P. Kandan, Blacksmith, Mysore Mines, Kolar Gold Fields ... *Petitioner.*

vs.

H. Kesarimull by Beekumchand, Robertsonpet, Kolar Gold Fields ... *Opponent.*

Pursuant to a petition, dated 2nd March 1934, against opponent and on the application of M. P. Kandan of Kolar Gold Fields and on reading the application and hearing on 31st May 1935, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent subject to his paying Rs. 5 per month.

Dated this 4th day of June 1935.

Creditor to prove debts by 23rd August 1935.

Discharge by two years.

Insolvency Application No. 67 *of* 1934-35.

H. Subbanna, son of Thimmappa, Chikpet, Bangalore City ... *Petitioner.*

vs.

Durgada Veerabhadrappa, Banker, Basavangudi, Bangalore City ... *Opponent.*

Pursuant to a petition, dated 2nd November 1934, against opponent and on the application of H. Subbanna of Bangalore City and on reading the application and hearing on 31st May 1935, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 4th day of June 1935.

Creditor to prove debts by 16th August 1935.

Discharge by one year.

Insolvency Application No. 123 *of* 1934-35.

A. Subbaiya Setty, Ganigarapet, Bangalore City ... ... *Petitioner.*

vs.

Ghati Shamanna, Banker, Jumma Mazid Road, Bangalore City ... *Opponent.*

Pursuant to a petition, dated 27th February 1935, against opponent and on the application of A. Subbaiya Setty of Bangalore City, and on reading the application and hearing on 31st May 1935, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 4th day of June 1935.

Creditor to prove debts by 23rd August 1935.

Discharge by one year.

Insolvency Application No. 134 *of* 1934-35.

Baba Jan Saheb, son of Mir Jahurdeen, Chikpet, Bangalore City ... *Petitioner.*

vs.

Chunnilal Khatrilal, Banker, C. & M. Station, Bangalore ... ... *Opponent.*

Pursuant to a petition, dated 26th March 1934, against opponent and on the application of Baba Jan Saheb of Bangalore City, and on reading the application and hearing on 31st May 1935, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent

Dated this 4th day of June 1935.

Creditor to prove debts by 16th August 1935.

Discharge by six months.

R. PUTTARAJ URS,
Subordinate Judge.

KOLAR DISTRICT.

Notification No. J4. C. 3013—34-35, dated 4th June 1935.

Applications from intending applicants for permits to ply motor buses for hire on the several roads in the Kolar District during the period, from 1st July to the end of December 1935, should be made to the undersigned as per sample form prescribed below (Schedule A) so as to reach this office not later than 20th June 1935. Applications either received after that date or not furnishing full particulars or not accompanied by certificates *in fra* will not be considered. The maximum number of bus services to be granted in respect of each route is notified in Schedule B.

2. In the issue of permits, preference will be given to applicants for renewal over those for the grant of fresh permits subject to elimination on account of unsoundness of the vehicle or other valid reasons such as default in payment of road-cess already due, etc.

3. Applications for permits should be accompanied by a treasury receipt for payment of the fee prescribed in rule 27 (1) (b) of Motor Vehicles Rules for permits in Form 'G.'

4. The vehicles will be examined by the undersigned in company with the Executive Engineer, Kolar Division, Kolar, the District Superintendent of Police, Kolar, and the Superintendent of Industries, Bangalore Division, at the District Office Buildings on 27th and 28th June 1935 at 7-30 A.M. The applicants should produce the vehicles together with drivers proposed to be employed by them for test inspection at Kolar on those days. They should also produce driver's license and conductor's pass-book those days

The vehicles, should in addition to the requirements noted in the 'G' permit, be provided with an accurate Speedometer and a thick water-proof tarpaulin for protecting articles carried on the top of the bus from rain, sun and dust and also side curtains.

5 General condition and appearance of the bus, competency of the driver and solvency of the applicant, etc., will be taken into consideration in granting the permit

No renewals or fresh permits will be granted to those from whom arrears of road-cess are still due to Government unless they pay the arrears immediately.

6 No transfer of road permits during the currency of the permit will be permitted except in special cases with the sanction of Government.

7. The licensee is bound to run his service regularly every day at the scheduled timings granted to his service, failing which his permit will be cancelled. Frequent change of timings cannot be allowed.

8. Applications for permits should also be accompanied by (1) Registration Certificate, and (2) Current Brake Certificate

Sample Form—(SCHEDULE A)

APPLICATION FOR A PERMIT TO PLY FOR HIRE A MOTOR VEHICLE.

(Affix twelve annas court-fee stamp here.)

I,..... .....(name of the applicant in full) residing at..... .....(full postal address and usual residence) hereby apply for a permit to ply for hire motor bus No .. ..as per particulars given below.

2. The treasury challan for the credit of necessary 'G' permit fee Rs. 16 (for the particulars first grant) Rs. 8 (for renewal) is enclosed.

Particulars.

1. Name of road	
2. Register No. and description of the vehicle for which permit is applied for ...	
3. Whether the application is for the first grant or renewal of a permit ...	
4. The Nos. of 'H' permit and of 'G' permit granted for the year 1934-35 if it is for renewal ...	

5.	Weight of the vehicle when laden and unladen ...	
6	The number of trips per day ..	
7.	Name and address of the approved driver or drivers ...	
8	Name and address of the approved conductor or conductors ...	
9	The Registration and Current Brake Certificates are enclosed ...	

Signature of the applicant.

SCHEDULE B.

Maximum number of bus services that will be licensed to ply for hire on the several roads in the Kolar District.

Sl No	Name of road	Maximum Number fixed	Remarks
1	Kolar Bangalore *via* Narasapur up to district limits	8	These eight run on alternate days. Hence only four services a day.
2	Kolar Bangalore up to district limits *via* Malur ..	2	Exclusive of one service between Malur and district limits.
3	Kolar-Malur	2	
4	Malur-Masthi Frontier ..	3	
5	Malur Hosur *via* Sampangere .	4	
6	Kolar-Bowringpet ..	4	
7	Bowringpet Robertsonpet .	5	
8	Bowringpet Mulbagal ...	2	
9	Bowringpet-Venkatagirikote *via* Bethamangala	1	
10	Kolar Mulbagal ...	6	
11	Robertsonpet Venkatagirikote	3	
12	Kolar-Chikballapur *via* Jangamkote ...	2	Exclusive of one small service between Vadigenahalli and Jangamkote, another between Vadigenahalli and Chikballapur and a third between Hindiganal cross-road and Jangamkote cross-road.
13	Mulbagal-Nangli Frontier ..	5	
14	Mulbagal-Srinivaspur . .	2	
15	Kolar-Srinivaspur ..	4	Two to form a combine and run on alternate days at one service a day making a total of three services a day.
16	Srinivaspur Chintamani ..	2	
17	Srinivaspur-Madanapalli Frontier ...	3	Two to form a combine and run one service a day in addition to one more section.
18	Srinivaspur-Punganur Frontier ..	1	
19	Sreenivaspur Gowripalli	1	
20	Chintamani-Madanapalli Frontier ...	3	
21	Chintamani-Bangalore *via* Hindiganal ...	6	Exclusive of one service which goes to Jangamkote cross road out of the six, four to form a combine and to run at the rate of two services a day
22	Chintamani-Chelur ..	3	
23	Chintamani-Sidlaghatta	1	
24	Sidlaghatta-Vadigenahalli *via* Malur up to district limits.	2	
25	Kolar-Bethamangala .	1	
26	Sidlaghatta-Bangalore *via* Jangamkote .	9	Exclusive of one bit of service up to Jangamkote, the two services to form a combine and run at the rate of one service a day.
27	Chikballapur-Bangalore *via* Avati or Nandi .	6	
28	Chikballapur-Bagepalli *via* Varlakonda .	3	
29	Chikballapur-Bagepalli *via* Gudibanda ..	2	
30	Chikballapur-Gudibanda	2	
31	Chikballapur-Bagepalli *via* Paressandra, Sadli and Mitteriari	1	
32	Chikballapur-Goribidnur *via* Manchenahalli ...	4	Exclusive of one service between Chikballapur and Manchenahalli
33	Chikballapur-Dodballapur *via* Nandi, Kudavati and Heggadahalli	1	
34	Gudibanda-Goribidnur ..	1	
35	Bagepalli-Cholur ...	2	
	Bagepalli-Gulur ...	2	
	Goribidnur-Bangalore *via* Thondebhavi .	6	Three Goribidnur and district limits and two from Madhugiri to district limits *via* Thondebhavi
	Goribidnur-Madhugiri Frontier .	2	
	Goribidnur-Hindupur Frontier ..	3	
	Sidlaghatta Chikballapur ..	1	
	Chintamani-Hindupur *via* Dibburhalli Sadli and Bagepalli up to district limits.	2	
	Mulbagal-Byrakur ...	1	
	Mulbagal-Tayalur .	1	

T. G. RAMA IYER,
District Magistrate.

IN THE COURT OF THE ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER AND *EX OFFICIO* FIRST CLASS MAGISTRATE, CHIKBALLAPUR SUB-DIVISION. CHIKBALLAPUR.

Notification No. Mis. C. 105-34-35, *dated 6th June* 1935.

Notice is hereby given under Section 524 of Criminal Procedure Code, that the undermentioned articles are lying unclaimed in this Court and if claims are not established within six months from the date of publication in the *Mysore Gazette*, they will be at the disposal of the Government.

Serial No	Property Register No.	By whom produced	Description of the articles
1	6—24-25 ...	By Chikballapur Police on 18th April 1935 in C.M C. 25—24 25.	1. Three Brass Deepastambas. 2 One brass Bell. 3. Two Clasas 4. One cloth bag.
2	22—19-20 ...	By Bagepalli Police in C C. 136—19-20	1. One Axe (Gandagodli). 2. One Dupati 3. One Coat 4 One Chowka 5. One piece of cloth worn on head (Chowka).
3	3—31-32 ..	By Sidlaghatta Police in C. M. C. 4—31 32.	1. One knife.
4	..	Not available. ...	1. One penknife with iron chain.
5	...	Not available. ...	1. One set of measures containing— One seer One ½ seer One ¼ seer. One ⅛ seer.

MD. ISMAIL SHERIFF,
Assistant Commissioner and
Ex-Officio *First Class Magistrate.*

MYSORE DISTRICT.

Notification No. C. M. 15—34-35, *dated 1st June* 1935.

In modification of this office Notification No. C. M. 14 of 34-35, dated 25th April 1935 reconstituting the Bench Court, Mysore City, for the current quarter, Mr. M. P. Krishnappaji Urs is appointed as a Member on the First Bench for the current quarter *vice* Mr. M. Mallaraj Urs who has pleaded inability to sit on the Bench.

Notification No. G2. 2063—34-35, *dated 10th June* 1935.

Whereas it has been proposed to increase the number of bus services on Chamarajanagar-Satyamangalam Road (up to State limits) from 2 to 4, such of those who are likely to be affected thereby are required to file their objections or suggestions, if any, before this office on or before the 25th June 1935. Any objection or suggestion received after that date will not be considered.

B. T. KESAVAIENGAR,
District Magistrate.

IN THE COURT OF THE CITY MAGISTRATE, MYSORE.

Notification dated 4th June 1935.

Notice is hereby given that the undermentioned properties are lying unclaimed in the Court of the City Magistrate, Mysore, and if claims thereto are not established within six months from the date of notification in the *Mysore Gazette*, the said properties will be at the disposal of the Government under Section 524, Criminal Procedure Code.

Sl No.	P. R. No.	Details of properties	By whom produced	Remarks
	248—34-35	One red coloured Cawnpur shawl, one stick.	Police Sub-Inspector Pd. Krishnaraja Station-Mysore, with Malform No. 22nd—28th May 1935.	

Notification dated 5th June 1935.

Notice is hereby given that the undermentioned properties are lying unclaimed in the Court of the City Magistrate, Mysore, and if claims thereto are not established within six months from the date of notification in the *Mysore Gazette*, the said properties will be at the disposal of the Government under Section 524, Criminal Procedure Code.

Serial No.	P. R. No.	Details of properties	By whom produced	Remarks
1	21—33-34 ...	One white shirt ...	Produced by the Crime Branch Police with charge sheet in Crime No 140 of 1932-33, dated 16th January 1933.	
2	34—34-35 ..	One silver waist belt ..	Produced by the A 4 Police Station with charge sheet in Crime No. 43, dated 20th May 1934	
3	50—34-35 ...	One white valli with lace border	Produced by the Heggaddevankote Taluk Police with charge sheet in Crime No. 5—34 35, dated 11th August 1934.	
4	50—32-33 ..	1 One white banian 2 One fez cap 3 One shirt 4 One khuddar shirt and 5 One wrist watch	Produced by the Crime Branch Police with charge sheet in Crime No 29—32 33, dated 6th August 1932	
5	70—33-34	One small bench of teak wood	Produced by the Al Mandi Police with charge sheet in Crime No. 83—33 34.	
6	75—31-34 ..	1 One black kerchief 2 One pair of silver kadagas 3 One pair of copper kadagas 4 Four red stone pieces 5 Glass pendant piece 6 One lock 7 One key	Received from the Second Munsiff's Court, Mysore, in C. C. No. 41 of 1932-33, on the file of that Court.	
7	129—34-35 ..	1 One big brass bindige 2 One small brass bindige 3 One brass channa 4 One brass Koladappale 5 One brass Arakmachatti 6 One small Arakmachatti 7 One black velvet cap 8 One pair of German silver chain. 9 One cloth bag 10 One pair of beads ear chain Nanjina koradu in four pieces. A small bottle Two pieces of vibhuti	Produced by the Saragur Range Police with charge sheet in Crime No. 21 of 34 35, dated 25th December 1934.	

K. SUBBA RAO,
City Magistrate.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT

PROCLAMATION AND NOTIFICATION OF SALE OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTIES.

It is hereby notified that in satisfaction of land revenue due by the defaulters, the undermentioned immovable properties will be sold by public auction as shown below :—

1. The sale will commence at 11 A.M. and the properties will be knocked down to the highest bidder without reserve.

2. The amount of revenue payable by the purchasers on the properties (for the whole or remainder as the case may be) is as detailed in the schedule.

3. Purchasers will be requested to deposit twenty-five per cent of the purchase money at the time of the sale and where the remainder of the purchase money may not be paid within fifteen days from the date of the sale, the money so deposited shall be liable for forfeiture.

4. When such deposit shall not be made, nor the remaining purchase money paid up, the property shall be resold at the expense and risk of the first purchaser.

5. The sale shall be stayed if the defaulters or any person acting on their behalf, or claiming an interest in the property, tender the full amount of the arrears of the revenue with the interest and other charges provided such tender be made before the property is knocked down.

6. The sale of the property will not become absolute until the sale has been confirmed by the Deputy Commissioner or by some other officer duly authorised to confirm the same.

7. Purchasers having completed the payment of the purchase money will, as soon as the sale has been confirmed by the Deputy Commissioner, be placed in immediate possession and the property will be registered in the names of the purchasers, and certificates of sale signed and sealed by the Deputy Commissioner will be granted to them. It is distinctly

understood that the Government are not responsible for errors of description and in estimated extent.

8. Provided parties deeming themselves aggrieved by the sale shall be at liberty to appeal to the Deputy Commissioner within thirty days from the date of sale and also to appeal to the higher authorities against his order within the time prescribed by law, and the purchase shall be conditional on the final order in such appeal.

BANGALORE SUB-DIVISION.

Schedule.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Names of jodidars or khayamguttadars	Estimated extent	Estimated gross rental or beriz	Quit-rent payable annually to Government	Arrears of Government revenue for which village is to be sold	Date of sale, etc.
Bangalore	Bangalore	Yelahanka	Jodi Chokkanahalli	Jodidar—	A. g.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	At Bangalore Taluk Office on 16th July 1935 at 11 A.M.
				Dry ...	287 21	198 6 0	161 4 9	161 4 9	
				Wet ...	16 19	68 4 0			
				Garden ...	7 37	40 0 0			
				Unculturable ...	361 20	5 0 0			
				Total ...	628 17	311 10 0			
			Khayamgutta Amrutahalli	Jodidar—	A. g.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
				Dry ...	270 2	250 6 0	206 9 8	206 9 8	
				Wet ...	20 15	101 2 0			
				Garden ...	72 3	225 12 0			
				Unculturable ...	67 2	1 0 0			
				Total ...	429 25	578 4 0			

K. BASAVARAJ URS,
Sub-Division Officer.

KOLAR SUB-DIVISION

Schedule.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Names of Jodidars or Khayamguttadars	Estimated extent	Estimated gross rental or beriz	Quit-rent payable annually to Government	Arrears of Government revenue for which village is to be sold	Date of sale, etc
Kolar	Mulbagal	Avani	Jodi Munjanahalli	Nagamma and others—	K. k. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	The sales will be held in the Taluk Office at Mulbagal on 18th July 1935, by the Sub-Division Officer, Kolar Sub-Division.
				Dry ...	15 6 9	0	802 6 0	97 14 0	
				Wet ...	17 2 2½	0			
				Peramboke ...	20 10 9	425		97 14 0	
				Total ...	52 19 4½				
				Estimated value of Rs. 15,000.					
				Boundaries.					
				East—Marakalaghatta West—Kshiranadi North—Jeeganahalli, Guntlahalli South—Bellapanahalli of Bowringpet Taluk and Kallipura					
			Jodi Doddamadenahalli	Savitramma and others—	A. g.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
				Unculturable ...	54 27	0 12 0	128 0 0	176 12 0	
				Dry ...	148 13	101 12 0		1 4 0	
				Wet ...	54 8	106 0 0			
				Total ...	252 8	208 8 0		178 1 4	
				Estimated value of Rs. 4,000.					
				Boundaries.					
				East—Virupakshi West—Jammarahalli North—Chikkamadenahalli South—Virupakshi and Varadaganahalli					

M. NARAYANA RAO,
Assistant Commissioner.

NANJANGUD SUB-DIVISION.

Schedule.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Names of jodidars or kayamguttadars	Estimated extent	Estimated gross rental or beriz	Quit-rent payable annually to Government	Arrears of Government revenue for which village is to be sold	Date of sale, etc.
Mysore	T.-Narsipur	Kasaba	Jodi Bommenayakanahally	Mr. Narasimha Moortyachar, Agent.—	A. g.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	The sale will be held on 29th July 1935, at 11 O'clock in T.-Narsipur Taluk Office.
				Dryl ...	785 27	677 4 0	.....	Arrears.	
				Wet ...	22 18	88 0 0		Pro. 1,063 14 0	
				Garden ...	19 25	44 12 0		1 8 0	
				Kharab ...	96 26	...		1,065 6 0	
				Total ...	924 16	810 0 0		With up to date Interest.	

Boundaries.

North—Agastyapura gadi
South—Channanje Vederapura gadi
East—Inam Hoskote gadi
West—Muttanahalli gadi
Whole village.

K. SRINIVASAN,
Sub-Division Officer.

SAGAR SUB-DIVISION.

Schedule.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Names of Jodidars or Kayamguttadars	Estimated extent	Estimated gross rental or beriz	Quit-rent payable annually to Government	Arrears of Government revenue for which village is to be sold	Date of sale, etc.
Shimoga	Sorab	Kuppagodde	Inam Kuppagodde	Thangamma, etc.—	A. g.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	In Sorab Taluk Office on 24th July 1935.
				39 Kuls.				Jodi ... 1,085 10 0	
				Kharab ...	861 8	32 0 0		Local .. 192 1 3	
				Dry ...	1,076 29	321 0 0		Railway ... 46 0 9	
				Wet ...	768 21	2,685 12 0		Education ... 96 1 6	
				Garden ...	4 8	31 8 0		Total .. 1,421 13 1	
				Total ..	2,710 16	3,078 4 0		Collection ... 601 10 8	
								Balance ... 820 2 5	
								Notice, Istihar fees. 1 4 0	
								Total ... 821 6 5	

Value Rs. 2,000.

Boundaries.

East—Haya and Sarkar Kuppagodde villages
West—Sarkar Kuppagodde and Thavanandi villages
North—Gendla and Bommanahalli villages
South—Korakodu and Thavandi villages

C. K. CHALLAPPA IYER,
Sub-Division Officer.

CHITALDRUG SUB-DIVISION.

Schedule.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Names of Jodidars or Khayamguttadars	Estimated extent	Estimated gross rental or benz	Quit-rent payable annually to Government	Arrears of Government revenue for which village is to be sold	Date of sale, etc.
Chitaldrug	Chitaldrug	Hireguntnur	Madenahalli	Hanumantha Rao—	308 82	Rs. a. p. 160 0 0	Rs. a. p. Quit rent 20 0 0 L. C. 10 0 0 R. C. 5 0 0 E. C. 5 0 0 40 0 0	Rs. a. p. 40 0 0 +1 4 0 Total .. 41 4 0	16th July 1935
				Estimated value, Rs. 1,750.					
				Boundaries. North—Chikkabbigere Hirekabbigere South—Balegatte East—Siddavvanadurga West—Ballgatte Hirekabbigere					
			Vaddinahalli	Krishnachar and Venkatachar—	363 17	Rs. a. p. 196 8 0	Rs. a p. Quit rent 60 0 0 Water rate 405 0 0 L. C. 29 1 0 L. C. 25 5 0 R. C. 14 8 6 E. C. 14 8 6 548 7 0 Recoveries 164 0 0 Balance 384 7 0	Rs. a. p. 384 7 0 +1 4 0 Total 385 11 0	
				Estimated value Rs 9,000.					
				Boundaries. North—Siddavvanadurga South—Ainahalli East—Papenahalli West—Biravara					
		Kasaba	Cholagatta	Venkobachar, son of Rajachar—	193 20	Rs. a. p. 49 12 0	Rs a. p. Quit rent 34 6 3 L. C. 3 1 8 R. C. 1 8 10 E. C. 1 8 10 40 11 7 Recoveries 23 12 7 Balance 16 15 0	Rs. a. p. 16 15 0 + 1 4 0 Total 18 3 0	
				Estimated value Rs. 1,050					
				Boundaries. North—Kurubarahatti South—Agasanagere East—Madenalli West—Kabadigarahatty					
			Keigondi	Beemachar, son of Hanumanthachar—	249 8 8	Rs. a. p. 34 4 0	Rs. a. p. Quit rent 31 0 0 L. C. 2 2 3 R. C. 1 1 2 E. C. 1 1 2 35 4 7	Rs. a. p. 35 4 7 +1 4 0 Total 36 8 7	
				Estimated value Rs. 1,625.					
				Boundaries. North—Kenchanakatte South—Bahadurpura East— ,, Do West—Kirubanakal					
			Agasanakal	Srinivasachar—	294 0 5	Rs. a. p. 70 13 0	Rs. a. p. Quit rent 65 0 0 L. C. 4 6 10 R. C. 2 3 5 E. C. 2 3 5 73 13 8	Rs. a. p. 73 13 8 +1 4 0 Total 75 1 8	
				Estimated value Rs. 1,750.					
				Boundaries. North—Cholagatta South—Kenchanakatte East—Neralagundi West—Kabadigarahatti					

H. NARAYANA RAO,
Sub-Division Officer.

DODBALLAPUR SUB-DIVISION.

Abstract Notifications, dated 20th May 1935.

It is hereby notified that the Jodi Village Sivanapura, Nandagudi Hobli, Hoskote Taluk, will be sold by the Sub-Division Officer for the arrears of Jodi, the Vrithies of Atchuta Rao and Hari Rao, in the Hoskote Taluk Office on 28th June 1935, at 11 A.M.

For particulars, see page 328, Part III—2 of the *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, dated 30th May 1935.

It is hereby notified that the Jodi Village Sivanapura, Nandagudi Hobli, Hoskote Taluk, Bangalore District, will be sold by the Sub-Division Officer, on 28th June 1935, in the Hoskote Taluk Office for the arrears of Jodi due by Srikanta Rao's wife Lakshmidevamma, and son Krishnamurty Rao of the 1/10 Vrithi only.

For particulars see page 328, Part III—2 of the *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, dated 30th May 1935.

It is hereby notified that the Jodi Village Mitiganahalli, Bidarahalli Hobli, Hoskote Taluk, Bangalore District, will be sold for the arrears of Jodi by the Sub-Division Officer, on 28th June 1935 in the Hoskote Taluk Office.

For particulars, see page 329, Part III—2 of the *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, dated 30th May 1935.

It is hereby notified that the Jodi Gundrahalli Village, Nandagudi Hobli, Hoskote Taluk, Bangalore District, will be sold for the arrears of Jodi by the Sub-Division Officer in the Hoskote Taluk Office on 28th June 1935.

For particulars, see page 328, Part III—2 of the *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, dated 30th May 1935.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the Jodi Village of Dasarahalli in Kasaba Hobli of Hoskote Taluk, Bangalore District, will be sold by public auction on 28th June 1935 at 11 A.M. in the Taluk Office, Hoskote, by the Sub-Division Officer, Dodballapur Sub-Division, Bangalore, for the arrears of Jodi, etc., due to Government.

For further particulars, please see page 329, Part III—2 of the *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, dated 30th May 1935.

Abstract Notifications.

It is hereby notified that the Jodi Devasettahalli, Jadigenahalli Hobli, Hoskote Taluk, Bangalore District, will be sold by the Sub-Division Officer, Dodballapur Sub-Division, on the 28th June 1935 at 11 A.M. in the Hoskote Taluk Office.

For further particulars, please see page 328, Part III—2 of the *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, dated 30th May 1935.

It is hereby notified that the Jodi Paramanahalli of Jadigenahalli Hobli, Hoskote Taluk, Bangalore District, will be sold by public auction, in the Hoskote Taluk Office by the Sub-Division Officer, Dodballapur Sub-Division, on the 28th June 1935 at 11 A.M.

For further particulars, please see page 329, Part III—2 of the *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, dated 30th May 1935.

It is hereby notified that the Jodi Village of Bheemapura, Nandagudi Hobli, Hoskote Taluk, Bangalore District, will be sold for the arrears of Jodi due by the Jodidar on 28th June 1935, in the Hoskote Taluk Office, by the Sub-Division Officer, Dodballapur Sub-Division.

For particulars, see page 329, Part III—2 of the *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, dated 30th May 1935.

Abstract Notifications.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the Jodi Kallegenahalli, Jala Hobli, Devanhalli Taluk, will be sold on 29th June 1935, by public auction in the Taluk Office of Devanhalli by the Sub-Division Officer, Dodballapur Sub-Division.

For further particulars, please see page No. 347, Part III—2 of the *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, dated 6th June 1935.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the Jodi Hunasamarnahalli Village, Jala Hobli in Devanhalli Taluk, will be sold on 29th June 1935, by public auction in the Taluk Office, Devanhalli, by the Sub-Division Officer, Dodballapur Sub-Division.

For further particulars, please see page No. 347, Part III—2 of the *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, dated 6th June 1935.

It is hereby notified that the Jodi Village of Aradesihalli will be sold in public auction by the Sub-Division Officer, Dodballapur Sub-Division, at 11 A.M. on the 29th June 1935, in the Devanhalli Taluk Office, for arrears of Jodi thereon.

N.B.—Vritties will be sold in the beginning and if the arrears are not realised the entire village will be sold.

Abstract Notification dated 20th May 1935.

It is hereby notified that the Jodi Village Arehalli, Nandagudi Hobli, Hoskote Taluk, Bangalore District, will be sold for the arrears of Jodi by the Sub-Division Officer on 28th June 1935 in the Taluk Office, Hoskote.

For particulars, see *Kannada Mysore Gazette*, Part III, page 328, dated 30th May 1935.

J. B. MALLARADHYA,
Sub-Division Officer.

NANJANGUD SUB-DIVISION.

Notification No. V.O.C. 251—34, dated 1st June 1935.

It is notified for the information of the public that the Shanbhogi Office of Mudlupura Circle in Chamrajnagar Taluk has fallen vacant owing to the barawardar Shanbhog Sheshagiri Rao who is employed as a Forest Guard, not having turned up for duty in spite of notices served upon him, and that the hakdars, if any, to the said Shanbhogi, Office may appear before the Amildar, Chamrajnagar Taluk, within two years from the date of this notification and establish their claims to the said office, failing which the office will vest absolutely in Government and be filled up permanently. The claims, if any, preferred thereafter will be summarily rejected.

K. SRINIVASAN,
Sub-Division Officer.

HASSAN DISTRICT.

Notification No. A4.—T. R. R. 12-34, dated 31st May 1935.

Under Section 3(1) of the Minor Tank Restoration Regulation of 1928, notice is hereby given that Rajanahalli Tank, Hassan Taluk, is proposed to be taken up for restoration at an estimated cost of Rs. 1,360. Objections, if any, may be preferred to the undersigned within two months from the date of this notification in the *Mysore Gazette*.

HOLE-NARSIPUR TALUK.

Notification No. ..... dated 7th June 1935.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that under Section 4 (2) of the Mysore Land Record of Rights Regulation No. X of 1927 as amended from time to time and rules framed thereunder, the Final Record of Rights has been completed in respect of the undermentioned villages in the Hole-Narsipur Taluk and shall come into effect in all these

villages from the date of this Notification. Any person affected by any entry in such record may, within a period of two years from the date of this Notification, apply for rectification of such entry, to the Amildar, Hole-Narsipur Taluk. Objections, preferred after the expiry of the said period will not be considered.

Sl. No.	Names of villages	Sl. No.	Names of villages
	I. Kasaba Hobli.		
1	Lakkuru	5	Byadarahalli
2	Ganguru	6	Bandasettihalli (S. I.)
3	Gondi-Mallenahalli (Jodi)	7	Doddabyagathavalli
4	Chigahalli		
	II. Halekote Hobli.		
1	Haralahalli	9	Beechenahalli (Hantha)
2	Kabbinahalli	10	Hariharpura (Jodi)
3	Kinnarahalli	11	Thevanandi (Jodi Dakla Village)
4	Bettada Sathenahalli	12	Bornahalli do
5	Theranya	13	Shigarnahalli do
6	Kadavinakote (Hantha)	14	Doddakunche
7	Hirihelaguli (Hantha)	15	Kamenahalli
8	Bagivalu (Hantha)		
	III. Doddakadnur Hobli.		
1	Doddakadnur	15	Kogilahalli
2	Nagarnahalli	16	Thejur
3	Kabburu	17	Dalagodnahalli
4	Doddahalli	18	Kallahalli
5	Ankanathapura (Becharak)	19	Tathanahalli
6	Sankarasettiballi	20	Thejur Maigodnahalli
7	Marahalli	21	Kallodeborekaval (Becharak)
8	Marahalli Kaval (Becharak)	22	Niduvani
9	Mukkanahalli	23	Uyigoudnahalli (Becharak)
10	Daranagbatta	24	Cholenahalli
11	Gummanaladahosahalli	25	Keragode
12	Honnenaballi	26	Bidarakka (Jodi)
13	Nerle	27	Kuppe (Jodi)
14	Sidlahalli		

M. CHENNABAJ URS,
Deputy Commissioner.

SAKLESPUR SUB-DIVISION.

Abstract Notification No. C. 1275-34, dated 22nd May 1935.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that Khayamgutta Madabalu village of Kasaba Hobli in Alur Sub-Taluk, will be sold in public auction on 28th June 1935, by the Sub-Division Officer, Saklespur Sub-Division, at the Alur Sub-Taluk Office, for arrears due to Government.

For further particulars, please see page 823, Part III—2 of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 30th May 1935.

Abstract Notification No. C. 1273-34, dated 22nd May 1935.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that Jodi Singapura village of Kasaba Hobli, Belur Taluk, will be sold in public auction on 29th June 1935, by the Sub-Division Officer, Saklespur Sub-Division, at the Belur Taluk Office, for arrears due to Government.

For further particulars, please see page 823, Part III—2 of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 30th May 1935.

Abstract Notification No. C. 1274-34, dated 22nd May 1935

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that Jodi Malenahalli village of Kasaba Hobli in Belur Taluk, will be sold in public auction on 29th June 1935, by the Sub-Division Officer, Saklespur Sub-Division, at the Belur Taluk Office, for arrears due to Government.

For further particulars, please see page 825, Part III—2 of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 30th May 1935.

T. L. KANTAM,
Sub-Division Officer.

TARIKERE SUB-DIVISION.

Abstract Notifications.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the Village of Jodi Bankanakatte in Shivane Hobli, Tarikere Taluk, Kadur District, will be sold by public auction, for the arrears of Jodi on 25th July 1935, at 11 A.M. in the Tarikere Taluk Office, by the Sub-Division Officer, Tarikere Sub-Division.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the Jodi Hochihalli Village in Sakrepatna Hobli, Kadur Taluk, will be sold on the 15th July 1935, by public auction in the Taluk, Office, Kadur, by the Sub Division Officer, Tarikere Sub-Division.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the Jodi Kodihalli Village in Kasaba Hobli, Tarikere Taluk, will be sold on 10th July 1935 by public auction in the Taluk Office, Tarikere, by the Sub-Division Officer, Tarikere Sub-Division.

R. RAMAIAH NAIDU,
Sub-Division Officer.

CHITALDRUG SUB-DIVISION.

Notification dated 13th May 1935.

It is brought to the notice of the undersigned that the Barawardar Patel of Pallavagere Village in the Chitaldrug Taluk, by name Gururayachar, son of Mr. P. Srinivasachar, has now attained his majority and that his whereabouts are unknown. The said Gururayachar is hereby required to appear before the Amildar, Chitaldrug Taluk, within six months from the date of publication of this Notification in the Gazette and to report himself for duty. If he does not do so within the time allowed, his name will be removed from the Baraward and the Patel Office treated as vacant.

H. NARAYANA RAO,
Assistant Commissioner.

FOREST DEPARTMENT

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS IN MYSORE, BANGALORE.

Notification No. S2. 101-1268—34, dated June 1935.

Under Proviso to Rule 4 (b) of the Rules for the protection of Game and Fish in Mysore, it is hereby notified for the information of the public that the area comprising Samathala Village and three miles round about the Village in Amruthapura Hobli, Tarikere Taluk, is thrown open for free shooting of tigers causing havoc in the locality for a period of three months.

Notification No. S2.-94-1183—34, dated 10th June 1935.

Under the proviso to Rule 4 (b) of the Rules for the protection of Game and Fish in Mysore, it is hereby notified for the information of the public that the area comprising the undermentioned ten villages of Sasvehalli Hobli, Honnali Taluk, is thrown open for a period of three months for free shooting of tigers causing havoc in the locality :—

1. Konanthale
2. Haraganahalli
3. Hiregonigere
4. Arekere
5. Narasugondanahalli
6. Thimlapura
7. Chikgonigere
8. Bavinahalli
9. Nerlagundi
10. Singatigere

P. KRISHNASWAMI RAO,
For Chief Conservator of Forests.

UNIVERSITY OF MYSORE

Notification No. 21942, *dated 8th June* 1935.

Under statute 38, the accounts of Receipts and Expenditure of the University for the year ending 30th June 1934, are published hereunder.

By Order,
V. GOPALASWAMI AIENGAR,
Registrar.

ANNUAL ACCOUNTS FOR 1933-34.

Receipts.

No.	Particulars	Amount	Total
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
I	Grant from Government—(General)—		
	1. For Backward Community Scholarships.	...	9,25,000 0 0
	2. For Depressed Class Scholarships		
	3. Scholarships for the education of the Military classes.		
II	Fees realised in Colleges—		
	1. Arts	18,892 10 0	
	2. Science	25,760 8 0	
	3. Engineering	16,212 8 0	
	4. Medical	32,535 8 0	
	5. Intermediate	74,713 4 0	1,68,114 6 0
	Fees for Medical Inspection of students ...	...	1,433 0 0
III	Examination fees (*Vide* Appendix I) ...	...	71,299 8 0
IV	Fees for Registration of Graduates ...	...	150 0 0
V	Interest on Endowment Funds invested ..	...	19,019 10 6
VI	Other receipts—		
	1. Rents from University buildings (*a*) Mysore (*b*) Bangalore ...	..	4,763 10 0
	2. Sales of Publications ...	..	3,624 7 7
	3. Miscellaneous receipts ...	...	4,312 5 6
	Total ...	...	11,97,716 15 7
	Deduct Refunds		14,785 5 6
	Net Receipts ...	...	11,82,931 10 1
VII	Debt Heads— ...	...	...
	1. Endowments	...	2,212 8 8
	2. Deposits	...	44,493 10 10
	3. Advances	...	7,721 4 7
	Total Debt Heads ...	...	54,427 8 1
	Total Receipts ...	...	12,37,359 2 2
	Opening Balance ...	...	2,24,304 7 4
	Grand Total ...	...	14,61,663 9 6

Expenditure.

No.	Items	Amount	Total
I	Direction—	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
	1. Salaries	27,380 0 0	
	2. Establishment ...	28,699 3 0	
	3. Travelling allowance	11,217 3 0	
	4. Office Expenses—		
	(*a*) Contingency	2,892 15 7	
	(*b*) Furniture	409 12 0	
	(*c*) Printing charges	3,876 8 0	
	(*d*) Stationery	484 9 6	
	(*e*) Clothing to menials	128 8 0	
	(*f*) Miscellaneous	2,241 15 10	
	5 Convocation	1,437 5 0	
	Total I ...	...	78,769 15 5
II	Colleges—(*Vide* Appendix II)	..	8,40,126 7 0
III	University Library—		
	1. Salaries	2,487 1 0	
	2. Establishment	8,477 9 0	
	3. Office Expenses—		
	(*a*) Contingency	409 0 6	
	(*b*) Furniture	219 14 0	
	(*c*) Stationery	78 13 0	
	(*d*) Clothing to menials	59 0 0	
	(*e*) Miscellaneous	638 0 0	
	(*f*) Printing	1,366 11 0	
	4. Books and equipment	3,781 13 4	
	Total III ...	.	12,517 13 10
IV	Oriental Library—		
	1. Salaries	306 0 0	
	2. Establishment	15,238 2 0	
	3. Travelling allowance	132 15 0	
	4. Office Expenses—		
	(*a*) Contingency	624 6 6	
	(*b*) Furniture	180 0 0	
	(*c*) Printing charges	4,278 5 0	
	(*d*) Clothing to menials	71 4 0	
	(*e*) Stationery	50 9 0	
	5. Purchase of manuscripts and books ..	866 5 7	
	Total IV ...	...	21,771 15 1
V	Department of Archæological Researches—		
	1. Salary	5,456 4 0	
	2. Establishment	6,085 0 0	
	3. Travelling allowance	993 5 0	
	4. Office Expenses—		
	(*a*) Contingency	978 14 0	
	(*b*) Furniture	85 0 0	
	(*c*) Printing charges	941 14 0	
	(*d*) Clothing to menials	53 6 0	
	(*e*) Special charges	200 0 0	
	(*f*) Photos for sale	250 0 0	
	Total V ...	...	15,043 11 0
	Total C. O. ...	...	9,68,229 14 4

No.	Items	Amount	Total
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
	B. F.	...	9,68,229 14 4
VI	Scholarships, Medals and Prizes—		
	1. General Scholarships including Physical Science Prize.	13,108 12 0	
	2. Scholarships for Women	6,000 0 0	
	3. Research Scholarships	2,974 4 0	
	4. Special Scholarships	2,344 3 0	
	5. Endowment Scholarships, Medals and Prizes.	15,379 11 0	
	6. Scholarships for the Education of the Military class	1,990 0 0	
	7. Backward class Scholarships ..	19,570 0 0	
	8. Depressed class Scholarships ...	5,406 0 0	
	Total VI ...	..	66,772 14 1
VII	Extension work	...	1,177 12 2
VIII	Publications—		
	1. University Calendar	3,051 4 0	
	2. University half-yearly Journal ...	1,404 1 0	
	3. Prabuddhakarnataka	2,236 2 10	
	4. Kannada Publications	2,357 0 0	
	5. English-Kannada Dictionary ..	2,254 15 7	
	6. Other Publications	1,543 5 0	
	Total VIII ...	...	12,846 12 5
IX	University Examinations—		
	1. Remuneration (*Vide* Appendix 1) ..	52,908 9 0	
	2. Travelling allowance	4,348 3 0	
	3. Printing	5,698 4 0	
	4. Miscellaneous	3,850 3 0	
	Total IX ..	...	66,800 3 0
X	Construction and Repairs	...	50,284 14 3
XI	University Unions	...	1,000 0 0
XII	Contribution and Deputation charges for Arts and Science Congresses.	...	2,348 8 0
XIII	Municipal Tax on University buildings ...	..	952 9 3
XIV	Contribution on account of Audit by the L.A. D. Staff.	...	3,654 7 0
XV	Medical Inspection of students	...	1,286 0 0
XVI	Ethnographical Survey	...	2,914 3 0
	Total I—XVI .	...	11,78,268 1 4
	Debt Heads—		
	1. Investments	..	5,887 2 6
	2. Deposits	...	45,088 12 6
	3. Advances	...	7,234 2 0
	Total ...	.	58,210 1 0
	Total Expenditure ...	...	12,36,478 2 4
	Closing Balance ...	...	2,25,185 7 2
	Grand Total ...	...	14,61,663 9 6

V. GOPALASWAMI AIENGAR,
Registrar.

Appendix I.

Statement of fees collected from examinees and remuneration due to examiners for the several examinations.

No.	Particulars	Fees received				Remuneration to Examiners			Excess (+) or deficiency (−)
		No. of candidates	Fees collected	Total	Paid in 1933-34	Not paid in 1933-34	Total	
			Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
I	Intermediate—whole ...	1,154	33,705 0 0					
	Part I ...	97	1,359 0 0					
	,, II ...	15	315 0 0	35,378 0 0	9,546 12 0	318 4 0	9,865 0 0	+25,513 0 0
II	B.A. (old)—whole ..	5	162 0 0					
	Part I ...	26	468 0 0					
	,, II ...	24	432 0 0					
	,, (new)—whole ...	79	3,045 0 0					
	Part I ..	1	5 0 0					
	,, II ...	4	24 0 0					
	,, III ..	47	1,355 0 0					
	,, I & II ...	1	16 0 0					
	,, I & III ...	5	205 0 0					
	,, II & III ...	5	180 0 0	5,892 0 0	5,950 12 0	905 10 0	6,856 6 0	−964 6 0
III	B. Sc. (old) Part I ...	1	12 0 0					
	,, (new)—whole ..	105	5,000 0 0					
	Part I ...	10	95 0 0					
	,, II ...	3	18 0 0					
	,, III ..	45	1,760 0 0					
	I & II ...	2	32 0 0					
	I & III ...	6	300 0 0					
	II & III ...	1	46 0 0	7,263 0 0	1,320 1 0	531 11 0	1,851 12 0	+5,411 4 0
IV	B. T. ...	96	3,255 0 0					
	Practice in teaching ...	4	60 0 0	3,315 0 0	1,296 8 0	141 0 0	1,440 8 0	+1,874 8 0
V	B. A. (Hons.) Preliminary—whole	29	570 0 0					
	Part II ...	1	5 0 0					
	Minor ...	3	30 0 0					
	B. A. (Hons.) Final ...	32	1,240 0 0	1,845 0 0	7,729 10 0	...	7,729 10 0	−5,884 10 0
VI	B Sc (Hons.) Preliminary—whole.	38	912 8 0					
	English ...	1	10 0 0					
	B Sc. (Hons.) Final ...	38	1,900 0 0	2,822 8 0	4,851 12 0	...	4,851 12 0	−2,029 4 0
VII	M. Sc. Qualifying Test	1	25 0 0					
	,, (new) ...	24	2,250 0 0	2,275 0 0	4,255 0 0	...	4,255 0 0	−1,980 0 0
VIII	M. A. (new) ..	7	700 0 0	700 0 0	2,166 0 0	..	2,166 0 0	−1,466 0 0
IX	,, (old) ...	9	520 0 0	520 0 0	3,045 0 0	.	3,045 0 0	−2,525 0 0
X	First Examination in Engineering.	72	1,800 0 0					
	Second Examination in Engineering.	44	1,320 0 0					
	B. E. Degree ...	36	1,620 0 0	4,740 0 0	5,412 6 0	...	5,412 6 0	−672 6 0
XI	First M. B. B. S. Part I	5	100 0 0					
	,, II	26	675 0 0					
	Second M. B. B. S. ...	23	840 0 0					
	Final ,, ...	20	1,170 0 0	2,985 0 0	3,215 8 0	63 0 0	3,278 8 0	−293 8 0
XII	L. M. P. I ...	94	1,223 8 0					
	II ...	85	952 8 0					
	III ...	61	690 0 0					
	Final ...	60	810 0 0	3,675 0 0	2,729 4 0	...	2,729 4 0	+945 12 0
XIII	Chairman's Fee ...	...	...	...	1,390 0 0	...	1,390 0 0	−1,390 0 0
	Total ...	...	...	71,410 8 0				
	Deduct—Refunds ...	...	...	60 0 0				
	Misclassified ...	...	...	31 0 0				
	Net ...	...	...	71,299 8 0	52,908 9 0	1,962 9 0	54,871 2 0	16,459 6 0

APPENDIX II.

Expenditure relating to Colleges.

No.	Particulars	Arts Colleges	Science College	Engineering College	Medical College and Medical School	Intermediate Colleges	Total
		Rs. a. p.	Rs a. p	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a p
I	Professors and Assistant Professors.	1,22,166 3 6	1,39,133 11 0	50,993 9 0	33,276 7 0	24,626 0 0	3,67,185 14 6
II	Teaching Staff ...	34,762 14 0	30,679 4 0	17,479 10 0	8,345 0 0	1,16,378 15 0	2,07,665 11 0
III	Estsblishment ...	11,360 2 0	19,225 15 4	9,193 8 0	11,685 5 0	19,494 5 0	70,958 14 4
IV	Office Expenses —						
	1. Contingency ..	571 12 9	737 9 9	782 12 0	1,227 11 0	1,197 15 9	4,520 13 3
	2. Furniture .	482 4 0	1,395 6 0	383 6 9	909 7 0	2,110 0 0	5,280 7 9
	3 Printing charges	690 0 0	..		...	1,176 2 0	1,866 2 0
	4. Stationery ...	197 8 0	720 2 0	477 7 6	...	653 14 0	2,048 15 6
	5. Clothing to menials	169 2 0	69 6 0	157 12 0	98 4 0	149 0 0	638 8 0
	6 Electric power and lighting	615 8 0	3,240 2 0		993 8 0	662 9 0	5,511 6 0
V	Library ..	3,381 5 2	5,828 12 5	1,472 7 0	4,874 15 0	5,825 7 2	21,385 11 9
VI	Laboratory and Equipment.	684 14 0	39,281 5 10	28,335 8 5	19,623 3 2	27,416 0 2	1,15,290 15 7
VII	Excursion charges	..	2,483 0 7	1,936 1 0			4,419 1 7
VIII	Gas and Water ..	...	5,567 11 0	—812 1 5	573 14 10	1,751 13 0	7,051 5 5
IX	Practical Training..	1,200 0 0	...	844 6 0	...	...	844 6 0
X	Hostel .	2,375 0 0	1,200 0 0	3,150 0 0	2,118 8 0	2,570 4 7	10,268 12 7
XI	Physical Culture .	589 2 0	2,375 0 0	1,240 0 0	2,570 0 0	1,900 0 0	10,460 0 0
XII	College Scout Corps.	...	1,338 12 9	.	..	374 15 0	2,297 13 9
XIII	Survey Practice	..		1,414 0 0	..		1,414 0 0
XIV	Photographic charges	..		260 3 0	..	246 3 0	260 3 0
XV	Games and Reading room.	515 15 0	.	...	...		762 2 0
	Total .	1,79,777 10 5	2,44,211 2 8	1,17,808 1 8	92,295 14 0	2,06,533 7 8	8,40,126 7 0

STATEMENT OF CASH ASSE

Liabilities

Items	Amount
	Rs. a. p
Endowments ..	3,77,055 9 3
Deposits	6,881 3 1
Service Heads	2,10,168 15 9
Total ...	5,94,055 12 1

Assets

Items	Amount
	Rs. a. p.
Endowments funds invested ...	3,62,089 4 5
Advances	6,781 0 6
University Fund	2,25,185 7 2
Total ...	5,94,055 12 1

V. GOPALASWAMI AIENGAR,
Registrar.

Endowments and Investments.

Serial No.	Name of Endowment	AMOUNT											
		Invested in Various Securities						Kept in Govt. S. B. (Ordinary) + Unnvested (i.e. held in cash)			Total (4+5)		
		Face Value			Actual Cost								
		Rs	a.	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs.	a.	p.
1	The Sir Hugh Daly Memorial Scholarship and Gold Medal.	4,440	0	0	4,410	0	0	115	0	1	4,525	0	1
2	The Channabasappa Scholarship ...	1,720	0	0	1,694	0	0	130	7	5	1,824	7	5
3	The Sir P. N. Krishnamurti Sanskrit Scholarships, Prize and Gold Medal	22,210	0	0	22,060	0	0	779	10	7	22,839	10	7
4	The Hanumappa Gold Medal and Scholarships	7,125	0	0	6,974	12	0	634	5	4	7,609	1	4
5	The H Rangaswami Iyengar Gold Medals	2 610	0	0	2,604	8	0	128	14	7	2,733	6	7
6	The Honna Setty Prize	710	0	0	698	8	0	146	15	1	843	7	1
7	The Sri Lakshmidevamma Gold Medal ..	1,200	0	0	1,180	0	0	114	10	6	1,294	10	6
8	The Pandit Navinam Ramanujacharya Scholarships, Gold Medals and Prize	33,800	0	0	32,627	0	0	19	8	10	33,646	8	10
9	The Bellavi G. Papanna Memorial Scholarships	4,100	0	0	4 372	0	0	119	14	1	4,491	14	1
10	The Kem Siddappa Gold Medal	1,175	0	0	1,157	4	0	103	8	5	1,260	12	5
11	The Sriram Thippuh Setti Memorial Scholarship	1,650	0	0	1 615	8	0	193	2	4	1,808	10	4
12	The B V Krishnaiengar Medal and the B Krishnaiengar Scholarships	19,020	0	0	18,779	2	0	389	3	4	19,168	5	4
13	The Lokasevanirata Amble Annah Pandit Scholarships	4 110	0	0	4,989	8	0	–77	2	1	4,312	5	11
14	His Highness the Yuvaraja Gold Medal and The Nawab Mir Kamaluddin Allikhan Scholarships.	3 105	0	0	3,066	14	0	240	7	6	3,307	5	6
15	The Sir Seshadri Medal and Maharaja Tukoji Rao III Holkar Scholarships	9,190	0	0	8,201	2	0	426	8	8	8,630	10	8
16	The Dr Cook Memorial Prize	2 050	0	0	2,013	8	0	103	12	6	2,12d	4	6
17	The Weir Memorial Gold Medal	1 167	8	0	1,169	10	0	102	15	3	1,272	9	3
18	The Sha Chhumanmal Dungaji Medal	1,920	0	0	1,886	0	0	220	1	9	2,086	1	9
19	The Bhaskarammal Prize	430	0	0	424	8	9	38	4	11	462	12	11
20	The Khan Bahadur Hajee Sir Ismail Sait Scholarships and Prize	29 950	0	0	29,055	0	0	135	7	5	29,190	7	5
21	The Dewan Puraniya Scholarships	10,950	0	0	10,847	8	0	245	5	2	11,092	13	2
22	The Kalavara Ramachandra Scholarship and the Kalavara Subbamma's Midwifery Scholarship	9 700	0	0	9,397	0	0	1,296	0	6	10,693	0	6
23	The Thungamma Scholarship	1 510	0	0	1,484	8	0	79	0	2	1,563	8	2
24	The D Appu Rao Scholarships and Prize	6,097	8	0	6,086	11	0	425	12	11	6,462	7	11
25	The Sahlesaour Shop Siddegowda Medal	1,200	0	0	1,140	0	0	114	2	11	1,294	2	11
26	The Water's Memorial Prize	1,700	0	0	1,775	8	0	147	6	5	1,922	14	5
27	The first Vice Chancellor Mr H V. Nanjundayya's Gold Medal and Annapurnamma Prize.	1,580	0	0	1,576	0	0	49	12	11	1 626	12	11
28	The Bhabha Memorial Gold Medal and Prize	2,985	0	0	2,862	0	0	191	5	2	3,053	5	2
29	The Purna Krishna Rao Medals and Prize and the Sri Lakshamma Medal	5,250	0	0	5,237	8	0	97	12	5	5,335	4	5
30	The Candy Gold Medal	1,070	0	0	1,066	8	0	—17	2	8	1,049	5	4
31	The Tait Memorial Fund Prize ..	835	0	0	833	4	0	59	2	11	892	6	11
32	The Miss Manning Stipend	2,495	0	0	2,467	0	0	55	9	1	2,522	9	1
33	The Bagalur Kandaswami Naidu Scholarships.	7,110	0	0	7,088	0	0	363	1	4	7,451	1	4
34	The V. Rangaswami Iyengar Prize or Medal....	750	0	0	748	12	0	146	9	10	895	5	10
35	The K. Sanjeeva Setty Scholarships, Ammanamma Prize and Kunnatnur Narayanaswami Chetty Commerce Prize.	10,000	0	0	10,000	0	0	193	11	9	10,193	11	9
36	The Captain Dawes Prize ..	770	0	0	761	8	0	206	7	3	967	15	3
37	The Tabard Memorial Medal ..	2,200	0	0	2,179	0	0	550	2	2	2,730	2	2
38	The Sanjivappa Endowment Prize ...	720	0	0	709	0	0	161	14	9	870	14	9
39	The B. B Garudacharya Medal ...	1,120	0	0	1,114	0	0	143	3	2	1,257	3	2
40	The Nagar Manjai Udupa Gold Medal ..	1,120	0	0	1,114	0	0	195	11	2	1,309	11	2
41	The Srimati Bagalur Kanakammal Thulasiammal Scholarships and the Srimati Bagalur Kanakammal Memorial Gold Medal.	5,000	0	0	5,000	0	0	511	4	0	5,511	4	0
42	The Bheema Seeta Savitri Scholarship ...	2,362	8	0	2,352	5	0	125	8	5	2,477	13	5
43	The Arumugam Gold Medal ...	1,470	0	0	1,446	8	0	234	8	1	1,681	0	1
44	The Patel Nanjappa Scholarship ...	1,340	0	0	1,322	0	0	53	14	0	1,375	14	0
45	The Chinikatte Halappa Scholarship ..	1,480	0	0	1,431	0	0	115	12	11	1,546	12	11
46	The K. Srinivasiengar Scholarships ...	5,150	0	0	5,142	8	0	41	13	0	5,184	5	0
47	Volekar Thimmiah and Chikkathimmiah Scholarships.	1,100	0	0	1 265	0	0	112	3	9	1,377	3	9
48	The B. K Srinivasiengar Scholarships and 1 Medal.	5,000	0	0	5,000	0	0	..			5,000	0	0
49	The Garudamma Memorial Scholarships ...	6,290	0	0	6,218	8	0	197	15	0	6,416	7	0
50	The Srinivasa Memorial Scholarships ...	2,400	0	0	2,800	0	0	..			2,800	0	0
51	The Padakashti Munegowda Scholarship ..	1,085	0	0	1,033	4	0	79	1	9	1,112	5	9
52	The Kongadiappa Scholarship ...	1,740	0	0	1,549	14	3	18	7	2	1,568	5	2
53	Pradhana Siromani T. Ananda Rao C. I E Scholarships.	31,515	0	0	31,016	10	0	1,295	15	8	32,302	9	8
54	The Sri Krishnarajendra Silver Jubilee Lectureship.	2,120	0	0	2,014	0	0	146	13	10	2,160	13	10
55	The Silver Jubilee Kannada Gold Medal ...	1,080	0	0	1,026	0	0	99	12	7	1,125	12	7
56	The Ammiammal Surgery Scholarship .	2,120	0	0	2,014	0	0	48	8	2	2,062	8	2
57	The Tait Memorial Sports Prize ...	680	0	0	676	0	0	110	3	0	786	3	0
58	His Highness the Sri Krishnarajendra Silver Jubilee Prize.	320	0	0	304	0	0	—35	0	10	268	15	2
59	Bhagavata Lakshmiuarasimhaiya Gowramma Scholarship.	1,900	0	0	1,900	0	0	35	8	2	1,935	8	2
60	Sri Jagadguru Murugharajendra Mahaswami Scholarships.	5 190	0	0	5,130	8	0	46	7	10	5,176	15	10
	Total C. O. ...	3,04,237	8	0	2,96,486	8	0	11 999	9	11	3,08,486	1	11

LIST OF SECURITIES AS ON 30-6-34.

Serial No.	Particulars of Securities	Rate of interest per annum	Face Value		Interest due per annum	Remarks
			Amount	Total		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
			Rs a. p.	Rs a. p	Rs. a. p.	
1	Government of India Loans —	3½%	16,500 0 0			
	Stock Cert. No. M 17		1,000 0 0			
	M 81		2,000 0 0			
	M 87		200 0 0			
	M 40		8,000 0 0			
	M 117		700 0 0			
	M 120		3,700 0 0	35,100 0 0	1,228 8 0	
	M 148		3,000 0 0	32,600 0 0	1,304 0 0	
	Bonds with the Comptroller to Govt.	4%	32,600 0 0			
	Do	5%	500 0 0	1,500 0 0	75 0 0	
	Stock Cert. No. M 79		1,000 0 0			
	,, M 286					
	Total 1		69,200 0 0	69,200 0 0	2,607 8 0	
2	Mysore Government—					
	5% State Loan 1955	5%	50,000 0 0			
	Stock Cert No 0131		4,200 0 0			
	0195		500 0 0			
	0218		4,000 0 0			
	0254		1,100 0 0			
	0299		1,000 0 0	60,800 0 0	3,040 0 0	
	0389					
	5½% State Loan 1938	5½%	4,000 0 0			
	Stock Cert No. 0219		3,000 0 0			
	0270		1,000 0 0	8,000 0 0	440 0 0	
	0305					
	6% State Loan 1940	6%	37,762 8 0			
	Stock Cert. No 0044		16,575 0 0			
	0046		1,000 0 0			
	0096		5,000 0 0			
	0100		6,400 0 0			
	0180		3,500 0 0			
	0214		5,000 0 0			
	0232		1,000 0 0			
	0275		4,000 0 0			
	0348		5,600 0 0	91,037 8 0	5,659 13 6	
	0401		4,300 0 0			
	0466					
	6½% Loan 1941—61	6½%	38,000 0 0	38,000 0 0	2,470 0 0	
	St. Cert. No 0012	5%	77,400 0 0	77,400 0 0	3,870 0 0	
	Deposits under the Scheme of Endowment for Charitable purposes					
	Fixed Deposits in Govt. S. B (Mysore Treasury)		600 0 0	600 0 0	27 0 0	
	Five year Deposits	4½%	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0	50 0 0	
	F.D.R No 114/5674	5%				
	F D.R. No 114/5651		3,500 0 0	7,500 0 0	412 8 0	
	Seven year Deposits	5½%	4,000 0 0			
	F D.R. No. 2/126					
	3/201					
	Total 2		2 84,337 8 0	2,84,337 8 0	15,999 5 6	
	Total 1 and 2 C. C.			3,53,537 8 0	18,606 13 6	

Endowments and Investments—*concld.*

Serial No.	Name of Endowment	Amount											
		Invested in Various Securities						Kept in Govt. S. B. (ordinary) + Uninvested (*i.e.* held in cash)			Total (4 + 5)		
		Face value			Actual Cost								
1	2	3			4			5			6		
		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a	p.
	B. F.	3,04,237	8	0	2,96,486	8	0	11,999	9	11	3,08,486	1	11
61	B. Tirumalammal's Scholarship	1,000	0	0	1,000	0	0	24	2	11	1,024	2	11
62	The A. V. Suryanarayana Setty & Bros. Vaisya Scholarship.	1,040	0	0	1,038	0	0	84	5	0	1,122	5	0
63	Pandit Tiruvallur Srinivasaraghavachar Scholarships	7,370	0	0	7,001	8	0	303	9	6	7,305	1	6
64	The Mysore Free Mason's Lodge Golden Jubilee Medal	1,060	0	0	1,007	0	0	194	14	4	1,201	14	4
65	The Palamanda Akkayamma Prize ...	550	0	0	522	8	0	40	14	0	563	6	0
66	The Lakshminarasappa Scholarship ...	3,000	0	0	3,000	0	0	—31	4	0	2,968	12	0
67	The Baily Venkoba Rao Gold Medal ...	1,560	0	0	1,557	0	0	—4	14	0	1,552	2	0
68	The T. R. A. Thambu Chetty Gold Medal ...	1,000	0	0	1,000	0	0	37	12	0	1,037	12	0
69	The Sir M. Kantaraj Urs Gold Medal ...	1,000	0	0	1,000	0	0	92	12	0	1,092	12	0
70	The M. Hiriyanna Gold Medal	1,000	0	0	1,000	0	0	92	12	1	1,092	12	1
71	The N. S. Subba Rao Prize	500	0	0	500	0	0	87	8	0	587	8	0
72	The P. V Balarama Murty Scholarship and Prize	2,000	0	0	2,000	0	0	355	0	0	2,355	0	0
73	The Gottur Anjaneya Murty Samaj Prize ...	530	0	0	503	8	0	27	3	0	530	11	0
74	The K. S. Ramachandra Rao Memorial Prize ...	530	0	0	503	8	0	51	11	0	558	3	0
75	The Sri Balaman M. A. Gold Medal ..	1,000	0	0	1,000	0	0	192	8	0	1,192	8	0
76	The Mrs. Amir Hasan Scholarships	4,200	0	0	4,200	0	0	105	0	0	4,305	0	0
77	The Anasuya Prize	500	0	0	476	4	0	52	5	5	528	9	5
78	The Moogaly Shamanna Babboor Kamme Scholarship.	2,000	0	0	2,000	0	0	87	8	0	2,087	8	0
79	The Professor Hiriyanna Scholarship ..	2,000	0	0	2,000	0	0	95	0	0	2,095	0	0
80	The Sri Lakshmibayamma Scholarships ...	4,000	0	0	4,000	0	0	248	1	0	4,248	4	0
81	The Bowen Memorial Prize	14,000	0	0	14,000	0	0	875	4	5	14,875	4	5
82	The Medical Faculty Fund	5,360	0	0	5,092	0	0	1,228	15	1	6,320	15	1
83	The Kasturi Iyengar Prize	100	0	0	100	0	0	74	4	7	174	4	7
84	The Bapu Subba Rao Memorial Prize ...	300	0	0	300	0	0	21	6	0	321	6	0
85	The Dobb's Scholarship	3,000	0	0	3,000	0	0	333	13	0	3,333	13	0
86	The B. K. Venkatavaradiengar Scholarship ...	2,000	0	0	2,000	0	0	—31	4	0	1,968	12	0
87	The Bhabha English Prize	500	0	0	500	0	0	25	0	0	525	0	0
88	The Leonard Memorial Prize .	600	0	0	600	0	0	30	0	0	630	0	0
89	Dr. T. V. Arumugam Memorial Fund ...	600	0	0	600	0	9	70	10	0	670	10	0
90	The Bhakshi Venkatachar Scholarship ...	1,000	0	0	1,000	9	0	100	0	0	1,100	0	0
91	The Anbil S Rangaswamy Iyengar's Prize ...	700	0	0	700	0	0				700	0	0
92	The Rangegowda Prize	..			..			500	0	0	500	0	0
	Total Endowment ...	3,68,237	8	0	3,59,687	12	0	17,967	13	3	3,77,055	9	3

Endowments—	Amount		
	Rs	a	p
Corpus	3,60 487	12	0
Surplus interest ...	16,567	13	3
Total ..	3,77,055	9	3

List of Securities as on 30th June 1934—*concld.*

Serial No.	Particulars of Securities	Rate of interest per annum	Face value: Amount	Face value: Total	Interest due per annum	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
			Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs a p.	
	Total 1 & 2 B. F. ...		...	3,53,537 8 0	18,606 18 6	
3	Debentures etc.—					
	Hassan District Board Debenture Loan 1919 No. 48 ...	5½%	1,000 0 0	2,000 0 0	110 0 0	
	62		1,000 0 0			
	Mysore District Board Railway debenture No. 48 ...	7%	5,000 0 0	5,000 0 0	350 0 0	The debenture is since repaid.
	Bangalore-Chikballapur Light Railway Co, Ltd. Shares.					
	Share Cert. 3385/225 ...	4%	1,250 0 0			
	402/752 ...		25 0 0			
	1639/B 9 ...		50 0 0			
	1648/B 18 ...		75 0 0			
	598/1617 ...		25 0 0			
	711/2045 ...		25 0 0			
	371/A 146 ...		25 0 0	1,500 0 0	60 0 0	
	3262/460 B ...		25 0 0			
	F. D. in the Mysore Provincial Co-operative Apex Bank Ltd.					
	F. D. R. 126 of 11-7-29 (for ten years).	6½%	3,000 0 0	3,000 0 0	187 8 0	
	174 of 23-8-29 do ...	6½%	2,000 0 0	2,000 0 0	130 0 0	
	,, 756 of 12-5-30 do ...	7%	500 0 0	500 0 0	35 0 0	
	3940 of 14-8-29 (five years).	6%	700 0 0	700 0 0	42 0 0	The F. D. R. since matured and the amount realised is kept in charitable Deposits.
	Total 3 ...		14,700 0 0	14,700 0 0	914 8 0	
	Total Securities (Face Value) ...			3,68,237 8 0	19,521 5 6	

		Amount. Rs. a. p.
Amount held in :—		
Securities etc (Face Value Rs. 3,68,237-8-0)	...	3,59,687 12 0
Govt Savings Bank (ordinary)	...	2,401 8 5
University Fund	...	14,966 4 10
Total	...	3,77,055 9 3

V. GOPALASWAMI AIENGAR,
Registrar.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION IN MYSORE, BANGALORE.

Sanskrit Examinations.

Notification D. No. 117-50—*L. E.* 60 *of* 34-35, *dated 4th June* 1935.

The undermentioned Text Books are prescribed for the Primary Examination conducted by the Board for Sanskrit Education and Examinations, Bangalore, for the year 1937 :—

No.	Name of the text-book	Portion	Firm where it is available
	Primary Examination, 1937.		
I Group—(Sanskrit).			
I Paper ...	(a) Abhinava Patavali—Part III by V. P Bokil and L. R Reddi	I—124 pages, omitting the following lessons—13, 16, 25 and 31	Macmillan & Co., Madras
	(b) Rama Dantha in Sanskrit First Book by Pandit T. R. Krishnamacharya	From Balakanda to Sundarakanda.	Sri Vidya Press, Kumbhakonam
II Paper ..	(a) Amarakosa by Amarasimha ...	From Manushyavarga to end of Second Kanda.	Nirnayasagara Press, Bombay
	(b) Sabdavali ...	Whole ...	Government Central Book Depot, Bangalore
	(c) Translation (Sanskrit into Kannada and vice versa) in Sanskrit as in Bhandarkar—Book I, or in any other similar book.	From lesson 5 to lesson 15 (both inclusive) only Translation portions	Oriental Book Agency, Poona
	(d) Dictation and Handwriting ...	.....	... .

N. S. SUBBA RAO,
Director of Public Instruction

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT EDUCATIONAL AND SCHOOL BOARD OFFICER, SHIMOGA.

Notification dated 6th June 1935

It is hereby notified for general information that the Headquarters of the Assistant Inspector of Education, Shikarpur Range, is shifted from Shikarpur to Honnali, with effect from 1st June 1935, as per Government Order No. E. 2151-2—Edn. 287-34-2, dated the 7th February 1935.

H. S. KRISHNA RAO,
For *District Educational and School Board Officer.*

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT

COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, BANGALORE.

Subject.—Regarding the presentation of Pre-audit Bills for audit before 21st June 1935, in the Comptroller's Office.

Circular No. 298—*Pay Section of* 22*nd May* 1935.

To

All Drawers of Bills in the State

To avoid a rush of bills in the last few days of the official year, Drawing Officers are requested to send bills to this Office for pre-audit as early as possible and as each bill gets ready. Keeping them by the end of the month of June causes inconvenience. On account of the heavy work in the Audit Office, bills for contingencies supplies and services received in this office after the 21st June 1935, cannot ordinarily be expected to be returned audited before the 30th June 1935.

Circular No. 296—*TADB.* II, *dated* 23*rd May* 1935.

As doubts have often been felt by sanctioning officers as to what amounts they have to sanction as "Advance of pay" to officers on transfer from one place to another in the interest of Public Service under Article 765 (a) Mysore Civil Account Code, Volume I, it is hereby notified for general information that the amount to be paid on account of Advance on transfer must be only the reduced salary after deduction of the prescribed salary cut in each case and not the gross salary.

A. N. RAGHAVACHAR,
Comptroller.

MISCELLANEOUS DEPARTMENTS

TUMKUR DISTRICT.

Notification No. L. Dis. M 1739—34-35, *dated* 8*th June* 1935.

The following gentlemen are appointed as Dharmadarsis to supervise the affairs of the Temple of Sri Haleyur Anjaneyaswamy at Chiknayakanhalli Town, for a period of three years:—

Sl. No.	Name	Caste	Age	Occupation	Remarks
	Messrs.—				
1	Chowdiah ..	Halmatha .	50	Zamindar	
2	C. Pattabhirama Setty ...	Vaisya	42	Do ..	Convener
3	S. Lenkappa ..	Setty Banjiga	46	Do	
4	H. Gundappa ...	Brahmin ..	43	Do	
5	B. Sitaramiah ...	Do .	50	Do	
6	Mallappa ..	Ravetharu	43	Patel	
7	C. V. Venkataramiah .	Brahmin ...	22	Shanbhog	

T ABDUL KHADIR,
Deputy Commissioner.

MYSORE DISTRICT

Notification No. L. H. 1344—34, *dated* 4*th June* 1935

The term of three years of the Dharmadarsis, appointed in this office Notification No. D. H. 326—30, dated 10th June 1931 to supervise the affairs of the Sri Kalikamba Temple at Nagamangala, having expired, the following gentlemen are appointed as fresh Dharmadarsis for another period of three years from this date

Sl. No	Name	Caste	Occupation
	Messrs.—		
1	Chinnachar (Convener) .	Visvakarma ...	Goldsmith and Jeweller
2	B. Kalachar ..	Do ..	Do
3	N Y Veerabhadrachar ..	Do ..	Landholder
4	Yejaman Srikantachar ...	Do	Goldsmith
5	N. C. Hanumiah . .	Vokkaligar	Landholder

Notification No. L. H. 1345—34, *dated 4th June* 1935.

The following gentlemen are appointed as Dharmadarsis to supervise the affairs of the Sri Gopalakrishna and Sri Anjaneyaswamy Temples at Koppa Village, Nagamangala Taluk, for a period of three years with effect from this date.

Sl. No.	Name	Caste	Occupation
	Messrs.—		
1	Hanumegowda (Convener) ..	Gangadikar ...	Landholder
2	Nanjegowda ...	Do ...	Do
3	Hutchegowda	Do ...	Do
4	Nanjundachar	Goldsmith ...	Do

B. T. KESAVAIENGAR,
Deputy Commissioner.

HASSAN DISTRICT.

Notification No. L. Dis. C. 2762—34, *dated 2nd June* 1935.

The term of the Committee of Dharmadarsis appointed to supervise the affairs of the Sree Ranganatha Temple, a minor institution at Bukanabetta, Hirisave Hobli, Channarayapatna Taluk, having expired by efflux of time, the Committee is reconstituted consisting of the undermentioned gentlemen for a period of three years.

Messrs.—

1. Venkatesiah, son of Krishnappa, Brahmin, 60 years, Shanbhog and Landholder.
2. Nanjegowda, son of Rangegowda, Vokkaligar, 60 years, Patel and Landholder.
3. Chennegowda, son of Bommarayigowda, Vokkaligar, 45 years, Patel of Chikkonahalli.
4. Chowdegowda, son of Holeyappagowda, Vokkaligar, 55 years, Patel of Honnenahalli.
5. Nanjundegowda, son of Kapanigowda, Vokkaligar, 38 years, Patel of Heggadihalli.
6. Lakkappagowda, son of Ningegowda, Vokkaligar, 55 years, Patel of Buka.
7. Huchegowda, son of Kapinigowda, Vokkaligar, 38 years, Patel of Heggadihalli.

Mr. Nanjundegowda, son of Mr. Kapanigowda, serial No. 5 above, is appointed as the Convener of the Committee.

Notification No. C. 2561-34, *dated 6th June* 1935.

It is hereby notified that no objection has been received against the candidature of Mr. L. G. Gellahar of the Kadamane Estate for election to the Hassan District Board from the Mysore Planters' Association and that his candidature is accepted.

M. CHENNARAJ URS,
Deputy Commissioner.

OFFICE OF THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, BHADRA RESERVOIR PROJECT, SHIMOGA.

Notification No. E. 1254, *dated* 8—*9th June* 1935.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the Headquarters of the Office of the Executive Engineer, Bhadra Reservoir Project, will be shifted to Mysore, as per Public Works Department Secretary's, No. 2670—S., dated 4th June 1935.

All communications to this Office on and after the 15th June 1935 may therefore be kindy addressed to the Executive Engineer, Bhadra Reservoir Project, Vanivilasa Road, Mysore.

K. VENKATARAMAIAH,
Executive Engineer.

KADUR DISTRICT

Notification No. L. Dis. 4203—34-35, *dated Chikmagalur, 29th May* 1935.

Under Rule 4 (8) of the Rules issued under the Mysore Religious and Charitable Institutions Regulation of 1927, the undermentioned gentlemen are appointed Dharmadarsis for the management of the affairs of Sri Mallikarjunaswami Temple at Pura, Kadur Taluk, for a period of three years from 1st June 1935.

No.	Name	Caste	Age	Occupation
	Messrs.—			
1	Y. Siddabasappa ...	Veerashiva ...	39	Landlord, Convener
2	Balappa ...	Kuruba ..	30	Do
3	Jadiappa	Do ...	50	Do
4	C. S Thimmappiah ...	Brahmin .	45	Do
5	Nadig Mylariah ..	Do ...	50	Do
6	P. S. Marulasiddappa ...	Veerashiva ..	35	Do
7	K. Marulappa ...	Do ..	42	Do

Notification No. L. Dis. 4205—34-35, *dated Chikmagalur,* 29th *May* 1935.

Under Rule 4 (8) of the Rules issued under the Mysore Religious and Charitable Institutions Regulation of 1927, the undermentioned gentlemen are appointed Dharmadarsis for the management of the affairs of Sri Hanumantha Devaru Temple at Kuravangi, Chikmagalur Taluk, for a period of three years from 1st June 1935.

No.	Name	Caste	Age	Occupation
	Messrs —			
1	Venkataramaiah . .	Brahmin .	35	Landlord and Shanbhog, Conveler.
2	Channabasavegowda ...	Veerashiva .	30	Patel and Landlord
3	Rudregowda ...	Do ..	35	Landlord
4	Kanchenahalli Marisetty ...	Nayagaru ...	45	Do
5	Mallasetty ..	Telugabanajigaru.	30	Do
6	Halagappasetty .	Kurubar ...	35	Do
7	Basavegowda ..	Veerashiva ..	30	Do

Notification No. L Dis 4206—34-35, *dated Chikmagalur, 29th May* 1935.

Under Rule 4 (8) of the Rules issued under the Mysore Religious and Charitable Institutions Regulation of 1927, the undermentioned gentlemen are appointed Dharmadarsis for the management of the affairs of Sri Lakshminarayanaswami Temple at Eswarahalli, Chikmagalur Taluk, for a period of three years from 1st June 1935.

No.	Name	Caste	Age	Occupation
	Messrs.—			
1	Sri Ramaiengar	Brahmin ..	32	Landlord and Shanbhog (Convener).
2	Alasingrachar	Do .	58	Do
3	Sreenivasiengar	Do ..	45	Landlord and Patel
4	Krishniengar	Do .	35	Landlord
5	Vaderahalli Rangegowda .	Vokkaliga ...	50	Do
6	Ramegowda	Do ...	35	Do
7	Ninga Setty	Devanga ...	35	Do

M. VENKATESA IYENGAR,
Deputy Commissioner.

3-2 G

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

Notification No. J2. 1597—34-35, dated 10th June 1935.

It is hereby notified that for the half-year ending 31st December 1935, during the year 1935-36 licenses will be issued to the extent indicated below in Bangalore District for plying Motor Vehicles for hire:—

1. Applications for licenses should reach this office on or before 20th June 1935. Applications received after that date will not be considered. Preference will be given to applicants for renewal over those for fresh grants.

2. Every application should be accompanied by the Registration Certificate of the Motor Vehicle and treasury receipt for having credited G permit fees. There should be a separate application for each line (with Re. 0-12-0 court fee stamp affixed to each at the top) signed by the licensee.

3. The applications should be in the accompanying form those not containing the required information will not be considered.

4. The vehicles should be produced for inspection in the District Office compound at 8 A.M. on the 17th and 18th June 1935 in accordance with this office Memo No. J2. 1597—34-35, dated 1st June 1935. If the buses are produced in other Districts, G permits issued by those districts should be produced for counter-signature in this District.

5. The buses should be produced in a good condition. The body should be free from damages or leakages. Side curtains should be provided. The driver's seat shall be partitioned by a partition rod towards the left. Each bus should be provided with two spare tyres and tubes and complete repairing outfit. The place of destination, number plate and the seating and luggage capacity should be clearly painted. There should be a tool box fixed to the right side of the driver.

6. The buses plying between Bangalore City and Cantonment should ordinarily be replaced by new and better ones, the types being uniform with those plying in the City. These buses should ply at regular intervals instead of waiting till they are full.

7. In the case of Mail Services, a separate license will be issued to any person who gets the contract at the timings in force. The present licensees will forfeit their claims to those timings. If they are running on routes where the number of services has been reduced and where the other licensees are running on alternate basis, the same principle will be applied to the existing licensee if he loses the Mail contract.

8. Regarding City Bus Services no individual licensee including the present licensees will be permitted to run more than 20 buses provided that if any of the existing licensees have more than 20 buses now in service, the excess over 20 will be allowed to be retained but subject to their not being permitted to be renewed or replaced.

Number of bus services which will be licensed during the half-year ending 31st December:—

1. Bangalore-Mysore via Closepet.

Bangalore to District Boundary		...	4
Do	Channapatna	...	1
Do	Channapatna, Alahalli	...	1
Do	Channapatna, Sathnur	...	1
Do	Channapatna, Singarajapur	...	1

2. Sathnur-Kankanhalli-Closepet-Magadi Road.

Kankanhalli to Closepet		...	1
Sathnur, Kankanhalli-Closepet		..	1
Kankanhalli-Sathnur, Halagur boundary		...	1
Do	Closepet, Magadi	...	1
Closepet-Kankanhalli to Kodihalli		...	1

3. Bangalore-Nelamangala Road.

Bangalore-Kunigal boundary		...	9	
Do	Tumkur District boundary *via* Nelamangala Dobspet.		3	
Do	Tumkur boundary *via* Thymagondlu	..	1	
Do	Tumkur *via* Thyamagondlu and Sivaganga		1	
Do	Koratagere upto District boundary *via* Nelamangala, Thyamagondlu, Dobspet and Uridigere.		1	
Do	Sivaganga *via* Thyamagondlu	...	1	(The case for extension to Koratagere will be considered if license is given in Tumkur District.)

Bangalore-Magadi *via* Nelamangala	...	2	(Three permits will be issued as per old arrangement.)
Do Kudur *via* Nelamangala (and on to Sugganahalli subject to the approval of Government).		1	
Do Hesaraghatta	...	3	trips up and down as per arrangements in force.

4. Bangalore-Tavarekere Road.

Bangalore-Tavarekere-Magadi and on to Huliyurdurga boundary.		1	(Two permits to run on alternate days.)
Do Magadi *via* Thavarekere	..	4	(One Mail service to run daily and six to run alternately three on each day. One allowed to go to Kunigal boundary from Magadi.)

5. Bangalore-Harohalli Road.

Bangalore-Kankanhalli, *via* Harohalli	..	7	Permits. (to run on alternate days, 3 on one day and 4 on another day).
Bangalore-Maralawadi, *via* Harohalli	..	1	(2 permits to run on alternate days)

6. Bangalore-Dodballapur Road.

Bangalore-Dodballapur	...	6	
Bangalore-District boundary and on to Madhugiri	...	2	
Bangalore-Tumkur *via* Dodballapur, Doddabelavangala and Thyamagondlu.		1	
Dodballapur-Nelamangala *via* Dobspet and Thyamagondlu.		1	
Bangalore to District limits enroute to Goribidnur	...	3	

7. Bangalore-Chikballapur Road.

Bangalore-District boundary *via* Devanhalli	..	5	(4 run daily and 2 have combined and run on alternate days).
Bangalore-District boundary *via* Devanhalli, Vadigenahalli enroute to Chikballapur		1	(He would be permitted to go to District boundary *via*. Melur, if the road is improved)
Bangalore-Vadigenahalli *via* Devanhalli	..	1	(2 permits on alternate days).
Bangalore-Vadigenahalli *via* Devanhalli and on to Siddlaghatta *via* Melur, up to District Boundary.		1	

8. Chikballapur-Dodballapur Road.

Chikballapur-Dodballapur *via* Heggadahalli	...	1	
Dodballapur to Doddabelavangala (subject to the approval of Government)		1	

9. Bangalore-Hoskote Road.

Bangalore-Hoskote	..	2	
Bangalore-Mashi *via* Hoskote	...	1	
Bangalore-Kolar up to District boundary, *via* Hoskote Narasapur.		4	(6 permits, 2 daily and 4 to run on alternate days, 2 daily, four each day on the whole).
Bangalore-Kolar *via* Malur	...	2	
Bangalore-Chintamani up to District Boundary. *via* Hoskote and Hindiganal.		4	(7 permits, four services to run on alternate days, 3 services each running for 2 days in every 3 days.)
Bangalore-District boundary *via* Hoskote, Nagarenahalli enroute Jangamkote.		1	
Bangalore-District boundary *via* Hoskote, Sulibele enroute to Jangamkote.		1	(2 permits each running on alternate days.)
Bangalore-Vadigenahalli *via* Hoskote, Sulibele	...	1	
Bangalore-Budigere and on to Hoskote	...	1	

10. Bangalore-Hosur Road.

Bangalore-Hosur up to State limits	...	10	(20 permits to run on alternate days, 10 services each day).
Bangalore-Anekal *via* Bannerghatta	...	4	(6 permits, each service permitted to run twice in 3 days *i e*, 20 days in a month).
Bangalore-Anekal *via* Chandapur	...	2	(3 permits, 2 services run on alternate, days and one regular service which goes up to State limits enroute to Hosur Cattle Farm).
Bangalore-Chandapur, Anekal and on to State limits on Iglapur-Gumlapur road.		1	(2 persons to run on alternate days one each day)
Bangalore-Anekal *via* Sarjapur	...	2	(4 persons to run alternately two on each day).
Bangalore-Sarjapur *via* Agara	...	1	
Do Varthur	..	2	
Bangalore-Attibele *via* Varthur	...	1	
Bangalore-Varthur ...	...	1	
Bangalore-Varthur and on to Whitefield	...	1	

11. Bangalore City-Cantonment.

Bangalore City-Cantonment	...	50	(running on alternate days at 25 a day).
Bangalore City Services	...	4	
Bangalore City Railway Station to Russel Market *via* Seshadri Road and Post Office Road.		1	

A. V. RAMANATHAN,
District Magistrate.

FORM OF APPLICATION.

1. Name and address of the licensee and the name of the service.	
2. Name and No. of the vehicle and No. of the 'G' Permit held during 1934-35.	
3. Name of the road and No. of the 'H' Permit held during 1934-35 in the case of renewal.	
4. Weight of the vehicle when laden and unladen and seating capacity.	
5. Names and address of the driver and conductor.	
6. Registration and current Brake Certificates.	
7. Treasury Certificate for having paid 'G' Permit fee.	

Signature of the Applicant.

NOTIFICATIONS BY THE HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS

APPOINTMENTS, POSTINGS, TRANSFERS, LEAVE, ETC.

OFFICE OF THE REVENUE COMMISSIONER IN MYSORE, BANGALORE.

Notification No D[1]. Dis. 2103—34-35, *dated 6th June* 1935.

Mr. G. A. Narayana Setti, B.A., LL.B., Amildar (on leave), is posted to Anekal Taluk.

N. MADHAVA RAO,
Revenue Commissioner.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF AGRICULTURE IN MYSORE, BANGALORE.

Memo No. Roc. 2803—34-35, *Est* 348, *dated 7th June* 1935.

Under Article 171, Mysore Service Regulations, Mr. M. G. Singrachar, B.A., A.C.E., Agricultural Engineer, is granted privilege leave for thirteen days from 20th May 1935.

B. NARASIMHA IYENGAR,
Director of Agriculture.

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER, MYSORE CIRCLE

Notification No. E. 12409, *dated 8th June* 1935.

Mr. Y. L Chandrasekariah, Honorary Assistant Engineer, Mysore Division, is granted privilege leave of absence for one month with effect from the 5th June 1935 or date of avail.

R. W. SCALDWELL,
Superintending Engineer.

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER, SHIMOGA CIRCLE.

Notification No. C. 1074, *dated Camp—Sagar, 10th June* 1935

Mr P. Kothandaramiah, B.E., Assistant Engineer in charge of No. 4, Shikarpur Sub-Division, is granted privilege leave for two months with effect from 10th June 1935.

H. F. MARKER,
Offg. *Superintending Engineer.*

Printed by the Superintendent at the Government Press, Bangalore.

PART III - Section 3

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. E. 3541—*Edn.* 29-34-30, *dated* 10*th June* 1935.

Mr. Mahomed Yasim Sab, Vice-President of the Municipal Council, Mulbagal Town, is elected to the School Board, Kolar District, to represent Municipal Councils, in place of Mr. V. R. Chikchennanjappa Setty, who has ceased to be a member of the said Board, under Rule 4 (d) of the Rules relating to the Constitution of School Boards.

By Order,

H. V. RAMASVAMI,
Secretary to Government,
General Department.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

Notification No. C. 2-*A.* 3686—34-35, *dated* 1*st June* 1935.

List of Panchayets whose term has been extended till the end of May 1935, which have been reconstituted in the Anekal Taluk for a period of three years with effect from 1st June 1935.

No.	Names of Panchayets	Elected Members	Nominated Members	Name of Chairman
		SARJAPUR HOBLI.		
1	Gonigattapura	Messrs — 1 Basaviah 2 Nanjappa 3 Munivenkatiah 4 Dasappaboyi	Messrs.— 1 Papiah 2 Suryanarayana Rao 3 Muninanjappa	Messrs.— Papiah, Patel
2	Sollepura	1 P. Munisami Reddy 2 Patnada Ramiah 3 Khasimsab 4 Nagi Reddy	1 Subba Rao 2 Kenchappa 3 N K Ramiah	P. Munisami Reddy
3	Mahalchowdanahalli	1 Kodandaramiah 2 Venkataramaniah 3 Hanumappa 4 Venkataramanappa	1 Channarayappa 2 Chinnappana Giddappa 3 Munisami	Kodandaramiah, Patel
4	Kudlu ...	1 Puttiah 2 Chicknarasimhiah 3 Venkataranga Iyengar 4 Baliah	1 Chickatlummiah 2 Srinivasa Iyengar 3 Anniah	...
5	Kattariguppe ...	1 Appajiah 2 Munivenkatiah 3 Munisami 4 Syed Hyder	1 P Appireddy 2 Suryanarayanappa 3 Kurlappa	Appi Reddy, Patel
		KASAPA HOBLI.		
1	Mayasandra ...	1 Gopaliah 2 Munikempiah 3 Manchrada Yellappa 4 Madduriah	1 Narayana Rao 2 Munisamiah 3 Muniyappa	...
2	Adur ...	1 B. Muninanjappa 2 K. Muninanjappa 3 Channabasappa 4 Pillaih	1 Muniappa 2 Munigappa 3 Motappa	Channabasappa
		JIGANI HOBLI.		
1	Haraguddo ...	1 Kariappa 2 Krishnappa 3 Munisamappa 4 Nagappa	1 Ranga Iyengar 2 Timmiah 3 Nanjundappa	...
2	Tirupalya	1 Seetharamiah 2 Muniurappa 3 Chickanarasimhiah 4 Nagappa	1 Nanjundappa 2 Nanjundachetty 3 Munisami	Seetharamiah
3	Mahantalingapura ...	1 Doddathimrayappa 2 Erappa 3 G. Muniyappa 4 Yellappa	1 Giriyappa 2 K V Kuppu Rao 3 Chikkapaiiiah	K. V. Kuppu Rao

Notification No. C2.(a) 3683—34-35, dated 12th May—1st June 1935.

Under Section 5 of the Mysore Village Panchayet Regulation II of 1926 and the Rules framed thereunder, the following Village Panchayets in Devanhalli Taluk of the Bangalore District area reconstituted as noted below from 1st June 1935 for a period of three years. Chairmen to Panchayets are also appointed under Section 10 (1) of the said Regulation.

Sl. No.	Name of Village Panchayets	Names of Elected Members	Names of Nominated Members	Name of Chairman
		JALA HOBLI.		
		Messrs.—	Messrs.—	Messrs.—
1	Manchappanahossahalli	1 Marappa 2 Munivenkatappa 3 Subbarayappa 4 Munipeddiah	1 Jeenagara Venkatappa 2 Nallappa 3 Yachanchalaga, son of Ganja Adikarnataka.	Patel Nallappa
2	Jodi Channahalli ...	1 B. Naranappa 2 Kurimarisomappa 3 Thirumalappa 4 Munikadarappa	1 Herave Thimmiah 2 Ghi.gappa 3 Kadiragappa 4 Chikka Narasimha	B. Naranappa
3	Jodi Gallahalli ..	1 Papanna 2 Thimmiah 3 Chinnasamappa 4 Nagaboyee	1 Dodda Hanumiga 2 Narasappa 3 Vaddara Munisamy	Papanna
4	Jodi Hunasamaranahalli	1 Neegi Linganna 2 Kadiganahalli Nanjundappa 3 Muddappa 4 Jampaliga, Adikarnataka	1 Basavalingappa 2 Dodda Siddappa 3 Linganna 4 Munivenkatappa	Basavalingappa
5	Jodi Bilmaranahalli ...	1 Munisamappa of Sonnappanahalli. 2 Chinnappa 3 Vobalappa 4 D. Muniramappa	1 Thiramalappa 2 Muniyappa 3 Munisamappa 4 Hanumanthiah	Munisamappa
6	Jodi Gadeenahalli ...	1 Thippegowda 2 Hanumeegowda 3 Soneegowda 4 Muninanjappa	1 Sanjeevappa 2 Appannappa 3 Dhobi Munisamy 4 Papanna	Thippegowda
7	Jodi Chagaleeti ...	1 B. Nanjundiah 2 Aswathiah 3 Yeerappa 4 Nanjundappa	1 Ramachendra Rao 2 Akka Muniyappa 3 Marimuthappa 4 Gundappa	B. Nanjundiah
8	Jodi Beegoor ...	1 Seshagiri Rao 2 Narasinga Rao 3 Anniappa 4 Dhobi Pillaiah	1 Narahari Rao 2 Sreekanta Sastry 3 Anniah 4 Lakshminarasiah	Seshagiri Rao
9	Jodi Byappanahalli ...	1 Gangappa 2 Sonnappa 3 Kurubara Nagappa 4 Narayanappa	1 Puttappa 2 Chikkamuniyappa 3 Poojaga	Gangappa
		VADIGENAHALLI HOBLI.		
10	Bhattareenahalli ...	1 Srirangaraja Bhattacharya... 2 Panchanada Govindacharya 3 Venkata Rao 4 Munisamappa	1 Narayanappa 2 Rameswamy Bhattacharya 3 Venkata Bhattacharya	Sreerangaraja Bhattacharya
11	Jodi Narayanapura ...	1 Seepura Bachhappa 2 Munisamappa 3 Inigeenahalli Bachhappa 4 Meekeçala Sonnappa	1 Munibachappa 2 Nagappa, son of Kachappa 3 Patel Narayanagowda	Patel Narayanagowda
12	Jodi Inigeenahalli ...	1 Lakshminarasappa 2 Hanumanthappa 3 Munisamappa 4 Punjappa	1 Bullahi Chikkathammiah 2 Nanjappa 3 Dodda Buddappa	Lakshminarasappa
		CHANNARAYAPATNA HOBLI.		
13	Jodi Hiraganahalli ...	1 Dodda Naranappa 2 Venkataranappa 3 Hosoor Munisamappa 4 Venkataramiah	1 Dodda Narasimhiah 2 Munisamappa 3 Venkataramanappa	Munisamappa
		JALA HOBLI.		
14	Jodi Borjilahalli ...	1 Hamlet Panchayet	.....	Viswaraiah
		KUNDANA HOBLI.		
15	Lingadeera Gollahalli Jodi.	Hamlet Panchayet	.....	Nanjundappa
16	Venatapura Jodi ...	Do	.....	Channaveerappa
17	Panditapura Jodi ..	Do	.....	Krishnappa
18	Yerappanahalli Jodi ...	Do	.....	Sonnappa
19	Bachhahalli ...	Do	.....	B R. Venkatachar
20	Chikkanahalli Jodi ..	Do	.....	Krishnamoorthy Rao

Notification No. C2. (a) 3682—34-35, dated 14th May—1st June 1935.

Mr. Subbarayappa, Village Panchayet Member of Honnavara Village Panchayet in Dodballapur Taluk, is removed from membership under Section 14 of the Village Panchayet

Regulation as he has left the village and is thus in capable of acting as a member. In the vacancy thus caused Mr. Lakshminarasimhaya, acting shanbhog of Honnavara Village, is nominated as member under Section 17 of the Village Panchayet Regulation with effect from 1st June 1935.

Notification No. C. 2A. 3684—34-35, dated 1st June 1935.

The following Village Panchayet in the Hoskote Taluk is reconstituted for a period of three years with effect from the date of this notification.—

No.	Name of Village Panchayet	Names of Elected Members	Names of Nominated Members	Name of Chairman
		Messrs.—	Messrs.—	
1	Tharabahalli ..	1 Arabere Mariyappa bin Sonnappa 2 Peer Khan Saheb bin Biram Saheb. 3 Yalachappa bin Nanjundappa 4 Beerappa bin Lingappa	1 Dyavegowda, Patel 2 Doddabasappa bin Marhandappa. 3 Venkataramu bin Rama	Mr. Dyavegowda

K. V. ANANTARAMAN,
Deputy Commissioner.

CHIKBALLAPUR SUB-DIVISION.

Notification No. N. Dis. 84. C. 430—34-35, dated 1st—3rd June 1935.

Under Section 17 of the Mysore Village Panchayet Regulation, Mr. Byrappa, who is a member of Gollahalli Village Panchayet of Chintamani Taluk, is nominated as Chairman of the above Village Panchayet, in place of Patel Narasareddy who has refused to accept the Chairmanship.

M. ISMAIL SHERIFF,
Assistant Commissioner.

NANJANGUD TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Notice dated 31st May 1935

The following Rules framed by the Nanjangud Town Municipal Council under Section 62 (a) of the Town Municipalities Regulation, *re* the Levy of Pilgrim Tax on Visitors to Nanjangud coming by Rail and Road, sanctioned by Government in their Order No. L. 7577-9—Ml. 224-33-4, dated 29th April 1935 are hereby published for the information of the public under Section 64 (a) of the Town Municipalities Regulation. The Rules will come into force from 1st July 1935. Further details can be had from the Office of the President, Municipal Council, Nanjangud.

1. The Tax shall be levied throughout the year.
2. The Tax shall be levied at the rates mentioned in the schedule.
3. The Tax shall be collected from the Railway Passengers along with the Railway fare.
4. The following persons will be exempt from the tax :—
   (*a*) Persons who hold season tickets purchased at the Nanjangud Railway Station under a certificate obtained from the President of the Municipal Council or by officer duly authorised by him to the effect that such persons are *bona fide* residents of Nanjangud Town.
   (*b*) Persons who purchase return tickets of all classes issued from the Nanjangud Railway Station and which are in force for a period of ten days.
   (*c*) Military passengers travelling at Vehicles' rates.
   (*d*) Escorts for treasure.
   (*e*) Railway employees travelling on passes or P. T. Os.

Schedules.

		Rs.	a.	p.	
(a) (i)	For all upper class tickets	0	1	0	per ticket
(ii)	For third class tickets	0	0	6	,,
(b) (i)	For all upper class season tickets other than those exempted under 4 (a)	1	0	0	per month
(ii)	For third class season tickets other than those exempted under 4 (a)	0	8	0	per month